Annual Statistical Report on the Social Security Disability Insurance Program, 2005

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Highlights 2005

Size and Scope of the Social Security Disability Program

- Disability benefits were paid to approximately 7.5 million people.
- Awards to disabled workers (821,207) accounted for about 90 percent of awards to all disabled beneficiaries (909,681).
- Payments to disabled beneficiaries totaled almost $76 billion.
- Benefits were terminated for 499,662 disabled workers.
- Supplemental Security Income payments were another source of income for about 1 out of 6 disabled beneficiaries.

Profile of Disabled-Worker Beneficiaries

- Workers accounted for the largest share of disabled beneficiaries (87 percent).
- Average age was nearly 52.
- Men represented about 54 percent.
- Mental disorders was the diagnosis for about a third.
- Average monthly benefit received was $938.
- Supplemental Security Income payments were another source of income for about 1 out of 7.

Preface

Since 1956, the Social Security program has provided cash benefits to people with disabilities. This annual report provides program and demographic information about the people who receive those benefits. The basic topics covered are

- beneficiaries in current-payment status;
- workers' compensation and public disability benefits;
- benefits awarded, withheld, and terminated;
- disabled workers who have returned to work;
- outcomes of applications for disability benefits; and
- disabled beneficiaries receiving Social Security, Supplemental Security Income, or both.

Kia Masseaux compiled this report for publication, and Carolyn A. Harrison managed the project. Carolyn A. Harrison, Art Kahn, Kevin Kulzer, and Clark Pickett wrote the programs to process the data and produce the statistical tables. Linda Martin wrote data specifications. Glenda Carter, Kevin Kulzer, Connie Marion, and Linda Martin validated the data. Staff of the Division of Information Resources edited the report and prepared the print and electronic versions for publication.

Your suggestions and comments on this report are welcome and should be directed to Kevin Kulzer at 410-965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov. For specific questions about the data, please call or e-mail the contact listed on each table. For additional copies of the report, please e-mail op.publications@ssa.gov or call 202-358-6274. This and other publications on the Social Security and Supplemental Security Income programs are available on our Web site at http://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy.

Linda Drazga Maxfield
Associate Commissioner
for Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

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Notes

The Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) program provides benefits to retired workers and their dependent family members and to survivors of deceased workers. The Disability Insurance (DI) program provides benefits to disabled workers, their spouses, and children (whether or not disabled).

Benefits are paid from the OASI and DI trust funds. However, not all disabled beneficiaries are paid from the DI trust fund. All disabled widow(er)s' and most disabled adult children's benefits are paid from the OASI trust fund. Persons receiving disability benefits from either trust fund are referred to in this report as Social Security beneficiaries.

Numbers presented in these tables may differ slightly from other published statistics because all tables are based on 100 percent data files. In addition, beginning in 2001, the definition of an award was changed to include secondary benefit awards, subsequent periods of disability, and conversions from one class of child's benefit to another and to exclude reinstated benefits. Those changes resulted in a slight increase in the award counts.

The tables on noninstitutionalized beneficiaries based on the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) have been removed from the Annual Statistical Report on the Social Security Disability Insurance Program, 2005. Because of increased attrition of survey participants over time and increasingly low match rates to administrative data, attempts were made to improve the reliability of estimates based on the SIPP. The Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics (ORES) contracted with the Census Bureau to conduct a special SIPP-based interview of Disability Insurance and Supplemental Security Income beneficiaries. Estimates based on the additional data were not available when this report was published. However, ORES anticipates publishing these estimates in another publication as well as highlighting the changes in the data and the reliability of the estimates. This decision reinforces the inherent differences between the survey data used to produce the estimates of noninstitutionalized beneficiaries and the administrative data used in this publication.

All years are calendar years unless otherwise specified.

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Background

History of the Social Security Disability Insurance Program

When President Franklin D. Roosevelt signed the Social Security Act into law on August 14, 1935, the original program was designed to pay benefits only to retired workers aged 65 and older. The amendments of 1939 added two new categories of benefits: payments to the spouse and minor children of a retired worker (known as *dependents benefits*) and survivors benefits paid to the family of a deceased worker. That change transformed Social Security from a retirement program for individuals into a family-based economic security program.

The Social Security Amendments of 1954 initiated the Disability Insurance (DI) program that provided the public with additional coverage against economic insecurity. Effective as of 1955, there was a disability "freeze" of workers' Social Security records during years when they were unable to work. Although that measure offered no cash benefits, it did prevent such periods of disability from reducing or wiping out retirement and survivors benefits. This legislation outlined the work requirements, the definition of disability, the nature of the disability determinations, and the emphasis on rehabilitation, which are still fundamental to the disability program.

On August 1, 1956, as he signed new disability legislation, President Eisenhower said, "We will . . . endeavor to administer the disability [program] efficiently and effectively, [and] . . . to help rehabilitate the disabled so that they may return to useful employment . . . . I am hopeful that the new law . . . will advance the economic security of the American people." These amendments provided cash benefits to disabled workers aged 50–64 (after a 6-month waiting period) and to adult children of retired, disabled, or deceased workers, if the children had been disabled before the age of 18.

Over the next 4 years, Congress broadened the scope of the program, providing benefits to disabled workers' dependents in 1958 and permitting disabled workers under the age of 50 to qualify for benefits in 1960. In 1967, the act was further amended to provide benefits for disabled widows and widowers aged 50–64 at a reduced rate.

The Social Security Amendments of 1972 further enhanced the disability program by

- reducing the waiting period from 6 months to 5;
- increasing from 18 to 22 the age before which a "childhood disability" must have begun;
- extending Medicare coverage to persons who had been receiving disability benefits for 24 consecutive months; and
- establishing the needs-based Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program to replace the Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to Permanently and Totally Disabled programs. The SSI program, unlike the Social Security disability program, provided benefits to disabled children under the age of 18.

Throughout the 1970s, growth in the disability rolls was higher than expected as a result of increased applications. In addition, relatively few beneficiaries were being rehabilitated and returning to work. As a result, Congress enacted legislation in 1980 that

- limited disability benefit levels,
- tightened administration of the Social Security and SSI disability programs by instituting a review of initial disability decisions and by establishing a periodic review of continuing disability requirements,
- enhanced rehabilitation and work incentive provisions, and
- withheld payment of benefits to incarcerated felons.

In response to concerns arising from the implementation of the 1980 provision regarding the continuing disability review process, Congress passed legislation in 1982 that ensured persons, appealing decisions on the cessation of their disability claim,

- could elect to have benefits and Medicare coverage continued pending review by an administrative law judge, and
- have an opportunity for a face-to-face evidentiary hearing at the reconsideration level of appeal.

Two provisions of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 affected the disability program:

- The age at which full retirement benefits are payable was gradually increased from 65 to 67 to restore financial soundness to the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) programs. The increase in full retirement age, which began in 2000, means that disabled workers and widow(er)s may remain on the DI rolls for an additional 2 years before "converting" to age-based benefits. It is also likely that more of these older workers will apply for

and become entitled to disability-based benefits because of this change.

- Benefits to disabled widow(er)s were improved by decreasing the benefit reduction for beneficiaries under the age of 60 and by continuing payments to certain disabled widow(er)s who remarried.

In 1984, Congress enacted a number of changes affecting the interpretation of disability, such as instituting a "medical improvement standard" in the continuing disability review process, revising the mental impairment listings, and considering the combined effect of all impairments when determining eligibility for benefits.

From 1984 through 1998, many relatively minor legislative changes were made in the Social Security disability program. Those changes provided additional Medicare protection for the disabled, made the definition of disability for disabled widow(er)s the same as that for disabled workers, prohibited eligibility for individuals whose drug addiction or alcoholism was a contributing factor to their impairment, and modified the provisions for a trial work period.

On December 17, 1999, President Clinton signed into law the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act. The purpose of that legislation is to improve the disability program's work incentives by giving beneficiaries greater choice in seeking rehabilitation and employment services. The provisions of the act

- create a Ticket to Work and Self-Sufficiency program that provides disabled beneficiaries with a voucher they may use to obtain vocational rehabilitation services, employment services, and other support services from an employment network of their choice;
- prohibit the Social Security Administration from initiating continuing disability reviews while the beneficiary is using a ticket;
- provide for expedited reinstatement of benefits for individuals whose prior entitlement to disability and health care benefits had been terminated as a result of earnings from work (those former beneficiaries may request reinstatement of benefits without filing a new application);
- establish a community-based work incentives planning and assistance program for the purpose of providing accurate information about work incentives to disabled beneficiaries;
- expand health care services by allowing the states to offer Medicaid buy-in for workers with disabilities even though they may no longer be eligible for disability benefits under Social Security or SSI because their medical condition has improved; and
- allow people with disabilities who return to work to continue their premium-free Medicare Part A coverage for an additional 4½ years beyond the 4 years previously provided. (Medicare Part B can also continue if premiums are paid.)

Definition of Disability

The definition of disability under Social Security is different from that used by other disability programs. Social Security pays benefits only for total disability; it does not pay benefits for partial disability or for short-term disability.

To be eligible for benefits a person must

- be insured for benefits,
- not have attained full retirement age,
- have filed an application for benefits, and
- have a Social Security–defined disability.

Meeting the insured requirement means that a person must have worked long enough—and recently enough—under Social Security. The number of work credits (quarters of coverage) a person needs to qualify for benefits depends on the individual's age when he or she becomes disabled.

Section 223(d)(1) of the Social Security Act defines *disability* as an—

(A) inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or

(B) in the case of an individual who has attained the age of 55 and is blind (within the meaning of *blindness* as defined in section 216(i)(1)), inability by reason of such blindness to engage in substantial gainful activity requiring skills or abilities comparable to those of any gainful activity in which the individual has previously engaged with some regularity and over a substantial period of time.

In most cases, a dollar amount is used to indicate whether a person is engaging in substantial gainful activity (SGA). For 2005, the SGA amount was $830 per month for a nonblind individual and $1,380 per month for a blind person. Effective January 2001, the SGA level is adjusted annually on the basis of the national average wage index.

A medically determinable *physical or mental impairment* is an impairment that results from anatomical, physiological, or psychological abnormalities that can be shown by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques. An impairment must be established by medical evidence consisting of signs, symptoms, and laboratory findings.

Types of Benefits Available

The Social Security program pays benefits to disabled individuals and to certain dependents. Those benefits include the following:

1. Monthly cash benefits, after a 5-month waiting period, for a **disabled worker and family**. The worker and eligible family members continue to receive benefits, as long as the worker remains disabled, until the worker reaches full retirement age (at which time, the disabled-worker benefit converts to retired-worker benefits) or dies. (Eligible family members would become eligible for retirement- or survivor-based benefits.)

   The spouse of a disabled worker is eligible for benefits if he or she is aged 62 or older or has in his or her care a child under the age of 16 or a disabled adult child who is entitled to benefits on the worker's earnings record. Unmarried children are entitled to benefits until they reach age 18, or until age 19 if they are a full-time elementary or secondary school student.

2. Monthly cash benefits, after a 5-month waiting period, for a **disabled widow(er) or a disabled surviving divorced spouse** who is aged 50–65, referred to in this publication as *disabled widow(er)s*.

3. Monthly cash benefits payable to **disabled adult children** of disabled, retired, or deceased workers. Those children must be aged 18 or older and must have become disabled before the age of 22. The 5-month waiting period does not apply to disabled adult children.

4. **Medicare benefits**, which are available 2 years after the disabled worker, disabled widow(er), or disabled adult child becomes eligible for benefits.

5. **Vocational rehabilitation services**, which are available for disabled beneficiaries who could return to work if they were provided with some assistance.

Initial Disability Decisionmaking Process

The disability decisionmaking process begins when an individual files an application for benefits at a Social Security office. An employee in the office determines if the applicant meets the nonmedical requirements for benefits such as age, work credits, performance of SGA, and relationship to the insured worker. If those requirements are met, the application is sent to the Disability Determination Services (DDS) office in the state where the applicant resides. The DDS then decides whether an individual is disabled under Social Security law.

Disability examiners and medical staff in the DDS office use medical evidence from the applicant's doctors, hospitals, clinics, or institutions where the individual received treatment. Those medical sources are also asked for information about a person's ability to do work-related activities, such as walking, sitting, lifting, carrying, and remembering instructions.

The DDS may need more medical information before they can decide a person's case. If it is not available from the individual's current medical sources, they may ask the applicant to go to a special examination, called a *consultative examination*, that is paid for by the Social Security Administration (SSA).

A five-step sequential evaluation process is used to decide if a person is disabled. Those steps are as follows:

1. **Is the individual working?** If the person is working and earning more than the SGA amount, the person generally cannot be considered disabled. This decision is made by a Social Security employee. If the person is not working at the SGA level, the file goes to the DDS.

2. **Is the condition "severe"?** A condition must interfere with basic work-related activities for a claim to be considered. If it does not, the person is not found disabled. If it does, the DDS will go to the next step.

3. **Does the individual have an impairment that meets or equals one that is described in SSA's Listing of Impairments?** SSA maintains a list of impairments for 14 major body systems: musculoskeletal, special senses and speech, respiratory, cardiovascular, digestive, genitourinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin and subcutaneous tissue, endocrine, multiple body, neurological, mental, neoplastic, and immunologic. Those impairments are so severe that they automatically mean that a person is disabled. If the condition is not on the list, the DDS will have to decide if it is of equal severity to a listed impairment. If it is, the person is found disabled. If not, the DDS goes to the next step.

4. **Can the individual do the work he or she previously did?** If the person's condition is severe but

not at the same or equal severity as an impairment on the list, then the DDS must determine whether it interferes with a person's ability to do his or her past work. If it does not, the claim will be denied. If it does, the DDS goes to the next step.

5. **Can the individual do any other type of work?** To determine an individual's ability to do other work, the DDS considers the person's medical conditions, age, education, work experience, and any transferable skills. If the DDS decides the person cannot do other work, the claim will be approved. If the DDS decides that the person can do other work, the claim will be denied.

A person is considered blind if his or her vision cannot be corrected to better than 20/200 in the better eye or if his or her visual field is 20 degrees or less, even with a corrective lens. A number of special rules apply to persons who are blind. Those rules recognize the impact of blindness on a person's ability to work. For example, the dollar amount used to determine whether a blind individual is engaging in SGA is higher than the limit for a sighted person.

Appeals Process

If an applicant's claim for disability benefits is denied, he or she has the right to appeal that decision. There are four levels of appeals: (1) reconsideration by the state DDS, (2) hearing by an administrative law judge (ALJ), (3) review by the Appeals Council, and (4) federal court review. At each level of appeal, claimants or their representative must file the request for appeal in writing within 60 days from the date of the notice of denial.

Generally, the reconsideration is the first step in the appeals process. The reconsideration is a case review and is similar to the initial determination except that the case is assigned to a different disability examiner and medical team at the DDS. Claimants are given the opportunity to present additional evidence, which is considered along with the evidence that was submitted during the initial determination.

If the claim is again denied, the individual may request a hearing before an ALJ. Usually the ALJ will hold a hearing, although the claimant may ask that his or her case be decided on the basis of the written record without a hearing. At the hearing, the claimant and witnesses testify under oath or affirmation, and the testimony is recorded verbatim. The ALJ, who is responsible for looking into all the issues, receives documentary evidence as well as the testimony of witnesses. The ALJ will allow the claimant, the claimant's representative, or both to present arguments and examine witnesses.

The final step in the administrative appeals process is at the Appeals Council. If the claimant is dissatisfied with the hearing decision, he or she may request that the Appeals Council review the case. The council, made up of administrative appeals judges, may also, on its own motion, review a decision within 60 days of the ALJ's decision.

The Appeals Council considers the evidence of record, any additional evidence submitted by the claimant, and the ALJ's findings and conclusions. The council may grant, deny, or dismiss a request for review. If it agrees to review the case, the council may uphold, modify, or reverse the ALJ's action, or it may remand it to the ALJ so that he or she may hold another hearing and issue a new decision.

Claimants may file an action in a federal district court within 60 days after the date they receive notice of the Appeals Council's action. If the U.S. District Court reviews the case record and does not find in favor of the claimant, the claimant can continue with the appellate process to the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals.

Benefit Calculations

In addition to meeting the strict medical definition of disability, an individual must also meet an insured-status requirement. To be eligible for disabled-worker benefits, a person must have worked long enough and recently enough under Social Security. A person can earn up to four work credits per year. The amount of earnings required for a credit increases each year as general wage levels rise.

The number of work credits a person needs for disability benefits depends on the individual's age when he or she becomes disabled. To be fully insured, the maximum number of credits a person needs is 40. To be currently insured, a person generally needs 20 credits earned in the last 10 years ending with the year he or she becomes disabled. However, younger workers may qualify with fewer credits.

Dependents of a disabled worker are eligible for benefits if the worker meets both the medical and insured-status requirements. Disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children do not need to meet a work requirement themselves, but the worker on whose record they are filing must be insured.

To determine the amount of a person's monthly cash benefit, SSA uses the following four-step process:

1. **Calculate each worker's average indexed monthly earnings (AIME).** First, the worker's annual covered earnings after 1950 are indexed to reflect the general earnings level in the indexing year—the second calendar year before the year of eligibility (that is, the year a worker becomes disabled). Earnings in years after the indexing year are not indexed but instead are counted at their actual value.

   The period used to calculate the AIME equals the number of full calendar years elapsing between age 21 and the year of first eligibility. The actual years used in the computation are the years of highest earnings minus dropout years equal to one-fifth of the number of elapsed years rounded to the next lower integer (to a maximum of 5 dropout years). However, the number of years of earnings used is at least 2. *Effective for initial entitlement after June 1980.*

   Disabled workers who receive fewer than 3 dropout years under the one-fifth rule may be credited with additional dropout years based on child care, up to a total of 3 dropout years. (To receive this credit, a worker must have had no earnings in that year and must have been living with a child under age 3.) However, the number of years of earnings used is at least 2. *Effective for July 1981.*

   The AIME is calculated as the sum of the highest year's earnings, divided by the number of months in the computation period.

2. **Compute the primary insurance amount (PIA).** The formula used to compute the PIA from the AIME is weighted to provide a higher PIA-to-AIME ratio for workers with low earnings. For workers who become disabled in 2005, the PIA is equal to the sum of:

   90 percent of the first $627 of AIME, plus
   32 percent of the next $3,152 of AIME, plus
   15 percent of AIME over $3,779.

   When subsequent retirement benefits are computed at conversion to retired-worker benefits at the full retirement age (FRA), or at retirement for a worker who earlier recovered from a disability, the years of disability are disregarded from the PIA calculation. That preserves insured status and benefit level.

   Alternative methods of computing the PIA apply to workers who have low earnings but a steady work history over most of their adult years and to workers who also receive a pension based on their own noncovered work.

3. **Compute the family maximum (FMAX).** Monthly benefits payable to the worker and family members or to the worker's survivors are limited to a maximum family benefit amount. The family maximum level for retired-worker families or survivors usually ranges from 150 percent to 188 percent of the worker's PIA. The maximum benefit for disabled-worker families ranges from the smaller of 85 percent of AIME (or 100 percent of the PIA, if larger) to about 150 percent of the PIA.

   Beginning with the first year of eligibility, the PIA and FMAX are increased by cost-of-living adjustments.

4. **Compute the person's monthly benefit amount (MBA).** Disabled workers and persons retiring at the FRA are paid 100 percent of the PIA. The PIA is reduced for workers who retire between the age of 62 and the FRA. If a disabled worker receives reduced retirement benefits before disability entitlement, the disability benefit is reduced by the number of months for which he or she received reduced retirement benefits.

   Dependents of retired or disabled workers may receive up to 50 percent of the PIA. Disabled adult children of deceased workers may receive up to 75 percent of the PIA.

   Disabled widow(er)s aged 50–60 may receive up to 71.5 percent of the PIA. Disabled widow(er)s aged 60 to the FRA may receive up to 100 percent of the PIA, but benefits are reduced for age, with a maximum reduction of 28.5 percent.

   All monthly benefits are limited by the family maximum, so dependents may not receive their full MBA.

Benefits Offset and Withheld

Disabled-worker and dependents' benefits may be offset if the disabled worker receives workers' compensation (WC) or other public disability benefits (PDB). The Social Security Amendments of 1965 require that benefits be reduced when the worker is also eligible for periodic or lump-sum WC/PDB payments, so that the combined amounts of the disabled worker's and family's Social Security benefits plus the WC/PDB payment do not exceed 80 percent of the worker's average current earnings. The combined payments after reduction are never less than what the total Social Security benefits were before reduction. The reduction continues until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the WC/PDB payment stops, whichever comes first.

If a spouse or disabled widow(er) worked for a federal, state, or local government to which he or she did not pay Social Security taxes, the pension he or she receives from that agency may reduce his or her Social

Security benefits. That provision is known as the *government pension offset*. The offset will reduce the amount of the Social Security benefit by two-thirds of the amount of the government pension.

The annual earnings test applies to nondisabled beneficiaries under the FRA. Benefits for those beneficiaries are withheld $1 for every $2 they earn above the annual earnings limit. In the calendar year a beneficiary attains the FRA, for months before the FRA, $1 is withheld for every $3 earned over the annual earnings limit for that age group. A retired worker's earnings will also affect his or her dependents' benefits, including those of disabled adult children. In addition, a spouse's earnings may affect benefits for his or her children. (How a disabled beneficiary's work affects his or her benefit is discussed in the next section.)

Other reasons for withholding benefits include spouses who no longer have an entitled child in their care, beneficiaries who are incarcerated, or beneficiaries whose whereabouts are unknown.

Work Incentives

Special rules make it possible for disabled beneficiaries to work and still receive monthly benefits and Medicare or Medicaid. Those rules are known as *work incentives*.

Disabled beneficiaries are encouraged to return to work by providing a trial work period (TWP) and an extended period of eligibility (EPE). During the TWP, earnings are allowed to exceed the SGA dollar amount for 9 months. During the 3-year EPE that follows the TWP, benefits are withheld only for those months in which earnings exceed the SGA amount. After the end of the EPE, monthly benefits are terminated when earnings exceed the SGA amount. Certain impairment-related expenses that a person needs to make in order to work may be deducted when counting earnings to determine whether the work is substantial. Even if cash benefits are withheld, Medicare and Medicaid coverage can continue.

The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act has further improved work incentives. That law substantially expands work opportunities for people with disabilities. The provisions of the law become effective at different times in different parts of the country. The provisions below apply to Social Security and SSI.

1. **Ticket to Work and Self-Sufficiency Program.** Starting in 2002, some Social Security and SSI disability beneficiaries received a "ticket" that they may use to obtain vocational rehabilitation and other employment-support services from an approved provider of their choice. The program is voluntary and will be phased in nationally over a 3-year period.
2. **Expanded Availability of Health Care Services.** As of October 1, 2000, the law expands Medicaid and Medicare coverage to more people with disabilities who work. It extends Medicare Part A premium-free coverage for 93 months after the trial work period for most disabled beneficiaries who work.

   In addition, states now have the option to expand Medicaid coverage to workers with disabilities using income and resource limits set by the states.
3. **Expedited Benefits**. Effective January 1, 2001, if a person's Social Security or SSI disability benefits have ended because of earnings from work and if he or she becomes unable to work again within 60 months because of his or her medical condition, the person would be able to request reinstatement of benefits, including Medicare and Medicaid, without filing a new application.
4. **Disability Reviews Postponed.** Effective January 1, 2001, an individual using a "ticket" does not need to undergo the regularly scheduled disability reviews. Effective January 1, 2002, people who have been receiving Social Security disability benefits for at least 24 months will not be asked to go through a disability review because of the work they are doing. However, regularly scheduled medical reviews could still be performed and benefits could be terminated if earnings were above the limits.
5. **Work Incentives Outreach Program.** The law directs the Social Security Administration to establish a community-based work incentives planning and assistance program to disseminate accurate information about work incentives and to give beneficiaries more choice. SSA has established a program of cooperative agreements and contracts to provide benefits planning and assistance to all disabled beneficiaries, including information about the availability of protection and advocacy services.
6. **Protection and Advocacy.** The law authorizes SSA to make payments to protection and advocacy systems established in each state to provide information, advice, and legal services to disability beneficiaries.

More information about work incentives can be found at http://www.socialsecurity.gov/work.

Benefit Termination

In general, benefits continue as long as a person remains disabled. However, under Social Security law, all disability cases must be reviewed from time to time to make sure that people receiving benefits continue to meet the disability requirements. Benefits continue unless there is strong proof that a person's impairment has medically improved and that he or she is able to return to work.

How often a case is reviewed depends on the severity of the impairment and the likelihood of improvement. The frequency can range from 6 months to 7 years. Here are general guidelines for reviews.

- **Improvement expected—**If medical improvement can be predicted when benefits start, the first review will be 6 to 18 months later.
- **Improvement possible—**If medical improvement is possible but cannot be predicted, the case will be reviewed about every 3 years.
- **Improvement not expected—**If medical improvement is not likely, the case will be reviewed about once every 5 to 7 years.

During a review, the disabled beneficiary is asked to provide information about any medical treatment he or she has received and any work he or she might have done. An evaluation team, which includes a disability examiner and a doctor, then requests the individual's medical records and carefully reviews his or her file. If the team decides a person is still disabled, benefits will continue. If they decide that the person is no longer disabled, the individual can file an appeal if he or she disagrees with the determination. Otherwise, benefits stop 3 months after the beneficiary is notified that his or her disability ended.

Benefits for dependents continue as long as the disabled worker continues to be entitled to benefits. However, a person's benefits may be terminated for other reasons. The most common reasons to terminate benefits are the following:

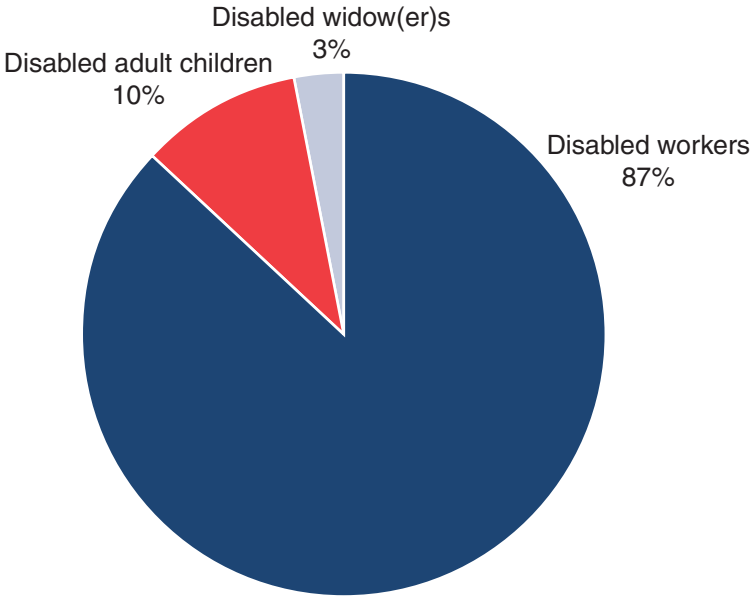
- The beneficiary dies. If the deceased was the worker, eligible dependents may become entitled to survivors' benefits.
- The disabled worker or disabled widow(er) attains the FRA, and their benefit is automatically converted to retired-worker benefits or aged widow(er)s benefits, respectively.
- The disabled beneficiary is no longer disabled because of medical recovery or successful reentry to the workforce.
- A spouse divorces a worker (with some exceptions).
- Certain divorced spouses remarry.
- A spouse no longer has a child under the age of 16 or a disabled child in his or her care.
- A child reaches age 18.
- A student reaches age 19 or is no longer attending elementary or secondary school full time.
- Dependent children marry.
- Dependents become entitled to another equal or larger benefit.

Benefits usually stop effective with the month the terminating event occurred.

Beneficiaries in Current-Payment Status

Chart 1.
All Social Security disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, December 2005

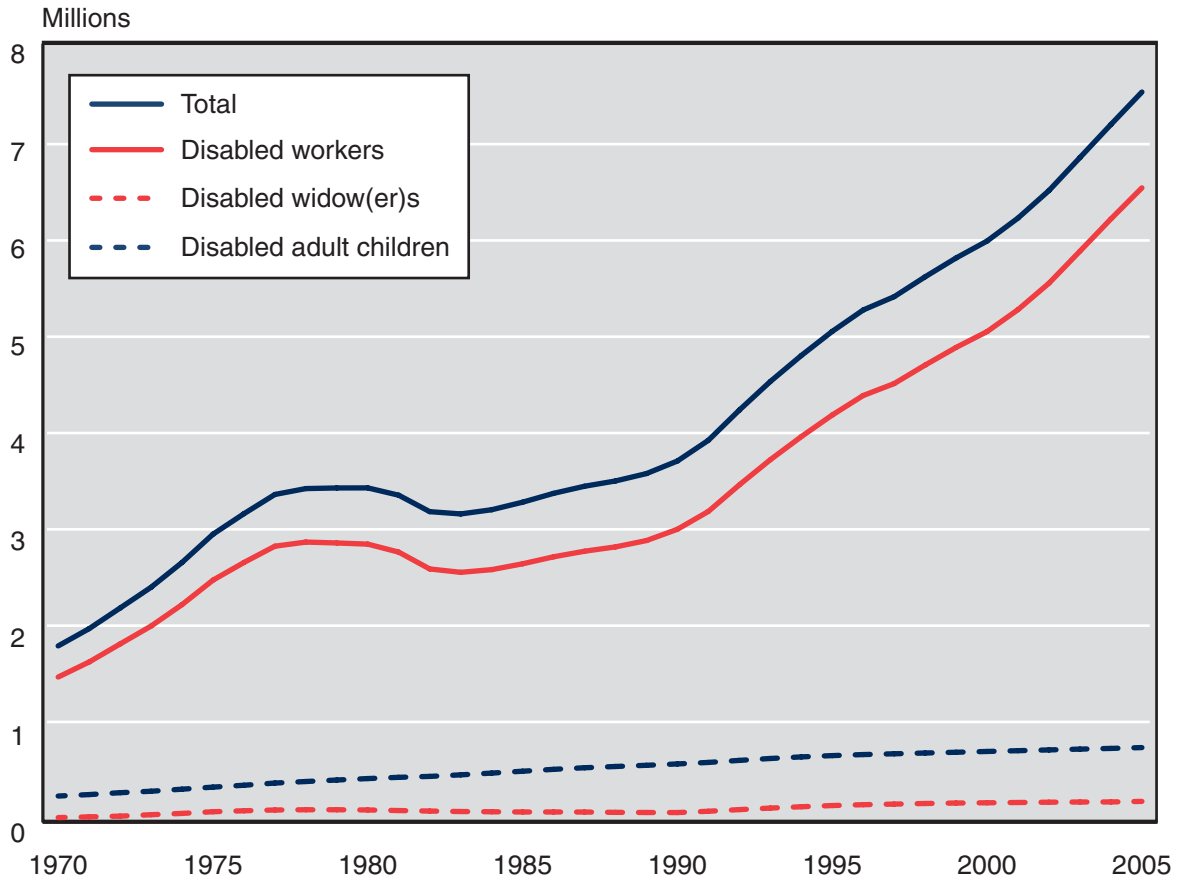
In December 2005, about 7.5 million people received Social Security disability benefits as disabled workers, disabled widow(er)s, or disabled adult children. The majority (87 percent) were disabled workers, 10 percent were disabled adult children, and 3 percent were disabled widow(er)s.



SOURCE: Table 3.

Chart 2.
All Social Security disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, December 1970–2005

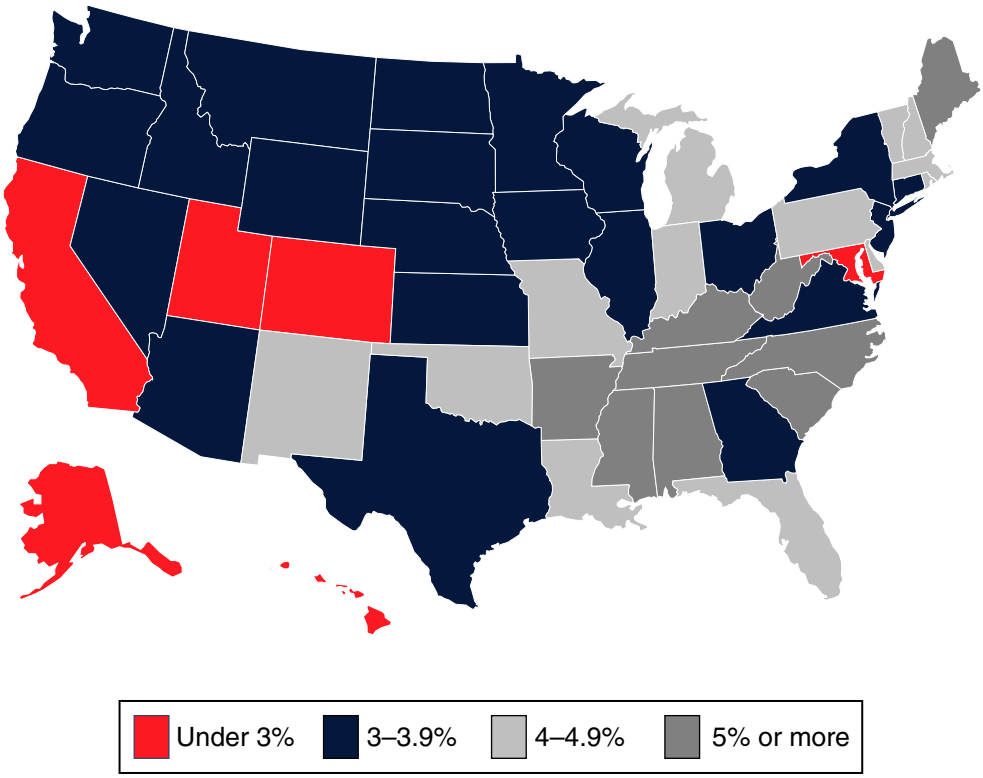
The number of disabled workers grew steadily until 1978, declined slightly until 1983, started to increase again in 1984, and began to increase more rapidly beginning in 1990. The growth in the 1980s and 1990s was the result of demographic changes, a recession, and legislative changes. The number of disabled adult children has grown slightly, and the number of disabled widow(er)s has remained fairly level. In December 2005, more than 6.5 million disabled workers, nearly 769,000 disabled adult children, and just under 216,000 disabled widow(er)s received disability benefits.



SOURCE: Table 3.

Chart 3.
Disabled beneficiaries aged 18–64 in current-payment status as a percentage of state population aged 18–64, December 2005

Disabled beneficiaries aged 18–64 in current-payment status accounted for about 3.8 percent of the population aged 18–64 in the United States. In 6 states and the District of Columbia, they represented less than 3 percent of the state population. The states with the highest rates of disabled beneficiaries—5 percent or more—were Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Maine, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and West Virginia.

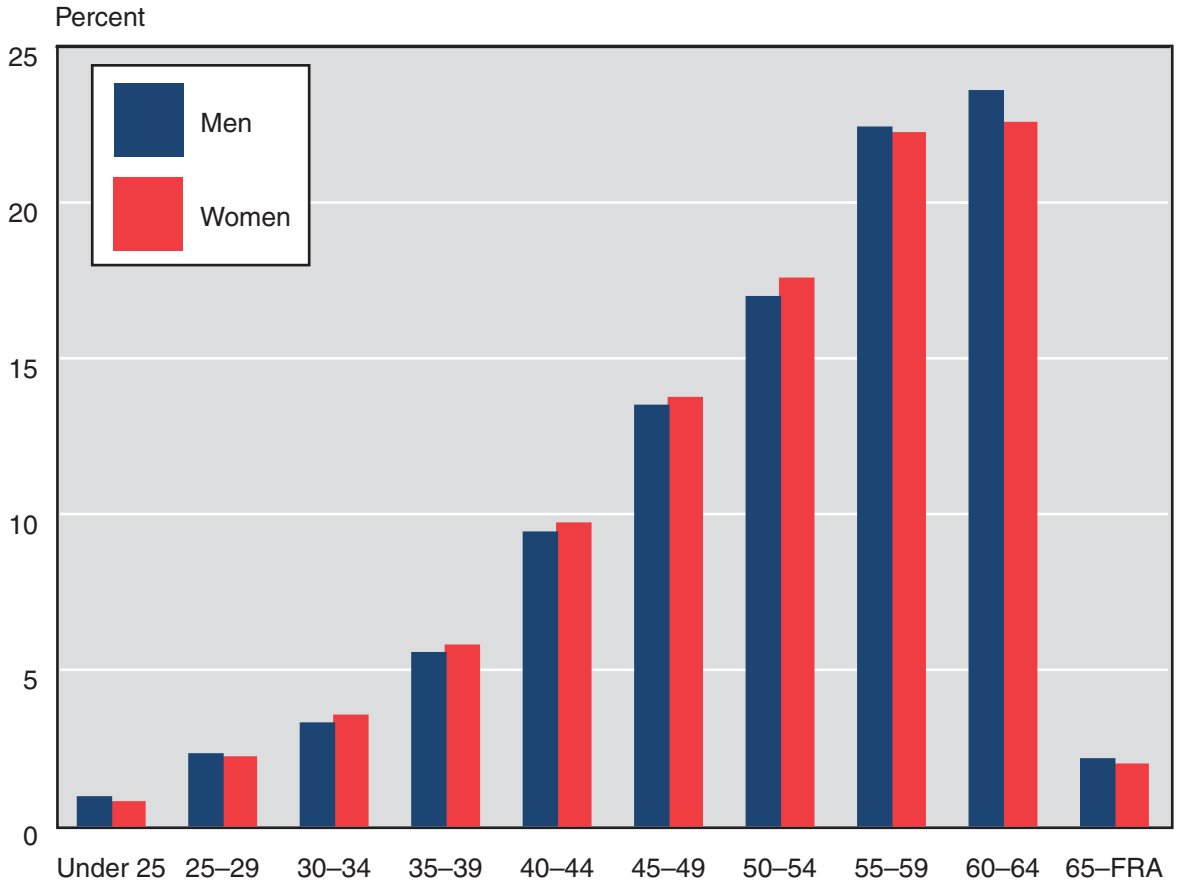


SOURCE: Table 8.

NOTE: The percentage for the District of Columbia is 2.98. In Table 8, that percentage has been rounded to 3.0.

Chart 4.
Age of disabled-worker beneficiaries in current-payment status, by sex, December 2005

The percentage of disabled-worker beneficiaries increases with age for both men and women. In December 2005, the largest percentage of disabled-worker beneficiaries was aged 60–64. Disability benefits convert to retirement benefits when the worker reaches full retirement age, 65–67, depending on the year of birth.



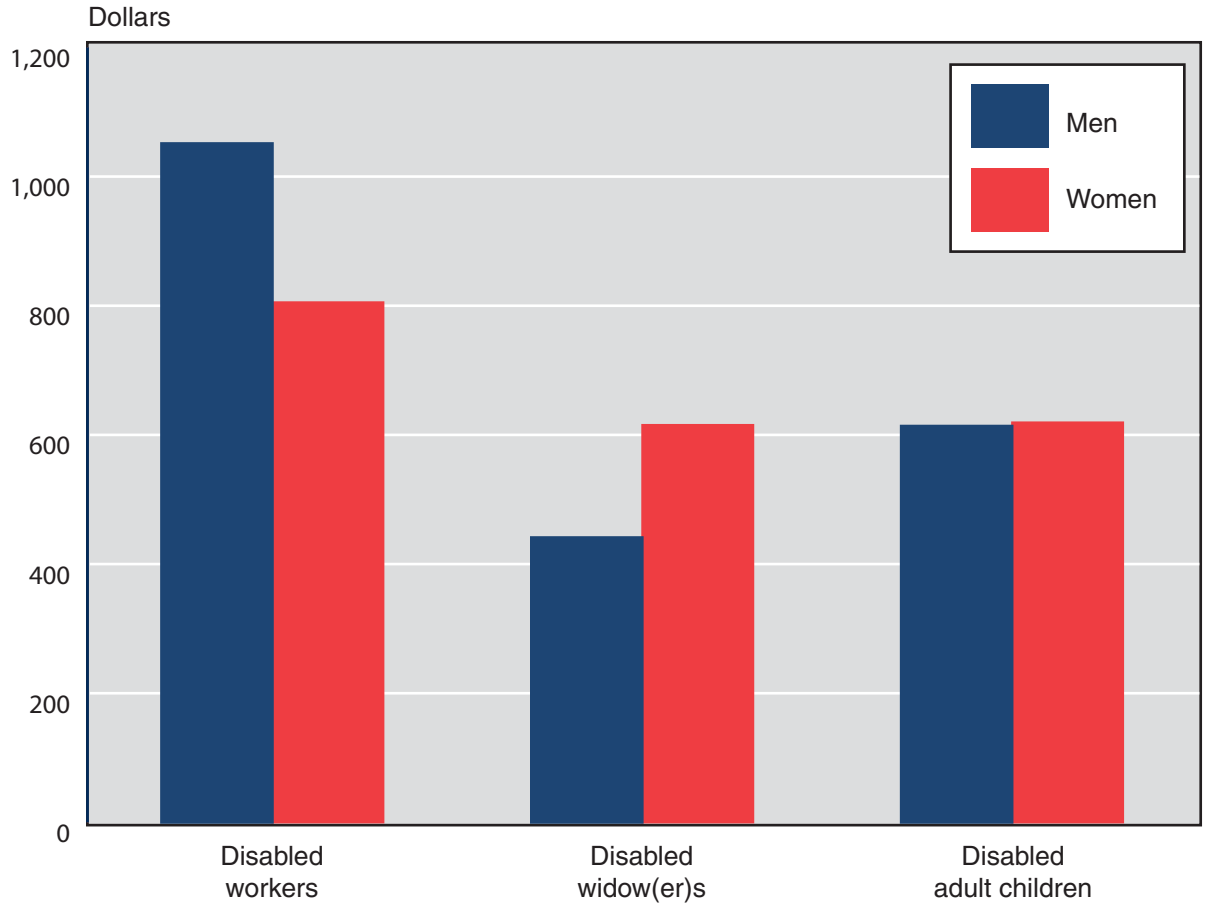
SOURCE: Table 4.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

Chart 5.
Average monthly benefit of disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, by sex, December 2005

The average monthly benefit for disabled-worker beneficiaries is higher than that paid to disabled widow(er)s or disabled adult children. The reason for the difference is that disabled workers receive 100 percent of the primary insurance amount (PIA), compared with 71.5 percent for disabled widow(er)s and 50 percent for disabled adult children (if the worker is disabled or retired) or 75 percent (if the worker is deceased).

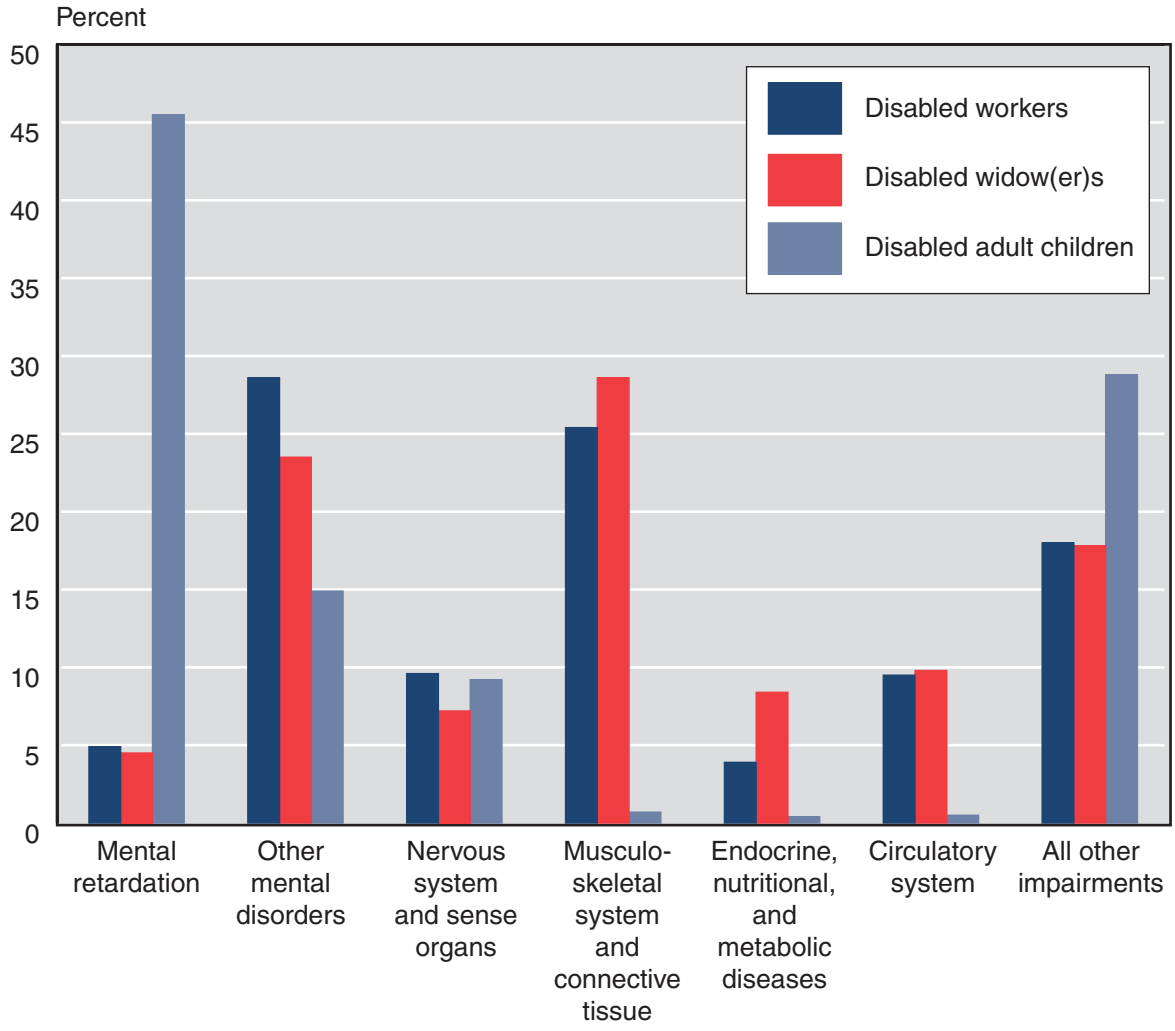
Because men have traditionally had higher earnings than women, their monthly benefit is higher. This is most obvious in the disabled-worker group. Benefits for disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children are dependents' benefits, so their monthly benefit is a function of the worker's earnings. Therefore, a disabled widow's average benefit tends to be higher than that of a disabled widower because a male worker's earnings are higher than a female worker's. Benefit amounts are about the same for men and women in the disabled adult children group.



SOURCE: Table 5.

Chart 6.
Disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, by diagnostic group, December 2005

The impairment on which disability is based varies with the type of beneficiary. In December 2005, a mental disorder other than retardation was the primary reason disabled workers received benefits; diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue were the leading cause of disability among disabled widow(er)s; and mental retardation was the predominant reason for disability among disabled adult children.



SOURCE: Table 6.

Table 1.
Number, December 1960–2005, selected years

Year	Total	Workers and nondisabled dependents				Widow(er)s	Adult children of—		
		Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19		Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
1960	788,543	455,371	76,599	152,519	. . .	. . .	2,962	53,825	47,267
1965	1,928,460	988,074	193,362	532,197	16,437	. . .	8,981	87,122	102,287
1970	2,970,538	1,492,948	283,447	799,111	75,194	49,281	14,295	101,341	154,921
1975	4,799,853	2,488,774	452,922	1,239,058	147,253	109,511	24,193	118,802	219,340
1980	5,223,311	2,858,680	461,878	1,184,846	140,157	127,580	32,883	140,548	276,739
1981	5,008,221	2,776,519	428,212	1,070,000	148,879	121,590	32,664	143,633	286,724
1982	4,532,014	2,603,599	365,862	894,440	79,333	116,372	30,027	144,464	297,917
1983	4,382,745	2,569,029	308,059	855,560	50,134	111,591	30,209	148,464	309,699
1984	4,406,140	2,596,516	303,982	858,243	31,875	109,151	31,165	152,667	322,541
1985	4,507,083	2,656,638	305,532	889,730	22,336	107,005	33,078	157,011	335,753
1986	4,613,249	2,728,463	300,826	911,698	20,245	106,974	34,641	161,755	348,647
1987	4,676,852	2,785,859	290,888	912,367	20,183	106,282	35,378	165,675	360,220
1988	4,709,360	2,821,070	280,780	898,980	24,370	105,810	35,520	170,940	371,890
1989	4,774,160	2,886,590	269,830	901,400	23,330	102,650	35,950	172,650	381,760
1990	4,934,370	3,011,130	264,230	929,720	23,960	101,780	36,990	174,560	392,000
1991	5,209,600	3,198,610	263,780	986,710	26,380	115,010	38,450	177,740	402,920
1992	5,633,130	3,473,330	271,510	1,090,920	25,930	131,620	41,720	181,860	416,240
1993	6,026,460	3,729,330	272,190	1,188,330	29,660	148,070	44,920	185,270	428,690
1994	6,381,470	3,966,590	270,220	1,276,740	29,910	161,650	48,650	187,630	440,080
1995	6,674,450	4,186,720	263,130	1,331,110	29,550	173,240	51,790	188,940	449,970
1996	6,906,420	4,386,040	223,300	1,381,200	32,820	182,020	53,470	190,050	457,520
1997	6,998,210	4,505,760	207,290	1,357,340	31,440	187,220	53,760	190,410	464,990
1998	7,192,370	4,697,010	190,120	1,363,910	30,780	192,400	55,690	189,930	472,530
1999	7,391,920	4,873,560	176,370	1,381,200	37,020	197,520	57,360	189,820	479,070
2000	7,550,930	5,035,840	164,850	1,381,500	35,000	200,130	58,090	191,950	483,570
2001	7,790,038	5,268,039	156,978	1,385,374	38,839	204,255	57,920	191,817	486,816
2002	8,109,332	5,539,597	151,626	1,422,296	43,916	207,365	59,460	192,087	492,985
2003	8,490,007	5,868,541	150,889	1,461,635	46,769	209,360	62,450	191,704	498,659
2004	8,854,343	6,197,385	152,995	1,486,422	47,551	210,736	64,739	191,274	503,241
2005	9,224,458	6,519,001	156,552	1,516,519	47,982	215,866	68,705	191,872	507,961

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2001, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 2.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, December 2005

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
			Workers			
Total	6,519,001	938.00	3,517,269	1,051.20	3,001,732	805.30
Under 25	54,623	504.30	32,009	512.60	22,614	492.50
25–29	146,385	614.60	80,573	625.60	65,812	601.30
30–34	221,138	694.40	115,271	710.00	105,867	677.40
35–39	368,579	762.20	194,960	783.80	173,619	738.00
40–44	622,211	819.20	330,915	857.50	291,296	775.80
45–49	886,513	883.90	474,249	950.40	412,264	807.40
50–54	1,123,773	954.40	596,710	1,058.40	527,063	836.60
55–59	1,455,621	1,020.30	788,317	1,167.10	667,304	846.80
60–64	1,506,574	1,044.80	829,479	1,228.20	677,095	820.10
65–FRA	133,584	1,031.40	74,786	1,218.60	58,798	793.20
			Spouses of disabled workers			
Total	156,552	245.30	4,755	197.20	151,797	246.80
Entitlement based on care of children	87,895	196.90	1,826	156.70	86,069	197.80
Under 30	5,723	130.20	53	112.10	5,670	130.30
30–34	10,203	139.70	139	129.20	10,064	139.80
35–39	16,823	159.20	259	136.80	16,564	159.50
40–44	20,560	193.70	426	137.80	20,134	194.80
45–49	17,139	223.50	415	160.10	16,724	225.10
50–54	10,244	250.00	290	177.00	9,954	252.10
55–FRA	7,203	289.90	244	206.00	6,959	292.90
Entitlement based on age	68,657	307.20	2,929	222.50	65,728	311.00
62–64	39,764	296.70	742	177.60	39,022	299.00
65 or older	28,893	321.60	2,187	237.70	26,706	328.50
			Children of disabled workers			
Total	1,633,206	278.90	851,473	280.20	781,733	277.50
Under age 18	1,516,519	270.20	784,079	270.60	732,440	269.90
Under 5	118,836	221.70	60,604	221.60	58,232	221.80
5–9	316,835	231.10	161,516	230.30	155,319	231.90
10–14	581,283	260.10	299,825	260.00	281,458	260.10
15–17	499,565	318.50	262,134	318.80	237,431	318.20
Students aged 18–19	47,982	387.10	27,884	389.70	20,098	383.30
Disabled aged 18 or older	68,705	394.80	39,510	394.60	29,195	394.90
			Widow(er)s			
Total	215,866	609.30	7,562	441.10	208,304	615.40
50–54	28,134	615.40	1,310	444.30	26,824	623.70
55–59	79,518	614.30	3,270	441.40	76,248	621.70
60–64	105,354	604.10	2,920	440.50	102,434	608.80
65–FRA	2,860	602.20	62	392.40	2,798	606.90

(Continued)

Table 2.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, December 2005—*Continued*

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
			Adult children			
Total	768,538	616.30	420,025	613.70	348,513	619.30
Children of—						
Disabled workers	68,705	394.80	39,510	394.60	29,195	394.90
Retired workers	191,872	528.40	106,405	525.80	85,467	531.70
Deceased workers	507,961	679.40	274,110	679.50	233,851	679.30
Under 25	76,298	519.80	44,592	519.70	31,706	520.10
25–29	63,927	565.90	36,356	567.70	27,571	563.50
30–34	70,624	596.40	39,678	592.20	30,946	601.80
35–39	86,910	622.20	49,040	619.40	37,870	625.90
40–44	110,171	637.60	62,315	635.60	47,856	640.10
45–49	105,595	650.30	58,993	648.50	46,602	652.60
50–54	83,082	659.40	45,205	657.40	37,877	661.90
55–59	61,473	658.30	32,111	654.80	29,362	662.10
60–64	42,254	650.80	21,283	644.40	20,971	657.30
65 or older	68,204	585.30	30,452	583.70	37,752	586.60

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 3.
Number, average, and total monthly benefits, December 1960–2005

Year	Number				Average monthly benefit (dollars)			Total monthly benefits (thousands of dollars)		
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
1960	559,425	455,371	. . .	104,054	89.31	. . .	44.15	40,669	. . .	4,594
1961	742,296	618,075	. . .	124,221	89.59	. . .	45.28	55,373	. . .	5,625
1962	888,131	740,867	. . .	147,264	89.99	. . .	45.67	66,671	. . .	6,726
1963	993,656	827,014	. . .	166,642	90.59	. . .	46.45	74,919	. . .	7,741
1964	1,077,695	894,173	. . .	183,522	91.12	. . .	47.35	81,477	. . .	8,690
1965	1,186,464	988,074	. . .	198,390	97.76	. . .	51.77	96,594	. . .	10,271
1966	1,310,911	1,097,190	. . .	213,721	98.09	. . .	52.42	107,623	. . .	11,203
1967	1,422,778	1,193,120	. . .	229,658	98.43	. . .	53.41	117,439	. . .	12,266
1968	1,560,517	1,295,300	21,563	243,654	111.86	72.25	61.83	144,892	1,558	15,065
1969	1,690,982	1,394,291	39,469	257,222	112.74	71.02	62.79	157,192	2,803	16,151
1970	1,812,786	1,492,948	49,281	270,557	131.26	82.00	73.21	195,964	4,041	19,807
1971	1,990,098	1,647,684	56,743	285,671	146.52	90.11	81.37	241,419	5,113	23,245
1972	2,202,090	1,832,916	64,167	305,007	179.32	109.54	98.81	328,678	7,029	30,138
1973	2,415,383	2,016,626	78,769	319,988	183.00	111.14	100.14	369,043	8,754	32,044
1974	2,670,092	2,236,882	92,128	341,082	205.70	125.87	112.45	460,127	11,596	38,355
1975	2,960,620	2,488,774	109,511	362,335	225.90	137.70	122.80	562,214	15,080	44,495
1976	3,171,198	2,670,208	119,427	381,563	245.17	147.01	132.32	654,655	17,557	50,488
1977	3,368,954	2,837,432	127,276	404,246	265.30	156.11	142.12	752,771	19,869	57,451
1978	3,429,421	2,879,774	129,751	419,896	288.30	165.46	153.66	830,239	21,469	64,521
1979	3,435,761	2,870,590	129,833	435,338	322.00	180.52	171.55	924,330	23,437	74,682
1980	3,436,429	2,858,680	127,580	450,169	370.70	205.02	198.95	1,059,713	26,156	89,561
1981	3,361,130	2,776,519	121,590	463,021	413.20	226.58	224.51	1,147,258	27,550	103,953
1982	3,192,379	2,603,599	116,372	472,408	440.60	242.11	245.07	1,147,146	28,175	115,773
1983	3,168,992	2,569,029	111,591	488,372	456.20	250.33	257.78	1,171,991	27,935	125,893
1984	3,212,040	2,596,516	109,151	506,373	470.70	306.24	270.28	1,222,180	33,426	136,862
1985	3,289,485	2,656,638	107,005	525,842	483.80	315.26	281.92	1,285,281	33,734	148,245
1986	3,380,480	2,728,463	106,974	545,043	487.90	319.74	288.79	1,331,217	34,204	157,403
1987	3,453,414	2,785,859	106,282	561,273	508.20	333.89	304.32	1,415,774	35,486	170,807
1988	3,507,707	2,830,284	103,123	574,300	529.50	348.05	320.21	1,498,635	35,892	183,897
1989	3,583,451	2,895,364	101,630	586,457	556.00	366.72	339.47	1,609,822	37,270	199,085
1990	3,712,763	3,011,294	100,989	600,480	587.20	388.93	361.71	1,768,232	39,278	217,200
1991	3,925,472	3,194,938	114,489	616,045	609.40	406.96	378.86	1,946,995	46,592	233,395
1992	4,236,080	3,467,783	131,324	636,973	626.10	422.65	393.61	2,171,179	55,504	250,719
1993	4,529,466	3,725,966	147,015	656,485	641.70	434.20	407.20	2,390,952	63,834	267,321
1994	4,796,313	3,962,954	160,676	672,683	661.40	446.30	422.40	2,621,098	71,710	284,141

(Continued)

Table 3.
Number, average, and total monthly benefits, December 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Number				Average monthly benefit (dollars)			Total monthly benefits (thousands of dollars)		
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
1995	5,044,388	4,185,263	173,024	686,101	681.60	458.30	437.30	2,853,512	79,297	300,032
1996	5,264,321	4,385,623	181,911	696,787	703.90	471.00	454.30	3,087,040	85,680	316,550
1997	5,400,781	4,508,134	187,938	704,709	721.60	480.40	468.60	3,253,069	90,285	330,227
1998	5,605,272	4,698,319	194,181	712,772	733.10	487.30	479.40	3,444,338	94,624	341,703
1999	5,798,776	4,879,455	198,795	720,526	754.10	499.90	495.60	3,679,597	99,378	357,093
2000	5,972,468	5,042,333	201,446	728,689	786.40	519.70	518.30	3,965,291	104,681	377,650
2001	6,208,847	5,268,039	204,255	736,553	814.40	536.70	537.60	4,290,449	109,622	395,956
2002	6,491,494	5,539,597	207,365	744,532	834.30	548.10	550.40	4,621,852	113,653	409,813
2003	6,830,714	5,868,541	209,360	752,813	861.60	563.80	567.00	5,054,332	118,010	426,780
2004	7,167,375	6,197,385	210,736	759,254	894.10	582.70	587.60	5,540,703	122,795	446,096
2005	7,503,405	6,519,001	215,866	768,538	938.00	609.30	616.30	6,113,106	131,508	473,545

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; for 2000, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 4.
Number and average monthly benefit, by sex and age, December 2005

Age	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	7,503,405	895.60	6,519,001	938.00	215,866	609.30	768,538	616.30
Under 25	130,921	513.30	54,623	504.30	. . .	. . .	76,298	519.80
25–29	210,312	599.80	146,385	614.60	. . .	. . .	63,927	565.90
30–34	291,762	670.70	221,138	694.40	. . .	. . .	70,624	596.40
35–39	455,489	735.50	368,579	762.20	. . .	. . .	86,910	622.20
40–44	732,382	791.90	622,211	819.20	. . .	. . .	110,171	637.60
45–49	992,108	859.00	886,513	883.90	. . .	. . .	105,595	650.30
50–54	1,234,989	926.80	1,123,773	954.40	28,134	615.40	83,082	659.40
55–59	1,596,612	986.10	1,455,621	1,020.30	79,518	614.30	61,473	658.30
60–64	1,654,182	1,006.70	1,506,574	1,044.80	105,354	604.10	42,254	650.80
65–FRA [a]	204,648	876.70	133,584	1,031.40	2,860	602.20	68,204	585.30
				Men				
Subtotal	3,944,856	1,003.50	3,517,269	1,051.20	7,562	441.10	420,025	613.70
Under 25	76,601	516.70	32,009	512.60	. . .	. . .	44,592	519.70
25–29	116,929	607.60	80,573	625.60	. . .	. . .	36,356	567.70
30–34	154,949	679.80	115,271	710.00	. . .	. . .	39,678	592.20
35–39	244,000	750.80	194,960	783.80	. . .	. . .	49,040	619.40
40–44	393,230	822.30	330,915	857.50	. . .	. . .	62,315	635.60
45–49	533,242	917.00	474,249	950.40	. . .	. . .	58,993	648.50
50–54	643,225	1,028.90	596,710	1,058.40	1,310	444.30	45,205	657.40
55–59	823,698	1,144.20	788,317	1,167.10	3,270	441.40	32,111	654.80
60–64	853,682	1,210.90	829,479	1,228.20	2,920	440.50	21,283	644.40
65–FRA [a]	105,300	1,034.50	74,786	1,218.60	62	392.40	30,452	583.70
				Women				
Subtotal	3,558,549	776.00	3,001,732	805.30	208,304	615.40	348,513	619.30
Under 25	54,320	508.60	22,614	492.50	. . .	. . .	31,706	520.10
25–29	93,383	590.10	65,812	601.30	. . .	. . .	27,571	563.50
30–34	136,813	660.30	105,867	677.40	. . .	. . .	30,946	601.80
35–39	211,489	717.90	173,619	738.00	. . .	. . .	37,870	625.90
40–44	339,152	756.60	291,296	775.80	. . .	. . .	47,856	640.10
45–49	458,866	791.60	412,264	807.40	. . .	. . .	46,602	652.60
50–54	591,764	815.80	527,063	836.60	26,824	623.70	37,877	661.90
55–59	772,914	817.60	667,304	846.80	76,248	621.70	29,362	662.10
60–64	800,500	788.80	677,095	820.10	102,434	608.80	20,971	657.30
65–FRA [a]	99,348	709.40	58,798	793.20	2,798	606.90	37,752	586.60

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age; . . . = not applicable.

a. FRA applies only to workers and widow(er)s. There is no age limit for adult children.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 5.
Distribution, by sex and monthly benefit, December 2005

Sex and monthly benefit (dollars)	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled beneficiaries	7,503,405	100.0	6,519,001	100.0	215,866	100.0	768,538	100.0
Less than 300.00	323,403	4.3	199,649	3.1	37,838	17.5	85,916	11.2
300.00–399.90	335,591	4.5	224,701	3.4	21,857	10.1	89,033	11.6
400.00–499.90	406,352	5.4	279,865	4.3	27,209	12.6	99,278	12.9
500.00–599.90	727,890	9.7	600,351	9.2	26,130	12.1	101,409	13.2
600.00–699.90	911,221	12.1	783,511	12.0	23,539	10.9	104,171	13.6
700.00–799.90	851,831	11.4	729,720	11.2	20,404	9.5	101,707	13.2
800.00–899.90	731,745	9.8	645,282	9.9	16,589	7.7	69,874	9.1
900.00–999.90	619,960	8.3	554,215	8.5	13,649	6.3	52,096	6.8
1,000.00–1,099.90	521,205	6.9	471,457	7.2	12,407	5.7	37,341	4.9
1,100.00–1,199.90	420,105	5.6	395,498	6.1	8,278	3.8	16,329	2.1
1,200.00–1,299.90	339,814	4.5	328,760	5.0	4,870	2.3	6,184	0.8
1,300.00–1,399.90	290,181	3.9	285,229	4.4	2,302	1.1	2,650	0.3
1,400.00–1,499.90	287,162	3.8	285,205	4.4	691	0.3	1,266	0.2
1,500.00–1,599.90	226,510	3.0	225,898	3.5	43	a	569	0.1
1,600.00–1,699.90	205,534	2.7	205,282	3.1	17	a	235	a
1,700.00–1,799.90	146,484	2.0	146,311	2.2	10	a	163	a
1,800.00 or more	158,417	2.1	158,067	2.4	33	a	317	a
Average benefit (dollars)	895.60		938.00		609.30		616.30	
Men	3,944,856	100.0	3,517,269	100.0	7,562	100.0	420,025	100.0
Less than 300.00	119,679	3.0	67,760	1.9	2,711	35.9	49,208	11.7
300.00–399.90	127,917	3.2	78,658	2.2	900	11.9	48,359	11.5
400.00–499.90	158,288	4.0	102,853	2.9	1,105	14.6	54,330	12.9
500.00–599.90	282,391	7.2	226,203	6.4	891	11.8	55,297	13.2
600.00–699.90	372,590	9.4	316,048	9.0	637	8.4	55,905	13.3
700.00–799.90	384,583	9.7	329,280	9.4	459	6.1	54,844	13.1
800.00–899.90	359,020	9.1	320,528	9.1	311	4.1	38,181	9.1
900.00–999.90	327,765	8.3	299,182	8.5	190	2.5	28,393	6.8
1,000.00–1,099.90	297,156	7.5	276,734	7.9	165	2.2	20,257	4.8
1,100.00–1,199.90	260,485	6.6	251,359	7.1	101	1.3	9,025	2.1
1,200.00–1,299.90	226,947	5.8	223,526	6.4	62	0.8	3,359	0.8
1,300.00–1,399.90	206,808	5.2	205,283	5.8	22	0.3	1,503	0.4
1,400.00–1,499.90	217,207	5.5	216,530	6.2	b	b	b	b
1,500.00–1,599.90	178,200	4.5	177,885	5.1	0	0	315	0.1
1,600.00–1,699.90	165,538	4.2	165,414	4.7	0	0	124	a
1,700.00–1,799.90	122,317	3.1	122,225	3.5	b	b	b	b
1,800.00 or more	137,965	3.5	137,801	3.9	0	0	164	a
Average benefit (dollars)	1,003.50		1,051.20		441.10		613.70	

(Continued)

Table 5.
Distribution, by sex and monthly benefit, December 2005—*Continued*

Sex and monthly benefit (dollars)	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Women	3,558,549	100.0	3,001,732	100.0	208,304	100.0	348,513	100.0
Less than 300.00	203,724	5.7	131,889	4.4	35,127	16.9	36,708	10.5
300.00–399.90	207,674	5.8	146,043	4.9	20,957	10.1	40,674	11.7
400.00–499.90	248,064	7.0	177,012	5.9	26,104	12.5	44,948	12.9
500.00–599.90	445,499	12.5	374,148	12.5	25,239	12.1	46,112	13.2
600.00–699.90	538,631	15.1	467,463	15.6	22,902	11.0	48,266	13.8
700.00–799.90	467,248	13.1	400,440	13.3	19,945	9.6	46,863	13.4
800.00–899.90	372,725	10.5	324,754	10.8	16,278	7.8	31,693	9.1
900.00–999.90	292,195	8.2	255,033	8.5	13,459	6.5	23,703	6.8
1,000.00–1,099.90	224,049	6.3	194,723	6.5	12,242	5.9	17,084	4.9
1,100.00–1,199.90	159,620	4.5	144,139	4.8	8,177	3.9	7,304	2.1
1,200.00–1,299.90	112,867	3.2	105,234	3.5	4,808	2.3	2,825	0.8
1,300.00–1,399.90	83,373	2.3	79,946	2.7	2,280	1.1	1,147	0.3
1,400.00–1,499.90	69,955	2.0	68,675	2.3	b	b	b	b
1,500.00–1,599.90	48,310	1.4	48,013	1.6	43	a	254	0.1
1,600.00–1,699.90	39,996	1.1	39,868	1.3	17	a	111	a
1,700.00–1,799.90	24,167	0.7	24,086	0.8	b	b	b	b
1,800.00 or more	20,452	0.6	20,266	0.7	33	a	153	a
Average benefit (dollars)	776.00		805.30		615.40		619.30	

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

b. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 6.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	7,503,405	100.0	6,519,001	100.0	215,866	100.0	768,538	100.0
Congenital anomalies	19,965	0.3	11,001	0.2	273	0.1	8,691	1.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	273,771	3.6	252,933	3.9	18,072	8.4	2,766	0.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	116,867	1.6	111,927	1.7	1,833	0.8	3,107	0.4
Injuries	296,987	4.0	281,828	4.3	5,383	2.5	9,776	1.3
Mental disorders								
Retardation	679,947	9.1	320,564	4.9	9,737	4.5	349,646	45.5
Other	2,028,156	27.0	1,862,618	28.6	50,708	23.5	114,830	14.9
Neoplasms	191,291	2.5	185,049	2.8	4,395	2.0	1,847	0.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	18,592	0.2	16,270	0.2	361	0.2	1,961	0.3
Circulatory system	645,583	8.6	620,852	9.5	21,242	9.8	3,489	0.5
Digestive system	104,059	1.4	100,934	1.5	2,505	1.2	620	0.1
Genitourinary system	112,442	1.5	108,701	1.7	1,899	0.9	1,842	0.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,724,107	23.0	1,656,997	25.4	61,844	28.6	5,266	0.7
Nervous system and sense organs	710,202	9.5	623,948	9.6	15,607	7.2	70,647	9.2
Respiratory system	214,847	2.9	202,821	3.1	11,021	5.1	1,005	0.1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	16,433	0.2	15,662	0.2	506	0.2	265	a
Other	14,751	0.2	13,225	0.2	262	0.1	1,264	0.2
Unknown	335,405	4.5	133,671	2.1	10,218	4.7	191,516	24.9
				Men				
Subtotal	3,944,856	100.0	3,517,269	100.0	7,562	100.0	420,025	100.0
Congenital anomalies	10,199	0.3	5,681	0.2	9	0.1	4,509	1.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	111,483	2.8	109,819	3.1	364	4.8	1,300	0.3
Infectious and parasitic diseases	84,334	2.1	82,587	2.3	98	1.3	1,649	0.4
Injuries	203,352	5.2	196,216	5.6	356	4.7	6,780	1.6
Mental disorders								
Retardation	395,497	10.0	206,274	5.9	358	4.7	188,865	45.0
Other	1,017,985	25.8	943,764	26.8	1,543	20.4	72,678	17.3
Neoplasms	90,262	2.3	89,067	2.5	153	2.0	1,042	0.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	8,288	0.2	7,285	0.2	17	0.2	986	0.2
Circulatory system	419,349	10.6	416,306	11.8	1,171	15.5	1,872	0.4
Digestive system	55,220	1.4	54,760	1.6	139	1.8	321	0.1
Genitourinary system	66,316	1.7	65,229	1.9	123	1.6	964	0.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	852,925	21.6	848,703	24.1	1,957	25.9	2,265	0.5
Nervous system and sense organs	348,977	8.8	310,759	8.8	523	6.9	37,695	9.0
Respiratory system	101,521	2.6	100,722	2.9	343	4.5	456	0.1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	6,609	0.2	6,488	0.2	16	0.2	105	a
Other	6,910	0.2	6,213	0.2	9	0.1	688	0.2
Unknown	165,629	4.2	67,396	1.9	383	5.1	97,850	23.3

(Continued)

Table 6.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				Women				
Subtotal	3,558,549	100.0	3,001,732	100.0	208,304	100.0	348,513	100.0
Congenital anomalies	9,766	0.3	5,320	0.2	264	0.1	4,182	1.2
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	162,288	4.6	143,114	4.8	17,708	8.5	1,466	0.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	32,533	0.9	29,340	1.0	1,735	0.8	1,458	0.4
Injuries	93,635	2.6	85,612	2.9	5,027	2.4	2,996	0.9
Mental disorders								
Retardation	284,450	8.0	114,290	3.8	9,379	4.5	160,781	46.1
Other	1,010,171	28.4	918,854	30.6	49,165	23.6	42,152	12.1
Neoplasms	101,029	2.8	95,982	3.2	4,242	2.0	805	0.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	10,304	0.3	8,985	0.3	344	0.2	975	0.3
Circulatory system	226,234	6.4	204,546	6.8	20,071	9.6	1,617	0.5
Digestive system	48,839	1.4	46,174	1.5	2,366	1.1	299	0.1
Genitourinary system	46,126	1.3	43,472	1.4	1,776	0.9	878	0.3
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	871,182	24.5	808,294	26.9	59,887	28.7	3,001	0.9
Nervous system and sense organs	361,225	10.2	313,189	10.4	15,084	7.2	32,952	9.5
Respiratory system	113,326	3.2	102,099	3.4	10,678	5.1	549	0.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	9,824	0.3	9,174	0.3	490	0.2	160	a
Other	7,841	0.2	7,012	0.2	253	0.1	576	0.2
Unknown	169,776	4.8	66,275	2.2	9,835	4.7	93,666	26.9

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 7.
Average monthly benefit, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2005 (in dollars)

Diagnostic group	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
		All disabled beneficiaries		
Total	895.60	938.00	609.30	616.30
Congenital anomalies	737.10	811.50	617.90	646.70
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	874.90	898.10	591.50	606.00
Infectious and parasitic diseases	912.00	926.40	598.20	579.60
Injuries	951.60	969.20	591.90	642.70
Mental disorders				
Retardation	619.00	634.50	548.20	606.70
Other	838.60	858.10	625.40	616.60
Neoplasms	1,075.30	1,090.40	623.50	634.60
Diseases of the—				
Blood and blood-forming organs	843.00	880.90	608.10	571.70
Circulatory system	1,055.60	1,073.20	608.70	634.30
Digestive system	980.20	991.40	624.40	602.20
Genitourinary system	973.90	986.80	610.00	587.50
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	982.90	998.10	609.90	604.70
Nervous system and sense organs	930.60	972.10	613.30	633.90
Respiratory system	966.40	986.70	627.30	579.90
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	897.60	912.30	607.70	581.10
Other	975.90	1,019.80	633.60	588.20
Unknown	739.50	913.30	591.90	626.10
		Men		
Subtotal	1,003.50	1,051.20	441.10	613.70
Congenital anomalies	774.20	875.30	366.80	647.60
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1,079.20	1,086.90	458.60	602.80
Infectious and parasitic diseases	960.30	968.70	464.80	569.30
Injuries	1,022.90	1,037.20	426.70	642.70
Mental disorders				
Retardation	637.50	670.00	374.90	602.50
Other	906.70	929.70	450.00	617.30
Neoplasms	1,254.70	1,263.40	448.30	631.50
Diseases of the—				
Blood and blood-forming organs	934.40	984.90	357.40	571.30
Circulatory system	1,194.40	1,199.00	467.70	626.40
Digestive system	1,117.00	1,121.70	450.60	592.60
Genitourinary system	1,074.50	1,083.00	468.90	578.50
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,157.20	1,160.30	435.30	599.60
Nervous system and sense organs	1,035.80	1,086.40	415.90	627.20
Respiratory system	1,172.50	1,177.60	455.30	572.10
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,033.90	1,042.70	404.60	587.20
Other	1,058.60	1,112.20	397.60	583.30
Unknown	783.20	1,013.30	421.30	626.20

(Continued)

Table 7.
Average monthly benefit, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2005 (in dollars)—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
		Women		
Subtotal	776.00	805.30	615.40	619.30
Congenital anomalies	698.40	743.40	626.50	645.70
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	734.50	753.20	594.20	608.80
Infectious and parasitic diseases	786.80	807.30	605.70	591.20
Injuries	796.60	813.40	603.60	642.80
Mental disorders				
Retardation	593.20	570.40	554.80	611.60
Other	770.00	784.60	630.90	615.40
Neoplasms	914.90	929.80	629.90	638.70
Diseases of the—				
Blood and blood-forming organs	769.60	796.70	620.50	572.20
Circulatory system	798.20	817.20	617.00	643.40
Digestive system	825.60	836.70	634.70	612.60
Genitourinary system	829.30	842.60	619.70	597.40
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	812.40	827.70	615.60	608.60
Nervous system and sense organs	829.00	858.80	620.10	641.50
Respiratory system	781.80	798.40	632.80	586.40
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	805.90	820.10	614.30	577.00
Other	903.10	937.90	642.00	594.20
Unknown	696.90	811.70	598.50	626.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 8.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2005

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
United States	186,150,307	7,116,707	3.8
Alabama	2,864,322	189,417	6.6
Alaska	431,311	10,440	2.4
Arizona	3,600,675	131,514	3.7
Arkansas	1,719,082	114,579	6.7
California	22,561,711	614,490	2.7
Colorado	3,019,556	78,294	2.6
Connecticut	2,201,141	73,484	3.3
Delaware	535,431	22,570	4.2
District of Columbia	370,476	11,046	3.0
Florida	10,728,827	431,525	4.0
Georgia	5,839,432	218,445	3.7
Hawaii	800,804	20,733	2.6
Idaho	890,999	31,979	3.6
Illinois	7,992,258	254,126	3.2
Indiana	3,891,620	159,596	4.1
Iowa	1,860,313	67,547	3.6
Kansas	1,713,397	59,489	3.5
Kentucky	2,667,481	179,035	6.7
Louisiana	2,844,396	128,227	4.5
Maine	851,505	50,689	6.0
Maryland	3,552,867	101,227	2.8
Massachusetts	4,087,881	169,154	4.1
Michigan	6,338,092	273,143	4.3
Minnesota	3,279,980	100,246	3.1
Mississippi	1,814,151	120,384	6.6
Missouri	3,648,907	178,416	4.9
Montana	601,842	22,642	3.8
Nebraska	1,093,608	36,731	3.4
Nevada	1,520,491	47,799	3.1
New Hampshire	843,684	35,786	4.2
New Jersey	5,426,768	172,605	3.2
New Mexico	1,204,000	49,741	4.1
New York	12,193,682	458,253	3.8
North Carolina	5,488,103	274,526	5.0
North Dakota	406,509	12,736	3.1
Ohio	7,175,500	278,233	3.9
Oklahoma	2,225,580	100,876	4.5
Oregon	2,321,206	82,582	3.6
Pennsylvania	7,720,030	331,884	4.3
Rhode Island	681,060	31,835	4.7

(Continued)

Table 8.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2005—*Continued*

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
South Carolina	2,692,901	145,636	5.4
South Dakota	477,133	16,280	3.4
Tennessee	3,822,486	202,894	5.3
Texas	14,261,838	429,367	3.0
Utah	1,511,008	33,124	2.2
Vermont	408,449	17,700	4.3
Virginia	4,877,794	184,083	3.8
Washington	4,082,520	135,217	3.3
West Virginia	1,155,991	90,671	7.8
Wisconsin	3,518,573	125,251	3.6
Wyoming	332,936	10,460	3.1

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data; U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 estimates of resident population.

NOTE: Data exclude United States territories and other areas.

a. Population estimates for the United States as of July 1, 2005, as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

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Table 9.
Distribution, by state or other area, December 2005

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All areas	7,503,405	100.0	6,519,001	100.0	215,866	100.0	768,538	100.0
Alabama	193,985	2.6	169,574	2.6	6,969	3.2	17,442	2.3
Alaska	10,644	0.1	9,640	0.1	233	0.1	771	0.1
Arizona	134,584	1.8	122,207	1.9	3,181	1.5	9,196	1.2
Arkansas	117,523	1.6	104,081	1.6	4,086	1.9	9,356	1.2
California	630,032	8.4	551,529	8.5	14,379	6.7	64,124	8.3
Colorado	80,206	1.1	72,439	1.1	1,794	0.8	5,973	0.8
Connecticut	75,811	1.0	64,751	1.0	1,563	0.7	9,497	1.2
Delaware	23,121	0.3	20,676	0.3	517	0.2	1,928	0.3
District of Columbia	11,327	0.2	9,752	0.1	241	0.1	1,334	0.2
Florida	442,961	5.9	396,342	6.1	11,863	5.5	34,756	4.5
Georgia	224,316	3.0	196,010	3.0	7,582	3.5	20,724	2.7
Hawaii	21,398	0.3	18,522	0.3	505	0.2	2,371	0.3
Idaho	32,849	0.4	29,315	0.4	822	0.4	2,712	0.4
Illinois	261,607	3.5	221,848	3.4	7,440	3.4	32,319	4.2
Indiana	164,140	2.2	141,879	2.2	4,912	2.3	17,349	2.3
Iowa	69,800	0.9	59,475	0.9	1,698	0.8	8,627	1.1
Kansas	61,247	0.8	53,485	0.8	1,555	0.7	6,207	0.8
Kentucky	183,753	2.4	160,126	2.5	7,084	3.3	16,543	2.2
Louisiana	131,762	1.8	108,904	1.7	5,543	2.6	17,315	2.3
Maine	51,940	0.7	46,143	0.7	1,194	0.6	4,603	0.6
Maryland	103,958	1.4	90,603	1.4	2,420	1.1	10,935	1.4
Massachusetts	173,729	2.3	152,111	2.3	3,403	1.6	18,215	2.4
Michigan	280,842	3.7	239,212	3.7	8,131	3.8	33,499	4.4
Minnesota	103,264	1.4	89,819	1.4	1,807	0.8	11,638	1.5
Mississippi	123,361	1.6	106,630	1.6	4,714	2.2	12,017	1.6
Missouri	183,333	2.4	161,227	2.5	5,654	2.6	16,452	2.1
Montana	23,330	0.3	20,527	0.3	605	0.3	2,198	0.3
Nebraska	37,926	0.5	32,812	0.5	854	0.4	4,260	0.6
Nevada	49,047	0.7	45,182	0.7	1,211	0.6	2,654	0.3
New Hampshire	36,671	0.5	32,998	0.5	760	0.4	2,913	0.4
New Jersey	177,954	2.4	153,611	2.4	4,208	1.9	20,135	2.6
New Mexico	50,955	0.7	45,256	0.7	1,273	0.6	4,426	0.6
New York	472,955	6.3	403,614	6.2	12,188	5.6	57,153	7.4
North Carolina	282,420	3.8	249,640	3.8	8,757	4.1	24,023	3.1
North Dakota	13,283	0.2	10,994	0.2	298	0.1	1,991	0.3
Ohio	286,617	3.8	241,960	3.7	9,344	4.3	35,313	4.6
Oklahoma	103,768	1.4	90,867	1.4	3,471	1.6	9,430	1.2
Oregon	84,901	1.1	75,363	1.2	2,116	1.0	7,422	1.0
Pennsylvania	342,384	4.6	292,767	4.5	10,033	4.6	39,584	5.2
Rhode Island	32,735	0.4	28,843	0.4	718	0.3	3,174	0.4

(Continued)

Table 9.
Distribution, by state or other area, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
South Carolina	149,642	2.0	130,973	2.0	5,169	2.4	13,500	1.8
South Dakota	16,911	0.2	14,421	0.2	389	0.2	2,101	0.3
Tennessee	208,370	2.8	181,756	2.8	7,696	3.6	18,918	2.5
Texas	440,636	5.9	383,330	5.9	14,475	6.7	42,831	5.6
Utah	33,978	0.5	29,737	0.5	743	0.3	3,498	0.5
Vermont	18,205	0.2	15,845	0.2	439	0.2	1,921	0.2
Virginia	189,193	2.5	165,829	2.5	5,782	2.7	17,582	2.3
Washington	138,546	1.8	123,137	1.9	3,208	1.5	12,201	1.6
West Virginia	93,309	1.2	79,483	1.2	3,792	1.8	10,034	1.3
Wisconsin	129,146	1.7	110,319	1.7	2,748	1.3	16,079	2.1
Wyoming	10,740	0.1	9,606	0.1	235	0.1	899	0.1
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	1,232	a	1,085	a	53	a	94	a
Guam	1,305	a	1,140	a	32	a	133	a
Northern Mariana Islands	234	a	184	a	6	a	44	a
Puerto Rico	165,134	2.2	137,256	2.1	5,142	2.4	22,736	3.0
Virgin Islands	1,979	a	1,602	a	64	a	313	a
Foreign countries	18,406	0.2	12,564	0.2	767	0.4	5,075	0.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	7,503,405	19,965	273,771	116,867	296,987	2,708,103	679,947	2,028,156	191,291
Alabama	193,985	380	8,277	1,985	8,693	58,626	16,290	42,336	4,427
Alaska	10,644	27	306	126	508	3,899	836	3,063	307
Arizona	134,584	328	4,429	1,908	5,759	53,660	7,871	45,789	3,014
Arkansas	117,523	301	4,804	1,245	5,308	32,098	10,874	21,224	3,071
California	630,032	1,738	19,601	15,181	26,076	243,008	42,589	200,419	16,317
Colorado	80,206	316	2,463	1,300	3,885	26,455	6,182	20,273	2,170
Connecticut	75,811	206	2,389	1,194	2,265	32,996	7,886	25,110	2,002
Delaware	23,121	63	871	447	909	7,645	1,981	5,664	638
District of Columbia	11,327	14	361	711	273	4,837	1,324	3,513	198
Florida	442,961	1,255	16,885	12,209	21,748	146,486	28,430	118,056	12,762
Georgia	224,316	507	9,790	4,913	8,817	71,281	20,990	50,291	5,989
Hawaii	21,398	42	594	399	816	9,439	1,733	7,706	593
Idaho	32,849	100	1,084	267	1,542	12,371	2,680	9,691	859
Illinois	261,607	626	10,463	3,781	9,106	106,498	28,774	77,724	7,079
Indiana	164,140	366	7,566	1,759	5,574	60,813	18,683	42,130	4,391
Iowa	69,800	239	2,721	520	2,631	27,418	9,491	17,927	1,875
Kansas	61,247	180	2,719	604	2,753	22,360	6,992	15,368	1,606
Kentucky	183,753	384	6,265	1,443	6,381	66,072	16,970	49,102	3,784
Louisiana	131,762	295	4,905	1,910	5,610	38,073	15,476	22,597	3,116
Maine	51,940	155	1,534	369	1,886	22,066	4,352	17,714	1,093
Maryland	103,958	371	3,700	2,590	4,077	36,038	9,837	26,201	3,263
Massachusetts	173,729	563	4,236	2,817	5,758	82,260	13,791	68,469	4,117
Michigan	280,842	721	10,439	2,440	9,667	111,311	26,779	84,532	6,933
Minnesota	103,264	285	2,652	992	4,081	48,815	12,352	36,463	2,742
Mississippi	123,361	208	5,739	1,446	5,047	41,994	11,926	30,068	2,999
Missouri	183,333	550	8,166	2,226	8,068	59,885	17,744	42,141	4,436
Montana	23,330	77	663	180	1,238	7,964	2,072	5,892	550
Nebraska	37,926	125	1,465	387	1,727	12,893	4,145	8,748	1,011
Nevada	49,047	154	1,735	828	2,254	15,067	2,306	12,761	1,204
New Hampshire	36,671	98	871	262	1,321	16,696	2,645	14,051	846
New Jersey	177,954	465	5,309	3,213	6,460	63,954	14,539	49,415	5,484
New Mexico	50,955	161	1,768	606	2,622	17,935	3,800	14,135	1,057
New York	472,955	1,239	14,105	10,735	16,886	153,982	41,110	112,872	12,703
North Carolina	282,420	660	13,025	4,356	10,307	90,523	29,006	61,517	7,596
North Dakota	13,283	66	340	79	590	5,259	2,009	3,250	348
Ohio	286,617	885	10,530	2,605	8,647	127,716	35,024	92,692	6,660
Oklahoma	103,768	242	4,399	1,149	4,199	33,592	10,056	23,536	2,528
Oregon	84,901	249	2,792	1,086	4,140	29,981	7,005	22,976	2,310
Pennsylvania	342,384	1,045	12,793	4,198	14,231	116,302	34,497	81,805	9,123
Rhode Island	32,735	58	979	380	981	14,923	3,218	11,705	760

(Continued)

Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
All areas	18,592	645,583	104,059	112,442	1,724,107	710,202	214,847	16,433	14,751	335,405
Alabama	655	20,286	2,517	2,858	53,770	16,424	6,178	495	398	8,016
Alaska	22	708	176	124	2,688	1,152	278	25	32	266
Arizona	226	9,444	2,091	1,921	30,645	13,091	3,514	270	387	3,897
Arkansas	306	12,969	1,731	1,338	35,146	10,782	4,283	394	174	3,573
California	1,275	43,540	9,816	11,291	146,917	61,490	10,991	1,209	1,515	20,067
Colorado	136	4,578	1,277	1,057	19,967	10,691	2,658	164	189	2,900
Connecticut	161	5,287	956	986	13,582	7,269	1,802	182	127	4,407
Delaware	79	1,967	330	412	5,993	2,133	665	36	64	869
District of Columbia	51	832	83	407	1,624	1,120	229	40	18	529
Florida	1,361	42,331	7,790	6,771	98,864	37,900	13,125	1,725	924	20,825
Georgia	894	23,658	3,216	4,566	51,342	19,110	7,527	542	361	11,803
Hawaii	29	1,971	205	567	3,592	1,804	414	47	63	823
Idaho	31	2,149	451	330	7,996	3,639	917	71	62	980
Illinois	765	22,700	3,178	4,414	46,687	26,532	7,528	482	514	11,254
Indiana	418	15,193	2,499	2,262	31,783	17,000	6,251	290	318	7,657
Iowa	151	4,785	808	819	14,512	7,450	2,234	136	126	3,375
Kansas	143	4,680	924	820	13,065	6,607	2,046	110	122	2,508
Kentucky	304	16,738	2,237	1,663	48,498	13,460	6,974	344	333	8,873
Louisiana	473	14,844	1,661	2,278	35,358	11,358	3,359	366	271	7,885
Maine	61	3,576	623	347	12,512	4,386	1,335	160	93	1,744
Maryland	427	10,133	1,454	2,493	19,625	11,189	2,977	238	187	5,196
Massachusetts	303	10,085	2,329	1,561	32,720	15,775	3,818	247	361	6,779
Michigan	668	23,556	3,271	4,005	59,601	26,762	7,909	618	457	12,484
Minnesota	202	6,521	1,141	1,143	17,225	11,155	2,105	154	180	3,871
Mississippi	424	14,523	1,311	2,148	26,315	10,201	3,642	328	251	6,785
Missouri	446	16,083	2,909	2,332	46,457	17,535	6,569	390	321	6,960
Montana	32	1,408	314	245	6,035	2,803	773	45	58	945
Nebraska	69	3,036	491	551	8,784	4,371	1,264	58	57	1,637
Nevada	120	4,560	941	712	12,959	5,015	1,745	122	130	1,501
New Hampshire	45	2,424	469	276	7,427	3,622	1,055	50	74	1,135
New Jersey	523	16,601	2,771	3,059	37,672	18,788	4,725	389	464	8,077
New Mexico	95	2,983	848	791	13,652	5,181	1,408	139	135	1,574
New York	1,266	38,369	5,815	6,609	129,388	42,426	12,399	862	662	25,509
North Carolina	822	29,842	4,048	4,906	66,723	23,706	9,764	671	554	14,917
North Dakota	15	1,012	156	168	2,712	1,529	378	23	20	588
Ohio	609	22,772	2,968	3,930	46,587	25,255	8,980	442	361	17,670
Oklahoma	191	10,060	1,525	1,352	27,446	10,023	3,840	247	158	2,817
Oregon	160	5,621	1,452	932	20,630	10,475	2,301	174	161	2,437
Pennsylvania	782	30,945	5,275	4,543	81,662	33,623	9,733	574	985	16,570
Rhode Island	67	2,249	456	287	6,361	2,793	821	83	92	1,445

(Continued)

Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
South Carolina	149,642	291	5,683	2,035	6,096	49,602	13,480	36,122	3,768
South Dakota	16,911	77	459	158	612	6,289	2,103	4,186	369
Tennessee	208,370	468	7,976	2,171	7,024	74,975	19,050	55,925	5,031
Texas	440,636	1,011	20,519	8,904	19,224	134,945	34,826	100,119	12,192
Utah	33,978	166	1,161	310	1,322	13,743	3,656	10,087	759
Vermont	18,205	80	601	180	752	7,556	1,614	5,942	436
Virginia	189,193	509	7,275	2,608	7,033	62,569	19,314	43,255	5,287
Washington	138,546	404	4,564	1,915	5,369	56,779	10,961	45,818	3,815
West Virginia	93,309	218	4,112	583	4,442	28,853	10,481	18,372	1,950
Wisconsin	129,146	557	4,484	1,209	4,916	51,562	14,426	37,136	3,200
Wyoming	10,740	42	298	101	573	3,717	1,062	2,655	249
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1,232	a	162	a	43	130	49	81	24
Guam	1,305	a	24	11	59	360	127	233	36
Northern Mariana Islands	234	0	7	a	16	63	25	38	9
Puerto Rico	165,134	277	2,449	1,560	5,756	76,625	12,332	64,293	1,780
Virgin Islands	1,979	a	36	29	98	587	195	392	42
Foreign countries	18,406	111	228	237	811	6,557	1,981	4,576	383

(Continued)

Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
South Carolina	618	16,583	1,993	2,780	35,837	12,600	5,291	376	294	5,795
South Dakota	26	1,245	188	179	3,763	2,312	543	34	30	627
Tennessee	442	20,026	2,693	2,970	48,243	16,581	7,450	473	351	11,496
Texas	1,105	42,811	6,901	9,486	106,241	46,694	11,479	875	833	17,416
Utah	52	1,931	490	450	6,850	4,291	949	65	85	1,354
Vermont	37	1,137	235	124	3,877	1,668	518	41	47	916
Virginia	585	18,031	2,607	3,463	46,931	16,964	6,062	402	399	8,468
Washington	288	8,656	2,363	1,676	29,512	14,450	3,515	292	266	4,682
West Virginia	146	9,143	1,148	687	24,758	6,779	3,655	198	166	6,471
Wisconsin	291	8,988	1,639	1,672	25,631	14,773	3,061	218	232	6,713
Wyoming	16	741	162	126	2,611	1,349	446	18	34	257
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	a	125	10	23	471	130	41	26	12	24
Guam	a	192	17	66	280	171	35	a	18	24
Northern Mariana Islands	a	39	0	13	21	36	5	11	a	6
Puerto Rico	138	9,148	944	1,276	40,390	13,610	3,041	412	191	7,537
Virgin Islands	15	229	17	47	519	259	23	a	a	64
Foreign countries	18	1,539	139	130	3,650	1,910	219	39	28	2,407

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	7,503,405	100.0	0.3	3.6	1.6	4.0	36.1	9.1	27.0	2.5
Alabama	193,985	100.0	0.2	4.3	1.0	4.5	30.2	8.4	21.8	2.3
Alaska	10,644	100.0	0.3	2.9	1.2	4.8	36.7	7.9	28.8	2.9
Arizona	134,584	100.0	0.2	3.3	1.4	4.3	39.8	5.8	34.0	2.2
Arkansas	117,523	100.0	0.3	4.1	1.1	4.5	27.4	9.3	18.1	2.6
California	630,032	100.0	0.3	3.1	2.4	4.1	38.6	6.8	31.8	2.6
Colorado	80,206	100.0	0.4	3.1	1.6	4.8	33.0	7.7	25.3	2.7
Connecticut	75,811	100.0	0.3	3.2	1.6	3.0	43.5	10.4	33.1	2.6
Delaware	23,121	100.0	0.3	3.8	1.9	3.9	33.1	8.6	24.5	2.8
District of Columbia	11,327	100.0	0.1	3.2	6.3	2.4	42.7	11.7	31.0	1.7
Florida	442,961	100.0	0.3	3.8	2.8	4.9	33.1	6.4	26.7	2.9
Georgia	224,316	100.0	0.2	4.4	2.2	3.9	31.8	9.4	22.4	2.7
Hawaii	21,398	100.0	0.2	2.8	1.9	3.8	44.1	8.1	36.0	2.8
Idaho	32,849	100.0	0.3	3.3	0.8	4.7	37.7	8.2	29.5	2.6
Illinois	261,607	100.0	0.2	4.0	1.4	3.5	40.7	11.0	29.7	2.7
Indiana	164,140	100.0	0.2	4.6	1.1	3.4	37.1	11.4	25.7	2.7
Iowa	69,800	100.0	0.3	3.9	0.7	3.8	39.3	13.6	25.7	2.7
Kansas	61,247	100.0	0.3	4.4	1.0	4.5	36.5	11.4	25.1	2.6
Kentucky	183,753	100.0	0.2	3.4	0.8	3.5	35.9	9.2	26.7	2.1
Louisiana	131,762	100.0	0.2	3.7	1.4	4.3	28.8	11.7	17.1	2.4
Maine	51,940	100.0	0.3	3.0	0.7	3.6	42.5	8.4	34.1	2.1
Maryland	103,958	100.0	0.4	3.6	2.5	3.9	34.7	9.5	25.2	3.1
Massachusetts	173,729	100.0	0.3	2.4	1.6	3.3	47.3	7.9	39.4	2.4
Michigan	280,842	100.0	0.3	3.7	0.9	3.4	39.6	9.5	30.1	2.5
Minnesota	103,264	100.0	0.3	2.6	1.0	4.0	47.3	12.0	35.3	2.7
Mississippi	123,361	100.0	0.2	4.7	1.2	4.1	34.1	9.7	24.4	2.4
Missouri	183,333	100.0	0.3	4.5	1.2	4.4	32.7	9.7	23.0	2.4
Montana	23,330	100.0	0.3	2.8	0.8	5.3	34.2	8.9	25.3	2.4
Nebraska	37,926	100.0	0.3	3.9	1.0	4.6	34.0	10.9	23.1	2.7
Nevada	49,047	100.0	0.3	3.5	1.7	4.6	30.7	4.7	26.0	2.5
New Hampshire	36,671	100.0	0.3	2.4	0.7	3.6	45.5	7.2	38.3	2.3
New Jersey	177,954	100.0	0.3	3.0	1.8	3.6	36.0	8.2	27.8	3.1
New Mexico	50,955	100.0	0.3	3.5	1.2	5.1	35.2	7.5	27.7	2.1
New York	472,955	100.0	0.3	3.0	2.3	3.6	32.6	8.7	23.9	2.7
North Carolina	282,420	100.0	0.2	4.6	1.5	3.6	32.1	10.3	21.8	2.7
North Dakota	13,283	100.0	0.5	2.6	0.6	4.4	39.6	15.1	24.5	2.6
Ohio	286,617	100.0	0.3	3.7	0.9	3.0	44.5	12.2	32.3	2.3
Oklahoma	103,768	100.0	0.2	4.2	1.1	4.0	32.4	9.7	22.7	2.4
Oregon	84,901	100.0	0.3	3.3	1.3	4.9	35.4	8.3	27.1	2.7
Pennsylvania	342,384	100.0	0.3	3.7	1.2	4.2	34.0	10.1	23.9	2.7
Rhode Island	32,735	100.0	0.2	3.0	1.2	3.0	45.6	9.8	35.8	2.3

(Continued)

Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
All areas	0.2	8.6	1.4	1.5	23.0	9.5	2.9	0.2	0.2	4.5
Alabama	0.3	10.5	1.3	1.5	27.7	8.5	3.2	0.3	0.2	4.1
Alaska	0.2	6.7	1.7	1.2	25.3	10.8	2.6	0.2	0.3	2.5
Arizona	0.2	7.0	1.6	1.4	22.8	9.7	2.6	0.2	0.3	2.9
Arkansas	0.3	11.0	1.5	1.1	29.9	9.2	3.6	0.3	0.1	3.0
California	0.2	6.9	1.6	1.8	23.3	9.8	1.7	0.2	0.2	3.2
Colorado	0.2	5.7	1.6	1.3	24.9	13.3	3.3	0.2	0.2	3.6
Connecticut	0.2	7.0	1.3	1.3	17.9	9.6	2.4	0.2	0.2	5.8
Delaware	0.3	8.5	1.4	1.8	25.9	9.2	2.9	0.2	0.3	3.8
District of Columbia	0.5	7.3	0.7	3.6	14.3	9.9	2.0	0.4	0.2	4.7
Florida	0.3	9.6	1.8	1.5	22.3	8.6	3.0	0.4	0.2	4.7
Georgia	0.4	10.5	1.4	2.0	22.9	8.5	3.4	0.2	0.2	5.3
Hawaii	0.1	9.2	1.0	2.6	16.8	8.4	1.9	0.2	0.3	3.8
Idaho	0.1	6.5	1.4	1.0	24.3	11.1	2.8	0.2	0.2	3.0
Illinois	0.3	8.7	1.2	1.7	17.8	10.1	2.9	0.2	0.2	4.3
Indiana	0.3	9.3	1.5	1.4	19.4	10.4	3.8	0.2	0.2	4.7
Iowa	0.2	6.9	1.2	1.2	20.8	10.7	3.2	0.2	0.2	4.8
Kansas	0.2	7.6	1.5	1.3	21.3	10.8	3.3	0.2	0.2	4.1
Kentucky	0.2	9.1	1.2	0.9	26.4	7.3	3.8	0.2	0.2	4.8
Louisiana	0.4	11.3	1.3	1.7	26.8	8.6	2.5	0.3	0.2	6.0
Maine	0.1	6.9	1.2	0.7	24.1	8.4	2.6	0.3	0.2	3.4
Maryland	0.4	9.7	1.4	2.4	18.9	10.8	2.9	0.2	0.2	5.0
Massachusetts	0.2	5.8	1.3	0.9	18.8	9.1	2.2	0.1	0.2	3.9
Michigan	0.2	8.4	1.2	1.4	21.2	9.5	2.8	0.2	0.2	4.4
Minnesota	0.2	6.3	1.1	1.1	16.7	10.8	2.0	0.1	0.2	3.7
Mississippi	0.3	11.8	1.1	1.7	21.3	8.3	3.0	0.3	0.2	5.5
Missouri	0.2	8.8	1.6	1.3	25.3	9.6	3.6	0.2	0.2	3.8
Montana	0.1	6.0	1.3	1.1	25.9	12.0	3.3	0.2	0.2	4.1
Nebraska	0.2	8.0	1.3	1.5	23.2	11.5	3.3	0.2	0.2	4.3
Nevada	0.2	9.3	1.9	1.5	26.4	10.2	3.6	0.2	0.3	3.1
New Hampshire	0.1	6.6	1.3	0.8	20.3	9.9	2.9	0.1	0.2	3.1
New Jersey	0.3	9.3	1.6	1.7	21.2	10.6	2.7	0.2	0.3	4.5
New Mexico	0.2	5.9	1.7	1.6	26.8	10.2	2.8	0.3	0.3	3.1
New York	0.3	8.1	1.2	1.4	27.4	9.0	2.6	0.2	0.1	5.4
North Carolina	0.3	10.6	1.4	1.7	23.6	8.4	3.5	0.2	0.2	5.3
North Dakota	0.1	7.6	1.2	1.3	20.4	11.5	2.8	0.2	0.2	4.4
Ohio	0.2	7.9	1.0	1.4	16.3	8.8	3.1	0.2	0.1	6.2
Oklahoma	0.2	9.7	1.5	1.3	26.4	9.7	3.7	0.2	0.2	2.7
Oregon	0.2	6.6	1.7	1.1	24.3	12.3	2.7	0.2	0.2	2.9
Pennsylvania	0.2	9.0	1.5	1.3	23.9	9.8	2.8	0.2	0.3	4.8
Rhode Island	0.2	6.9	1.4	0.9	19.4	8.5	2.5	0.3	0.3	4.4

(Continued)

Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
South Carolina	149,642	100.0	0.2	3.8	1.4	4.1	33.1	9.0	24.1	2.5
South Dakota	16,911	100.0	0.5	2.7	0.9	3.6	37.2	12.4	24.8	2.2
Tennessee	208,370	100.0	0.2	3.8	1.0	3.4	35.9	9.1	26.8	2.4
Texas	440,636	100.0	0.2	4.7	2.0	4.4	30.6	7.9	22.7	2.8
Utah	33,978	100.0	0.5	3.4	0.9	3.9	40.5	10.8	29.7	2.2
Vermont	18,205	100.0	0.4	3.3	1.0	4.1	41.5	8.9	32.6	2.4
Virginia	189,193	100.0	0.3	3.8	1.4	3.7	33.1	10.2	22.9	2.8
Washington	138,546	100.0	0.3	3.3	1.4	3.9	41.0	7.9	33.1	2.8
West Virginia	93,309	100.0	0.2	4.4	0.6	4.8	30.9	11.2	19.7	2.1
Wisconsin	129,146	100.0	0.4	3.5	0.9	3.8	40.0	11.2	28.8	2.5
Wyoming	10,740	100.0	0.4	2.8	0.9	5.3	34.6	9.9	24.7	2.3
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1,232	100.0	a	13.1	a	3.5	10.6	4.0	6.6	1.9
Guam	1,305	100.0	a	1.8	0.8	4.5	27.6	9.7	17.9	2.8
Northern Mariana Islands	234	100.0	0	3.0	a	6.8	26.9	10.7	16.2	3.8
Puerto Rico	165,134	100.0	0.2	1.5	0.9	3.5	46.4	7.5	38.9	1.1
Virgin Islands	1,979	100.0	a	1.8	1.5	5.0	29.7	9.9	19.8	2.1
Foreign countries	18,406	100.0	0.6	1.2	1.3	4.4	35.7	10.8	24.9	2.1

(Continued)

Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
South Carolina	0.4	11.1	1.3	1.9	23.9	8.4	3.5	0.3	0.2	3.9
South Dakota	0.2	7.4	1.1	1.1	22.3	13.7	3.2	0.2	0.2	3.7
Tennessee	0.2	9.6	1.3	1.4	23.2	8.0	3.6	0.2	0.2	5.5
Texas	0.3	9.7	1.6	2.2	24.1	10.6	2.6	0.2	0.2	4.0
Utah	0.2	5.7	1.4	1.3	20.2	12.6	2.8	0.2	0.3	4.0
Vermont	0.2	6.2	1.3	0.7	21.3	9.2	2.8	0.2	0.3	5.0
Virginia	0.3	9.5	1.4	1.8	24.8	9.0	3.2	0.2	0.2	4.5
Washington	0.2	6.2	1.7	1.2	21.3	10.4	2.5	0.2	0.2	3.4
West Virginia	0.2	9.8	1.2	0.7	26.5	7.3	3.9	0.2	0.2	6.9
Wisconsin	0.2	7.0	1.3	1.3	19.8	11.4	2.4	0.2	0.2	5.2
Wyoming	0.1	6.9	1.5	1.2	24.3	12.6	4.2	0.2	0.3	2.4
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	a	10.1	0.8	1.9	38.2	10.6	3.3	2.1	1.0	1.9
Guam	a	14.7	1.3	5.1	21.5	13.1	2.7	a	1.4	1.8
Northern Mariana Islands	a	16.7	0	5.6	9.0	15.4	2.1	4.7	a	2.6
Puerto Rico	0.1	5.5	0.6	0.8	24.5	8.2	1.8	0.2	0.1	4.6
Virgin Islands	0.8	11.6	0.9	2.4	26.2	13.1	1.2	a	a	3.2
Foreign countries	0.1	8.4	0.8	0.7	19.8	10.4	1.2	0.2	0.2	13.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 12.
Number receiving Social Security disability benefits because of blindness or deafness, by state or other area, December 2005

State or area	Blind				Deaf			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All areas	106,957	94,103	2,282	10,572	60,894	51,235	1,070	8,589
Alabama	2,565	2,286	65	214	1,474	1,225	31	218
Alaska	156	147	a	a	114	103	a	a
Arizona	1,763	1,577	42	144	1,092	967	9	116
Arkansas	1,528	1,341	34	153	845	711	24	110
California	9,577	8,306	173	1,098	5,164	4,232	67	865
Colorado	1,031	926	15	90	815	735	12	68
Connecticut	1,184	1,006	24	154	696	591	7	98
Delaware	312	287	a	a	174	153	a	a
District of Columbia	186	168	a	a	279	232	a	a
Florida	5,035	4,517	122	396	4,107	3,474	55	578
Georgia	3,509	3,136	86	287	1,679	1,347	41	291
Hawaii	314	272	a	a	194	167	a	a
Idaho	471	420	7	44	209	187	a	a
Illinois	4,137	3,643	90	404	2,199	1,874	31	294
Indiana	2,709	2,449	45	215	1,479	1,284	30	165
Iowa	991	863	12	116	601	536	8	57
Kansas	1,040	935	19	86	599	539	6	54
Kentucky	2,320	1,980	65	275	1,278	1,051	33	194
Louisiana	2,033	1,744	60	229	1,098	779	45	274
Maine	529	464	5	60	323	293	a	a
Maryland	1,499	1,334	25	140	1,262	1,101	10	151
Massachusetts	2,751	2,217	44	490	1,194	1,029	15	150
Michigan	3,336	2,850	61	425	1,979	1,670	32	277
Minnesota	1,617	1,425	21	171	1,028	936	11	81
Mississippi	2,025	1,838	39	148	906	738	25	143
Missouri	2,615	2,329	52	234	1,308	1,141	18	149
Montana	287	259	7	21	176	152	a	a
Nebraska	566	510	5	51	324	298	7	19
Nevada	760	677	14	69	381	323	8	50
New Hampshire	359	309	9	41	221	194	6	21
New Jersey	2,635	2,345	45	245	1,500	1,288	23	189
New Mexico	809	701	23	85	403	343	14	46
New York	5,801	5,023	109	669	3,826	3,199	59	568
North Carolina	3,853	3,438	93	322	1,970	1,710	39	221
North Dakota	157	137	0	20	85	79	0	6
Ohio	4,243	3,781	106	356	2,488	2,115	56	317
Oklahoma	1,712	1,530	40	142	877	745	26	106
Oregon	1,453	1,262	25	166	870	750	13	107
Pennsylvania	4,650	4,086	87	477	2,496	2,097	47	352
Rhode Island	370	323	8	39	216	187	a	a

(Continued)

Table 12.
Number receiving Social Security disability benefits because of blindness or deafness, by state or other area, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Blind				Deaf			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
South Carolina	2,658	2,352	91	215	965	798	16	151
South Dakota	257	223	a	a	171	155	a	a
Tennessee	3,224	2,871	81	272	1,474	1,239	36	199
Texas	8,244	7,427	190	627	4,371	3,709	57	605
Utah	625	555	8	62	387	356	6	25
Vermont	177	156	a	a	128	112	a	a
Virginia	2,314	2,035	52	227	1,268	1,080	26	162
Washington	1,708	1,493	30	185	1,182	1,007	22	153
West Virginia	991	847	30	114	533	431	13	89
Wisconsin	1,550	1,360	24	166	1,092	959	15	118
Wyoming	119	108	a	a	68	63	0	5
Outlying areas								
Puerto Rico	1,802	1,518	63	221	1,133	637	30	466
Other [b]	105	94	a	a	59	42	a	a
Foreign countries	295	223	12	60	134	72	13	49

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and Virgin Islands.

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Table 13.
Total monthly benefits, by state or other area, December 2005 (in thousands of dollars)

State or area	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All areas	6,718,159	6,113,106	131,508	473,545
Alabama	168,386	154,607	3,978	9,801
Alaska	9,548	8,915	159	473
Arizona	126,438	118,552	2,029	5,856
Arkansas	100,115	92,784	2,253	5,078
California	578,489	528,323	9,474	40,692
Colorado	72,408	67,518	1,111	3,779
Connecticut	70,641	63,178	950	6,513
Delaware	21,927	20,332	311	1,284
District of Columbia	9,029	8,167	139	723
Florida	400,067	371,823	6,924	21,320
Georgia	197,098	181,030	4,183	11,884
Hawaii	19,762	17,939	331	1,492
Idaho	29,033	26,823	538	1,672
Illinois	240,046	213,696	4,791	21,558
Indiana	147,992	133,269	3,111	11,612
Iowa	59,909	53,343	1,020	5,547
Kansas	53,690	48,764	940	3,985
Kentucky	160,904	147,348	4,420	9,137
Louisiana	115,851	102,521	3,593	9,737
Maine	43,243	39,877	693	2,674
Maryland	96,263	87,583	1,547	7,133
Massachusetts	154,676	141,038	2,094	11,544
Michigan	266,406	237,670	5,613	23,122
Minnesota	91,827	83,231	1,110	7,485
Mississippi	102,857	94,047	2,619	6,190
Missouri	160,769	147,381	3,301	10,087
Montana	20,364	18,611	370	1,383
Nebraska	32,130	29,015	488	2,627
Nevada	47,534	44,966	785	1,784
New Hampshire	33,586	31,267	439	1,880
New Jersey	173,650	157,146	2,638	13,866
New Mexico	44,159	40,898	813	2,448
New York	444,313	398,965	7,587	37,761
North Carolina	247,320	229,150	4,481	13,688
North Dakota	10,903	9,547	168	1,189
Ohio	251,324	222,069	6,172	23,083
Oklahoma	91,042	83,376	2,074	5,592
Oregon	77,289	71,028	1,373	4,888
Pennsylvania	310,357	278,220	6,439	25,697
Rhode Island	28,553	26,177	409	1,968

(Continued)

Table 13.
Total monthly benefits, by state or other area, December 2005 (in thousands of dollars)—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
South Carolina	132,682	122,215	2,727	7,740
South Dakota	13,854	12,428	217	1,209
Tennessee	179,088	163,997	4,277	10,814
Texas	389,039	354,977	8,944	25,119
Utah	30,344	27,585	487	2,272
Vermont	15,407	14,000	246	1,162
Virginia	170,514	156,626	3,471	10,417
Washington	127,434	117,153	2,151	8,131
West Virginia	86,604	78,255	2,564	5,785
Wisconsin	115,323	103,060	1,673	10,590
Wyoming	9,677	8,948	143	585
Outlying areas				
American Samoa	844	777	26	41
Guam	1,006	931	18	57
Northern Mariana Islands	128	111	2	15
Puerto Rico	121,437	109,913	2,588	8,936
Virgin Islands	1,700	1,498	41	161
Foreign countries	13,180	10,437	464	2,278

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Unnegotiated checks not deducted.

Data exclude lump-sum death payments.

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Table 14.
Number, by type of representative payee, December 2005

Type of payee	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All disabled beneficiaries	7,503,405	6,519,001	215,866	768,538
Without payee	6,123,879	5,753,163	201,842	168,874
With payee				
Parent (natural, adoptive, or stepparent)	466,911	224,005	562	242,344
Spouse	146,382	145,561	88	733
Child (natural, adoptive, or stepchild)	50,884	43,216	6,156	1,512
Other relative	265,619	137,456	3,229	124,934
Nonmental institution	134,938	57,547	1,559	75,832
Mental institution	99,986	28,367	318	71,301
Social agency	96,023	46,825	661	48,537
Public official	10,743	6,706	130	3,907
Financial organization	4,446	3,228	40	1,178
Other	103,594	72,927	1,281	29,386

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

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Table 15.
Representative payment, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee
				All disabled beneficiaries					
Total	6,519,001	765,838	11.7	215,866	14,024	6.5	768,538	599,664	78.0
Congenital anomalies	11,001	1,512	13.7	273	7	2.6	8,691	5,951	68.5
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	252,933	4,175	1.7	18,072	284	1.6	2,766	695	25.1
Infectious and parasitic diseases	111,927	3,602	3.2	1,833	56	3.1	3,107	1,773	57.1
Injuries	281,828	24,522	8.7	5,383	168	3.1	9,776	3,867	39.6
Mental disorders									
Retardation	320,564	177,480	55.4	9,737	2,524	25.9	349,646	308,409	88.2
Other	1,862,618	450,754	24.2	50,708	7,979	15.7	114,830	74,220	64.6
Neoplasms	185,049	2,947	1.6	4,395	70	1.6	1,847	1,024	55.4
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	16,270	361	2.2	361	7	1.9	1,961	351	17.9
Circulatory system	620,852	31,058	5.0	21,242	847	4.0	3,489	1,682	48.2
Digestive system	100,934	2,820	2.8	2,505	64	2.6	620	123	19.8
Genitourinary system	108,701	1,334	1.2	1,899	40	2.1	1,842	372	20.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,656,997	17,326	1.0	61,844	577	0.9	5,266	1,086	20.6
Nervous system and sense organs	623,948	29,347	4.7	15,607	608	3.9	70,647	37,262	52.7
Respiratory system	202,821	2,561	1.3	11,021	132	1.2	1,005	332	33.0
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	15,662	197	1.3	506	5	1.0	265	50	18.9
Other	13,225	565	4.3	262	8	3.1	1,264	809	64.0
Unknown	133,671	15,277	11.4	10,218	648	6.3	191,516	161,658	84.4
				Men					
Subtotal	3,517,269	501,265	14.3	7,562	578	7.6	420,025	335,226	79.8
Congenital anomalies	5,681	894	15.7	9	0	0	4,509	3,186	70.7
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	109,819	2,382	2.2	364	13	3.6	1,300	379	29.2
Infectious and parasitic diseases	82,587	2,887	3.5	98	a	a	1,649	982	59.6
Injuries	196,216	18,759	9.6	356	16	4.5	6,780	2,653	39.1
Mental disorders									
Retardation	206,274	117,629	57.0	358	97	27.1	188,865	169,953	90.0
Other	943,764	290,987	30.8	1,543	286	18.5	72,678	50,113	69.0
Neoplasms	89,067	1,784	2.0	153	5	3.3	1,042	595	57.1
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	7,285	222	3.0	17	0	0	986	217	22.0
Circulatory system	416,306	20,137	4.8	1,171	53	4.5	1,872	951	50.8
Digestive system	54,760	2,089	3.8	139	8	5.8	321	70	21.8
Genitourinary system	65,229	890	1.4	123	a	a	964	211	21.9
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	848,703	11,308	1.3	1,957	27	1.4	2,265	604	26.7
Nervous system and sense organs	310,759	18,245	5.9	523	23	4.4	37,695	20,587	54.6
Respiratory system	100,722	1,655	1.6	343	10	2.9	456	194	42.5
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	6,488	111	1.7	16	0	0	105	28	26.7
Other	6,213	401	6.5	9	0	0	688	466	67.7
Unknown	67,396	10,885	16.2	383	33	8.6	97,850	84,037	85.9

(Continued)

Table 15.
Representative payment, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee
					Women				
Subtotal	3,001,732	264,573	8.8	208,304	13,446	6.5	348,513	264,438	75.9
Congenital anomalies	5,320	618	11.6	264	7	2.7	4,182	2,765	66.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	143,114	1,793	1.3	17,708	271	1.5	1,466	316	21.6
Infectious and parasitic diseases	29,340	715	2.4	1,735	a	a	1,458	791	54.3
Injuries	85,612	5,763	6.7	5,027	152	3.0	2,996	1,214	40.5
Mental disorders									
Retardation	114,290	59,851	52.4	9,379	2,427	25.9	160,781	138,456	86.1
Other	918,854	159,767	17.4	49,165	7,693	15.6	42,152	24,107	57.2
Neoplasms	95,982	1,163	1.2	4,242	65	1.5	805	429	53.3
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	8,985	139	1.5	344	7	2.0	975	134	13.7
Circulatory system	204,546	10,921	5.3	20,071	794	4.0	1,617	731	45.2
Digestive system	46,174	731	1.6	2,366	56	2.4	299	53	17.7
Genitourinary system	43,472	444	1.0	1,776	a	a	878	161	18.3
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	808,294	6,018	0.7	59,887	550	0.9	3,001	482	16.1
Nervous system and sense organs	313,189	11,102	3.5	15,084	585	3.9	32,952	16,675	50.6
Respiratory system	102,099	906	0.9	10,678	122	1.1	549	138	25.1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	9,174	86	0.9	490	5	1.0	160	22	13.8
Other	7,012	164	2.3	253	8	3.2	576	343	59.5
Unknown	66,275	4,392	6.6	9,835	615	6.3	93,666	77,621	82.9

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 16.
Percentage distribution of disabled workers, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2005

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit							Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 400.00	400.00–599.90	600.00–799.90	800.00–999.90	1,000.00–1,199.90	1,200.00–or more	Average	Median
All areas	6,519,001	100.0	6.5	13.5	23.2	18.4	13.3	25.1	938.00	869.70
Alabama	169,574	100.0	6.3	14.1	25.2	19.5	13.0	22.0	912.00	840.00
Alaska	9,640	100.0	7.7	14.7	23.7	16.9	12.6	24.4	925.00	840.00
Arizona	122,207	100.0	5.4	12.0	22.3	18.5	14.1	27.7	970.30	905.00
Arkansas	104,081	100.0	6.4	14.3	25.2	20.6	14.1	19.4	891.70	836.00
California	551,529	100.0	7.3	13.4	21.4	16.9	12.9	28.0	958.10	886.50
Colorado	72,439	100.0	6.1	14.0	23.4	18.7	13.5	24.4	932.30	863.00
Connecticut	64,751	100.0	5.1	12.1	22.3	18.6	13.7	28.1	976.00	906.00
Delaware	20,676	100.0	5.4	11.7	21.7	18.4	14.0	28.8	983.60	917.50
District of Columbia	9,752	100.0	7.9	17.1	28.1	19.9	12.1	14.8	837.60	773.00
Florida	396,342	100.0	5.8	13.3	23.7	19.0	13.7	24.6	938.40	869.00
Georgia	196,010	100.0	5.6	13.1	24.3	20.5	14.4	22.3	923.80	861.90
Hawaii	18,522	100.0	5.1	12.6	21.8	18.3	15.0	27.2	968.80	909.30
Idaho	29,315	100.0	7.5	14.7	23.1	17.5	13.4	23.6	915.20	847.00
Illinois	221,848	100.0	6.4	12.9	22.0	17.6	13.2	27.9	963.50	892.00
Indiana	141,879	100.0	6.6	13.5	22.9	18.3	13.3	25.2	939.60	870.50
Iowa	59,475	100.0	8.0	15.1	24.1	17.8	12.7	22.3	897.10	827.50
Kansas	53,485	100.0	6.9	14.5	23.9	18.5	13.5	22.7	912.00	844.50
Kentucky	160,126	100.0	7.6	14.6	23.0	17.6	12.7	24.5	920.50	849.00
Louisiana	108,904	100.0	7.8	13.6	22.4	16.8	12.3	27.1	941.60	866.50
Maine	46,143	100.0	7.3	15.9	26.8	19.7	12.6	17.7	864.40	799.50
Maryland	90,603	100.0	5.8	12.2	22.1	18.5	14.1	27.3	966.90	901.00
Massachusetts	152,111	100.0	5.7	13.7	24.7	19.4	13.2	23.3	927.40	853.00
Michigan	239,212	100.0	7.0	12.7	20.4	15.6	12.3	32.1	993.80	921.40
Minnesota	89,819	100.0	6.7	14.2	23.8	18.4	12.6	24.2	926.90	851.50
Mississippi	106,630	100.0	6.3	14.5	26.8	20.4	13.1	18.8	882.20	818.50
Missouri	161,227	100.0	6.8	14.2	24.3	18.8	13.1	22.8	914.40	844.00
Montana	20,527	100.0	6.9	15.3	23.8	18.3	12.8	22.9	906.90	839.50
Nebraska	32,812	100.0	7.3	15.4	25.2	18.9	13.4	19.8	884.50	819.00
Nevada	45,182	100.0	4.5	10.9	21.7	18.8	14.6	29.4	995.50	931.20
New Hampshire	32,998	100.0	4.7	12.0	23.9	20.7	14.6	24.1	947.80	884.00
New Jersey	153,611	100.0	4.7	11.2	20.5	17.6	13.5	32.6	1,023.30	950.50
New Mexico	45,256	100.0	7.6	14.3	23.9	18.7	13.4	22.0	903.90	839.00
New York	403,614	100.0	6.2	12.7	21.0	16.9	12.9	30.3	988.80	913.00
North Carolina	249,640	100.0	5.2	12.7	24.4	21.8	15.1	20.8	918.20	864.50
North Dakota	10,994	100.0	7.8	16.7	25.4	18.6	12.2	19.4	868.70	801.00
Ohio	241,960	100.0	8.5	15.3	22.3	16.5	12.2	25.3	918.10	841.50
Oklahoma	90,867	100.0	7.1	14.1	23.2	18.0	13.8	23.7	917.80	855.50
Oregon	75,363	100.0	6.5	14.1	22.5	17.7	13.0	26.2	942.70	870.00
Pennsylvania	292,767	100.0	6.7	12.9	22.2	18.0	13.6	26.7	950.50	884.50
Rhode Island	28,843	100.0	5.9	14.5	25.5	19.6	12.9	21.6	907.80	834.00

(Continued)

Table 16.
Percentage distribution of disabled workers, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit							Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 400.00	400.00–599.90	600.00–799.90	800.00–999.90	1,000.00–1,199.90	1,200.00–or more	Average	Median
South Carolina	130,973	100.0	5.0	12.0	23.7	21.5	15.3	22.4	933.40	880.00
South Dakota	14,421	100.0	8.5	16.5	25.5	18.3	12.9	18.3	862.00	795.50
Tennessee	181,756	100.0	6.0	14.1	25.3	20.2	13.8	20.6	902.50	839.00
Texas	383,330	100.0	7.2	13.6	23.1	18.5	13.5	24.0	926.30	860.50
Utah	29,737	100.0	7.1	15.1	23.4	16.9	12.3	25.2	927.90	844.50
Vermont	15,845	100.0	6.8	15.0	25.3	20.2	13.7	19.1	883.80	824.00
Virginia	165,829	100.0	5.9	12.6	22.9	19.3	14.1	25.1	944.80	881.00
Washington	123,137	100.0	6.6	13.7	22.6	17.3	12.7	27.1	951.60	872.50
West Virginia	79,483	100.0	7.5	12.7	19.7	15.9	12.8	31.4	984.80	921.50
Wisconsin	110,319	100.0	7.0	14.0	22.9	17.6	13.0	25.5	934.40	863.50
Wyoming	9,606	100.0	7.3	15.0	23.2	16.2	12.5	25.8	931.80	848.50
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1,085	100.0	13.0	23.3	30.5	17.0	a	a	716.20	676.50
Guam	1,140	100.0	12.2	15.3	27.1	17.6	12.9	14.9	816.70	762.80
Northern Mariana Islands	184	100.0	21.2	34.2	26.6	9.8	a	a	601.90	582.30
Puerto Rico	137,256	100.0	5.4	16.9	36.0	21.3	10.3	10.1	801.10	747.50
Virgin Islands	1,602	100.0	5.5	12.5	23.3	20.0	15.3	23.4	935.80	880.00
Foreign countries	12,564	100.0	15.5	14.0	21.2	17.2	12.9	19.3	830.80	792.50

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 17.
Percentage distribution of disabled widow(er)s, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2005

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
All areas	215,866	100.0	9.2	8.4	10.1	12.6	12.1	10.9	9.5	7.7	19.6	609.30	582.10
Alabama	6,969	100.0	10.9	9.5	10.4	12.9	12.3	12.2	9.9	7.1	14.7	571.00	547.00
Alaska	233	100.0	4.3	6.4	8.6	12.0	10.3	11.6	9.9	6.4	30.5	684.50	669.00
Arizona	3,181	100.0	7.8	8.0	9.0	12.6	12.0	9.8	9.5	8.8	22.5	638.00	605.00
Arkansas	4,086	100.0	12.4	10.2	11.1	12.1	13.0	11.9	8.7	6.7	13.9	551.40	529.00
California	14,379	100.0	6.7	7.2	8.9	12.4	11.8	10.2	9.6	8.6	24.6	659.00	629.00
Colorado	1,794	100.0	8.2	8.0	10.1	12.6	12.2	10.9	9.7	8.1	20.2	619.30	593.50
Connecticut	1,563	100.0	8.4	8.1	10.7	14.9	11.5	10.7	9.5	7.0	19.3	607.80	567.00
Delaware	517	100.0	9.5	7.7	10.8	13.3	12.0	9.9	10.3	7.0	19.5	600.90	576.00
District of Columbia	241	100.0	7.1	8.7	11.6	16.2	13.7	12.4	8.7	5.8	15.8	578.40	563.00
Florida	11,863	100.0	10.2	9.0	11.3	12.7	12.4	11.3	9.3	7.1	16.9	583.80	552.00
Georgia	7,582	100.0	12.5	9.8	11.4	13.5	13.0	10.5	8.8	6.5	14.2	551.80	521.00
Hawaii	505	100.0	5.9	6.5	9.7	13.5	12.7	9.9	10.7	6.7	24.4	655.70	609.00
Idaho	822	100.0	7.2	7.4	9.0	11.8	10.2	10.9	10.2	8.8	24.5	655.00	637.00
Illinois	7,440	100.0	7.7	7.6	9.0	11.8	12.0	10.4	9.6	8.3	23.5	644.10	618.00
Indiana	4,912	100.0	8.5	7.6	9.6	11.8	11.2	11.0	9.5	8.3	22.4	633.50	612.00
Iowa	1,698	100.0	7.7	8.8	11.3	11.2	13.2	12.3	10.2	8.4	16.8	600.50	587.00
Kansas	1,555	100.0	8.8	8.7	9.8	13.7	12.5	9.3	10.1	8.6	18.5	604.90	568.00
Kentucky	7,084	100.0	7.8	7.7	9.9	12.6	12.3	11.6	9.6	7.7	20.7	624.00	596.00
Louisiana	5,543	100.0	7.3	6.3	9.1	12.0	12.8	11.7	9.2	8.5	23.0	648.20	622.00
Maine	1,194	100.0	9.1	8.4	11.6	14.7	13.3	9.0	9.6	8.1	16.1	580.10	545.30
Maryland	2,420	100.0	7.2	7.6	8.7	11.9	12.9	10.7	10.1	8.6	22.1	639.50	618.00
Massachusetts	3,403	100.0	7.0	8.4	10.5	14.7	12.3	11.0	10.0	6.7	19.4	615.40	575.00
Michigan	8,131	100.0	6.7	6.4	8.1	10.6	10.5	10.6	9.5	8.7	28.9	690.40	673.00
Minnesota	1,807	100.0	8.5	7.7	10.8	12.2	12.9	11.6	9.9	7.4	19.1	614.50	581.00
Mississippi	4,714	100.0	11.5	10.2	11.2	13.5	13.1	11.2	8.8	6.4	14.2	555.70	524.00
Missouri	5,654	100.0	10.6	9.0	10.9	12.8	12.3	10.7	9.4	6.8	17.6	583.90	549.50
Montana	605	100.0	6.3	9.4	10.4	15.7	13.2	7.9	10.6	7.8	18.7	611.80	566.00
Nebraska	854	100.0	11.4	9.0	13.5	12.2	10.5	8.5	9.8	7.8	17.2	571.70	535.80
Nevada	1,211	100.0	8.2	8.1	9.7	11.6	10.2	9.6	10.2	7.8	24.4	647.90	618.00
New Hampshire	760	100.0	11.7	10.1	12.2	11.4	10.3	11.4	7.8	8.4	16.6	577.70	541.00
New Jersey	4,208	100.0	9.8	7.6	9.8	12.5	11.8	9.9	9.2	6.9	22.5	627.00	588.00
New Mexico	1,273	100.0	5.7	7.9	10.1	12.1	12.6	11.1	11.9	7.7	20.7	638.60	612.00
New York	12,188	100.0	8.4	7.5	10.1	12.6	12.1	10.8	10.0	7.9	20.5	622.60	593.50
North Carolina	8,757	100.0	15.5	12.0	12.1	13.2	12.2	9.7	8.3	5.6	11.5	511.80	478.00
North Dakota	298	100.0	11.7	9.4	12.1	11.4	10.7	14.1	8.4	7.4	14.8	562.30	552.30
Ohio	9,344	100.0	6.9	6.7	9.3	11.3	11.3	10.2	10.3	9.1	24.9	660.70	641.00
Oklahoma	3,471	100.0	9.7	7.8	10.6	13.8	12.6	10.3	8.9	7.9	18.4	597.50	561.50
Oregon	2,116	100.0	7.8	7.0	10.0	11.5	10.3	10.4	9.1	8.8	25.0	648.90	625.50
Pennsylvania	10,033	100.0	7.4	7.4	9.1	11.7	11.9	11.1	10.0	8.6	22.8	641.90	620.00
Rhode Island	718	100.0	10.9	9.3	11.8	13.5	11.7	10.4	7.9	8.6	15.7	569.20	528.80

(Continued)

Table 17.
Percentage distribution of disabled widow(er)s, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
South Carolina	5,169	100.0	14.3	10.4	12.0	12.7	12.7	11.4	8.1	6.3	12.1	527.70	505.00
South Dakota	389	100.0	8.5	12.1	12.9	13.6	12.6	13.1	8.5	4.9	13.9	558.60	536.00
Tennessee	7,696	100.0	11.9	10.3	10.7	13.1	12.3	11.4	8.8	7.4	14.1	555.80	530.00
Texas	14,475	100.0	8.5	8.0	9.7	12.6	11.8	11.7	9.6	8.1	19.9	618.00	594.00
Utah	743	100.0	7.0	6.9	9.6	12.2	12.2	10.1	11.0	7.9	23.0	655.10	620.00
Vermont	439	100.0	10.5	11.2	10.0	13.7	12.3	13.2	8.2	6.2	14.8	559.30	535.00
Virginia	5,782	100.0	10.5	8.4	10.1	13.0	11.4	10.4	9.3	7.5	19.4	600.40	571.00
Washington	3,208	100.0	5.9	6.3	10.3	10.6	10.5	12.0	10.3	8.7	25.3	670.50	652.00
West Virginia	3,792	100.0	5.6	6.5	8.1	11.3	11.4	11.5	10.8	8.8	26.0	676.40	659.00
Wisconsin	2,748	100.0	9.3	8.7	8.8	12.3	12.6	12.2	8.9	7.8	19.5	609.10	587.50
Wyoming	235	100.0	6.0	7.2	11.5	16.6	11.1	13.2	8.9	7.2	18.3	610.20	589.00
Outlying areas													
American Samoa	53	100.0	15.1	a	13.2	20.8	13.2	a	a	a	a	485.20	453.50
Guam	32	100.0	a	a	18.8	a	a	a	a	a	a	556.00	481.50
Northern Mariana Islands	6	100.0	0	a	a	a	a	0	0	0	0	379.30	375.00
Puerto Rico	5,142	100.0	10.7	12.7	12.1	17.9	15.1	10.8	8.1	5.1	7.6	503.60	478.50
Virgin Islands	64	100.0	a	a	a	15.6	15.6	14.1	17.2	7.8	15.6	645.80	637.50
Foreign countries	767	100.0	8.1	5.6	10.3	14.1	14.9	11.9	10.4	8.1	16.7	605.40	579.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 18.
Percentage distribution of disabled adult children, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2005

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
All areas	768,538	100.0	5.6	5.6	11.6	12.9	13.2	13.6	13.2	9.1	15.2	616.30	608.00
Alabama	17,442	100.0	6.6	7.2	15.3	15.4	14.2	12.8	10.7	7.5	10.4	562.00	536.00
Alaska	771	100.0	6.4	6.6	13.5	11.5	10.9	13.9	11.2	8.9	17.1	614.00	608.00
Arizona	9,196	100.0	5.4	5.1	9.6	12.4	12.7	13.9	13.9	9.5	17.5	636.90	635.00
Arkansas	9,356	100.0	7.7	6.9	15.3	16.7	15.3	13.1	10.1	6.7	8.2	542.90	518.00
California	64,124	100.0	5.7	5.3	10.0	12.0	12.8	13.4	13.9	9.7	17.2	634.60	630.00
Colorado	5,973	100.0	5.2	4.8	10.5	12.6	13.0	13.6	14.0	9.6	16.7	632.80	629.50
Connecticut	9,497	100.0	3.9	3.9	7.9	9.0	11.5	14.5	17.0	11.2	21.1	685.90	696.00
Delaware	1,928	100.0	3.0	3.5	9.5	11.2	12.7	15.2	15.9	10.1	18.9	666.20	667.00
District of Columbia	1,334	100.0	7.6	7.4	16.6	16.2	15.5	11.4	10.5	6.1	8.6	542.00	511.50
Florida	34,756	100.0	5.8	5.7	10.6	13.1	14.1	14.0	13.3	9.0	14.5	613.50	606.00
Georgia	20,724	100.0	5.6	6.0	15.0	15.9	15.4	12.8	11.0	7.4	10.9	573.50	548.00
Hawaii	2,371	100.0	4.2	4.9	11.1	11.6	13.9	15.7	13.7	10.6	14.4	629.30	623.00
Idaho	2,712	100.0	6.0	5.1	9.6	12.7	15.0	14.9	13.4	8.9	14.3	616.70	609.30
Illinois	32,319	100.0	4.2	4.4	8.9	10.8	11.9	14.0	15.1	10.8	20.0	667.20	671.00
Indiana	17,349	100.0	3.5	3.9	8.3	10.8	12.3	15.3	15.9	10.8	19.2	669.40	677.00
Iowa	8,627	100.0	4.1	4.1	8.7	13.1	13.9	15.2	14.7	10.2	16.1	643.00	639.00
Kansas	6,207	100.0	4.0	4.2	9.9	12.5	14.1	14.0	15.1	10.4	15.8	642.10	639.00
Kentucky	16,543	100.0	7.9	7.8	15.4	15.5	13.3	12.2	10.6	6.7	10.6	552.40	522.00
Louisiana	17,315	100.0	8.2	7.6	14.7	15.0	13.5	11.9	9.9	7.0	12.2	562.40	531.00
Maine	4,603	100.0	7.1	5.3	11.5	15.3	15.3	13.8	13.1	8.3	10.2	580.90	567.50
Maryland	10,935	100.0	3.6	4.3	10.4	11.6	13.9	14.0	14.6	9.4	18.2	652.40	646.00
Massachusetts	18,215	100.0	5.6	5.2	10.2	11.9	12.7	13.3	14.1	10.3	16.7	633.80	633.00
Michigan	33,499	100.0	3.7	3.6	7.4	9.5	11.3	14.0	16.6	11.7	22.2	690.40	701.00
Minnesota	11,638	100.0	4.3	3.9	10.0	12.7	13.2	14.8	14.4	10.2	16.6	643.30	642.00
Mississippi	12,017	100.0	8.4	9.4	18.5	17.1	14.0	10.8	8.6	5.5	7.7	515.20	477.00
Missouri	16,452	100.0	5.8	5.1	11.3	13.5	13.7	14.0	13.1	9.1	14.4	613.20	604.00
Montana	2,198	100.0	3.7	4.3	10.2	13.9	14.8	15.1	13.5	9.6	14.8	629.50	619.00
Nebraska	4,260	100.0	4.6	4.7	11.0	13.4	15.3	15.0	13.4	9.0	13.6	616.80	607.00
Nevada	2,654	100.0	4.0	4.0	8.8	10.6	13.3	13.4	14.5	10.4	21.0	672.30	669.00
New Hampshire	2,913	100.0	4.7	4.1	8.4	12.3	13.7	14.6	14.9	11.5	16.0	645.60	647.50
New Jersey	20,135	100.0	3.6	3.7	8.1	9.6	11.8	14.1	15.5	11.4	22.2	688.80	693.00
New Mexico	4,426	100.0	8.2	8.1	14.8	14.6	13.4	13.0	10.0	7.4	10.5	553.10	530.30
New York	57,153	100.0	4.1	4.2	9.1	11.1	12.2	14.4	15.5	10.7	18.6	660.80	666.00
North Carolina	24,023	100.0	5.4	6.0	15.0	16.1	15.6	13.2	11.4	7.2	10.0	569.90	544.00
North Dakota	1,991	100.0	4.3	5.4	11.6	16.3	15.4	15.9	11.7	7.4	12.0	597.20	578.00
Ohio	35,313	100.0	4.4	4.4	9.4	11.0	12.5	14.4	14.9	10.5	18.5	653.80	659.00
Oklahoma	9,430	100.0	5.4	5.9	12.9	14.6	14.3	13.9	12.3	8.2	12.5	593.10	574.00
Oregon	7,422	100.0	4.3	4.2	8.4	10.8	12.7	15.1	14.8	11.3	18.3	658.70	664.00
Pennsylvania	39,584	100.0	4.6	4.2	8.9	11.3	13.0	15.4	15.1	10.2	17.3	649.30	654.00
Rhode Island	3,174	100.0	5.2	6.0	10.9	12.1	13.3	14.7	13.3	10.1	14.4	620.20	619.00

(Continued)

Table 18.
Percentage distribution of disabled adult children, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
South Carolina	13,500	100.0	5.0	6.0	14.8	16.0	15.9	13.4	11.1	7.7	10.0	573.40	547.00
South Dakota	2,101	100.0	6.0	5.1	13.6	17.6	14.6	12.7	12.5	7.9	9.9	575.40	553.00
Tennessee	18,918	100.0	5.8	5.8	15.3	15.7	15.0	13.3	10.9	7.5	10.6	571.70	548.00
Texas	42,831	100.0	6.8	6.6	13.2	14.5	13.8	12.6	11.2	7.8	13.4	586.60	562.00
Utah	3,498	100.0	5.0	4.8	8.4	11.6	12.9	14.9	15.1	10.0	17.4	649.70	653.50
Vermont	1,921	100.0	4.7	4.7	11.1	15.0	15.2	14.0	14.6	8.8	11.8	604.80	593.00
Virginia	17,582	100.0	5.3	5.8	13.3	14.7	14.3	14.2	12.1	8.0	12.3	592.60	574.00
Washington	12,201	100.0	4.2	4.1	8.6	10.9	12.2	13.8	15.4	11.2	19.5	666.50	674.00
West Virginia	10,034	100.0	6.4	6.3	13.8	14.6	13.6	14.3	12.2	7.6	11.2	576.70	562.00
Wisconsin	16,079	100.0	3.9	3.7	8.5	11.3	12.8	15.1	16.2	10.5	17.9	658.70	668.00
Wyoming	899	100.0	3.8	4.3	8.8	14.0	15.0	14.5	12.7	7.7	19.2	650.90	631.50
Outlying areas													
American Samoa	94	100.0	11.7	16.0	a	25.5	17.0	8.5	a	a	a	438.80	425.30
Guam	133	100.0	15.8	17.3	23.3	15.0	a	a	a	a	a	430.10	373.50
Northern Mariana Islands	44	100.0	27.3	29.5	a	18.2	a	a	a	a	a	334.00	280.50
Puerto Rico	22,736	100.0	15.7	15.6	27.7	17.4	10.3	5.8	3.6	1.9	2.0	393.30	361.00
Virgin Islands	313	100.0	6.7	10.2	12.8	20.1	16.9	16.0	8.9	a	a	513.50	501.00
Foreign countries	5,075	100.0	16.8	11.8	18.3	15.1	11.6	10.2	7.7	3.8	4.8	448.90	418.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 19.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, December 1960–2005, selected years

Year	Number (thousands)	Percentage distribution: Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA	Average age
					All disabled workers [b]						
1996	4,400	100.0	3.6	5.6	9.0	11.6	13.8	15.5	18.6	22.4	50.0
1997	4,508	100.0	3.2	5.1	8.6	11.6	13.7	16.1	19.2	22.4	50.3
1998	4,699	100.0	3.0	4.8	8.3	11.6	13.8	16.5	19.7	22.4	50.5
1999	4,879	100.0	2.8	4.4	8.0	11.5	14.0	17.0	20.0	22.3	50.6
2000	5,042	100.0	2.7	4.1	7.6	11.4	14.1	17.6	20.3	22.3	50.8
2001	5,268	100.0	2.8	4.0	7.2	11.1	14.1	17.7	20.7	22.4	50.9
2002	5,540	100.0	3.0	3.8	6.7	10.8	14.1	17.5	21.3	22.7	51.0
2003	5,869	100.0	3.1	3.7	6.3	10.4	14.0	17.3	21.5	23.7	51.3
2004	6,197	100.0	3.1	3.6	5.9	10.0	13.8	17.2	21.8	24.5	51.5
2005	6,519	100.0	3.0	3.0	6.0	10.0	14.0	17.0	22.0	25.0	51.8
					Men						
1960	356	100.0	0.5	a	3.3	3.0	4.9	16.6	26.7	44.9	57.3
1965	734	100.0	1.0	a	7.5	7.6	10.4	15.4	24.7	33.3	54.4
1970	1,069	100.0	3.3	a	6.8	6.9	10.9	15.2	23.2	33.7	53.9
1975	1,711	100.0	4.6	a	7.5	6.2	9.7	15.8	23.2	33.0	53.5
1980	1,928	100.0	4.1	a	9.6	6.0	8.9	14.3	24.0	33.1	52.9
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	1,746	100.0	4.0	a	9.7	5.8	7.8	13.6	23.6	35.5	53.2
1983	1,731	100.0	4.2	a	10.4	6.3	8.0	13.0	23.1	35.0	52.9
1984	1,748	100.0	4.4	a	11.3	6.8	8.3	12.8	22.2	34.2	52.5
1985	1,785	100.0	4.6	a	12.3	7.3	8.6	12.9	21.4	32.9	51.9
1986	1,827	100.0	4.9	a	13.3	7.9	8.9	12.7	20.7	31.5	51.4
1987	1,857	100.0	4.8	a	13.8	8.5	9.4	12.5	20.1	30.8	51.1
1988	1,869	100.0	4.7	a	14.3	9.0	9.8	12.7	19.6	29.9	50.9
1989	1,906	100.0	4.5	a	14.7	9.6	10.3	12.7	19.4	28.8	50.7
1990	1,965	100.0	4.5	a	15.2	10.3	10.7	12.7	19.1	27.5	50.4
1991	2,066	100.0	4.5	a	15.6	10.7	11.2	13.0	18.6	26.4	50.1
1992	2,221	100.0	4.6	a	16.0	11.0	12.0	13.4	18.0	25.0	49.9
1993	2,358	100.0	4.6	a	16.2	11.2	12.3	13.9	17.9	23.9	49.6
1994	2,476	100.0	4.3	a	16.1	11.4	12.8	14.2	17.8	23.4	49.6
1995	2,573	100.0	4.0	a	15.5	11.5	13.4	14.5	18.0	23.2	49.7
1996	2,653	100.0	3.7	5.7	9.2	11.6	13.7	15.0	18.3	22.9	50.0
1997	2,667	100.0	3.3	5.2	8.7	11.6	13.6	15.6	18.9	23.0	50.3
1998	2,737	100.0	3.1	4.8	8.4	11.6	13.7	16.1	19.3	23.0	50.5
1999	2,801	100.0	2.8	4.5	8.1	11.6	13.8	16.7	19.7	22.9	50.7
2000	2,856	100.0	2.8	4.2	7.6	11.4	13.9	17.3	20.0	22.8	50.8
2001	2,948	100.0	2.9	4.0	7.2	11.2	14.0	17.5	20.5	23.0	51.0
2002	3,067	100.0	3.1	3.8	6.7	10.8	14.0	17.3	21.1	23.2	51.1
2003	3,221	100.0	3.2	3.6	6.3	10.4	13.9	17.1	21.4	24.1	51.3
2004	3,373	100.0	3.2	3.4	5.8	10.0	13.7	17.0	21.9	25.0	51.6
2005	3,517	100.0	3.0	3.0	6.0	9.0	13.0	17.0	22.0	26.0	51.9

(Continued)

Table 19.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, December 1960–2005, selected years—*Continued*

Year	Number (thousands)	Percentage distribution									Average age
		Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA	
						Women					
1960	99	100.0	0.3	a	3.2	3.2	5.3	19.4	31.4	37.2	56.7
1965	254	100.0	0.6	a	5.4	6.3	9.8	16.2	27.3	34.3	55.2
1970	424	100.0	1.9	a	5.1	5.6	10.1	15.9	26.0	35.3	55.0
1975	778	100.0	3.3	a	6.1	5.3	9.0	16.3	25.5	34.5	54.4
1980	931	100.0	3.4	a	8.2	5.3	8.2	14.4	25.4	35.0	53.7
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	858	100.0	3.3	a	8.5	5.1	7.2	13.7	25.2	37.0	53.9
1983	838	100.0	3.5	a	9.3	5.7	7.5	12.9	24.3	36.8	53.6
1984	849	100.0	3.7	a	10.2	6.3	7.8	12.8	23.2	36.0	53.2
1985	872	100.0	3.8	a	11.2	6.9	8.3	12.9	22.3	34.6	52.6
1986	902	100.0	4.1	a	12.1	7.6	8.8	12.9	21.6	32.9	52.0
1987	929	100.0	4.2	a	12.7	8.2	9.4	12.9	20.9	31.7	51.7
1988	952	100.0	4.0	a	13.1	8.7	9.9	13.2	20.6	30.5	51.4
1989	989	100.0	4.0	a	13.5	9.2	10.6	13.4	20.1	29.2	51.1
1990	1,046	100.0	3.9	a	14.0	9.8	11.1	13.4	19.9	27.9	50.8
1991	1,133	100.0	4.0	a	14.3	10.3	11.6	13.8	19.4	26.5	50.5
1992	1,252	100.0	4.3	a	14.6	10.7	12.2	14.3	18.8	25.0	50.1
1993	1,371	100.0	4.3	a	14.9	11.0	12.6	14.8	18.9	23.5	49.9
1994	1,491	100.0	4.1	a	14.8	11.2	13.1	15.3	18.7	22.8	49.9
1995	1,614	100.0	3.8	a	14.5	11.5	13.6	15.7	18.8	22.2	49.9
1996	1,747	100.0	3.5	5.4	8.7	11.6	13.9	16.2	19.1	21.7	50.1
1997	1,842	100.0	3.1	5.0	8.4	11.6	13.9	16.7	19.6	21.5	50.3
1998	1,961	100.0	2.9	4.7	8.2	11.5	14.0	17.0	20.1	21.5	50.5
1999	2,078	100.0	2.7	4.3	7.9	11.5	14.2	17.5	20.5	21.4	50.6
2000	2,186	100.0	2.7	4.1	7.5	11.3	14.3	17.9	20.7	21.6	50.8
2001	2,320	100.0	2.8	4.0	7.1	11.1	14.3	18.0	21.1	21.7	50.9
2002	2,472	100.0	2.9	3.9	6.8	10.8	14.3	17.7	21.5	22.1	51.0
2003	2,647	100.0	3.0	3.8	6.4	10.5	14.2	17.6	21.6	23.0	51.2
2004	2,824	100.0	3.0	3.7	6.0	10.2	14.0	17.5	21.8	23.8	51.4
2005	3,002	100.0	3.0	4.0	6.0	10.0	14.0	18.0	22.0	25.0	51.7

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, Table 5.D4 from 1960 to 1995; data for 1988 and 1990 to 1995 are based on a 10 percent sample file from the Master Beneficiary Record; Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age; -- = not available.

a. Ages 30–34 were grouped with ages 35–39 before 1996.

b. Combined data for men and women are not available before 1996.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 20.
Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly benefit, by age and sex, December 2005

Age	Total			Men			Women		
	Number	Average PIA (dollars)	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average PIA (dollars)	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average PIA (dollars)	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
All disabled workers	6,519,001	943.30	938.00	3,517,269	1,060.40	1,051.20	3,001,732	806.10	805.30
Under 25	54,623	489.30	504.30	32,009	499.30	512.60	22,614	475.20	492.50
25–29	146,385	607.70	614.60	80,573	620.70	625.60	65,812	591.70	601.30
30–34	221,138	692.40	694.40	115,271	712.00	710.00	105,867	671.00	677.40
35–39	368,579	763.30	762.20	194,960	790.00	783.80	173,619	733.20	738.00
40–44	622,211	823.60	819.20	330,915	866.90	857.50	291,296	774.40	775.80
45–49	886,513	890.90	883.90	474,249	962.60	950.40	412,264	808.50	807.40
50–54	1,123,773	962.30	954.40	596,710	1,070.90	1,058.40	527,063	839.40	836.60
55–59	1,455,621	1,027.40	1,020.30	788,317	1,177.50	1,167.10	667,304	850.00	846.80
60–64	1,506,574	1,049.90	1,044.80	829,479	1,236.00	1,228.20	677,095	821.80	820.10
65–FRA	133,584	1,036.40	1,031.40	74,786	1,226.80	1,218.60	58,798	794.20	793.20

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: The average monthly benefit includes secondary benefit amounts for some beneficiaries who are dually entitled. This results in the average monthly benefit being larger than the average PIA for some age groups.

PIA = primary insurance amount; FRA = full retirement age.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 21.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2005

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1996	4,399,932	9,023	197,272	87,066	213,772	1,356,310	228,131	1,128,179	124,018
1997	4,508,406	8,813	215,186	90,175	217,882	1,381,178	235,130	1,146,048	122,775
1998	4,698,560	8,719	233,724	93,776	224,388	1,459,118	243,745	1,215,373	127,174
1999	4,879,454	8,546	251,998	96,132	228,800	1,532,155	249,871	1,282,284	131,492
2000	5,042,333	8,540	244,456	97,919	231,066	1,618,758	257,601	1,361,157	136,404
2001	5,268,039	8,752	239,614	100,442	240,948	1,731,886	273,849	1,458,037	142,795
2002	5,539,597	9,226	237,020	102,589	248,544	1,845,138	286,210	1,558,928	150,138
2003	5,868,541	9,750	242,517	106,767	260,572	1,961,090	298,500	1,662,590	160,986
2004	6,197,385	10,392	247,559	110,178	271,626	2,075,867	310,240	1,765,627	172,844
2005	6,519,001	11,001	252,933	111,927	281,828	2,183,182	320,564	1,862,618	185,049
					Percent				
1996	100.0	0.2	4.5	2.0	4.9	30.8	5.2	25.6	2.8
1997	100.0	0.2	4.8	2.0	4.8	30.6	5.2	25.4	2.7
1998	100.0	0.2	5.0	2.0	4.8	31.1	5.2	25.9	2.7
1999	100.0	0.2	5.2	2.0	4.7	31.4	5.1	26.3	2.7
2000	100.0	0.2	4.8	1.9	4.6	32.1	5.1	27.0	2.7
2001	100.0	0.2	4.5	1.9	4.6	32.9	5.2	27.7	2.7
2002	100.0	0.2	4.3	1.9	4.5	33.3	5.2	28.1	2.7
2003	100.0	0.2	4.1	1.8	4.4	33.4	5.1	28.3	2.7
2004	100.0	0.2	4.0	1.8	4.4	33.5	5.0	28.5	2.8
2005	100.0	0.2	3.9	1.7	4.3	33.5	4.9	28.6	2.8

(Continued)

Table 21.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [b]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1996	10,539	517,503	54,585	65,425	906,882	404,618	152,217	10,818	85,115	204,769
1997	10,926	522,047	57,383	69,300	962,915	420,755	155,028	11,267	95,708	167,068
1998	11,349	526,573	61,541	74,888	1,024,053	441,016	159,869	11,826	110,377	130,169
1999	11,687	528,627	65,887	79,524	1,086,432	460,133	162,863	12,151	117,326	105,701
2000	12,070	532,998	69,735	84,687	1,152,231	479,246	166,054	12,351	113,167	82,651
2001	12,847	543,516	74,680	88,949	1,231,184	505,162	170,383	12,787	113,558	50,536
2002	13,708	558,736	80,396	93,645	1,324,762	533,774	176,941	13,429	9,447	142,104
2003	14,711	579,778	87,721	98,491	1,430,357	565,244	185,834	14,133	10,705	139,885
2004	15,596	600,144	94,566	103,427	1,540,566	596,369	194,592	14,963	12,038	136,658
2005	16,270	620,852	100,934	108,701	1,656,997	623,948	202,821	15,662	13,225	133,671
					Percent					
1996	0.2	11.8	1.2	1.5	20.6	9.2	3.5	0.2	1.9	4.7
1997	0.2	11.6	1.3	1.5	21.4	9.3	3.4	0.2	2.1	3.7
1998	0.2	11.2	1.3	1.6	21.8	9.4	3.4	0.3	2.3	2.8
1999	0.2	10.8	1.4	1.6	22.3	9.4	3.3	0.2	2.4	2.2
2000	0.2	10.6	1.4	1.7	22.9	9.5	3.3	0.2	2.2	1.6
2001	0.2	10.3	1.4	1.7	23.4	9.6	3.2	0.2	2.2	1.0
2002	0.2	10.1	1.5	1.7	23.9	9.6	3.2	0.2	0.2	2.6
2003	0.3	9.9	1.5	1.7	24.4	9.6	3.2	0.2	0.2	2.4
2004	0.3	9.7	1.5	1.7	24.9	9.6	3.1	0.2	0.2	2.2
2005	0.2	9.5	1.5	1.7	25.4	9.6	3.1	0.2	0.2	2.1

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Beginning with 2002 data, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

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Table 22.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2005

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1996	1,917,424	4,782	76,546	63,819	110,910	865,928	164,041	701,887	41,232
1997	1,908,103	4,570	80,950	65,212	110,461	852,279	167,052	685,227	39,783
1998	1,949,052	4,503	85,500	66,208	111,266	874,231	170,694	703,537	40,638
1999	1,986,422	4,494	89,365	66,245	111,502	891,469	172,232	719,237	41,799
2000	2,012,615	4,619	80,869	65,695	110,125	912,048	174,759	737,289	42,656
2001	2,066,094	4,883	74,292	65,047	112,969	961,757	183,934	777,823	44,537
2002	2,132,996	5,290	69,229	64,075	113,785	1,005,189	190,646	814,543	45,994
2003	2,204,785	5,696	68,422	64,376	115,634	1,043,928	196,420	847,508	48,126
2004	2,259,463	6,157	66,669	63,593	116,155	1,077,329	201,594	875,735	49,957
2005	2,299,449	6,488	64,972	61,362	115,958	1,103,111	204,911	898,200	51,549
					Percent				
1996	100.0	0.2	4.0	3.3	5.8	45.2	8.6	36.6	2.2
1997	100.0	0.2	4.2	3.4	5.8	44.7	8.8	35.9	2.1
1998	100.0	0.2	4.4	3.4	5.7	44.9	8.8	36.1	2.1
1999	100.0	0.2	4.5	3.3	5.6	44.9	8.7	36.2	2.1
2000	100.0	0.2	4.0	3.3	5.5	45.3	8.7	36.6	2.1
2001	100.0	0.2	3.6	3.1	5.5	46.5	8.9	37.6	2.2
2002	100.0	0.2	3.2	3.0	5.3	47.1	8.9	38.2	2.2
2003	100.0	0.3	3.1	2.9	5.2	47.3	8.9	38.4	2.2
2004	100.0	0.3	3.0	2.8	5.1	47.7	8.9	38.8	2.2
2005	100.0	0.3	2.8	2.7	5.0	48.0	8.9	39.1	2.2

(Continued)

Table 22.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [b]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1996	6,711	86,607	24,535	36,214	265,043	202,169	24,862	4,926	37,745	65,395
1997	6,809	85,953	25,428	37,896	271,682	204,222	24,750	5,140	43,124	49,844
1998	6,991	84,674	27,219	39,949	284,291	208,607	25,822	5,314	50,140	33,699
1999	7,103	83,736	29,109	41,571	297,185	211,731	26,226	5,467	51,848	27,572
2000	7,245	84,362	30,357	43,333	309,327	215,744	26,718	5,785	53,437	20,595
2001	7,646	85,819	31,789	44,628	322,713	221,321	27,472	5,613	44,428	11,180
2002	8,072	87,860	33,120	45,957	340,244	228,658	28,441	5,843	4,060	47,179
2003	8,513	90,085	34,722	47,143	355,306	235,860	29,996	5,966	4,496	46,516
2004	8,855	91,227	35,859	48,231	367,251	242,252	30,883	6,231	4,951	43,863
2005	8,999	92,683	36,121	49,339	378,930	246,069	31,531	6,349	5,276	40,712
					Percent					
1996	0.4	4.5	1.3	1.9	13.8	10.5	1.3	0.3	2.0	3.4
1997	0.4	4.5	1.3	2.0	14.2	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.3	2.6
1998	0.4	4.3	1.4	2.0	14.6	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.6	1.7
1999	0.4	4.2	1.5	2.1	15.0	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.6	1.4
2000	0.4	4.2	1.5	2.2	15.4	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.7	1.0
2001	0.4	4.2	1.5	2.2	15.6	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.2	0.5
2002	0.4	4.1	1.6	2.2	16.0	10.7	1.3	0.3	0.2	2.2
2003	0.4	4.1	1.6	2.1	16.1	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	2.1
2004	0.4	4.0	1.6	2.1	16.3	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	1.9
2005	0.4	4.0	1.6	2.1	16.5	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	1.8

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Beginning with 2002 data, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

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Table 23.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2005

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1996	2,482,508	4,241	120,726	23,247	102,862	490,382	64,090	426,292	82,786
1997	2,600,303	4,243	134,236	24,963	107,421	528,899	68,078	460,821	82,992
1998	2,749,508	4,216	148,224	27,568	113,122	584,887	73,051	511,836	86,536
1999	2,893,032	4,052	162,633	29,887	117,298	640,686	77,639	563,047	89,693
2000	3,029,718	3,921	163,587	32,224	120,941	697,278	82,842	614,436	93,748
2001	3,201,945	3,869	165,322	35,395	127,979	770,129	89,915	680,214	98,258
2002	3,406,601	3,936	167,791	38,514	134,759	839,949	95,564	744,385	104,144
2003	3,663,756	4,054	174,095	42,391	144,938	917,162	102,080	815,082	112,860
2004	3,937,922	4,235	180,890	46,585	155,471	998,538	108,646	889,892	122,887
2005	4,219,552	4,513	187,961	50,565	165,870	1,080,071	115,653	964,418	133,500
					Percent				
1996	100.0	0.2	4.9	0.9	4.1	19.8	2.6	17.2	3.3
1997	100.0	0.2	5.2	1.0	4.1	20.3	2.6	17.7	3.2
1998	100.0	0.2	5.4	1.0	4.1	21.3	2.7	18.6	3.1
1999	100.0	0.1	5.6	1.0	4.1	22.2	2.7	19.5	3.1
2000	100.0	0.1	5.4	1.1	4.0	23.0	2.7	20.3	3.1
2001	100.0	0.1	5.2	1.1	4.0	24.0	2.8	21.2	3.1
2002	100.0	0.1	4.9	1.1	4.0	24.7	2.8	21.9	3.1
2003	100.0	0.1	4.8	1.2	4.0	25.0	2.8	22.2	3.1
2004	100.0	0.1	4.6	1.2	3.9	25.4	2.8	22.6	3.1
2005	100.0	0.1	4.5	1.2	3.9	25.6	2.7	22.9	3.2

(Continued)

Table 23.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [b]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1996	3,828	430,896	30,050	29,211	641,839	202,449	127,355	5,892	47,370	139,374
1997	4,117	436,094	31,955	31,404	691,233	216,533	130,278	6,127	52,584	117,224
1998	4,358	441,899	34,322	34,939	739,762	232,409	134,047	6,512	60,237	96,470
1999	4,584	444,891	36,778	37,953	789,247	248,402	136,637	6,684	65,478	78,129
2000	4,825	448,636	39,378	41,354	842,904	263,502	139,336	6,866	69,162	62,056
2001	5,201	457,697	42,891	44,321	908,471	283,841	142,911	7,174	69,130	39,356
2002	5,636	470,876	47,276	47,688	984,518	305,116	148,500	7,586	5,387	94,925
2003	6,198	489,693	52,999	51,348	1,075,051	329,384	155,838	8,167	6,209	93,369
2004	6,741	508,917	58,707	55,196	1,173,315	354,117	163,709	8,732	7,087	92,795
2005	7,271	528,169	64,813	59,362	1,278,067	377,879	171,290	9,313	7,949	92,959
					Percent					
1996	0.2	17.4	1.2	1.2	25.9	8.2	5.1	0.2	1.9	5.6
1997	0.2	16.8	1.2	1.2	26.6	8.3	5.0	0.2	2.0	4.5
1998	0.2	16.1	1.2	1.3	26.9	8.5	4.9	0.2	2.2	3.5
1999	0.2	15.4	1.3	1.3	27.3	8.6	4.7	0.2	2.3	2.7
2000	0.2	14.8	1.3	1.4	27.8	8.7	4.6	0.2	2.3	2.0
2001	0.2	14.3	1.3	1.4	28.4	8.9	4.5	0.2	2.2	1.2
2002	0.2	13.8	1.4	1.4	28.9	9.0	4.4	0.2	0.2	2.8
2003	0.2	13.4	1.4	1.4	29.3	9.0	4.3	0.2	0.2	2.5
2004	0.2	12.9	1.5	1.4	29.8	9.0	4.2	0.2	0.2	2.4
2005	0.2	12.5	1.5	1.4	30.3	9.0	4.1	0.2	0.2	2.2

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

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Table 24.
Distribution, by diagnostic group and age, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Number			
Total	6,519,001	201,008	589,717	1,508,724	2,579,394	1,640,158
Congenital anomalies	11,001	1,597	2,240	2,651	2,897	1,616
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	252,933	2,913	14,200	47,859	112,637	75,324
Infectious and parasitic diseases	111,927	1,689	15,465	44,208	37,791	12,774
Injuries	281,828	11,077	31,400	73,481	103,651	62,219
Mental disorders						
Retardation	320,564	37,613	68,542	98,756	86,319	29,334
Other	1,862,618	94,002	250,608	553,590	694,105	270,313
Neoplasms	185,049	4,428	11,784	35,337	77,293	56,207
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	16,270	2,044	2,885	4,070	4,798	2,473
Circulatory system	620,852	3,421	16,344	72,918	262,792	265,377
Digestive system	100,934	1,953	7,638	26,530	44,920	19,893
Genitourinary system	108,701	4,603	15,432	29,304	40,067	19,295
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,656,997	8,317	67,902	302,711	720,091	557,976
Nervous system and sense organs	623,948	22,759	67,710	155,600	240,026	137,853
Respiratory system	202,821	1,294	5,610	24,627	83,185	88,105
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	15,662	467	1,620	4,262	6,104	3,209
Other	13,225	490	1,312	3,474	5,197	2,752
Unknown	133,671	2,341	9,025	29,346	57,521	35,438
			Percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.9	1.4	2.4	3.2	4.4	4.6
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.7	0.8	2.6	2.9	1.5	0.8
Injuries	4.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.0	3.8
Mental disorders						
Retardation	4.9	18.7	11.6	6.5	3.3	1.8
Other	28.6	46.8	42.5	36.7	26.9	16.5
Neoplasms	2.8	2.2	2.0	2.3	3.0	3.4
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
Circulatory system	9.5	1.7	2.8	4.8	10.2	16.2
Digestive system	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.8	1.7	1.2
Genitourinary system	1.7	2.3	2.6	1.9	1.6	1.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	25.4	4.1	11.5	20.1	27.9	34.0
Nervous system and sense organs	9.6	11.3	11.5	10.3	9.3	8.4
Respiratory system	3.1	0.6	1.0	1.6	3.2	5.4
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
Other	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Unknown	2.1	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.2	2.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 25.
Distribution of workers with a secondary benefit (dual entitlement), by worker's smaller primary insurance amount and sex, December 2005

Primary insurance amount (dollars)	Total		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled workers	218,194	100.0	50,312	100.0	167,882	100.0
Less than 300.00	30,289	13.9	10,456	20.8	19,833	11.8
300.00–399.90	29,037	13.3	10,331	20.5	18,706	11.1
400.00–499.90	25,345	11.6	7,721	15.3	17,624	10.5
500.00–599.90	42,168	19.3	10,617	21.1	31,551	18.8
600.00–699.90	34,562	15.8	5,576	11.1	28,986	17.3
700.00–799.90	22,360	10.2	2,424	4.8	19,936	11.9
800.00–899.90	13,917	6.4	1,209	2.4	12,708	7.6
900.00–999.90	8,530	3.9	742	1.5	7,788	4.6
1,000.00–1,099.90	5,172	2.4	425	0.8	4,747	2.8
1,100.00 or more	6,814	3.1	811	1.6	6,003	3.6
Average amount (dollars)	571.50		476.10		600.10	

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

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Table 26.
Distribution of workers with a secondary benefit (dual entitlement), by type of secondary benefit and sex, December 2005

Type of secondary benefit	Total		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled workers [a]	218,194	100.0	50,312	100.0	167,882	100.0
Spouses	26,698	12.2	191	0.4	26,507	15.8
Widow(er)s	32,578	14.9	939	1.9	31,639	18.8
Disabled widow(er)s	81,079	37.2	2,779	5.5	78,300	46.6
Surviving mothers and fathers	2,003	0.9	92	0.2	1,911	1.1
Disabled adult children	75,834	34.8	46,311	92.0	29,523	17.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Includes a few individuals who are receiving parent's benefits.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2005

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				All disabled workers				
All areas	6,519,001	422,146	368,579	622,211	886,513	1,123,773	1,455,621	1,640,158
Alabama	169,574	9,712	9,386	15,874	23,556	30,422	39,134	41,490
Alaska	9,640	840	605	956	1,354	1,697	2,007	2,181
Arizona	122,207	8,548	7,106	11,499	16,464	21,022	27,191	30,377
Arkansas	104,081	6,229	5,456	9,457	13,788	17,898	23,783	27,470
California	551,529	33,299	30,760	52,480	75,469	96,716	124,340	138,465
Colorado	72,439	4,662	4,011	6,917	10,616	13,434	15,927	16,872
Connecticut	64,751	4,528	4,325	7,135	9,183	10,601	13,340	15,639
Delaware	20,676	1,288	1,229	2,180	2,995	3,677	4,432	4,875
District of Columbia	9,752	716	603	1,156	1,503	1,856	1,967	1,951
Florida	396,342	21,656	20,166	37,271	53,818	67,200	89,249	106,982
Georgia	196,010	10,761	10,193	18,225	26,226	34,044	45,504	51,057
Hawaii	18,522	1,101	988	1,787	2,519	3,244	4,229	4,654
Idaho	29,315	2,471	1,708	2,647	3,790	4,916	6,263	7,520
Illinois	221,848	17,298	13,292	21,509	30,596	37,491	47,351	54,311
Indiana	141,879	11,046	8,605	13,852	19,858	24,389	30,055	34,074
Iowa	59,475	5,177	3,658	5,738	8,100	10,035	12,447	14,320
Kansas	53,485	4,111	3,019	5,332	7,690	9,361	11,400	12,572
Kentucky	160,126	10,142	9,257	15,366	22,125	28,103	36,379	38,754
Louisiana	108,904	6,508	5,835	10,094	15,101	19,459	24,691	27,216
Maine	46,143	3,870	3,206	5,155	6,670	7,532	9,619	10,091
Maryland	90,603	6,265	5,416	9,745	12,759	15,734	19,261	21,423
Massachusetts	152,111	12,952	11,098	17,599	22,290	25,376	29,643	33,153
Michigan	239,212	17,318	13,591	21,521	32,424	42,415	53,572	58,371
Minnesota	89,819	9,053	5,622	9,263	12,614	14,812	17,934	20,521
Mississippi	106,630	6,307	6,067	9,925	14,798	19,213	24,069	26,251
Missouri	161,227	10,747	9,099	16,224	22,884	27,903	34,194	40,176
Montana	20,527	1,305	962	1,773	2,731	3,523	4,695	5,538
Nebraska	32,812	2,697	1,944	3,282	4,543	5,487	6,823	8,036
Nevada	45,182	2,518	2,409	3,921	5,778	7,352	10,469	12,735
New Hampshire	32,998	3,026	2,448	3,902	4,807	5,347	6,404	7,064
New Jersey	153,611	8,806	8,893	15,279	20,625	25,163	33,852	40,993
New Mexico	45,256	3,231	2,414	4,222	6,013	7,868	10,710	10,798
New York	403,614	22,357	23,198	40,388	54,218	68,091	90,748	104,614
North Carolina	249,640	13,514	13,135	22,684	32,808	42,699	58,650	66,150
North Dakota	10,994	920	570	1,036	1,517	1,849	2,309	2,793
Ohio	241,960	20,423	14,835	23,005	33,053	40,764	52,207	57,673
Oklahoma	90,867	5,732	4,671	8,079	11,998	15,488	20,826	24,073
Oregon	75,363	4,599	3,983	6,325	9,306	13,124	17,871	20,155
Pennsylvania	292,767	20,850	17,825	28,542	39,892	49,934	63,703	72,021
Rhode Island	28,843	2,075	1,812	2,912	3,997	4,982	6,237	6,828
South Carolina	130,973	6,466	6,777	11,463	17,029	23,115	30,974	35,149
South Dakota	14,421	1,199	759	1,341	1,995	2,435	3,081	3,611
Tennessee	181,756	10,327	10,399	17,411	24,515	31,627	41,220	46,257
Texas	383,330	25,057	20,838	36,162	52,433	66,629	85,973	96,238
Utah	29,737	3,022	1,831	2,878	4,043	4,834	6,086	7,043

(Continued)

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				All disabled workers (cont.)				
Vermont	15,845	1,376	1,072	1,742	2,192	2,704	3,258	3,501
Virginia	165,829	10,322	9,476	16,003	22,604	28,776	37,547	41,101
Washington	123,137	8,566	7,118	11,442	16,312	21,014	28,004	30,681
West Virginia	79,483	3,947	3,916	6,443	10,099	14,289	20,105	20,684
Wisconsin	110,319	9,427	6,784	11,103	14,851	18,701	23,295	26,158
Wyoming	9,606	726	541	887	1,288	1,645	2,174	2,345
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	1,085	a	a	43	111	195	346	356
Guam	1,140	83	87	103	166	181	287	233
Northern Mariana Islands	184	a	a	26	27	32	33	25
Puerto Rico	137,256	2,673	5,104	10,032	16,987	25,227	36,281	40,952
Virgin Islands	1,602	68	72	131	163	250	373	545
Foreign countries	12,564	205	354	744	1,222	1,898	3,099	5,042
				Men				
All areas	3,517,269	227,853	194,960	330,915	474,249	596,710	788,317	904,265
Alabama	89,859	5,191	4,787	8,262	12,400	15,759	20,686	22,774
Alaska	5,394	509	340	520	715	911	1,157	1,242
Arizona	64,498	4,504	3,680	5,920	8,398	10,796	14,685	16,515
Arkansas	56,893	3,351	2,898	5,086	7,409	9,752	13,135	15,262
California	296,988	18,615	17,008	28,810	40,778	51,010	66,096	74,671
Colorado	38,015	2,601	2,061	3,552	5,552	6,938	8,430	8,881
Connecticut	33,947	2,404	2,199	3,665	4,729	5,464	7,049	8,437
Delaware	10,240	657	585	1,037	1,472	1,779	2,178	2,532
District of Columbia	5,239	382	344	667	852	1,001	1,031	962
Florida	213,075	11,887	10,614	20,080	28,761	35,415	47,749	58,569
Georgia	102,499	5,881	5,473	9,673	13,769	17,354	23,564	26,785
Hawaii	10,981	640	582	1,083	1,512	1,915	2,498	2,751
Idaho	16,418	1,342	949	1,437	2,000	2,676	3,545	4,469
Illinois	118,499	9,176	6,861	11,495	16,158	19,693	25,338	29,778
Indiana	74,802	5,807	4,447	7,246	10,326	12,677	15,806	18,493
Iowa	31,900	2,856	1,961	3,010	4,271	5,309	6,730	7,763
Kansas	27,627	2,198	1,517	2,666	3,874	4,752	5,964	6,656
Kentucky	93,179	5,531	5,199	8,733	12,739	16,517	21,335	23,125
Louisiana	68,185	3,790	3,533	6,266	9,493	12,148	15,654	17,301
Maine	25,951	2,098	1,719	2,824	3,651	4,172	5,663	5,824
Maryland	46,824	3,358	2,790	5,019	6,667	7,842	9,862	11,286
Massachusetts	78,958	6,466	5,446	8,961	11,681	13,293	15,513	17,598
Michigan	127,524	9,166	7,142	11,368	17,330	22,331	28,247	31,940
Minnesota	47,866	4,732	2,915	4,686	6,494	7,744	9,901	11,394
Mississippi	57,228	3,452	3,126	5,208	7,871	10,208	13,075	14,288
Missouri	85,492	5,768	4,756	8,554	12,145	14,650	17,973	21,646
Montana	11,824	749	501	993	1,513	1,974	2,816	3,278
Nebraska	16,797	1,433	947	1,556	2,250	2,742	3,583	4,286
Nevada	23,809	1,318	1,218	2,031	2,949	3,744	5,593	6,956
New Hampshire	16,452	1,426	1,166	1,798	2,317	2,644	3,351	3,750

(Continued)

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				Men (cont.)				
New Jersey	78,749	4,591	4,298	7,593	10,568	12,674	17,451	21,574
New Mexico	26,550	1,888	1,398	2,392	3,451	4,463	6,409	6,549
New York	217,307	12,118	12,240	21,434	29,456	36,350	49,152	56,557
North Carolina	127,022	7,441	6,717	11,578	16,513	21,202	29,693	33,878
North Dakota	6,221	531	298	556	811	1,020	1,333	1,672
Ohio	133,509	10,996	7,976	12,394	18,077	22,225	29,010	32,831
Oklahoma	49,317	3,161	2,587	4,429	6,459	8,169	11,233	13,279
Oregon	41,684	2,658	2,252	3,436	4,881	7,027	9,962	11,468
Pennsylvania	158,625	10,829	9,351	14,953	21,405	26,869	34,690	40,528
Rhode Island	14,904	1,072	933	1,480	2,078	2,549	3,298	3,494
South Carolina	67,309	3,509	3,390	5,772	8,681	11,548	16,017	18,392
South Dakota	7,892	630	383	687	1,055	1,325	1,745	2,067
Tennessee	95,256	5,357	5,332	8,947	12,580	16,217	21,857	24,966
Texas	211,926	13,658	11,350	19,690	28,667	35,980	47,556	55,025
Utah	15,918	1,652	990	1,508	2,120	2,562	3,221	3,865
Vermont	8,670	740	562	903	1,152	1,467	1,784	2,062
Virginia	87,906	5,415	4,784	8,313	11,889	15,192	19,948	22,365
Washington	66,878	4,784	3,875	6,146	8,848	10,965	15,195	17,065
West Virginia	52,067	2,301	2,435	4,016	6,471	9,397	13,525	13,922
Wisconsin	58,769	4,820	3,464	5,657	7,693	9,798	12,681	14,656
Wyoming	5,363	406	278	487	703	915	1,192	1,382
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	634	a	a	28	75	112	175	218
Guam	724	52	63	59	118	107	190	135
Northern Mariana Islands	119	a	a	15	19	16	25	16
Puerto Rico	77,083	1,773	2,931	5,680	9,410	13,837	20,289	23,163
Virgin Islands	885	45	39	74	95	120	191	321
Foreign countries	9,019	126	228	482	898	1,394	2,288	3,603
				Women				
All areas	3,001,732	194,293	173,619	291,296	412,264	527,063	667,304	735,893
Alabama	79,715	4,521	4,599	7,612	11,156	14,663	18,448	18,716
Alaska	4,246	331	265	436	639	786	850	939
Arizona	57,709	4,044	3,426	5,579	8,066	10,226	12,506	13,862
Arkansas	47,188	2,878	2,558	4,371	6,379	8,146	10,648	12,208
California	254,541	14,684	13,752	23,670	34,691	45,706	58,244	63,794
Colorado	34,424	2,061	1,950	3,365	5,064	6,496	7,497	7,991
Connecticut	30,804	2,124	2,126	3,470	4,454	5,137	6,291	7,202
Delaware	10,436	631	644	1,143	1,523	1,898	2,254	2,343
District of Columbia	4,513	334	259	489	651	855	936	989
Florida	183,267	9,769	9,552	17,191	25,057	31,785	41,500	48,413
Georgia	93,511	4,880	4,720	8,552	12,457	16,690	21,940	24,272
Hawaii	7,541	461	406	704	1,007	1,329	1,731	1,903
Idaho	12,897	1,129	759	1,210	1,790	2,240	2,718	3,051
Illinois	103,349	8,122	6,431	10,014	14,438	17,798	22,013	24,533
Indiana	67,077	5,239	4,158	6,606	9,532	11,712	14,249	15,581

(Continued)

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				Women (cont.)				
Iowa	27,575	2,321	1,697	2,728	3,829	4,726	5,717	6,557
Kansas	25,858	1,913	1,502	2,666	3,816	4,609	5,436	5,916
Kentucky	66,947	4,611	4,058	6,633	9,386	11,586	15,044	15,629
Louisiana	40,719	2,718	2,302	3,828	5,608	7,311	9,037	9,915
Maine	20,192	1,772	1,487	2,331	3,019	3,360	3,956	4,267
Maryland	43,779	2,907	2,626	4,726	6,092	7,892	9,399	10,137
Massachusetts	73,153	6,486	5,652	8,638	10,609	12,083	14,130	15,555
Michigan	111,688	8,152	6,449	10,153	15,094	20,084	25,325	26,431
Minnesota	41,953	4,321	2,707	4,577	6,120	7,068	8,033	9,127
Mississippi	49,402	2,855	2,941	4,717	6,927	9,005	10,994	11,963
Missouri	75,735	4,979	4,343	7,670	10,739	13,253	16,221	18,530
Montana	8,703	556	461	780	1,218	1,549	1,879	2,260
Nebraska	16,015	1,264	997	1,726	2,293	2,745	3,240	3,750
Nevada	21,373	1,200	1,191	1,890	2,829	3,608	4,876	5,779
New Hampshire	16,546	1,600	1,282	2,104	2,490	2,703	3,053	3,314
New Jersey	74,862	4,215	4,595	7,686	10,057	12,489	16,401	19,419
New Mexico	18,706	1,343	1,016	1,830	2,562	3,405	4,301	4,249
New York	186,307	10,239	10,958	18,954	24,762	31,741	41,596	48,057
North Carolina	122,618	6,073	6,418	11,106	16,295	21,497	28,957	32,272
North Dakota	4,773	389	272	480	706	829	976	1,121
Ohio	108,451	9,427	6,859	10,611	14,976	18,539	23,197	24,842
Oklahoma	41,550	2,571	2,084	3,650	5,539	7,319	9,593	10,794
Oregon	33,679	1,941	1,731	2,889	4,425	6,097	7,909	8,687
Pennsylvania	134,142	10,021	8,474	13,589	18,487	23,065	29,013	31,493
Rhode Island	13,939	1,003	879	1,432	1,919	2,433	2,939	3,334
South Carolina	63,664	2,957	3,387	5,691	8,348	11,567	14,957	16,757
South Dakota	6,529	569	376	654	940	1,110	1,336	1,544
Tennessee	86,500	4,970	5,067	8,464	11,935	15,410	19,363	21,291
Texas	171,404	11,399	9,488	16,472	23,766	30,649	38,417	41,213
Utah	13,819	1,370	841	1,370	1,923	2,272	2,865	3,178
Vermont	7,175	636	510	839	1,040	1,237	1,474	1,439
Virginia	77,923	4,907	4,692	7,690	10,715	13,584	17,599	18,736
Washington	56,259	3,782	3,243	5,296	7,464	10,049	12,809	13,616
West Virginia	27,416	1,646	1,481	2,427	3,628	4,892	6,580	6,762
Wisconsin	51,550	4,607	3,320	5,446	7,158	8,903	10,614	11,502
Wyoming	4,243	320	263	400	585	730	982	963
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	451	a	a	15	36	83	171	138
Guam	416	31	24	44	48	74	97	98
Northern Mariana Islands	65	a	a	11	8	16	8	9
Puerto Rico	60,173	900	2,173	4,352	7,577	11,390	15,992	17,789
Virgin Islands	717	23	33	57	68	130	182	224
Foreign countries	3,545	79	126	262	324	504	811	1,439

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 28.
Number and average monthly family benefit, by selected family composition, December 1960–2005, selected years

Year	Worker only			Worker, spouse, and—		Worker and aged spouse [a]
	All	Men	Women	1 child	2 or more children	
			Number (thousands)			
1960	357	261	96	22	32	22
1965	714	481	232	54	109	30
1970	1,054	680	374	77	164	43
1975	1,750	1,080	671	137	250	66
1980	2,061	1,257	804	154	228	80
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	1,969	1,208	760	124	163	78
1983	1,961	1,215	746	85	143	80
1984	1,993	1,241	752	83	140	76
1985	2,039	1,267	772	84	140	76
1986	2,096	1,301	795	82	136	74
1987	2,154	1,338	816	79	132	74
1988	2,194	1,353	841	77	125	71
1989	2,262	1,390	872	75	120	67
1990	2,370	1,448	922	75	118	63
1991	2,523	1,529	994	76	119	61
1992	2,738	1,643	1,094	78	125	61
1993	2,935	1,743	1,192	78	127	59
1994	3,121	1,830	1,292	76	128	57
1995	3,305	1,909	1,396	75	124	55
1996	3,473	1,973	1,500	61	104	53
1997	3,593	2,006	1,588	57	91	53
1998	3,769	2,074	1,695	52	80	53
1999	3,924	2,131	1,793	49	72	52
2000	4,080	2,191	1,890	45	65	50
2001	4,260	2,289	1,970	68	92	57
2002	4,487	2,392	2,095	64	86	56
2003	4,769	2,525	2,244	57	82	60
2004	5,068	2,665	2,403	55	78	65
2005	5,357	2,797	2,561	53	74	73

(Continued)

Table 28.
Number and average monthly family benefit, by selected family composition, December 1960–2005, selected years—*Continued*

Year	Worker only			Worker, spouse, and—		Worker and aged spouse [a]
	All	Men	Women	1 child	2 or more children	
	Average monthly family benefit (dollars)					
1960	87.90	91.90	76.90	184.70	192.20	135.50
1965	95.40	100.70	85.00	201.00	216.30	145.90
1970	128.10	136.30	113.10	264.10	273.20	199.20
1975	218.90	240.00	185.00	441.00	454.00	344.00
1980	355.40	396.20	291.70	727.00	746.10	573.00
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	424.40	474.20	344.70	847.40	858.20	690.70
1983	439.40	490.90	355.40	867.90	881.80	716.20
1984	454.00	507.60	365.70	881.50	885.50	740.40
1985	466.90	523.10	374.60	898.10	895.20	765.00
1986	470.70	527.80	377.40	896.90	888.30	773.30
1987	491.60	552.00	392.60	929.40	918.30	815.50
1988	512.20	576.10	409.50	960.20	938.40	855.40
1989	539.30	607.10	431.20	1,009.40	971.90	903.70
1990	570.40	642.80	456.80	1,062.10	1,016.00	960.80
1991	592.30	668.40	475.50	1,098.00	1,043.30	1,004.70
1992	609.50	688.70	490.70	1,122.10	1,057.40	1,045.00
1993	625.50	707.20	506.00	1,143.00	1,074.20	1,078.20
1994	646.20	731.80	525.00	1,177.60	1,100.00	1,118.60
1995	667.60	757.40	544.80	1,205.50	1,130.90	1,159.90
1996	690.60	785.30	566.00	1,245.90	1,148.50	1,200.60
1997	708.00	806.60	583.60	1,280.20	1,165.90	1,238.50
1998	720.00	820.20	597.40	1,300.40	1,189.40	1,261.90
1999	741.20	844.50	618.50	1,344.90	1,224.20	1,295.30
2000	773.60	880.70	649.40	1,394.20	1,274.30	1,355.50
2001	807.40	914.40	683.10	1,413.50	1,298.50	1,393.50
2002	827.30	935.80	703.50	1,445.10	1,331.70	1,431.50
2003	854.80	965.90	729.70	1,495.80	1,373.30	1,486.80
2004	887.30	1,001.60	760.60	1,554.20	1,426.80	1,546.10
2005	930.80	1,049.40	801.30	1,627.90	1,497.50	1,632.50

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2001, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record (from 1960 to 1984, various sampling rates; from 1985 to 2000, 10 percent sample); beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A "family" means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account.

Data include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

-- = not available.

a. Spouse's entitlement based on age.

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Table 29.
Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly family benefit, by family composition, December 2005

Family composition	Number of families	Number of beneficiaries	Average primary insurance amount (dollars)	Average monthly family benefit (dollars)	Percentage of families receiving maximum family benefit [a]
Worker only					
Men	2,796,906	2,796,906	1,055.09	1,049.40	9.7
Women	2,560,575	2,560,575	802.09	801.30	21.3
Worker with children					
By sex of worker					
Men	614,832	1,570,183	1,025.52	1,458.20	82.2
Women	467,011	1,176,850	827.37	1,134.40	90.2
By number of children					
1 child	666,443	1,332,886	948.16	1,325.60	85.3
2 children	292,780	878,340	939.50	1,327.40	87.5
3 or more children	122,620	535,807	896.72	1,257.80	82.7
Worker with—					
Spouse aged 62 or older [b]	72,893	146,120	1,340.30	1,632.50	7.5
Spouse aged 62 or older and 1 or more children	2,477	7,951	1,218.70	1,936.60	69.5
Spouse and 1 child	50,796	152,476	1,073.73	1,615.60	92.2
Spouse and 2 children	44,184	176,794	1,036.87	1,537.00	90.4
Spouse and 3 or more children	29,325	162,057	989.33	1,431.40	81.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A "family" means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account.

Data include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

a. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

b. If the spouse is also entitled to a retired-worker benefit, only the benefit amount received as a spouse is included.

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Table 30.
Distribution, by family composition and age of worker, December 2005

Family composition	Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
					Number				
Worker only	5,357,481	165,735	137,906	206,115	385,966	656,223	958,602	1,337,824	1,509,110
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	75,370	0	5	21	63	386	1,706	8,709	64,480
Child in care	124,305	2,689	7,137	15,718	24,107	25,917	21,250	16,300	11,187
Children									
1 child	666,443	23,781	36,471	69,991	126,952	148,814	120,137	86,001	54,296
2 children	292,780	12,139	29,653	58,587	74,708	58,132	32,171	17,969	9,421
3 or more children	122,620	6,042	18,974	32,042	30,256	18,547	8,882	5,081	2,796
Families receiving maximum benefit [b]	1,861,744	136,449	136,629	218,490	314,358	323,527	270,054	242,618	219,619
					Percent				
Worker only	100.0	3.1	2.6	3.8	7.2	12.2	17.9	25.0	28.2
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	100.0	0	c	c	0.1	0.5	2.3	11.6	85.6
Child in care	100.0	2.2	5.7	12.6	19.4	20.8	17.1	13.1	9.0
Children									
1 child	100.0	3.6	5.5	10.5	19.0	22.3	18.0	12.9	8.1
2 children	100.0	4.1	10.1	20.0	25.5	19.9	11.0	6.1	3.2
3 or more children	100.0	4.9	15.5	26.1	24.7	15.1	7.2	4.1	2.3
Families receiving maximum benefit [b]	28.0	64.9	59.4	57.1	49.0	35.6	23.6	16.5	13.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A "family" means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account.

Data include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

FRA = full retirement age.

a. Includes spouses aged 62 or older with children.

b. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

c. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Beneficiaries Who Have Filed for Workers' Compensation or Public Disability Benefits

Note

In December 2005, approximately 590,000 disabled workers on the Social Security Disability Insurance program had filed for workers' compensation or public disability benefits. Disability payments from private sources, such as private pension or insurance benefits, do not affect Social Security disability benefits, but workers' compensation and other public disability benefits may reduce them. Workers' compensation is paid to a worker because of a job-related injury or illness. It may be paid by federal or state workers' compensation agencies or employers or by insurance companies on behalf of employers.

Other public disability benefits that may affect Social Security disability benefits are those paid by a federal, state, or local government for disabling medical conditions that are not job related. Examples are civil service disability benefits, military disability benefits, state temporary disability benefits, and state or local government retirement benefits that are based on disability. Persons who receive Social Security disability benefits and one of the following types of public benefits will not have their Social Security disability benefit reduced:

- Veterans Administration benefits;
- State and local government benefits, if Social Security taxes were deducted from earnings; or
- Supplemental Security Income.

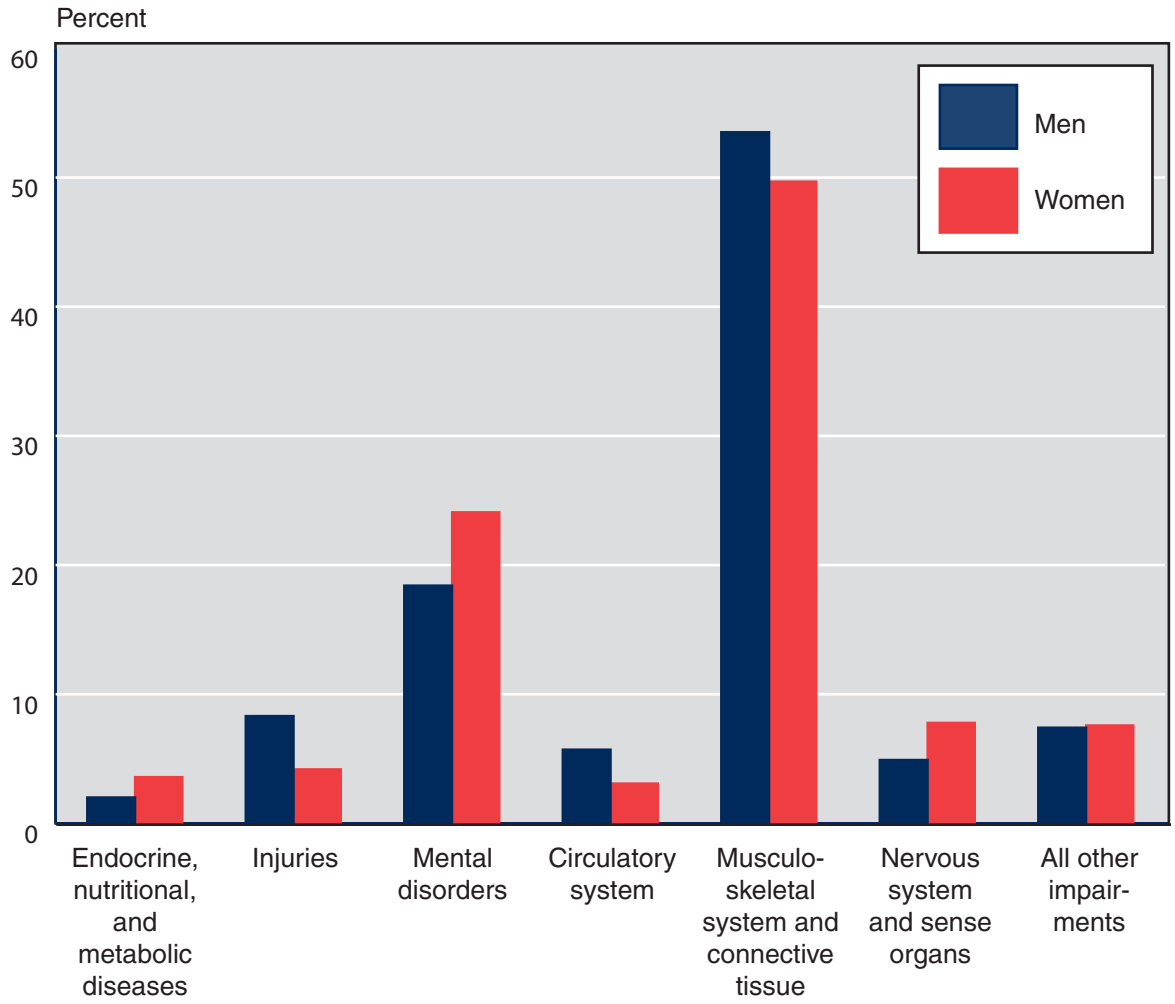
The total amount received from workers' compensation or other public disability benefits and Social Security disability benefits cannot exceed 80 percent of the worker's average current earnings before he or she became disabled. The monthly Social Security disability benefit includes benefits payable to family members. If the total amount of these benefits exceeds 80 percent of average current earnings, the excess amount is deducted from the Social Security benefit. The benefit will be reduced until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the other benefits stop, whichever comes first.

Example

Before becoming disabled, the worker's average current earnings were $4,000 a month. The disabled worker, his or her spouse, and their two children would be eligible to receive a total of $2,200 a month in Social Security disability benefits. However, the disabled worker also receives $2,000 a month from workers' compensation. Because the total amount of benefits received ($4,200) is more than $3,200 (80 percent of average current earnings), the family's Social Security disability benefits will be reduced by $1,000.

Chart 7.
Distribution of workers, by diagnostic group and sex, December 2005

Among DI beneficiaries who are also receiving workers' compensation or public disability benefits, a disease of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue was the primary diagnosis on which their receipt of DI benefits was based in December 2005. Mental disorders were the second leading condition, with women more likely than men to have that diagnosis. Men were more likely than women to have injuries or diseases of the circulatory system. Women were more likely than men to have endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases or diseases of the nervous system and sense organs. All other impairments were fairly evenly split between men and women.



SOURCE: Table 34.

Table 31.
Distribution of workers and nondisabled dependents who have filed, by reason for having or not having an offset, December 2005

Reason	Total		Workers		Spouses and children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled beneficiaries and nondisabled dependents	800,518	100.0	590,480	100.0	210,038	100.0
			With offset			
Receipt of—						
Workers' compensation only						
Black Lung	266	a	184	a	82	a
Harbor Workers and Longshoremen	1,144	0.1	793	0.1	351	0.2
Federal employees	3,304	0.4	2,448	0.4	856	0.4
State	166,330	20.8	108,558	18.4	57,772	27.5
Public disability only						
Federal	2,607	0.3	2,209	0.4	398	0.2
State	16,849	2.1	12,630	2.1	4,219	2.0
Local	742	0.1	563	0.1	179	0.1
Workers' compensation and—						
Federal public disability	26	a	26	a	0	0
State public disability	1,143	0.1	789	0.1	354	0.2
Local public disability	31	a	20	a	11	a
Social Security Disability Insurance	59,822	7.5	45,130	7.6	14,692	7.0
			Without offset			
High average current earnings	348,045	43.5	269,684	45.7	78,361	37.3
Entitlement to workers' compensation or public disability benefits is pending	200,209	25.0	147,446	25.0	52,763	25.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 32.
Distribution of workers and nondisabled dependents who have filed, by state or other area of residence, December 2005

State or area	Total		Workers		Spouses and children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All areas	800,518	100.0	590,480	100.0	210,038	100.0
Alabama	14,402	1.8	10,387	1.8	4,015	1.9
Alaska	787	0.1	594	0.1	193	0.1
Arizona	11,729	1.5	8,828	1.5	2,901	1.4
Arkansas	7,673	1.0	5,662	1.0	2,011	1.0
California	143,052	17.9	110,042	18.6	33,010	15.7
Colorado	10,921	1.4	8,238	1.4	2,683	1.3
Connecticut	5,958	0.7	4,343	0.7	1,615	0.8
Delaware	2,136	0.3	1,540	0.3	596	0.3
District of Columbia	371	a	309	0.1	62	a
Florida	44,373	5.5	33,217	5.6	11,156	5.3
Georgia	20,301	2.5	15,181	2.6	5,120	2.4
Hawaii	2,619	0.3	1,965	0.3	654	0.3
Idaho	2,710	0.3	2,037	0.3	673	0.3
Illinois	17,011	2.1	12,244	2.1	4,767	2.3
Indiana	5,752	0.7	4,221	0.7	1,531	0.7
Iowa	4,035	0.5	2,991	0.5	1,044	0.5
Kansas	3,532	0.4	2,701	0.5	831	0.4
Kentucky	24,766	3.1	17,786	3.0	6,980	3.3
Louisiana	13,752	1.7	9,005	1.5	4,747	2.3
Maine	6,048	0.8	4,505	0.8	1,543	0.7
Maryland	6,186	0.8	4,669	0.8	1,517	0.7
Massachusetts	16,076	2.0	11,579	2.0	4,497	2.1
Michigan	34,563	4.3	25,908	4.4	8,655	4.1
Minnesota	6,249	0.8	4,816	0.8	1,433	0.7
Mississippi	8,266	1.0	5,713	1.0	2,553	1.2
Missouri	13,733	1.7	10,127	1.7	3,606	1.7
Montana	3,446	0.4	2,688	0.5	758	0.4
Nebraska	2,466	0.3	1,824	0.3	642	0.3
Nevada	5,019	0.6	3,903	0.7	1,116	0.5
New Hampshire	3,875	0.5	2,716	0.5	1,159	0.6
New Jersey	20,792	2.6	15,139	2.6	5,653	2.7
New Mexico	4,389	0.5	3,239	0.5	1,150	0.5
New York	89,600	11.2	63,359	10.7	26,241	12.5
North Carolina	18,205	2.3	13,659	2.3	4,546	2.2
North Dakota	1,126	0.1	839	0.1	287	0.1
Ohio	20,169	2.5	15,326	2.6	4,843	2.3
Oklahoma	8,960	1.1	6,789	1.1	2,171	1.0
Oregon	6,390	0.8	5,010	0.8	1,380	0.7
Pennsylvania	36,534	4.6	26,135	4.4	10,399	5.0
Rhode Island	4,222	0.5	3,303	0.6	919	0.4

(Continued)

Table 32.
Distribution of workers and nondisabled dependents who have filed, by state or other area of residence, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Workers		Spouses and children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
South Carolina	11,381	1.4	8,321	1.4	3,060	1.5
South Dakota	1,075	0.1	765	0.1	310	0.1
Tennessee	12,823	1.6	9,690	1.6	3,133	1.5
Texas	23,020	2.9	16,511	2.8	6,509	3.1
Utah	2,252	0.3	1,607	0.3	645	0.3
Vermont	1,059	0.1	777	0.1	282	0.1
Virginia	13,385	1.7	9,657	1.6	3,728	1.8
Washington	11,293	1.4	8,926	1.5	2,367	1.1
West Virginia	12,913	1.6	9,533	1.6	3,380	1.6
Wisconsin	9,311	1.2	6,909	1.2	2,402	1.1
Wyoming	812	0.1	613	0.1	199	0.1
Outlying areas						
Puerto Rico	46,937	5.9	33,271	5.6	13,666	6.5
Other [b]	367	a	203	a	164	0.1
Foreign countries	1,696	0.2	1,160	0.2	536	0.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Distribution is by state or other area of residence, not by the state paying benefits.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and Virgin Islands.

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Table 33.
Distribution of workers who have filed, by diagnostic group and age, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Total, all ages	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64
				Number				
Total	590,480	12,928	23,301	51,949	84,689	117,309	154,506	145,798
Congenital anomalies	357	23	21	47	50	51	91	74
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	15,410	167	436	1,016	1,939	3,263	4,395	4,194
Infectious and parasitic diseases	5,453	133	378	940	1,140	1,160	1,061	641
Injuries	39,598	1,878	2,230	4,124	5,722	7,140	9,240	9,264
Mental disorders								
Retardation	7,263	269	545	1,053	1,414	1,510	1,459	1,013
Other	114,154	4,132	6,343	13,327	20,557	25,206	26,567	18,022
Neoplasms	6,764	249	229	501	901	1,288	1,868	1,728
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	483	30	29	57	87	91	108	81
Circulatory system	27,576	227	377	1,047	2,097	4,338	8,397	11,093
Digestive system	4,085	75	126	316	661	1,013	1,064	830
Genitourinary system	3,295	232	208	350	523	693	737	552
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	307,307	4,138	9,962	24,034	41,587	60,278	84,224	83,084
Nervous system and sense organs	35,469	1,065	1,729	3,571	5,152	6,974	8,919	8,059
Respiratory system	10,735	92	190	434	980	1,720	3,167	4,152
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	809	19	37	87	134	155	188	189
Other	635	23	33	54	90	128	178	129
Unknown	11,087	176	428	991	1,655	2,301	2,843	2,693
				Percent				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	a	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	2.6	1.3	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.8	2.8	2.9
Infectious and parasitic diseases	0.9	1.0	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.4
Injuries	6.7	14.5	9.6	7.9	6.8	6.1	6.0	6.4
Mental disorders								
Retardation	1.2	2.1	2.3	2.0	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.7
Other	19.3	32.0	27.2	25.7	24.3	21.5	17.2	12.4
Neoplasms	1.1	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Circulatory system	4.7	1.8	1.6	2.0	2.5	3.7	5.4	7.6
Digestive system	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.6
Genitourinary system	0.6	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	52.0	32.0	42.8	46.3	49.1	51.4	54.5	57.0
Nervous system and sense organs	6.0	8.2	7.4	6.9	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.5
Respiratory system	1.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.8
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Unknown	1.9	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 34.
Distribution of workers who have filed, by diagnostic group and sex, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Total		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled workers	590,480	100.0	363,428	100.0	227,052	100.0
Congenital anomalies	357	0.1	206	0.1	151	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	15,410	2.6	7,303	2.0	8,107	3.6
Infectious and parasitic diseases	5,453	0.9	4,445	1.2	1,008	0.4
Injuries	39,598	6.7	29,991	8.3	9,607	4.2
Mental disorders						
Retardation	7,263	1.2	5,647	1.6	1,616	0.7
Other	114,154	19.3	61,003	16.8	53,151	23.4
Neoplasms	6,764	1.1	3,677	1.0	3,087	1.4
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	483	0.1	246	0.1	237	0.1
Circulatory system	27,576	4.7	20,607	5.7	6,969	3.1
Digestive system	4,085	0.7	2,602	0.7	1,483	0.7
Genitourinary system	3,295	0.6	2,201	0.6	1,094	0.5
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	307,307	52.0	194,415	53.5	112,892	49.7
Nervous system and sense organs	35,469	6.0	17,816	4.9	17,653	7.8
Respiratory system	10,735	1.8	6,461	1.8	4,274	1.9
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	809	0.1	432	0.1	377	0.2
Other	635	0.1	300	0.1	335	0.1
Unknown	11,087	1.9	6,076	1.7	5,011	2.2

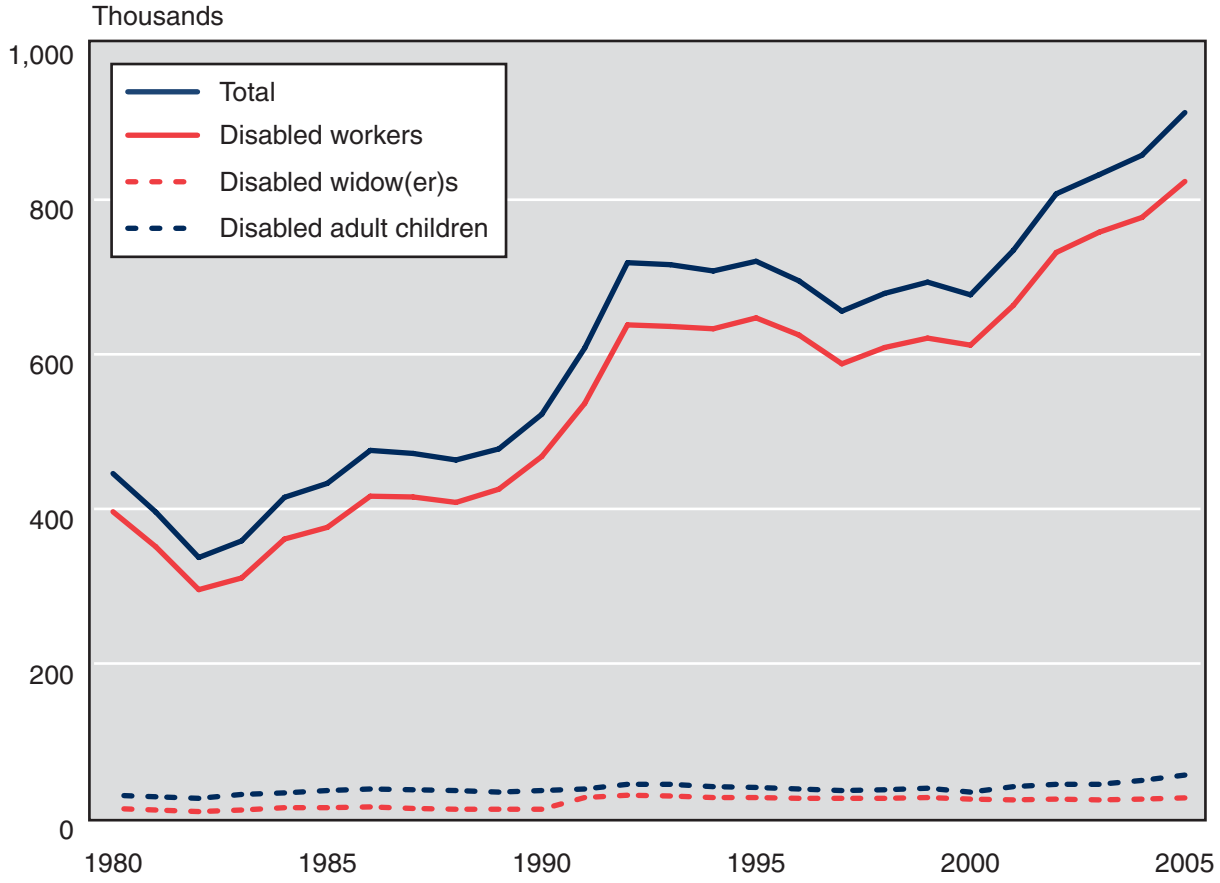
SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Benefits Awarded, Withheld, and Terminated

Chart 8.
Social Security disability awards, 1980–2005

The total number of awards decreased from 1980 through 1982, started to rise in 1983, and began to increase more rapidly in 1990. Awards for disabled-worker benefits have been most pronounced and drive the overall pattern shown in the total line. They increased from a low of 297,131 in 1982 to 636,637 in 1992, were relatively flat from 1992 through 2000, and started to increase again in 2001. There were 821,207 worker awards in 2005. Other awards have risen at a much slower rate. Awards to disabled adult children have gradually increased from 33,470 in 1980 to 58,898 in 2005. Awards to disabled widow(er)s have risen from just over 16,000 in 1980 to 29,576 in 2005.



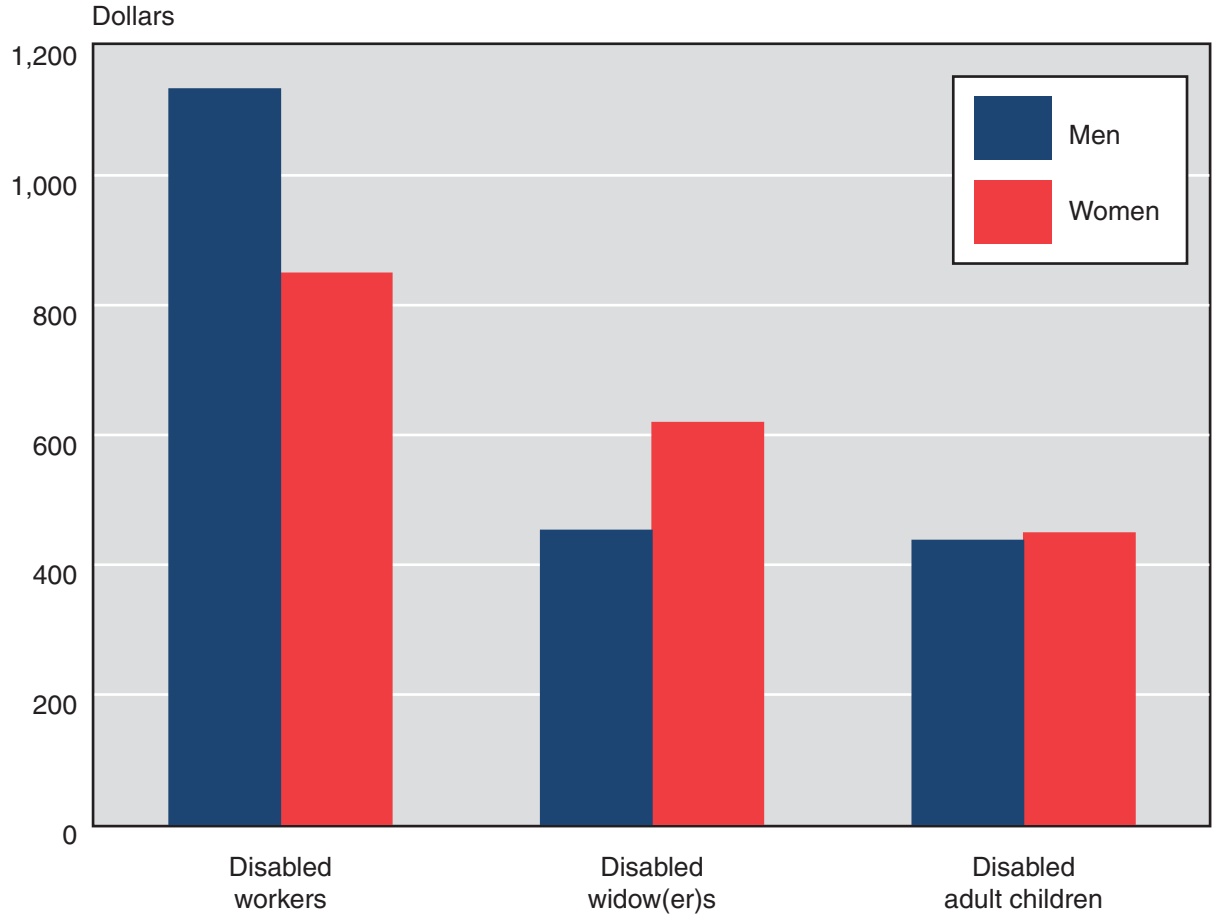
SOURCE: Table 35.

Chart 9.
Average monthly benefit awards, by sex, 2005

Average monthly benefits for new awards tend to be higher than those paid to beneficiaries who are already on the rolls (see Chart 5). The exception is payments to newly awarded adult children, whose benefits are lower than those paid to adult children who are already on the rolls.

The average monthly benefit awarded to disabled workers is higher than that awarded to disabled widow(er)s or disabled adult children. The reason for the difference is that disabled workers receive 100 percent of the primary insurance amount, compared with 71.5 percent for disabled widow(er)s and 50 percent for disabled adult children (if the worker is disabled or retired) or 75 percent (if the worker is deceased).

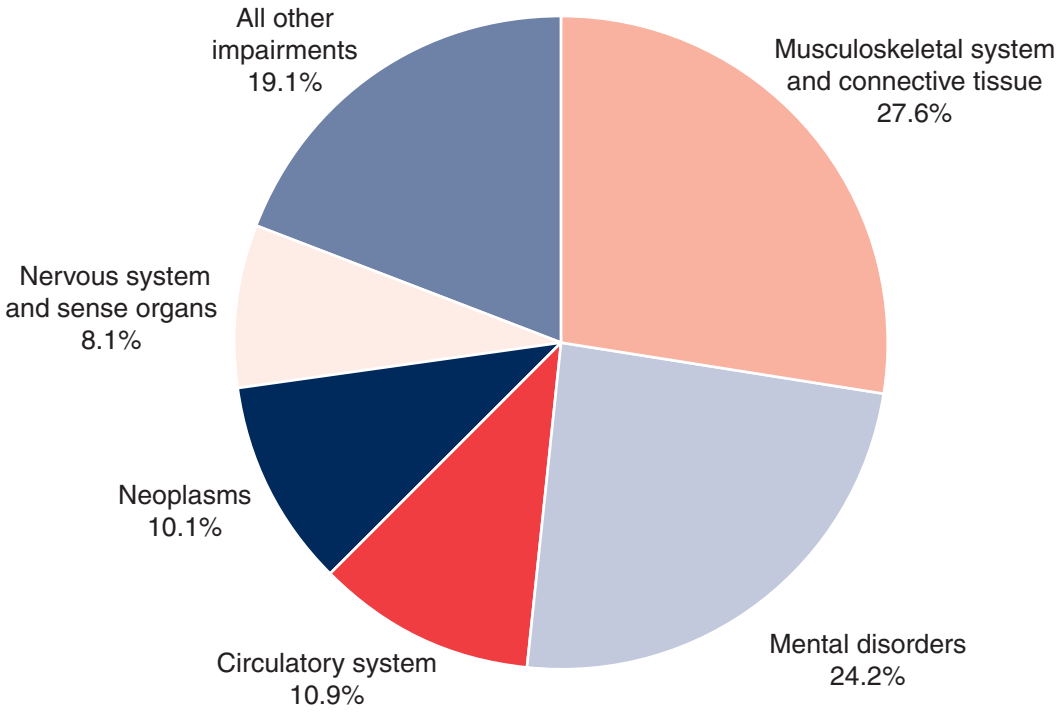
Because men have traditionally had higher earnings than women, their monthly benefit is higher. This is most obvious in the disabled-worker group. Benefits for disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children are dependents' benefits, so their monthly benefit is a function of the worker's earnings. Therefore, a disabled widow's average benefit tends to be higher than that of a disabled widower because a male worker's earnings are higher than a female worker's. Benefit amounts are about the same for men and women in the disabled adult children group.



SOURCE: Table 36.

Chart 10.
Disabled-worker awards, by selected diagnostic group, 2005

In 2005, 821,207 disabled workers were awarded benefits. The primary impairment group was diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue (27.6 percent), 24.2 percent had a mental disorder, 10.9 percent had circulatory problems, 10.1 percent had neoplasms, 8.1 percent had a disease of the nervous system and sense organs, and 19.1 percent had other impairments.



SOURCE: Table 37.

Table 35.
Number, selected years 1960–2005

Year	Total	Workers and nondisabled dependents				Widow(er)s	Adult children of—		
		Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19		Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
1960	388,861	207,805	54,187	102,516	. . .	. . .	1,794	12,740	9,819
1965	538,983	253,499	69,183	175,109	19,794	. . .	2,713	10,017	8,668
1970	799,616	350,384	96,304	241,627	71,145	15,609	3,774	11,348	9,425
1975	1,305,345	592,049	148,741	391,284	117,043	23,521	6,889	14,636	11,182
1980	933,597	396,559	108,500	235,079	143,935	16,054	6,194	16,650	10,626
1981	826,340	351,847	95,575	199,829	134,390	14,154	5,435	15,365	9,745
1982	672,333	297,131	77,835	153,205	103,015	12,440	4,250	14,772	9,685
1983	661,467	311,549	80,079	152,954	68,834	14,412	5,107	17,309	11,223
1984	730,135	361,998	81,834	172,721	59,990	17,165	5,541	18,330	12,556
1985	763,363	377,371	83,511	190,204	56,108	17,086	6,713	19,661	12,709
1986	809,424	416,865	82,435	198,192	52,989	18,418	6,986	20,295	13,244
1987	799,180	415,848	77,316	195,030	54,925	16,396	6,787	20,761	12,117
1988	795,690	409,490	73,790	196,655	61,725	15,328	6,646	20,544	11,512
1989	801,893	425,582	69,113	197,950	57,079	15,168	6,358	19,668	10,975
1990	868,793	467,977	69,667	218,059	58,894	15,424	6,633	20,862	11,277
1991	990,500	536,434	72,754	250,287	60,349	29,590	7,552	21,850	11,684
1992	1,167,001	636,637	78,083	306,002	66,035	33,235	9,548	23,615	13,846
1993	1,177,268	635,238	74,605	317,263	71,081	31,835	10,254	23,173	13,819
1994	1,177,236	631,870	69,549	327,067	74,364	29,903	9,774	22,119	12,590
1995	1,173,317	645,832	63,097	315,587	75,929	29,597	9,779	21,566	11,930
1996	1,139,054	624,335	57,528	311,228	76,769	28,611	9,353	20,169	11,061
1997	1,059,556	587,417	50,818	278,040	76,034	28,546	8,474	19,611	10,616
1998	1,087,352	608,131	47,550	279,764	82,567	29,399	9,095	19,932	10,914
1999	1,106,343	620,488	46,164	283,768	84,525	29,650	9,851	20,467	11,430
2000	1,051,900	610,700	38,500	263,200	74,600	27,600	7,000	21,100	9,200
2001	1,118,300	661,900	41,100	268,800	75,700	26,500	9,800	22,300	12,200
2002	1,219,670	730,383	43,301	293,131	77,927	28,339	8,507	22,798	15,284
2003	1,259,672	755,706	44,638	302,756	82,447	27,324	9,740	21,836	15,225
2004	1,311,031	775,244	45,649	313,640	96,871	27,744	13,301	22,127	16,455
2005	1,402,509	821,207	49,917	338,506	104,405	29,576	15,334	25,591	17,973

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

. . . = not applicable.

CONTACT: Glenda Carter (410) 965-7794 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 36.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, 2005

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
			Workers			
Total	821,207	1,001.50	440,008	1,133.30	381,199	849.30
Under 25	22,775	505.90	13,358	511.30	9,417	498.30
25–29	29,815	682.50	15,605	702.00	14,210	661.20
30–34	38,137	778.60	19,064	812.00	19,073	745.10
35–39	54,268	842.00	27,512	897.80	26,756	784.60
40–44	83,419	902.40	42,525	983.50	40,894	818.00
45–49	110,401	971.80	56,851	1,086.20	53,550	850.50
50–54	151,250	1,044.40	78,932	1,188.40	72,318	887.30
55–59	189,592	1,119.60	104,396	1,291.50	85,196	908.90
60 or older	141,550	1,146.90	81,765	1,326.90	59,785	900.80
			Spouses of disabled workers			
Total	49,917	257.00	2,488	181.60	47,429	260.90
Entitlement based on care of children	18,287	186.30	918	141.80	17,369	188.60
Under 30	2,368	122.60	62	78.50	2,306	123.80
30–34	2,741	139.40	115	118.70	2,626	140.30
35–39	3,588	164.60	164	135.00	3,424	166.10
40–44	3,952	198.20	212	147.20	3,740	201.10
45–49	3,002	228.20	163	139.30	2,839	233.30
50–54	1,629	244.90	115	185.20	1,514	249.40
55–FRA	1,007	274.10	87	164.60	920	284.40
Entitlement based on age	31,630	297.80	1,570	204.80	30,060	302.70
62–64	26,664	293.00	732	180.30	25,932	296.20
65 or older	4,966	323.70	838	226.20	4,128	343.50
			Children of disabled workers			
Total	458,245	265.00	238,416	267.10	219,829	262.60
Under age 18	338,506	233.40	172,255	233.00	166,251	233.80
Under 5	58,247	188.90	29,670	189.00	28,577	188.70
5–9	74,167	201.50	37,748	201.30	36,419	201.70
10–14	109,753	233.30	56,032	233.00	53,721	233.60
15–17	96,339	284.90	48,805	284.20	47,534	285.60
Students aged 18–19	104,405	361.10	57,145	364.10	47,260	357.50
Disabled aged 18 or older	15,334	308.50	9,016	305.30	6,318	313.00
			Widow(er)s			
Total	29,576	609.70	1,679	453.10	27,897	619.20
50–54	11,319	605.20	611	448.90	10,708	614.20
55–59	15,541	617.00	888	452.50	14,653	627.00
60 or older	2,716	586.90	180	470.00	2,536	595.10

(Continued)

Table 36.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, 2005—*Continued*

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
			Adult children			
Total	58,898	442.40	34,099	437.60	24,799	449.00
Children of—						
Disabled workers	15,334	308.50	9,016	305.30	6,318	313.00
Retired workers	25,591	419.60	14,563	414.90	11,028	425.80
Deceased workers	17,973	589.10	10,520	582.30	7,453	598.70
Under 25	24,532	449.00	14,492	448.30	10,040	450.00
25–29	7,710	454.00	4,498	452.50	3,212	455.90
30–34	8,148	454.60	4,628	443.10	3,520	469.70
35–39	8,572	441.80	4,893	431.80	3,679	455.10
40–44	6,405	413.10	3,636	405.20	2,769	423.40
45–49	2,135	370.90	1,220	358.00	915	388.20
50–54	791	434.20	396	442.00	395	426.40
55–59	358	437.00	205	413.80	153	468.10
60–64	155	420.50	86	401.00	69	444.80
65 or older	92	531.30	45	473.70	47	586.60

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

FRA = full retirement age.

a. Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

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Table 37.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, 2005

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	909,681	100.0	821,207	100.0	29,576	100.0	58,898	100.0
Congenital anomalies	2,473	0.3	1,214	0.1	39	0.1	1,220	2.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	29,389	3.2	26,969	3.3	1,996	6.7	424	0.7
Infectious and parasitic diseases	10,967	1.2	10,534	1.3	258	0.9	175	0.3
Injuries	33,022	3.6	31,019	3.8	714	2.4	1,289	2.2
Mental disorders								
Retardation	49,267	5.4	21,165	2.6	1,077	3.6	27,025	45.9
Other	201,109	22.1	177,384	21.6	6,802	23.0	16,923	28.7
Neoplasms	84,839	9.3	83,303	10.1	1,180	4.0	356	0.6
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	2,860	0.3	2,501	0.3	53	0.2	306	0.5
Circulatory system	92,548	10.2	89,247	10.9	2,908	9.8	393	0.7
Digestive system	19,639	2.2	19,094	2.3	442	1.5	103	0.2
Genitourinary system	18,999	2.1	18,317	2.2	375	1.3	307	0.5
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	236,689	26.0	226,914	27.6	9,034	30.5	741	1.3
Nervous system and sense organs	76,189	8.4	66,712	8.1	2,107	7.1	7,370	12.5
Respiratory system	35,773	3.9	33,998	4.1	1,622	5.5	153	0.3
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,894	0.2	1,783	0.2	69	0.2	42	0.1
Other	2,224	0.2	1,989	0.2	38	0.1	197	0.3
Unknown	11,800	1.3	9,064	1.1	862	2.9	1,874	3.2
				Men				
Subtotal	475,786	100.0	440,008	100.0	1,679	100.0	34,099	100.0
Congenital anomalies	1,254	0.3	631	0.1	a	a	a	a
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	14,635	3.1	14,343	3.3	86	5.1	206	0.6
Infectious and parasitic diseases	7,585	1.6	7,456	1.7	28	1.7	101	0.3
Injuries	21,420	4.5	20,459	4.6	65	3.9	896	2.6
Mental disorders								
Retardation	27,919	5.9	12,895	2.9	62	3.7	14,962	43.9
Other	95,867	20.1	84,678	19.2	334	19.9	10,855	31.8
Neoplasms	43,885	9.2	43,614	9.9	59	3.5	212	0.6
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,310	0.3	1,147	0.3	a	a	a	a
Circulatory system	61,551	12.9	61,087	13.9	258	15.4	206	0.6
Digestive system	11,892	2.5	11,798	2.7	41	2.4	53	0.2
Genitourinary system	11,284	2.4	11,081	2.5	34	2.0	169	0.5
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	114,172	24.0	113,391	25.8	462	27.5	319	0.9
Nervous system and sense organs	37,926	8.0	33,746	7.7	116	6.9	4,064	11.9
Respiratory system	17,683	3.7	17,538	4.0	75	4.5	70	0.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	861	0.2	843	0.2	a	a	a	a
Other	1,005	0.2	885	0.2	a	a	a	a
Unknown	5,537	1.2	4,416	1.0	50	3.0	1,071	3.1

(Continued)

Table 37.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, 2005—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				Women				
Subtotal	433,895	100.0	381,199	100.0	27,897	100.0	24,799	100.0
Congenital anomalies	1,219	0.3	583	0.2	a	a	a	a
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	14,754	3.4	12,626	3.3	1,910	6.8	218	0.9
Infectious and parasitic diseases	3,382	0.8	3,078	0.8	230	0.8	74	0.3
Injuries	11,602	2.7	10,560	2.8	649	2.3	393	1.6
Mental disorders								
Retardation	21,348	4.9	8,270	2.2	1,015	3.6	12,063	48.6
Other	105,242	24.3	92,706	24.3	6,468	23.2	6,068	24.5
Neoplasms	40,954	9.4	39,689	10.4	1,121	4.0	144	0.6
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,550	0.4	1,354	0.4	a	a	a	a
Circulatory system	30,997	7.1	28,160	7.4	2,650	9.5	187	0.8
Digestive system	7,747	1.8	7,296	1.9	401	1.4	50	0.2
Genitourinary system	7,715	1.8	7,236	1.9	341	1.2	138	0.6
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	122,517	28.2	113,523	29.8	8,572	30.7	422	1.7
Nervous system and sense organs	38,263	8.8	32,966	8.6	1,991	7.1	3,306	13.3
Respiratory system	18,090	4.2	16,460	4.3	1,547	5.5	83	0.3
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,033	0.2	940	0.2	a	a	a	a
Other	1,219	0.3	1,104	0.3	a	a	a	a
Unknown	6,263	1.4	4,648	1.2	812	2.9	803	3.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 38.
Distribution and average monthly benefit, by state or other area, 2005

State or area	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
All areas	821,207	100.0	1,001.50	29,576	100.0	609.70	58,898	100.0	442.40
Alabama	21,396	2.6	984.20	993	3.4	570.20	1,265	2.1	415.90
Alaska	1,330	0.2	1,001.30	31	0.1	713.80	80	0.1	438.20
Arizona	14,732	1.8	1,022.00	417	1.4	629.70	907	1.5	454.80
Arkansas	13,260	1.6	943.00	578	2.0	569.10	832	1.4	387.00
California	76,443	9.3	945.70	2,183	7.4	660.30	5,364	9.1	469.40
Colorado	8,786	1.1	1,033.90	212	0.7	626.40	525	0.9	456.00
Connecticut	7,741	0.9	1,074.50	222	0.8	640.30	627	1.1	450.00
Delaware	2,625	0.3	1,063.40	76	0.3	605.00	131	0.2	561.20
District of Columbia	1,308	0.2	874.50	29	0.1	615.20	89	0.2	411.90
Florida	46,783	5.7	1,006.50	1,620	5.5	584.50	2,784	4.7	450.20
Georgia	22,184	2.7	1,008.60	1,008	3.4	548.00	1,456	2.5	437.20
Hawaii	2,470	0.3	1,023.60	83	0.3	657.90	211	0.4	453.70
Idaho	3,761	0.5	955.10	110	0.4	641.20	298	0.5	449.80
Illinois	28,712	3.5	1,049.50	972	3.3	644.80	2,220	3.8	460.40
Indiana	17,974	2.2	1,035.10	611	2.1	630.10	1,441	2.4	440.70
Iowa	7,193	0.9	983.20	228	0.8	569.90	766	1.3	380.20
Kansas	6,720	0.8	1,017.50	208	0.7	601.00	571	1.0	395.80
Kentucky	17,062	2.1	972.50	862	2.9	624.00	1,216	2.1	419.80
Louisiana	15,300	1.9	952.90	806	2.7	643.90	1,380	2.3	429.00
Maine	4,899	0.6	945.50	152	0.5	628.60	390	0.7	378.90
Maryland	13,089	1.6	1,038.90	355	1.2	610.70	722	1.2	514.80
Massachusetts	18,779	2.3	1,000.10	483	1.6	635.80	1,584	2.7	418.60
Michigan	30,370	3.7	1,063.80	1,055	3.6	681.80	2,350	4.0	491.60
Minnesota	11,228	1.4	1,014.70	236	0.8	604.20	997	1.7	413.50
Mississippi	12,309	1.5	945.60	664	2.2	566.70	934	1.6	386.70
Missouri	19,541	2.4	986.20	798	2.7	552.50	1,546	2.6	385.00
Montana	2,279	0.3	963.80	80	0.3	652.30	201	0.3	412.80
Nebraska	4,162	0.5	972.20	120	0.4	567.80	416	0.7	377.30
Nevada	5,286	0.6	1,060.40	174	0.6	629.00	242	0.4	504.60
New Hampshire	4,487	0.5	997.30	89	0.3	641.80	291	0.5	439.40
New Jersey	21,386	2.6	1,121.60	628	2.1	652.40	1,621	2.8	487.60
New Mexico	6,483	0.8	915.90	189	0.6	644.20	374	0.6	405.10
New York	52,579	6.4	1,058.20	1,609	5.4	626.20	3,988	6.8	466.40
North Carolina	28,220	3.4	1,008.20	1,142	3.9	517.90	1,950	3.3	421.20
North Dakota	1,313	0.2	925.90	35	0.1	521.20	128	0.2	389.50
Ohio	30,806	3.8	983.80	1,226	4.1	665.70	2,383	4.0	449.20
Oklahoma	12,815	1.6	957.50	510	1.7	582.20	884	1.5	440.60
Oregon	8,929	1.1	1,020.50	301	1.0	627.50	640	1.1	474.20
Pennsylvania	38,647	4.7	1,009.40	1,354	4.6	640.90	2,814	4.8	456.50
Rhode Island	3,469	0.4	962.80	113	0.4	594.90	299	0.5	385.70

(Continued)

Table 38.
Distribution and average monthly benefit, by state or other area, 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
South Carolina	14,591	1.8	1,015.40	684	2.3	530.60	926	1.6	459.70
South Dakota	1,622	0.2	922.10	50	0.2	537.50	168	0.3	348.10
Tennessee	20,623	2.5	988.80	1,071	3.6	545.20	1,289	2.2	431.40
Texas	57,658	7.0	968.20	2,178	7.4	610.90	3,294	5.6	443.30
Utah	4,356	0.5	1,001.40	123	0.4	627.40	347	0.6	437.50
Vermont	1,949	0.2	927.80	53	0.2	528.70	161	0.3	416.30
Virginia	21,726	2.6	1,018.70	806	2.7	607.70	1,340	2.3	457.90
Washington	16,924	2.1	1,034.00	497	1.7	681.60	1,183	2.0	478.10
West Virginia	8,498	1.0	1,015.20	510	1.7	675.30	608	1.0	429.00
Wisconsin	13,645	1.7	1,036.60	349	1.2	582.40	1,407	2.4	419.90
Wyoming	1,191	0.1	980.60	32	0.1	694.30	86	0.1	393.30
Outlying areas									
Puerto Rico	10,053	1.2	869.00	533	1.8	516.40	928	1.6	336.90
Other [b]	1,515	0.2	799.30	128	0.4	558.10	244	0.4	345.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

a. Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 39.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, selected years 1960–2005

Year	Number	Percentage distribution										Average age
		Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62 or older	
						All disabled workers [b]						
2000	610,700	100.0	6.4	4.9	8.4	11.5	13.1	18.1	21.3	8.7	7.6	48.9
2001	661,900	100.0	7.8	5.3	8.0	10.8	12.9	18.0	21.6	8.5	7.0	48.6
2002	730,383	100.0	7.6	5.0	7.5	10.8	13.3	18.0	22.1	8.6	7.1	48.7
2003	755,706	100.0	6.9	5.0	7.2	10.6	13.4	18.1	22.5	9.0	7.3	49.0
2004	775,244	100.0	6.7	4.9	6.9	10.4	13.4	18.1	22.7	8.9	8.1	49.3
2005	821,207	100.0	6.4	4.6	6.6	10.2	13.4	18.4	23.1	8.4	8.9	49.5
						Men						
1960	168,466	100.0	0.8	a	7.0	6.5	10.5	16.7	20.0	11.8	21.3	54.5
1965	186,808	100.0	1.8	a	8.2	7.9	11.1	17.1	25.7	14.0	13.0	53.0
1970	258,072	100.0	6.7	a	7.6	6.5	10.1	14.7	23.5	12.3	16.1	52.1
1975	408,531	100.0	7.7	a	8.6	6.2	9.5	15.7	23.1	12.1	14.6	51.5
1980	275,185	100.0	8.3	a	9.7	6.0	8.4	14.7	24.6	12.3	14.2	51.2
1981	244,984	100.0	8.6	a	10.2	6.2	8.4	14.5	24.3	13.0	13.1	50.8
1982	207,453	100.0	8.4	a	10.4	6.3	8.4	14.1	24.6	12.9	13.6	50.9
1983	217,422	100.0	9.5	a	11.7	6.6	8.4	13.6	23.4	12.2	13.3	50.2
1984	247,833	100.0	9.2	a	12.8	7.1	8.7	13.4	22.6	12.2	12.7	50.0
1985	274,400	100.0	8.7	a	13.3	7.0	9.9	14.6	23.1	12.4	10.6	50.1
1986	273,700	100.0	10.7	a	15.3	8.1	9.4	14.3	21.3	11.1	9.5	48.7
1987	265,900	100.0	9.4	a	16.0	8.6	9.3	13.9	20.8	10.9	11.0	49.0
1988	265,700	100.0	8.4	a	16.0	9.7	9.0	14.6	21.3	10.5	10.2	49.2
1989	268,600	100.0	8.7	a	16.0	9.5	10.2	14.2	20.6	9.7	10.8	49.0
1990	293,300	100.0	10.9	a	16.9	9.4	9.5	13.5	20.5	10.3	8.8	48.1
1991	322,700	100.0	9.5	a	17.7	10.6	11.0	14.1	18.4	9.4	9.1	47.9
1992	395,600	100.0	9.5	a	18.5	10.8	11.0	13.0	18.6	9.8	8.7	47.8
1993	391,800	100.0	9.2	a	18.9	10.1	11.7	14.7	18.8	8.6	7.8	47.7
1994	379,300	100.0	6.8	a	18.4	10.8	12.7	15.4	19.3	9.0	7.6	48.4
1995	368,400	100.0	7.2	a	16.3	10.7	11.5	15.7	20.4	8.9	9.1	48.9
1996	347,100	100.0	6.9	7.2	9.0	10.8	13.2	16.2	19.9	9.3	7.5	48.3
1997	311,100	100.0	6.3	5.6	8.9	10.8	13.5	16.1	21.6	8.8	8.2	48.8
1998	331,400	100.0	6.3	6.2	8.1	11.1	12.4	18.3	21.6	8.1	7.8	48.8
1999	338,900	100.0	6.2	5.2	7.6	11.4	12.4	18.2	21.7	8.8	8.0	49.1
2000	328,700	100.0	6.8	4.6	8.3	10.7	12.7	17.6	21.1	9.1	8.9	49.1
2001	360,000	100.0	7.5	4.8	7.9	10.0	12.2	17.5	22.7	9.2	8.0	49.1
2002	394,741	100.0	7.9	4.7	7.1	10.2	12.6	17.6	22.9	9.3	7.8	49.0
2003	408,516	100.0	7.0	4.7	6.8	10.0	12.7	17.8	23.2	9.7	8.0	49.4
2004	416,560	100.0	6.8	4.6	6.5	9.8	12.8	17.7	23.4	9.6	8.9	49.6
2005	440,008	100.0	6.6	4.3	6.3	9.7	12.9	17.9	23.7	8.9	9.6	49.8

(Continued)

Table 39.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, selected years 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Number	Percentage distribution										Average age
		Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62 or older	
						Women						
1960	39,339	100.0	0.7	a	8.1	8.0	13.3	21.9	24.6	12.4	10.1	52.5
1965	66,691	100.0	1.1	a	6.5	7.4	11.7	19.3	28.3	14.1	10.9	53.2
1970	92,312	100.0	4.2	a	6.3	6.1	11.0	17.5	27.2	13.0	12.9	52.8
1975	183,518	100.0	6.1	a	7.3	6.1	10.1	17.7	25.5	12.2	12.9	52.1
1980	121,374	100.0	7.4	a	9.7	6.4	9.3	16.3	25.5	11.7	12.2	51.1
1981	106,863	100.0	7.8	a	10.2	6.5	9.5	16.4	25.1	12.0	11.1	50.8
1982	89,678	100.0	8.0	a	10.9	6.8	9.5	15.6	24.9	11.7	11.4	50.5
1983	94,127	100.0	9.0	a	12.2	7.4	9.5	14.8	23.5	10.9	11.6	49.8
1984	114,165	100.0	8.3	a	13.2	7.9	9.7	14.9	22.8	10.9	11.7	49.7
1985	134,500	100.0	8.6	a	12.9	8.0	10.6	15.8	23.3	10.1	10.5	49.7
1986	135,700	100.0	9.0	a	15.5	10.4	10.5	14.8	21.3	9.6	8.6	48.8
1987	143,700	100.0	7.5	a	15.2	8.1	11.2	15.8	23.4	9.6	8.8	49.5
1988	147,000	100.0	8.5	a	14.0	8.8	10.9	16.1	23.5	10.5	7.4	49.3
1989	146,900	100.0	7.8	a	14.8	10.4	11.9	13.8	21.2	10.8	8.9	49.1
1990	168,500	100.0	8.5	a	16.3	9.8	13.1	14.2	22.3	8.9	6.5	48.4
1991	190,400	100.0	8.5	a	16.8	10.1	12.2	16.2	19.5	8.9	7.4	48.4
1992	241,300	100.0	8.6	a	17.7	12.0	12.4	15.6	17.6	8.4	7.5	47.7
1993	237,900	100.0	7.5	a	17.5	11.2	13.1	16.5	19.7	6.8	7.4	48.1
1994	234,000	100.0	7.4	a	16.9	11.1	12.9	17.0	20.8	7.3	6.4	48.2
1995	263,200	100.0	6.4	a	16.7	11.4	13.8	17.2	20.5	7.6	6.3	48.5
1996	256,900	100.0	5.3	6.2	8.9	11.3	14.0	19.0	21.2	8.3	5.8	48.7
1997	250,200	100.0	6.2	6.0	10.3	12.2	14.1	19.0	19.0	6.8	6.2	47.9
1998	271,900	100.0	5.4	5.9	9.0	12.2	14.5	19.1	20.4	7.6	5.7	48.5
1999	266,900	100.0	5.7	5.9	8.7	12.5	15.4	18.1	20.6	6.6	6.2	48.7
2000	282,000	100.0	5.8	5.2	8.6	12.3	13.5	18.7	21.6	8.1	6.1	48.7
2001	301,900	100.0	8.0	5.9	8.2	11.8	13.8	18.5	20.2	7.7	5.9	48.0
2002	335,642	100.0	7.3	5.3	8.0	11.4	14.2	18.5	21.2	7.7	6.3	48.3
2003	347,190	100.0	6.8	5.4	7.7	11.3	14.2	18.5	21.7	8.1	6.5	48.6
2004	358,684	100.0	6.6	5.3	7.3	11.0	14.0	18.6	21.9	8.2	7.2	48.9
2005	381,199	100.0	6.2	5.0	7.0	10.7	14.0	19.0	22.3	7.7	8.0	49.2

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Age in year of award from 1960 to 1984; age in month of award after 1984.

Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

a. Ages 30–34 were grouped with ages 35–39 before 1996.

b. Combined data for men and women are not available before 2000.

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Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2005

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1960	207,805	865	5,406	10,903	--	17,287	--	--	17,739
1961	279,758	1,637	7,070	15,153	--	26,864	--	--	23,103
1962	286,434	2,026	9,383	15,271	--	37,315	--	--	27,632
1963	224,229	1,646	7,563	10,859	6,496	24,526	--	--	25,042
1967	310,947	--	10,743	10,945	19,815	35,344	--	--	33,358
1968	330,783	2,670	11,359	10,360	25,319	41,894	--	--	36,560
1969	344,741	3,004	12,169	9,828	28,473	43,225	--	--	35,740
1970	350,384	3,597	13,141	8,760	28,231	38,406	--	--	36,095
1971	415,897	4,365	15,823	8,524	31,810	42,687	--	--	39,629
1972	455,438	4,033	17,352	8,627	31,728	45,253	--	--	43,667
1973	491,776	5,276	18,131	7,957	30,418	47,014	--	--	50,644
1975	592,049	6,576	23,176	7,579	32,341	67,213	--	--	59,852
1976	551,460	5,817	20,966	6,049	29,848	63,667	--	--	57,656
1977	568,874	6,681	21,725	5,807	31,942	70,825	--	--	59,833
1978	464,415	5,850	16,855	4,512	27,490	54,329	--	--	54,878
1981	351,847	3,118	14,768	2,596	20,868	36,318	--	--	56,410
1982	298,531	2,432	13,187	2,312	16,617	31,531	--	--	50,999
1983	311,490	2,827	14,904	6,730	15,646	50,633	--	--	52,379
1984	357,140	2,439	14,418	3,185	16,189	64,078	--	--	59,104
1985	377,371	2,480	16,976	2,985	16,558	68,610	--	--	55,120
1986	416,865	1,953	21,260	2,736	3,629	123,983	--	--	53,176
1987	415,848	787	21,114	4,676	20,889	81,241	--	--	55,339
1988	409,490	550	14,513	2,802	21,022	85,756	--	--	53,944
1989	425,582	534	14,279	3,773	21,531	88,500	--	--	60,352
1990	467,977	511	16,255	22,023	22,315	105,173	--	--	65,939
1991	536,434	575	19,931	28,245	24,129	126,184	--	--	69,244
1992	636,637	619	29,904	39,253	25,042	164,093	--	--	77,175
1993	635,238	543	30,862	37,450	23,206	166,045	--	--	80,266
1994	631,870	602	31,532	36,087	22,560	156,703	--	--	89,231
1995	645,645	722	33,370	27,993	27,566	147,900	16,681	131,219	64,401
1996	624,254	777	33,832	23,324	27,616	132,022	14,062	117,960	63,321
1997	587,700	654	33,807	15,327	25,930	122,901	12,888	110,013	62,279
1998	608,382	676	36,373	12,680	25,926	131,502	14,506	116,996	63,973
1999	620,559	645	36,975	11,743	25,925	138,980	16,608	122,372	65,681
2000	610,700	700	17,100	10,700	28,700	143,200	17,600	125,600	63,600
2001	661,900	d	19,500	11,200	25,400	168,600	22,500	146,100	62,000
2002	730,383	1,113	21,830	10,966	28,169	185,313	22,352	162,961	70,369
2003	755,706	1,152	23,407	10,879	28,612	191,679	19,338	172,341	70,942
2004	775,244	1,166	24,341	10,510	29,580	192,832	20,479	172,353	73,637
2005	821,207	1,214	26,969	10,534	31,019	198,549	21,165	177,384	83,303

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1960	442	55,855	3,575	1,077	17,124	32,105	16,489	463	89	28,386
1961	566	71,860	4,300	1,608	23,241	44,709	20,030	794	125	38,698
1962	739	82,015	5,922	2,040	33,751	45,261	23,408	1,177	494	--
1963	597	66,468	4,437	1,725	21,744	32,712	19,107	719	588	--
1967	--	81,507	7,627	--	41,090	38,278	24,646	--	7,594	--
1968	--	80,906	7,806	2,926	43,677	41,758	22,635	--	2,913	--
1969	--	105,760	8,719	2,717	47,357	21,967	23,265	--	2,517	--
1970	--	108,906	9,051	2,912	52,086	22,575	24,254	--	2,370	--
1971	1,043	131,854	11,629	3,501	66,558	26,442	30,103	1,667	262	--
1972	1,155	146,684	13,369	4,304	75,923	28,216	33,038	1,756	293	40
1973	1,347	158,202	14,614	4,810	85,431	31,139	34,656	1,854	283	--
1975	1,491	177,311	17,474	5,719	110,637	39,960	39,485	2,306	929	--
1976	2,039	165,182	15,194	4,907	105,907	36,156	35,210	2,532	330	--
1977	1,516	167,801	15,342	5,271	107,840	36,751	35,002	1,766	772	--
1978	1,236	134,634	12,407	4,719	86,921	29,314	28,005	2,017	1,248	--
1981	942	85,994	7,363	6,230	58,639	28,516	21,520	1,345	616	6,604
1982	808	74,242	6,067	3,165	48,985	26,886	19,766	998	536	--
1983	958	68,352	5,272	6,489	41,782	26,203	17,978	848	d	d
1984	904	70,891	5,895	3,441	45,826	28,201	18,891	983	776	21,919
1985	890	72,764	5,626	3,348	49,214	28,733	20,213	1,110	992	31,752
1986	1,186	73,226	6,262	3,099	54,560	30,328	23,449	1,075	--	16,943
1987	1,205	76,758	6,122	5,801	63,807	35,206	22,978	1,173	--	18,752
1988	1,419	72,224	6,388	7,131	68,623	34,443	23,073	785	16,817	--
1989	1,524	70,235	6,803	9,010	71,419	34,756	21,400	828	20,638	--
1990	1,734	73,585	7,431	10,294	74,501	37,737	22,158	866	7,455	--
1991	1,904	78,339	8,648	10,874	92,469	41,551	23,798	1,021	9,522	--
1992	2,277	89,818	9,872	12,763	96,895	46,952	27,264	1,070	13,640	--
1993	2,075	88,623	10,026	13,390	94,255	45,742	27,494	1,118	14,143	--
1994	2,066	86,645	10,520	15,531	84,705	47,820	30,958	1,116	15,794	--
1995	2,006	83,065	11,167	11,956	141,306	46,477	28,831	1,643	14,746	2,496
1996	1,836	81,209	11,530	12,206	142,776	45,960	27,983	1,588	18,274	2,590
1997	1,815	76,531	11,310	12,151	135,430	45,496	26,483	1,473	14,436	1,677
1998	1,801	76,698	12,413	13,118	141,847	47,517	27,148	1,466	13,744	1,500
1999	1,911	74,755	13,389	13,842	146,754	49,869	26,981	1,416	10,252	1,441
2000	1,500	75,400	12,700	14,900	153,600	50,100	26,200	1,700	9,300	1,300
2001	2,200	82,500	15,600	16,300	162,100	54,600	28,300	d	10,000	1,800
2002	2,491	85,252	15,976	16,412	186,923	62,519	30,591	1,609	1,866	8,984
2003	2,408	85,896	17,084	16,968	199,014	64,369	32,007	1,622	1,871	7,796
2004	2,479	85,449	18,045	16,869	210,315	64,566	32,562	1,709	1,909	9,275
2005	2,501	89,247	19,094	18,317	226,914	66,712	33,998	1,783	1,989	9,064

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Percent				
1960	100.0	0.4	2.6	5.2	--	8.3	--	--	8.5
1961	100.0	0.6	2.5	5.4	--	9.6	--	--	8.3
1962	100.0	0.7	3.3	5.3	--	13.0	--	--	9.6
1963	100.0	0.7	3.4	4.8	2.9	10.9	--	--	11.2
1967	100.0	--	3.5	3.5	6.4	11.4	--	--	10.7
1968	100.0	0.8	3.4	3.1	7.7	12.7	--	--	11.1
1969	100.0	0.9	3.5	2.9	8.3	12.5	--	--	10.4
1970	100.0	1.0	3.8	2.5	8.1	11.0	--	--	10.3
1971	100.0	1.0	3.8	2.0	7.6	10.3	--	--	9.5
1972	100.0	0.9	3.8	1.9	7.0	9.9	--	--	9.6
1973	100.0	1.1	3.7	1.6	6.2	9.6	--	--	10.3
1975	100.0	1.1	3.9	1.3	5.5	11.4	--	--	10.1
1976	100.0	1.1	3.8	1.1	5.4	11.5	--	--	10.5
1977	100.0	1.2	3.8	1.0	5.6	12.5	--	--	10.5
1978	100.0	1.3	3.6	1.0	5.9	11.7	--	--	11.8
1981	100.0	0.9	4.2	0.7	5.9	10.3	--	--	16.0
1982	100.0	0.8	4.4	0.8	5.6	10.6	--	--	17.1
1983	100.0	0.9	4.8	2.2	5.0	16.3	--	--	16.8
1984	100.0	0.7	4.0	0.9	4.5	17.9	--	--	16.5
1985	100.0	0.7	4.5	0.8	4.4	18.2	--	--	14.6
1986	100.0	0.5	5.1	0.7	0.9	29.7	--	--	12.8
1987	100.0	0.2	5.1	1.1	5.0	19.5	--	--	13.3
1988	100.0	0.1	3.5	0.7	5.1	20.9	--	--	13.2
1989	100.0	0.1	3.4	0.9	5.1	20.8	--	--	14.2
1990	100.0	0.1	3.5	4.7	4.8	22.5	--	--	14.1
1991	100.0	0.1	3.7	5.3	4.5	23.5	--	--	12.9
1992	100.0	0.1	4.7	6.2	3.9	25.8	--	--	12.1
1993	100.0	0.1	4.9	5.9	3.7	26.1	--	--	12.6
1994	100.0	0.1	5.0	5.7	3.6	24.8	--	--	14.1

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent					
1960	0.2	26.9	1.7	0.5	8.2	15.4	7.9	0.2	0	13.7
1961	0.2	25.7	1.5	0.6	8.3	16.0	7.2	0.3	0	13.8
1962	0.3	28.6	2.1	0.7	11.8	15.8	8.2	0.4	0.2	--
1963	0.3	29.6	2.0	0.8	9.7	14.6	8.5	0.3	0.3	--
1967	--	26.2	2.5	--	13.2	12.3	7.9	--	2.4	--
1968	--	24.5	2.4	0.9	13.2	12.6	6.8	--	0.9	--
1969	--	30.7	2.5	0.8	13.7	6.4	6.7	--	0.7	--
1970	--	31.1	2.6	0.8	14.9	6.4	6.9	--	0.7	--
1971	0.3	31.7	2.8	0.8	16.0	6.4	7.2	0.4	0.1	--
1972	0.3	32.2	2.9	0.9	16.7	6.2	7.3	0.4	0.1	e
1973	0.3	32.2	3.0	1.0	17.4	6.3	7.0	0.4	0.1	--
1975	0.3	29.9	3.0	1.0	18.7	6.7	6.7	0.4	0.2	--
1976	0.4	30.0	2.8	0.9	19.2	6.6	6.4	0.5	0.1	--
1977	0.3	29.5	2.7	0.9	19.0	6.5	6.2	0.3	0.1	--
1978	0.3	29.0	2.7	1.0	18.7	6.3	6.0	0.4	0.3	--
1981	0.3	24.4	2.1	1.8	16.7	8.1	6.1	0.4	0.2	1.9
1982	0.3	24.9	2.0	1.1	16.4	9.0	6.6	0.3	0.2	--
1983	0.3	21.9	1.7	2.1	13.4	8.4	5.8	0.3	d	d
1984	0.3	19.8	1.7	1.0	12.8	7.9	5.3	0.3	0.2	6.1
1985	0.2	19.3	1.5	0.9	13.0	7.6	5.4	0.3	0.3	8.4
1986	0.3	17.6	1.5	0.7	13.1	7.3	5.6	0.3	--	4.1
1987	0.3	18.5	1.5	1.4	15.3	8.5	5.5	0.3	--	4.5
1988	0.3	17.6	1.6	1.7	16.8	8.4	5.6	0.2	4.1	--
1989	0.4	16.5	1.6	2.1	16.8	8.2	5.0	0.2	4.8	--
1990	0.4	15.7	1.6	2.2	15.9	8.1	4.7	0.2	1.6	--
1991	0.4	14.6	1.6	2.0	17.2	7.7	4.4	0.2	1.8	--
1992	0.4	14.1	1.6	2.0	15.2	7.4	4.3	0.2	2.1	--
1993	0.3	14.0	1.6	2.1	14.8	7.2	4.3	0.2	2.2	--
1994	0.3	13.7	1.7	2.5	13.4	7.6	4.9	0.2	2.5	--

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
				Percent (cont.)					
1995	100.0	0.1	5.2	4.3	4.3	22.9	2.6	20.3	10.0
1996	100.0	0.1	5.4	3.7	4.4	21.1	2.3	18.9	10.1
1997	100.0	0.1	5.8	2.6	4.4	20.9	2.2	18.7	10.6
1998	100.0	0.1	6.0	2.1	4.3	21.6	2.4	19.2	10.5
1999	100.0	0.1	6.0	1.9	4.2	22.4	2.7	19.7	10.6
2000	100.0	0.1	2.8	1.8	4.7	23.4	2.9	20.6	10.4
2001	100.0	d	2.9	1.7	3.8	25.5	3.4	22.1	9.4
2002	100.0	0.2	3.0	1.5	3.9	25.4	3.1	22.3	9.6
2003	100.0	0.2	3.1	1.4	3.8	25.4	2.6	22.8	9.4
2004	100.0	0.2	3.1	1.4	3.8	24.8	2.6	22.2	9.5
2005	100.0	0.1	3.3	1.3	3.8	24.2	2.6	21.6	10.1

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent (cont.)					
1995	0.3	12.9	1.7	1.9	21.9	7.2	4.5	0.3	2.3	0.4
1996	0.3	13.0	1.8	2.0	22.9	7.4	4.5	0.3	2.9	0.4
1997	0.3	13.0	1.9	2.1	23.0	7.7	4.5	0.3	2.5	0.3
1998	0.3	12.6	2.0	2.2	23.3	7.8	4.5	0.2	2.3	0.2
1999	0.3	12.0	2.2	2.2	23.6	8.0	4.3	0.2	1.7	0.2
2000	0.2	12.3	2.1	2.4	25.2	8.2	4.3	0.3	1.5	0.2
2001	0.3	12.5	2.4	2.5	24.5	8.2	4.3	d	1.5	0.3
2002	0.3	11.7	2.2	2.2	25.6	8.6	4.2	0.2	0.3	1.2
2003	0.3	11.4	2.3	2.2	26.3	8.5	4.2	0.2	0.2	1.0
2004	0.3	11.0	2.3	2.2	27.1	8.3	4.2	0.2	0.2	1.2
2005	0.3	10.9	2.3	2.2	27.6	8.1	4.1	0.2	0.2	1.1

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Data from 1964 to 1966 are not available. Before 1995, diagnostic data for cases awarded at the appeals levels were estimated on the basis of the diagnosis of cases allowed at the initial disability determination level.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

-- = not available.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Mental retardation was not identified separately before 1995.

c. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

d. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

e. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1975	183,493	3,712	6,511	3,357	17,945	42,119	--	--	15,588
1981	123,090	1,945	5,188	1,209	13,327	24,633	--	--	15,017
1982	109,279	1,579	4,739	1,096	11,088	21,654	--	--	14,581
1983	120,606	1,429	5,630	3,759	10,036	35,331	--	--	14,827
1984	140,792	1,375	5,750	1,528	9,535	43,680	--	--	16,173
1985	158,152	1,438	7,534	1,510	10,357	49,313	--	--	16,857
1986	188,355	1,202	10,816	1,534	1,882	89,821	--	--	16,318
1987	184,481	498	12,405	3,262	13,064	58,970	--	--	17,595
1988	183,017	326	5,848	1,383	12,590	63,282	--	--	16,859
1989	189,708	311	6,088	2,497	12,761	64,093	--	--	19,298
1990	215,381	317	7,190	19,290	12,929	77,901	--	--	21,597
1991	255,448	384	8,949	24,838	13,892	94,345	--	--	23,162
1992	313,175	404	15,349	34,766	13,691	125,609	--	--	26,485
1993	312,619	350	15,550	33,072	12,690	126,586	--	--	27,841
1994	292,987	384	15,107	31,210	11,563	116,812	--	--	30,791
1995	308,624	472	14,963	23,736	15,325	108,516	13,731	94,785	22,367
1996	294,077	513	15,013	19,633	15,674	95,089	11,661	83,428	21,940
1997	265,019	435	14,667	12,361	14,401	85,486	10,679	74,807	21,245
1998	273,282	462	15,768	9,817	14,321	90,072	11,880	78,192	22,093
1999	259,680	370	15,426	8,667	13,399	86,642	9,341	77,301	21,960
2000	269,800	d	6,000	6,900	16,200	98,300	14,400	83,900	21,100
2001	296,800	d	7,300	8,900	12,900	118,700	20,200	98,500	20,600
2002	322,539	796	7,875	7,677	13,952	128,791	19,544	109,247	23,725
2003	325,723	857	7,944	7,559	13,716	130,964	16,605	114,359	23,381
2004	326,862	851	8,288	6,991	14,146	129,592	17,699	111,893	23,577
2005	338,815	877	8,909	6,892	14,806	132,116	18,193	113,923	26,130

(Continued)

Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1975	748	30,293	5,856	2,534	30,635	17,326	5,459	954	456	--
1981	516	15,278	3,000	3,314	21,076	14,478	3,189	687	d	d
1982	416	14,309	2,761	1,740	17,889	13,882	2,757	538	250	--
1983	457	13,589	2,292	2,540	14,158	13,456	2,434	486	d	d
1984	537	13,508	2,304	1,711	14,295	14,041	2,463	475	270	13,147
1985	472	13,650	2,756	1,791	15,060	14,724	2,771	485	--	19,434
1986	688	13,946	3,020	1,684	17,148	16,295	3,043	537	--	10,421
1987	739	16,518	2,764	3,005	20,519	19,057	3,535	659	--	11,891
1988	867	15,535	3,158	4,257	23,285	18,364	3,771	457	13,035	--
1989	946	14,224	3,311	5,364	22,628	18,896	3,464	404	15,424	--
1990	1,094	15,157	3,693	6,171	22,068	20,627	3,538	428	3,381	--
1991	1,218	16,559	4,403	6,437	29,444	22,795	4,073	524	4,425	--
1992	1,478	18,775	5,182	7,595	26,347	26,120	4,599	573	6,202	--
1993	1,342	19,040	5,328	7,812	26,920	24,901	4,664	593	5,930	--
1994	1,278	16,949	5,537	8,840	17,918	25,350	4,929	572	5,747	--
1995	1,250	17,490	6,036	6,705	51,664	24,814	5,705	899	6,859	1,823
1996	1,118	17,608	6,308	6,872	54,008	24,412	5,747	945	9,197	--
1997	1,053	16,333	6,029	6,724	48,741	23,479	5,286	826	6,565	1,388
1998	1,072	16,607	6,683	7,066	50,426	24,297	5,517	851	7,000	1,230
1999	1,031	15,065	7,022	7,172	49,302	23,386	4,783	783	4,383	289
2000	d	15,900	6,900	8,500	51,900	25,000	5,400	d	4,700	--
2001	d	16,900	7,600	9,900	50,400	29,900	5,200	d	4,600	1,000
2002	1,481	18,348	7,999	8,649	58,796	31,571	6,221	877	945	4,836
2003	1,405	18,479	8,178	8,738	60,594	31,514	6,663	848	920	3,963
2004	1,429	17,862	8,375	8,441	63,432	31,142	6,537	937	925	4,337
2005	1,418	18,951	8,280	8,966	67,128	31,498	6,659	955	936	4,294

(Continued)

Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Percent				
1975	100.0	2.0	3.5	1.8	9.8	23.0	--	--	8.5
1981	100.0	1.6	4.2	1.0	10.8	20.0	--	--	12.2
1982	100.0	1.4	4.3	1.0	10.1	19.8	--	--	13.3
1983	100.0	1.2	4.7	3.1	8.3	29.3	--	--	12.3
1984	100.0	1.0	4.1	1.1	6.8	31.0	--	--	11.5
1985	100.0	0.9	4.8	1.0	6.5	31.2	--	--	10.7
1986	100.0	0.6	5.7	0.8	1.0	47.7	--	--	8.7
1987	100.0	0.3	6.7	1.8	7.1	32.0	--	--	9.5
1988	100.0	0.2	3.2	0.8	6.9	34.6	--	--	9.2
1989	100.0	0.2	3.2	1.3	6.7	33.8	--	--	10.2
1990	100.0	0.1	3.3	9.0	6.0	36.2	--	--	10.0
1991	100.0	0.2	3.5	9.7	5.4	36.9	--	--	9.1
1992	100.0	0.1	4.9	11.1	4.4	40.1	--	--	8.5
1993	100.0	0.1	5.0	10.6	4.1	40.5	--	--	8.9
1994	100.0	0.1	5.2	10.7	3.9	39.9	--	--	10.5
1995	100.0	0.2	4.8	7.7	5.0	35.2	4.4	30.7	7.2
1996	100.0	0.2	5.1	6.7	5.3	32.3	4.0	28.4	7.5
1997	100.0	0.2	5.5	4.7	5.4	32.3	4.0	28.2	8.0
1998	100.0	0.2	5.8	3.6	5.2	33.0	4.3	28.6	8.1
1999	100.0	0.1	5.9	3.3	5.2	33.4	3.6	29.8	8.5
2000	100.0	d	2.2	2.6	6.0	36.5	5.4	31.2	7.8
2001	100.0	d	2.5	3.0	4.3	40.0	6.8	33.2	6.9
2002	100.0	0.2	2.4	2.4	4.3	39.9	6.1	33.9	7.4
2003	100.0	0.3	2.4	2.3	4.2	40.2	5.1	35.1	7.2
2004	100.0	0.3	2.5	2.1	4.3	39.6	5.4	34.2	7.2
2005	100.0	0.3	2.6	2.0	4.4	39.0	5.4	33.6	7.7

(Continued)

Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent					
1975	0.4	16.5	3.2	1.4	16.7	9.4	3.0	0.5	0.2	--
1981	0.4	12.4	2.4	2.7	17.1	11.8	2.6	0.6	d	d
1982	0.4	13.1	2.5	1.6	16.4	12.7	2.5	0.5	0.2	--
1983	0.4	11.3	1.9	2.1	11.7	11.2	2.0	0.4	d	d
1984	0.4	9.6	1.6	1.2	10.2	10.0	1.7	0.3	0.2	9.3
1985	0.3	8.6	1.7	1.1	9.5	9.3	1.8	0.3	--	12.3
1986	0.4	7.4	1.6	0.9	9.1	8.7	1.6	0.3	--	5.5
1987	0.4	9.0	1.5	1.6	11.1	10.3	1.9	0.4	--	6.4
1988	0.5	8.5	1.7	2.3	12.7	10.0	2.1	0.2	7.1	--
1989	0.5	7.5	1.7	2.8	11.9	10.0	1.8	0.2	8.1	--
1990	0.5	7.0	1.7	2.9	10.2	9.6	1.6	0.2	1.6	--
1991	0.5	6.5	1.7	2.5	11.5	8.9	1.6	0.2	1.7	--
1992	0.5	6.0	1.7	2.4	8.4	8.3	1.5	0.2	2.0	--
1993	0.4	6.1	1.7	2.5	8.6	8.0	1.5	0.2	1.9	--
1994	0.4	5.8	1.9	3.0	6.1	8.7	1.7	0.2	2.0	--
1995	0.4	5.7	2.0	2.2	16.7	8.0	1.8	0.3	2.2	0.6
1996	0.4	6.0	2.1	2.3	18.4	8.3	2.0	0.3	3.1	--
1997	0.4	6.2	2.3	2.5	18.4	8.9	2.0	0.3	2.5	0.5
1998	0.4	6.1	2.4	2.6	18.5	8.9	2.0	0.3	2.6	0.5
1999	0.4	5.8	2.7	2.8	19.0	9.0	1.8	0.3	1.7	0.1
2000	d	5.9	2.6	3.2	19.3	9.3	2.0	d	1.7	--
2001	d	5.7	2.6	3.3	17.0	10.1	1.8	d	1.6	0.3
2002	0.5	5.7	2.5	2.7	18.2	9.8	1.9	0.3	0.3	1.5
2003	0.4	5.7	2.5	2.7	18.6	9.7	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.2
2004	0.4	5.5	2.6	2.6	19.4	9.5	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.3
2005	0.4	5.6	2.4	2.6	19.8	9.3	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.3

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Before 1995, diagnostic data for cases awarded at the appeals levels were estimated on the basis of the diagnosis of cases allowed at the initial disability determination level.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

-- = not available.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Mental retardation was not identified separately before 1995.

c. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

d. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1975	408,556	2,864	16,665	4,222	14,396	25,094	--	--	44,264
1981	222,162	1,173	9,580	1,387	7,541	11,685	--	--	41,393
1982	189,252	853	8,448	1,216	5,529	9,877	--	--	36,418
1983	190,884	1,398	9,274	2,971	5,610	15,302	--	--	37,552
1984	216,348	1,064	8,668	1,657	6,654	20,398	--	--	42,931
1985	219,219	1,042	9,442	1,475	6,201	19,297	--	--	38,263
1986	228,510	751	10,444	1,202	1,747	34,162	--	--	36,858
1987	231,367	289	8,709	1,414	7,825	22,271	--	--	37,744
1988	226,473	224	8,665	1,419	8,432	22,474	--	--	37,085
1989	235,874	223	8,191	1,276	8,770	24,407	--	--	41,054
1990	252,596	194	9,065	2,733	9,386	27,272	--	--	44,342
1991	280,986	191	10,982	3,407	10,237	31,839	--	--	46,082
1992	323,462	215	14,555	4,487	11,351	38,484	--	--	50,690
1993	322,619	193	15,312	4,378	10,516	39,459	--	--	52,425
1994	338,833	218	16,425	4,877	10,997	39,891	--	--	58,440
1995	337,021	250	18,407	4,257	12,241	39,384	2,950	36,434	42,034
1996	330,177	264	18,819	3,691	11,942	36,933	2,401	34,532	41,381
1997	322,681	219	19,140	2,966	11,529	37,415	2,209	35,206	41,034
1998	335,100	214	20,605	2,863	11,605	41,430	2,626	38,804	41,880
1999	360,879	275	21,549	3,076	12,526	52,338	7,267	45,071	43,721
2000	340,900	d	11,100	3,800	12,500	44,900	3,200	41,700	42,500
2001	365,100	d	12,200	2,300	12,500	49,900	2,300	47,600	41,400
2002	407,844	317	13,955	3,289	14,217	56,522	2,808	53,714	46,644
2003	429,983	295	15,463	3,320	14,896	60,715	2,733	57,982	47,561
2004	448,382	315	16,053	3,519	15,434	63,240	2,780	60,460	50,060
2005	482,392	337	18,060	3,642	16,213	66,433	2,972	63,461	57,173

(Continued)

Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1975	743	147,018	11,618	3,185	80,002	22,634	34,026	1,352	473	--
1981	426	70,716	4,363	2,916	37,563	14,038	18,331	658	d	d
1982	392	59,933	3,306	1,425	31,096	13,004	17,009	460	287	--
1983	501	54,763	2,980	3,949	27,624	12,747	15,544	362	d	d
1984	367	57,383	3,591	1,730	31,531	14,160	16,428	508	506	8,772
1985	418	59,114	2,870	1,557	34,154	14,009	17,442	625	--	13,310
1986	498	59,280	3,242	1,415	37,412	14,033	20,406	538	--	6,522
1987	466	60,240	3,358	2,796	43,288	16,149	19,443	514	--	6,861
1988	552	56,689	3,230	2,874	45,338	16,079	19,302	328	3,782	--
1989	578	56,011	3,492	3,646	48,791	15,860	17,936	424	5,216	--
1990	640	58,428	3,738	4,123	52,433	17,110	18,620	438	4,074	--
1991	686	61,780	4,245	4,437	63,025	18,756	19,725	497	5,097	--
1992	799	71,043	4,690	5,168	70,548	20,832	22,665	497	7,438	--
1993	733	69,583	4,698	5,578	67,335	20,841	22,830	525	8,213	--
1994	788	69,696	4,983	6,691	66,787	22,470	26,029	544	10,047	--
1995	756	65,575	5,131	5,251	89,642	21,663	23,126	744	8,560	--
1996	718	63,601	5,222	5,334	88,768	21,548	22,236	643	9,077	--
1997	762	60,198	5,281	5,427	86,689	22,017	21,197	647	7,871	289
1998	729	60,091	5,730	6,052	91,421	23,200	21,631	615	6,744	290
1999	880	59,690	6,367	6,670	97,452	26,483	22,198	633	5,869	1,152
2000	d	59,500	5,800	6,400	101,700	25,100	20,800	d	4,600	600
2001	d	65,600	8,000	6,400	111,700	24,700	23,100	d	5,400	800
2002	1,010	66,904	7,977	7,763	128,127	30,948	24,370	732	921	4,148
2003	1,003	67,417	8,906	8,230	138,420	32,855	25,344	774	951	3,833
2004	1,050	67,587	9,670	8,428	146,883	33,424	26,025	772	984	4,938
2005	1,083	70,296	10,814	9,351	159,786	35,214	27,339	828	1,053	4,770

(Continued)

Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Percent				
1975	100.0	0.7	4.1	1.0	3.5	6.1	--	--	10.8
1981	100.0	0.5	4.3	0.6	3.4	5.3	--	--	18.6
1982	100.0	0.5	4.5	0.6	2.9	5.2	--	--	19.2
1983	100.0	0.7	4.9	1.6	2.9	8.0	--	--	19.7
1984	100.0	0.5	4.0	0.8	3.1	9.4	--	--	19.8
1985	100.0	0.5	4.3	0.7	2.8	8.8	--	--	17.5
1986	100.0	0.3	4.6	0.5	0.8	14.9	--	--	16.1
1987	100.0	0.1	3.8	0.6	3.4	9.6	--	--	16.3
1988	100.0	0.1	3.8	0.6	3.7	9.9	--	--	16.4
1989	100.0	0.1	3.5	0.5	3.7	10.3	--	--	17.4
1990	100.0	0.1	3.6	1.1	3.7	10.8	--	--	17.6
1991	100.0	0.1	3.9	1.2	3.6	11.3	--	--	16.4
1992	100.0	0.1	4.5	1.4	3.5	11.9	--	--	15.7
1993	100.0	0.1	4.7	1.4	3.3	12.2	--	--	16.2
1994	100.0	0.1	4.8	1.4	3.2	11.8	--	--	17.2
1995	100.0	0.1	5.5	1.3	3.6	11.7	0.9	10.8	12.5
1996	100.0	0.1	5.7	1.1	3.6	11.2	0.7	10.5	12.5
1997	100.0	0.1	5.9	0.9	3.6	11.6	0.7	10.9	12.7
1998	100.0	0.1	6.1	0.9	3.5	12.4	0.8	11.6	12.5
1999	100.0	0.1	6.0	0.9	3.5	14.5	2.0	12.5	12.1
2000	100.0	d	3.3	1.1	3.7	13.2	0.9	12.2	12.5
2001	100.0	d	3.3	0.6	3.4	13.7	0.6	13.0	11.3
2002	100.0	0.1	3.4	0.8	3.5	13.9	0.7	13.2	11.4
2003	100.0	0.1	3.6	0.8	3.5	14.1	0.6	13.5	11.1
2004	100.0	0.1	3.6	0.8	3.4	14.1	0.6	13.5	11.2
2005	100.0	0.1	3.7	0.8	3.4	13.8	0.6	13.2	11.9

(Continued)

Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2005—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent					
1975	0.2	36.0	2.8	0.8	19.6	5.5	8.3	0.3	0.1	--
1981	0.2	31.8	2.0	1.3	16.9	6.3	8.3	0.3	d	d
1982	0.2	31.7	1.7	0.8	16.4	6.9	9.0	0.2	0.2	--
1983	0.3	28.7	1.6	2.1	14.5	6.7	8.1	0.2	d	d
1984	0.2	26.5	1.7	0.8	14.6	6.5	7.6	0.2	0.2	4.1
1985	0.2	27.0	1.3	0.7	15.6	6.4	8.0	0.3	--	6.1
1986	0.2	25.9	1.4	0.6	16.4	6.1	8.9	0.2	--	2.9
1987	0.2	26.0	1.5	1.2	18.7	7.0	8.4	0.2	--	3.0
1988	0.2	25.0	1.4	1.3	20.0	7.1	8.5	0.1	1.7	--
1989	0.2	23.7	1.5	1.5	20.7	6.7	7.6	0.2	2.2	--
1990	0.3	23.1	1.5	1.6	20.8	6.8	7.4	0.2	1.6	--
1991	0.2	22.0	1.5	1.6	22.4	6.7	7.0	0.2	1.8	--
1992	0.2	22.0	1.4	1.6	21.8	6.4	7.0	0.2	2.3	--
1993	0.2	21.6	1.5	1.7	20.9	6.5	7.1	0.2	2.5	--
1994	0.2	20.6	1.5	2.0	19.7	6.6	7.7	0.2	3.0	--
1995	0.2	19.5	1.5	1.6	26.6	6.4	6.9	0.2	2.5	--
1996	0.2	19.3	1.6	1.6	26.9	6.5	6.7	0.2	2.7	--
1997	0.2	18.7	1.6	1.7	26.9	6.8	6.6	0.2	2.4	0.1
1998	0.2	17.9	1.7	1.8	27.3	6.9	6.5	0.2	2.0	0.1
1999	0.2	16.5	1.8	1.8	27.0	7.3	6.2	0.2	1.6	0.3
2000	d	17.5	1.7	1.9	29.8	7.4	6.1	d	1.3	0.2
2001	d	18.0	2.2	1.8	30.6	6.8	6.3	d	1.5	0.2
2002	0.2	16.4	2.0	1.9	31.4	7.6	6.0	0.2	0.2	1.0
2003	0.2	15.7	2.1	1.9	32.2	7.6	5.9	0.2	0.2	0.9
2004	0.2	15.1	2.2	1.9	32.8	7.5	5.8	0.2	0.2	1.1
2005	0.2	14.6	2.2	1.9	33.1	7.3	5.7	0.2	0.2	1.0

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

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a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Mental retardation was not identified separately before 1995.

c. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

d. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 43.
Average primary insurance amount and average monthly benefit, by sex, selected years 1960–2005 (in dollars)

Year	Average primary insurance amount			Average monthly benefit		
	All disabled workers	Men	Women	All disabled workers	Men	Women
1960	--	--	--	91.20	94.00	78.90
1965 (Jan.–Aug.)	--	--	--	93.30	97.90	80.30
1965 (Sept.–Dec.)	--	--	--	101.30	106.50	86.80
1970	--	--	--	139.80	148.40	115.70
1975	--	--	--	241.20	263.80	190.90
1980	--	--	--	406.30	449.40	308.50
1985	--	--	--	475.60	530.40	363.70
1986	--	--	--	473.80	531.50	357.40
1987	--	--	--	506.00	573.20	381.60
1988	--	--	--	297.40	321.20	263.50
1989	--	--	--	562.10	634.40	429.90
1990	--	--	--	594.20	667.90	465.80
1991	--	--	--	605.50	685.20	470.60
1992	--	--	--	621.90	699.80	494.20
1993	--	--	--	639.80	720.10	507.70
1994	--	--	--	672.80	757.70	535.00
1995	--	--	--	687.70	786.90	549.00
1996	734.00	836.40	595.70	709.10	807.90	575.60
1997	752.00	855.40	623.50	728.10	824.00	608.80
1998	771.30	879.50	639.50	746.30	846.80	623.80
1999	813.20	922.30	674.70	787.80	890.70	657.10
2000	856.80	975.30	718.70	833.70	947.70	700.90
2001	891.60	1,019.60	739.00	867.70	989.30	722.60
2002	923.90	1,053.00	772.10	898.60	1,021.70	753.90
2003	963.10	1,096.70	805.90	937.50	1,064.90	787.60
2004	994.00	1,130.30	835.70	968.50	1,098.60	817.40
2005	1,026.40	1,164.30	867.20	1,001.50	1,133.30	849.30

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

-- = not available.

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Table 44.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, sex, and age, 2005

Diagnostic group	Total				Men				Women			
	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
						Number						
Total	821,207	90,727	248,088	482,392	440,008	48,027	126,888	265,093	381,199	42,700	121,200	217,299
Congenital anomalies	1,214	503	374	337	631	271	193	167	583	232	181	170
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	26,969	1,769	7,140	18,060	14,343	777	3,667	9,899	12,626	992	3,473	8,161
Infectious and parasitic diseases	10,534	1,480	5,412	3,642	7,456	1,004	4,097	2,355	3,078	476	1,315	1,287
Injuries	31,019	4,735	10,071	16,213	20,459	3,368	6,871	10,220	10,560	1,367	3,200	5,993
Mental disorders												
Retardation	21,165	10,593	7,600	2,972	12,895	6,265	4,755	1,875	8,270	4,328	2,845	1,097
Other	177,384	40,649	73,274	63,461	84,678	21,152	32,884	30,642	92,706	19,497	40,390	32,819
Neoplasms	83,303	4,343	21,787	57,173	43,614	2,253	10,127	31,234	39,689	2,090	11,660	25,939
Diseases of the—												
Blood and blood-forming organs	2,501	657	761	1,083	1,147	287	329	531	1,354	370	432	552
Circulatory system	89,247	2,328	16,623	70,296	61,087	1,284	10,672	49,131	28,160	1,044	5,951	21,165
Digestive system	19,094	1,205	7,075	10,814	11,798	575	4,284	6,939	7,296	630	2,791	3,875
Genitourinary system	18,317	2,467	6,499	9,351	11,081	1,341	3,851	5,889	7,236	1,126	2,648	3,462
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	226,914	8,174	58,954	159,786	113,391	3,770	29,846	79,775	113,523	4,404	29,108	80,011
Nervous system and sense organs	66,712	9,487	22,011	35,214	33,746	4,682	10,555	18,509	32,966	4,805	11,456	16,705
Respiratory system	33,998	831	5,828	27,339	17,538	306	2,599	14,633	16,460	525	3,229	12,706
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,783	246	709	828	843	89	349	405	940	157	360	423
Other	1,989	235	701	1,053	885	117	311	457	1,104	118	390	596
Unknown	9,064	1,025	3,269	4,770	4,416	486	1,498	2,432	4,648	539	1,771	2,338

(Continued)

Table 44.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, sex, and age, 2005—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total				Men				Women			
	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
						Percent						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.3	1.9	2.9	3.7	3.3	1.6	2.9	3.7	3.3	2.3	2.9	3.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.3	1.6	2.2	0.8	1.7	2.1	3.2	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.6
Injuries	3.8	5.2	4.1	3.4	4.6	7.0	5.4	3.9	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.8
Mental disorders												
Retardation	2.6	11.7	3.1	0.6	2.9	13.0	3.7	0.7	2.2	10.1	2.3	0.5
Other	21.6	44.8	29.5	13.2	19.2	44.0	25.9	11.6	24.3	45.7	33.3	15.1
Neoplasms	10.1	4.8	8.8	11.9	9.9	4.7	8.0	11.8	10.4	4.9	9.6	11.9
Diseases of the—												
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.3
Circulatory system	10.9	2.6	6.7	14.6	13.9	2.7	8.4	18.5	7.4	2.4	4.9	9.7
Digestive system	2.3	1.3	2.9	2.2	2.7	1.2	3.4	2.6	1.9	1.5	2.3	1.8
Genitourinary system	2.2	2.7	2.6	1.9	2.5	2.8	3.0	2.2	1.9	2.6	2.2	1.6
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	27.6	9.0	23.8	33.1	25.8	7.8	23.5	30.1	29.8	10.3	24.0	36.8
Nervous system and sense organs	8.1	10.5	8.9	7.3	7.7	9.7	8.3	7.0	8.6	11.3	9.5	7.7
Respiratory system	4.1	0.9	2.3	5.7	4.0	0.6	2.0	5.5	4.3	1.2	2.7	5.8
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2
Other	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Unknown	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

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Table 45.
Distribution, by monthly benefit and sex, 2005

Monthly benefit (dollars)	All disabled workers		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	821,207	100.0	440,008	100.0	381,199	100.0
Less than 100.00	4,972	0.6	2,669	0.6	2,303	0.6
100.00–199.90	8,376	1.0	3,039	0.7	5,337	1.4
200.00–299.90	23,211	2.8	8,597	2.0	14,614	3.8
300.00–399.90	29,760	3.6	10,725	2.4	19,035	5.0
400.00–499.90	32,972	4.0	11,870	2.7	21,102	5.5
500.00–599.90	43,107	5.2	15,844	3.6	27,263	7.2
600.00–699.90	86,417	10.5	31,517	7.2	54,900	14.4
700.00–799.90	82,387	10.0	33,471	7.6	48,916	12.8
800.00–899.90	75,240	9.2	33,850	7.7	41,390	10.9
900.00–999.90	67,953	8.3	33,812	7.7	34,141	9.0
1,000.00–1,099.90	59,986	7.3	32,869	7.5	27,117	7.1
1,100.00–1,199.90	51,857	6.3	30,960	7.0	20,897	5.5
1,200.00–1,299.90	44,622	5.4	29,042	6.6	15,580	4.1
1,300.00–1,399.90	38,370	4.7	26,214	6.0	12,156	3.2
1,400.00–1,499.90	32,455	4.0	23,234	5.3	9,221	2.4
1,500.00–1,599.90	27,477	3.3	20,521	4.7	6,956	1.8
1,600.00–1,699.90	35,763	4.4	27,574	6.3	8,189	2.1
1,700.00–1,799.90	32,200	3.9	26,038	5.9	6,162	1.6
1,800.00–1,899.90	21,699	2.6	18,390	4.2	3,309	0.9
1,900.00–1,999.90	14,681	1.8	12,916	2.9	1,765	0.5
2,000.00 or more	7,702	0.9	6,856	1.6	846	0.2
Average benefit (dollars)	1,001.50		1,133.30		849.30	

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

CONTACT: Glenda Carter (410) 965-7794 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 46.
Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly family benefit, by family composition, 2005

Family composition	Number of families	Number of beneficiaries	Average primary insurance amount (dollars)	Average monthly family benefit [a] (dollars)	Percentage of families receiving maximum family benefit [b]
Worker only					
Men	344,530	344,530	1,160.10	1,130.50	10.4
Women	315,805	315,805	865.70	847.70	22.0
Worker with children					
By sex of worker					
Men	77,288	207,042	1,154.50	1,645.90	84.9
Women	63,961	170,416	873.10	1,184.40	89.0
By number of children					
1 child	75,936	151,872	1,045.60	1,449.00	84.4
2 children	43,905	131,715	1,025.00	1,454.70	89.8
3 or more children	21,408	93,871	965.70	1,357.50	88.9
Worker with—					
Spouse aged 62 or older [c]	6,373	12,770	1,483.10	1,767.70	8.7
Spouse aged 62 or older and 1 or more children	172	567	1,417.60	2,270.10	68.6
Spouse and 1 child	4,108	12,327	1,197.30	1,740.70	87.9
Spouse and 2 children	4,609	18,438	1,172.80	1,694.70	87.2
Spouse and 3 or more children	3,766	20,942	1,091.10	1,550.80	83.5

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A family means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account. The data may understate the number of families with dependents because records of awards to dependents made in a different calendar year are not available for inclusion.

Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases; they include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

a. Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

b. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

c. If the spouse is also entitled to a retired-worker benefit, only the benefit amount received as a spouse is included.

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Table 47.
Distribution, by family composition and age of worker, 2005

Family composition	Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60 or older
					Number				
Worker only	660,335	41,427	22,300	29,978	51,458	80,965	128,588	174,891	130,728
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	6,545	0	0	b	b	30	157	973	5,378
Child in care	12,483	726	1,229	1,909	2,424	2,348	1,913	1,320	614
Children									
1 child	75,936	5,358	5,285	7,908	14,041	16,041	14,303	9,297	3,703
2 children	43,905	3,256	5,387	8,860	10,488	8,092	4,709	2,317	796
3 or more children	21,408	1,784	3,901	5,564	4,932	2,837	1,470	689	231
Families receiving maximum benefit [c]	239,554	33,390	21,206	29,503	39,196	38,365	34,555	29,002	14,337
					Percent				
Worker only	100.0	6.3	3.4	4.5	7.8	12.3	19.5	26.5	19.8
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	100.0	0	0	b	b	0.5	2.4	14.9	82.2
Child in care	100.0	5.8	9.8	15.3	19.4	18.8	15.3	10.6	4.9
Children									
1 child	100.0	7.1	7.0	10.4	18.5	21.1	18.8	12.2	4.9
2 children	100.0	7.4	12.3	20.2	23.9	18.4	10.7	5.3	1.8
3 or more children	100.0	8.3	18.2	26.0	23.0	13.3	6.9	3.2	1.1
Families receiving maximum benefit [c]	29.2	63.5	55.7	54.4	47.0	34.8	22.9	15.3	10.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A family means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account. The data may understate the number of families with dependents because records of awards to dependents made in a different calendar year are not available for inclusion.

Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases; they include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

a. Includes spouses aged 62 or older with children.

b. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

c. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

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Table 48.
Number, by reason for withholding benefit, December 2005

Reason	All beneficiaries	Workers and nondisabled dependents: Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19	Widow(er)s	Adult children of—: Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
Total	618,461	120,056	51,183	245,511	3,069	5,127	24,676	94,816	74,023
Address unknown	24,595	12,176	519	8,241	168	448	401	437	2,205
Determination of continuing disability pending	6,752	4,466	140	1,703	20	11	114	63	235
Recoupment of overpayment	15,853	6,681	787	7,432	125	283	121	116	308
Workers' compensation offset	5,255	1,616	394	3,142	28	. . .	75	. . .	. . .
Payee not determined	7,908	2,306	5	4,364	14	32	123	167	897
Substantial gainful activity	40,196	27,713	750	10,426	55	108	467	213	464
Imprisoned or confined	46,409	37,278	248	173	23	176	1,444	1,140	5,927
Entitled child not in care	9,313	. . .	9,313	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Beneficiary earnings	26,701	. . .	26,630	64	7	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Earnings of the other beneficiaries	196	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	196	. . .
Government pension offset	3,148	. . .	2,540	. . .	. . .	608	. . .	. . .	. . .
Technical entitlement	379,449	. . .	8,037	194,485	2,329	2,764	19,771	91,181	60,882
Other	52,686	27,820	1,820	15,481	300	697	2,160	1,303	3,105

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: These data represent the total number of beneficiaries with benefits withheld in December 2005 regardless of when their benefits were initially withheld.

. . . = not applicable.

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Table 49.
Number and rate, 1960–2005

Year	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1960	91,543	164	89,090	196	--	--	2,453	24
1961	118,842	160	115,546	187	--	--	3,296	27
1962	132,144	149	128,299	173	--	--	3,845	26
1963	143,008	144	137,850	167	--	--	5,158	31
1964	144,422	134	138,576	155	--	--	5,846	32
1965	163,276	138	156,648	159	--	--	6,628	33
1966	175,959	134	168,630	154	--	--	7,329	34
1967	218,077	153	208,899	175	--	--	9,178	40
1968	232,817	151	222,197	172	--	--	10,620	44
1969	263,191	159	251,269	180	--	--	11,922	46
1970	272,239	154	260,444	174	--	--	11,795	44
1971	278,092	144	266,471	162	--	--	11,621	41
1972	275,663	129	261,739	143	--	--	13,924	46
1973	317,237	136	304,792	151	--	--	12,445	39
1974	336,246	130	320,958	143	--	--	15,288	45
1975	344,727	121	329,532	132	--	--	15,195	42
1976	367,608	120	351,504	132	--	--	16,104	42
1977	418,394	129	401,334	141	--	--	17,060	42
1978	431,067	131	413,571	144	--	--	17,496	42
1979	441,101	133	422,503	147	--	--	18,598	43
1980	422,612	128	408,051	143	--	--	14,561	32
1981	449,669	139	434,187	156	--	--	15,482	33
1982	500,282	163	483,847	186	--	--	16,435	35
1983	473,327	155	453,621	177	--	--	19,706	40
1984	391,190	126	371,913	143	--	--	19,277	38
1985	357,006	112	339,984	128	--	--	17,022	32
1986	358,289	109	341,276	125	--	--	17,013	31
1987	365,004	109	347,948	125	--	--	17,056	30
1988	375,621	110	356,143	126	--	--	19,478	34
1989	371,128	107	351,402	121	--	--	19,726	34
1990	368,208	102	348,194	116	--	--	20,014	33
1991	369,026	97	351,303	110	--	--	17,723	29
1992	379,653	92	361,796	104	--	--	17,857	28
1993	391,159	89	372,317	100	--	--	18,842	29
1994	404,624	87	384,590	97	--	--	20,034	30

(Continued)

Table 49.
Number and rate, 1960–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1995	422,114	87	399,475	95	--	--	22,639	33
1996	420,756	83	396,980	91	--	--	23,776	34
1997	491,194	94	464,984	103	--	--	26,210	37
1998	436,244	81	409,489	87	--	--	26,755	38
1999	463,394	83	433,950	89	--	--	29,444	41
2000	493,651	86	460,351	91	--	--	33,300	46
2001	513,472	83	459,073	87	21,411	105	32,988	45
2002	535,465	82	479,364	87	21,379	103	34,722	47
2003	501,222	73	447,485	76	20,707	99	33,030	44
2004	525,418	73	470,017	76	23,572	112	31,829	42
2005	556,745	74	499,662	77	23,609	109	33,474	44

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; for 2000, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, and Annual Termination file, 100 percent data; from 2001 to 2003, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data; beginning in 2004, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data, and Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: The termination rate is the number of terminations per 1,000 beneficiaries in current-payment status.

Beginning in 2004, data include closed period awards.

-- = not available.

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Table 50.
Number, by reason for termination, 2005

Reason for termination	All beneficiaries	Workers and nondisabled dependents				Widow(er)s	Adult children of—		
		Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19		Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
Total	1,016,822	499,662	48,829	303,257	107,991	23,609	9,393	4,994	19,087
Death of beneficiary	224,099	196,729	1,542	711	41	6,625	598	3,141	14,712
Termination resulting from death of worker [a]	56,426	. . .	7,872	44,771	1,221	. . .	2,562	. . .	. . .
Attainment of age—									
18 by children	197,861	. . .	. . .	197,861	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
19 by students	19,786	. . .	. . .	. . .	19,786	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
FRA by disabled workers	239,044	210,952	18,322	6,120	281	. . .	3,369	. . .	. . .
FRA by disabled widow(er)s	15,808	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	15,808	. . .	. . .	. . .
Elected reduced retirement	2,100	2,100	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Termination of spouse's benefit because child attains age 16	15,037	. . .	15,037	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Marriage, remarriage, or divorce of beneficiary	6,433	. . .	1,763	1,730	152	9	914	522	1,343
Entitlement to an equal or larger Social Security benefit	2,561	. . .	1,116	217	7	469	135	275	342
Does not meet medical standards [b]	140,593	68,543	2,777	50,236	13,893	266	1,617	792	2,469
Medical improvement [c]	--	32,203	--	--	--	74	1,048	327	1,154
Work above substantial gainful activity [d]	--	36,263	--	--	--	189	560	459	1,310
Miscellaneous reasons [e]	--	76	--	--	--	3	9	6	5
Student no longer attending school	72,604	. . .	. . .	. . .	72,604	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Other	24,471	21,339	400	1,611	6	432	198	264	221

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: These data represent the total number of beneficiaries whose benefits were terminated during the calendar year regardless of the effective date of the termination.

Data include closed period awards.

. . . = not applicable; FRA = full retirement age; -- = not available.

a. Beneficiaries are terminated from the Disability Insurance Trust Fund and start receiving benefits from the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund.

b. Dependents' benefits terminate when the disabled worker no longer meets the requirements for disability benefits. Disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children of deceased or retired workers lose their benefits when they no longer meet the requirements for disability benefits.

c. Includes beneficiaries who medically improved, who did not cooperate during the medical review, or whose whereabouts are unknown.

d. Excludes disabled beneficiaries whose monthly benefits have been suspended because they are engaging in substantial gainful activity during the extended period of eligibility.

e. Includes beneficiaries who did not comply with alcohol or drug abuse treatment programs or who refused vocational rehabilitation services.

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Table 51.
Number and rate, by state or other area, 2005

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All areas	556,745	74	499,662	77	23,609	109	33,474	44
Alabama	13,425	69	11,877	70	727	104	821	47
Alaska	860	81	796	83	33	142	31	40
Arizona	9,925	74	9,158	75	362	114	405	44
Arkansas	8,546	73	7,640	73	413	101	493	53
California	49,284	78	45,156	82	1,510	105	2,618	41
Colorado	6,075	76	5,624	78	189	105	262	44
Connecticut	5,427	72	4,890	76	165	106	372	39
Delaware	1,683	73	1,535	74	63	122	85	44
District of Columbia	873	77	793	81	37	154	43	32
Florida	35,495	80	32,733	83	1,308	110	1,454	42
Georgia	17,962	80	16,279	83	775	102	908	44
Hawaii	1,666	78	1,514	82	48	95	104	44
Idaho	2,445	74	2,224	76	77	94	144	53
Illinois	20,108	77	17,827	80	883	119	1,398	43
Indiana	12,310	75	10,916	77	544	111	850	49
Iowa	5,113	73	4,523	76	195	115	395	46
Kansas	4,691	77	4,193	78	177	114	321	52
Kentucky	12,449	68	10,750	67	821	116	878	53
Louisiana	10,477	80	9,033	83	635	115	809	47
Maine	3,191	61	2,808	61	128	107	255	55
Maryland	8,251	79	7,493	83	286	118	472	43
Massachusetts	11,405	66	10,287	68	353	104	765	42
Michigan	19,971	71	17,603	74	903	111	1,465	44
Minnesota	7,318	71	6,564	73	221	122	533	46
Mississippi	8,964	73	7,951	75	499	106	514	43
Missouri	13,422	73	11,954	74	605	107	863	52
Montana	1,856	80	1,693	82	61	101	102	46
Nebraska	2,891	76	2,575	78	87	102	229	54
Nevada	4,238	86	3,968	88	120	99	150	57
New Hampshire	2,426	66	2,224	67	76	100	126	43
New Jersey	14,483	81	13,127	85	509	121	847	42
New Mexico	3,628	71	3,294	73	148	116	186	42
New York	34,309	73	30,761	76	1,314	108	2,234	39
North Carolina	21,372	76	19,370	78	922	105	1,080	45
North Dakota	1,007	76	892	81	29	97	86	43
Ohio	22,423	78	19,624	81	1,098	118	1,701	48
Oklahoma	7,940	77	7,123	78	379	109	438	46
Oregon	6,486	76	5,912	78	237	112	337	45
Pennsylvania	23,868	70	21,075	72	1,088	108	1,705	43
Rhode Island	2,212	68	2,006	70	65	91	141	44

(Continued)

Table 51.
Number and rate, by state or other area, 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
South Carolina	11,298	76	10,158	78	557	108	583	43
South Dakota	1,379	82	1,217	84	50	129	112	53
Tennessee	15,542	75	13,801	76	898	117	843	45
Texas	33,558	76	30,286	79	1,562	108	1,710	40
Utah	2,558	75	2,285	77	94	127	179	51
Vermont	1,216	67	1,093	69	53	121	70	36
Virginia	13,696	72	12,317	74	629	109	750	43
Washington	9,931	72	9,082	74	338	105	511	42
West Virginia	5,999	64	5,143	65	406	107	450	45
Wisconsin	9,285	72	8,251	75	284	103	750	47
Wyoming	939	87	856	89	32	136	51	57
Outlying areas								
Puerto Rico	8,982	54	7,751	56	509	99	722	32
Other [a]	1,887	81	1,657	100	107	116	123	22

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data, and Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: The termination rate is the number of terminations per 1,000 beneficiaries in current-payment status.

Data include closed period awards.

a. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 52.
Distribution of workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, by diagnostic group and age, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Number			
Total	27,713	3,137	5,544	9,102	7,716	2,214
Congenital anomalies	70	25	20	16	a	a
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	678	41	118	232	226	61
Infectious and parasitic diseases	831	28	189	400	188	26
Injuries	1,760	204	408	544	464	140
Mental disorders						
Retardation	1,036	460	276	221	73	6
Other	8,687	1,130	2,128	3,131	1,959	339
Neoplasms	2,549	210	382	718	947	292
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	198	45	47	43	54	9
Circulatory system	1,315	52	125	323	538	277
Digestive system	631	36	89	205	252	49
Genitourinary system	975	117	246	343	233	36
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	5,063	130	596	1,699	1,908	730
Nervous system and sense organs	2,907	562	770	890	551	134
Respiratory system	404	22	49	136	135	62
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	82	6	14	26	30	6
Other	59	11	12	12	a	a
Unknown	468	58	75	163	133	39

(Continued)

Table 52.
Distribution of workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, by diagnostic group and age, December 2005—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	a	a
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	2.4	1.3	2.1	2.5	2.9	2.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	3.0	0.9	3.4	4.4	2.4	1.2
Injuries	6.4	6.5	7.4	6.0	6.0	6.3
Mental disorders						
Retardation	3.7	14.7	5.0	2.4	0.9	0.3
Other	31.3	36.0	38.4	34.4	25.4	15.3
Neoplasms	9.2	6.7	6.9	7.9	12.3	13.2
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.7	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.4
Circulatory system	4.7	1.7	2.3	3.5	7.0	12.5
Digestive system	2.3	1.1	1.6	2.3	3.3	2.2
Genitourinary system	3.5	3.7	4.4	3.8	3.0	1.6
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	18.3	4.1	10.8	18.7	24.7	33.0
Nervous system and sense organs	10.5	17.9	13.9	9.8	7.1	6.1
Respiratory system	1.5	0.7	0.9	1.5	1.7	2.8
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
Other	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	a	a
Unknown	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: These data represent the total number of beneficiaries with benefits withheld in December 2005 regardless of when their benefits were initially withheld.

FRA = full retirement age.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 53.
Distribution of workers with benefits terminated because of successful return to work, by diagnostic group and age, 2005

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Number			
Total	36,263	2,611	8,282	13,152	9,670	2,548
Congenital anomalies	128	33	47	27	16	5
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1,185	34	182	433	425	111
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1,607	22	376	858	329	22
Injuries	2,038	163	547	689	496	143
Mental disorders						
Retardation	2,701	543	1,034	807	296	21
Other	11,767	830	2,830	4,658	3,000	449
Neoplasms	1,532	97	282	489	508	156
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	248	41	99	71	31	6
Circulatory system	1,493	30	163	373	610	317
Digestive system	598	32	108	197	228	33
Genitourinary system	1,273	95	397	443	270	68
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	5,988	96	730	2,152	2,146	864
Nervous system and sense organs	4,161	500	1,197	1,407	856	201
Respiratory system	497	26	66	150	168	87
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	91	a	17	36	26	a
Other	66	a	21	23	12	a
Unknown	890	58	186	339	253	54
			Percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.3	1.3	2.2	3.3	4.4	4.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	4.4	0.8	4.5	6.5	3.4	0.9
Injuries	5.6	6.2	6.6	5.2	5.1	5.6
Mental disorders						
Retardation	7.4	20.8	12.5	6.1	3.1	0.8
Other	32.4	31.8	34.2	35.4	31.0	17.6
Neoplasms	4.2	3.7	3.4	3.7	5.3	6.1
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.7	1.6	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2
Circulatory system	4.1	1.1	2.0	2.8	6.3	12.4
Digestive system	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.4	1.3
Genitourinary system	3.5	3.6	4.8	3.4	2.8	2.7
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	16.5	3.7	8.8	16.4	22.2	33.9
Nervous system and sense organs	11.5	19.1	14.5	10.7	8.9	7.9
Respiratory system	1.4	1.0	0.8	1.1	1.7	3.4
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.3	a	0.2	0.3	0.3	a
Other	0.2	a	0.3	0.2	0.1	a
Unknown	2.5	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Glenda Carter (410) 965-7794 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 54.
Average monthly benefit for workers with benefits withheld, by diagnostic group and age, December 2005 (in dollars)

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
Total	1,052.10	810.40	974.50	1,064.90	1,160.60	1,158.20
Congenital anomalies	866.00	715.00	899.70	1,041.20	784.40	1,042.80
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	970.20	814.60	961.50	946.70	1,012.60	1,023.90
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1,070.50	927.50	987.50	1,077.30	1,146.60	1,174.20
Injuries	1,135.60	969.50	1,095.20	1,154.60	1,219.80	1,142.40
Mental disorders						
Retardation	721.10	699.80	717.10	744.40	800.10	722.80
Other	972.30	772.60	916.40	1,002.00	1,076.20	1,114.10
Neoplasms	1,289.30	961.70	1,227.60	1,340.80	1,347.50	1,290.60
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,088.10	846.20	955.60	1,213.20	1,250.20	1,418.30
Circulatory system	1,194.40	904.00	1,008.70	1,164.20	1,254.10	1,252.10
Digestive system	1,218.80	901.90	1,113.50	1,206.90	1,302.20	1,264.00
Genitourinary system	1,147.90	959.50	1,049.60	1,160.50	1,305.50	1,292.90
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,058.30	856.50	980.40	1,037.80	1,103.70	1,086.80
Nervous system and sense organs	1,025.70	797.50	991.30	1,060.40	1,208.10	1,198.30
Respiratory system	1,072.10	961.80	955.00	1,013.60	1,151.80	1,158.90
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,084.60	970.80	963.80	1,105.80	1,149.00	1,066.50
Other	1,060.20	748.50	998.90	1,130.70	1,260.20	890.10
Unknown	1,008.10	785.90	967.60	1,056.10	1,030.00	1,140.50

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 55.
Average monthly benefit for workers with benefits terminated, by diagnostic group and age, 2005 (in dollars)

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
Total	908.80	762.30	854.20	902.20	980.30	998.90
Congenital anomalies	857.90	768.40	816.00	955.90	995.90	871.50
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	864.40	782.70	875.90	844.50	880.90	884.60
Infectious and parasitic diseases	952.60	889.60	922.70	950.00	995.50	987.80
Injuries	1,013.70	907.60	973.20	1,031.30	1,063.70	1,031.20
Mental disorders						
Retardation	704.00	679.70	696.80	704.80	771.30	706.40
Other	861.90	721.70	821.10	854.30	937.40	952.20
Neoplasms	1,147.60	890.00	1,105.80	1,168.70	1,214.80	1,098.60
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	917.80	824.30	882.40	932.20	1,051.00	1,281.10
Circulatory system	1,006.30	850.90	922.10	946.10	1,045.10	1,060.50
Digestive system	1,032.90	807.60	949.10	974.70	1,121.70	1,260.20
Genitourinary system	994.50	895.40	926.30	1,010.60	1,065.40	1,145.10
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	938.20	795.30	892.90	927.60	961.20	961.70
Nervous system and sense organs	912.50	790.00	863.80	915.60	1,016.60	1,042.20
Respiratory system	885.20	812.80	785.60	849.90	916.80	982.40
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	953.90	905.10	966.90	928.20	946.20	1,118.40
Other	906.00	586.30	889.80	904.00	1,003.90	1,187.60
Unknown	908.50	788.90	865.00	897.80	947.40	1,071.20

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 56.
Distribution, by state or other area, 2005

State or area	All workers, December	Workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, December		Workers with benefits terminated because of successful return to work, calendar year	
		Number	Percentage of all workers	Number	Percentage of all workers
All areas	6,519,001	27,713	0.4	36,263	0.6
Alabama	169,574	292	0.2	474	0.3
Alaska	9,640	59	0.6	97	1.0
Arizona	122,207	840	0.7	823	0.7
Arkansas	104,081	272	0.3	379	0.4
California	551,529	3,216	0.6	4,402	0.8
Colorado	72,439	375	0.5	533	0.7
Connecticut	64,751	421	0.7	440	0.7
Delaware	20,676	116	0.6	136	0.7
District of Columbia	9,752	28	0.3	58	0.6
Florida	396,342	1,299	0.3	2,010	0.5
Georgia	196,010	431	0.2	805	0.4
Hawaii	18,522	124	0.7	124	0.7
Idaho	29,315	125	0.4	163	0.6
Illinois	221,848	1,176	0.5	1,575	0.7
Indiana	141,879	523	0.4	640	0.5
Iowa	59,475	268	0.5	324	0.5
Kansas	53,485	238	0.4	342	0.6
Kentucky	160,126	489	0.3	661	0.4
Louisiana	108,904	342	0.3	496	0.5
Maine	46,143	249	0.5	251	0.5
Maryland	90,603	290	0.3	559	0.6
Massachusetts	152,111	1,035	0.7	1,320	0.9
Michigan	239,212	882	0.4	1,300	0.5
Minnesota	89,819	557	0.6	655	0.7
Mississippi	106,630	220	0.2	399	0.4
Missouri	161,227	590	0.4	801	0.5
Montana	20,527	86	0.4	99	0.5
Nebraska	32,812	183	0.6	196	0.6
Nevada	45,182	286	0.6	347	0.8
New Hampshire	32,998	291	0.9	234	0.7
New Jersey	153,611	880	0.6	1,040	0.7
New Mexico	45,256	202	0.4	277	0.6
New York	403,614	2,595	0.6	2,917	0.7
North Carolina	249,640	674	0.3	1,126	0.5
North Dakota	10,994	52	0.5	71	0.6
Ohio	241,960	1,091	0.5	1,683	0.7
Oklahoma	90,867	253	0.3	357	0.4
Oregon	75,363	364	0.5	335	0.4
Pennsylvania	292,767	1,463	0.5	1,378	0.5
Rhode Island	28,843	212	0.7	171	0.6

(Continued)

Table 56.
Distribution, by state or other area, 2005—*Continued*

State or area	All workers, December	Workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, December		Workers with benefits terminated because of successful return to work, calendar year	
		Number	Percentage of all workers	Number	Percentage of all workers
South Carolina	130,973	191	0.1	416	0.3
South Dakota	14,421	82	0.6	128	0.9
Tennessee	181,756	410	0.2	586	0.3
Texas	383,330	1,354	0.4	2,095	0.5
Utah	29,737	171	0.6	191	0.6
Vermont	15,845	144	0.9	113	0.7
Virginia	165,829	588	0.4	780	0.5
Washington	123,137	711	0.6	815	0.7
West Virginia	79,483	221	0.3	233	0.3
Wisconsin	110,319	578	0.5	695	0.6
Wyoming	9,606	52	0.5	93	1.0
Outlying areas					
Puerto Rico	137,256	103	0.1	97	0.1
Other [a]	16,575	19	0.1	23	0.1

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

a. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 57.
Number, by expedited reinstatement status, sex, and age, 2005

Benefit status	Total				Men				Women			
	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
Provisional	6,629	908	3,407	2,314	3,584	540	1,914	1,130	3,045	368	1,493	1,184
Reinstated	5,846	731	3,062	2,053	3,246	453	1,744	1,049	2,600	278	1,318	1,004
Not reinstated [a]	249	41	138	70	142	26	79	37	107	15	59	33

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Total is not included because some beneficiaries whose cases are pending are not receiving provisional payments.

a. Data include medical recoveries and return to work.

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Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Note

The tables in this section provide data on the outcomes of applications for disability benefits. The data on applications are derived from the Social Security Administration's (SSA's) Disability Research File maintained by the Office of Disability Programs. Each year this file is updated with information about applications for disability benefits that is then used to determine the outcome of those applications. The outcome data in these tables are reported by year of filing and include decisions made through the administrative appeals process.

Table 58 shows the total number of applications filed in a year, the number denied for nonmedical reasons before a medical decision is made (*technical denials*), the number that are pending a final decision, the outcome of applications for which a medical allowance or denial was made, and award and allowance rates. Applications for which a medical allowance or denial decision was made but which were subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons are shown under the medical decision header as *subsequent denials*. The most common nonmedical reason for denying a claim is insufficient number of recent work credits.

The allowance rate is calculated by dividing the number of medical allowances (including subsequent technical denials) by the total number of medical decisions made for a 1-year cohort. The award rate is a broader program measure that is calculated as the number of allowances minus subsequent denials divided by total applications (minus pending claims) filed for a given year.

Claims that remain pending after 6 years are probably the result of imperfect data rather than excessive delays in the decisionmaking process. It is highly probable that decisions have been rendered on most of the older claims. For more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change as decisions are made on pending claims.

Tables 59–61 show the allowance rate for Social Security only and the Social Security portion of *concurrent applications* (which are claims for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income disability benefits). Each table shows a different level in the administrative decisionmaking process, that is, initial adjudicative, reconsideration, and hearing or higher level.

Beginning with 2000, the proportion of claims awarded at each level of the process changed as a result of the Prototype Process being tested in 10 states. Under this test, the reconsideration step of the appeals process was eliminated for applications filed October 1, 1999, or later. Elimination of the reconsideration level in these states results in a decrease in the aggregate proportion of claims awarded at this step.

The next section includes one table that shows the reason for medical allowance and one that shows the reason for medical denial (Tables 62 and 63). The reasons are derived from the sequential evaluation process used by decisionmakers. SSA maintains a list of impairments that are considered disabling under its regulations. An applicant can be found to be disabled if he or she

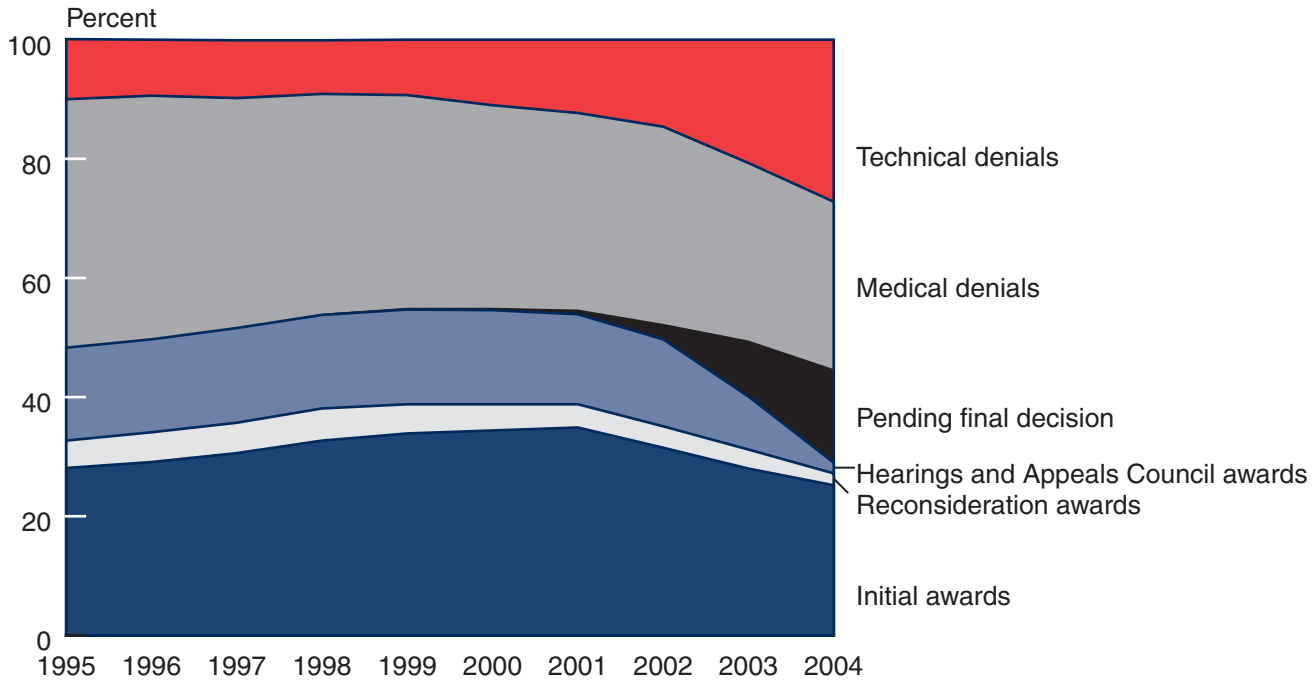
- has a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment that is equal to a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment when medical and vocational factors are considered, or
- had previously established entitlement to a disability benefit.

An applicant can be denied benefits if he or she

- has an impairment that is not expected to last 12 months,
- has an impairment that is not considered severe,
- is able to perform his or her usual type of work,
- is able to perform another type of work, or
- has an impairment resulting from drug addiction or alcoholism, provides insufficient medical evidence, fails to cooperate, fails to follow prescribed treatment, does not want to continue development of the claim, or returns to substantial work before disability can be established.

Chart 11.
Final outcome of disabled-worker applications, 1995–2004

The final award rate for disabled-worker applicants has varied over time, averaging more than 47 percent for claims filed from 1995 through 2004. The percentage of applicants awarded benefits at the initial claims level averaged 31 percent over the same period and ranged from a high of about 35 percent to a low of 25 percent. The percentage of applicants awarded at the reconsideration and hearing levels are relatively constant, averaging 4 percent and 14 percent, respectively. Denied disability claims have averaged about 49 percent.



SOURCE: Tables 58–63.

NOTES: Awards are calculated as medical allowances minus subsequent technical denials. Technical denials include both nonmedical decision technical denials and medical decisions that were subsequently denied for technical reasons.

The proportion of claims awarded at each level of the process is likely to change as a result of the Prototype Process being tested in 10 states. Under this test, the reconsideration step of the appeals process was eliminated for applications filed October 1, 1999, or later. Elimination of the reconsideration level in these states is likely to result in a decrease in the overall proportion of claims awarded at this step.

Table 58.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by year of application, 1992–2004

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials [a]	Medical decisions: Denials: Medical	Medical decisions: Denials: Subsequent nonmedical [d]	Medical decisions: Allowances: Awards	Medical decisions: Allowances: Subsequent denials [e]	Award rate [b] (percent)	Allowance rate [c] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	1,265,055	3,145	104,340	443,674	4,069	707,969	1,858	56.1	61.4
2000	1,364,396	5,608	136,101	455,393	3,840	761,514	1,940	56.0	62.5
2001	1,513,536	11,461	170,479	492,804	3,601	833,257	1,934	55.5	62.8
2002	1,716,221	42,716	230,816	562,460	4,115	874,011	2,103	52.2	60.8
2003	1,931,283	174,286	374,032	575,613	4,730	800,509	2,113	45.6	58.1
2004	2,159,406	325,846	554,375	611,751	6,442	658,918	2,074	35.9	51.8
Workers									
1992	1,310,004	0	130,885	481,439	5,725	689,111	2,844	52.6	58.8
1993	1,384,501	0	140,314	540,906	5,626	695,007	2,648	50.2	56.2
1994	1,383,092	0	130,240	573,158	5,506	671,791	2,397	48.6	53.9
1995	1,301,472	0	123,711	542,097	5,048	628,380	2,236	48.3	53.6
1996	1,313,818	0	116,988	537,574	5,011	652,129	2,116	49.6	54.8
1997	1,164,680	0	106,882	449,970	4,214	601,755	1,859	51.7	57.2
1998	1,138,101	2,399	96,683	419,923	4,213	612,838	2,045	54.0	59.3
1999	1,167,664	3,045	102,316	417,248	4,021	639,248	1,786	54.9	60.4
2000	1,265,214	5,465	133,996	429,594	3,805	690,481	1,873	54.8	61.6
2001	1,414,598	11,261	168,191	467,094	3,558	762,615	1,879	54.3	62.0
2002	1,609,612	41,992	228,212	533,145	4,058	800,153	2,052	51.0	60.0
2003	1,823,199	172,000	371,059	543,097	4,670	730,333	2,040	44.2	57.3
2004	2,053,014	321,756	550,498	577,102	6,385	595,262	2,011	34.4	50.7
Widow(er)s									
1999	40,055	58	1,173	9,667	17	29,103	37	72.8	75.1
2000	39,996	76	1,257	8,975	11	29,648	29	74.3	76.8
2001	40,238	101	1,344	8,672	13	30,089	19	75.0	77.6
2002	41,325	351	1,537	8,977	19	30,422	19	74.2	77.2
2003	40,760	1,272	1,646	9,681	25	28,091	45	71.1	74.4
2004	39,695	2,252	1,984	10,297	31	25,097	34	67.0	70.9

(Continued)

Table 58.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by year of application, 1992–2004—*Continued*

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials [a]	Medical decisions				Award rate [b] (percent)	Allowance rate [c] (percent)
				Denials		Allowances			
				Medical	Subsequent nonmedical [d]	Awards	Subsequent denials [e]		
Adult children									
1999	57,336	42	851	16,759	31	39,618	35	69.1	70.3
2000	59,186	67	848	16,824	24	41,385	38	70.0	71.1
2001	58,700	99	944	17,038	30	40,553	36	69.2	70.4
2002	65,284	373	1,067	20,338	38	43,436	32	66.9	68.1
2003	67,324	1,014	1,327	22,835	35	42,085	28	63.5	64.8
2004	66,697	1,838	1,893	24,352	26	38,559	29	59.5	61.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2005. Data for the hearing level or above are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time. Cases can be pending at the initial or appellate levels and can include either medical or technical issues.

Data include decisions for Social Security–only applications and applications for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI); they do not include SSI-only applications.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

a. Applications were denied for nonmedical reasons; therefore no decision was made on severity of impairment.

b. Rate determined by dividing awards by all applications minus pending claims for that year.

c. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

d. Applications were denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that the applicant did not meet the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.

e. Applications were denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that the applicant met the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.

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Table 59.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by year of application and program, 1992–2004

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	1,160,654	459,999	39.6	649,845	313,676	48.3	510,809	146,323	28.6
2000	1,228,203	501,946	40.9	688,188	340,331	49.5	540,015	161,615	29.9
2001	1,342,880	560,106	41.7	742,838	379,872	51.1	600,042	180,234	30.0
2002	1,484,932	576,919	38.9	794,973	386,247	48.6	689,959	190,672	27.6
2003	1,555,430	579,262	37.2	794,442	378,526	47.6	760,988	200,736	26.4
2004	1,600,650	580,287	36.3	782,222	370,287	47.3	818,428	210,000	25.7
Workers									
1992	1,179,119	436,715	37.0	558,741	248,385	44.5	620,378	188,330	30.4
1993	1,244,187	421,560	33.9	571,464	240,839	42.1	672,723	180,721	26.9
1994	1,252,852	390,785	31.2	591,408	233,059	39.4	661,444	157,726	23.8
1995	1,177,761	367,293	31.2	569,963	223,457	39.2	607,798	143,836	23.7
1996	1,196,830	384,167	32.1	593,992	237,474	40.0	602,838	146,693	24.3
1997	1,057,798	357,880	33.8	551,895	228,793	41.5	505,903	129,087	25.5
1998	1,041,363	374,376	36.0	550,774	238,989	43.4	490,589	135,387	27.6
1999	1,065,291	397,335	37.3	578,748	259,910	44.9	486,543	137,425	28.2
2000	1,131,129	436,605	38.6	615,367	284,388	46.2	515,762	152,217	29.5
2001	1,246,235	494,907	39.7	670,543	324,189	48.3	575,692	170,718	29.7
2002	1,380,941	508,659	36.8	718,487	327,949	45.6	662,454	180,710	27.3
2003	1,450,350	513,128	35.4	720,567	322,658	44.8	729,783	190,470	26.1
2004	1,498,219	518,295	34.6	715,182	319,545	44.7	783,037	198,750	25.4
Widow(er)s									
1999	38,881	24,933	64.1	29,601	21,291	71.9	9,280	3,642	39.2
2000	38,737	25,781	66.6	29,879	21,997	73.6	8,858	3,784	42.7
2001	38,894	26,242	67.5	30,284	22,458	74.2	8,610	3,784	43.9
2002	39,785	26,588	66.8	31,067	22,815	73.4	8,718	3,773	43.3
2003	39,109	25,385	64.9	29,683	21,691	73.1	9,426	3,694	39.2
2004	37,685	24,050	63.8	27,085	19,975	73.7	10,600	4,075	38.4
Adult children									
1999	56,482	37,731	66.8	41,496	32,475	78.3	14,986	5,256	35.1
2000	58,337	39,560	67.8	42,942	33,946	79.1	15,395	5,614	36.5
2001	57,751	38,957	67.5	42,011	33,225	79.1	15,740	5,732	36.4
2002	64,206	41,672	64.9	45,419	35,483	78.1	18,787	6,189	32.9
2003	65,971	40,749	61.8	44,192	34,177	77.3	21,779	6,572	30.2
2004	64,746	37,942	58.6	39,955	30,767	77.0	24,791	7,175	28.9

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the allowance rate will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Rate for the Social Security portion only.

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Table 60.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by year of application and program, 1992–2004

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	398,181	61,143	15.4	210,354	34,724	16.5	187,827	26,419	14.1
2000	408,520	58,590	14.3	215,437	33,233	15.4	193,083	25,357	13.1
2001	435,135	58,417	13.4	222,255	32,590	14.7	212,880	25,827	12.1
2002	502,507	60,482	12.0	250,049	32,881	13.1	252,458	27,601	10.9
2003	532,676	59,727	11.2	251,825	31,705	12.6	280,851	28,022	10.0
2004	452,642	43,283	9.6	205,719	22,701	11.0	246,923	20,582	8.3
Workers									
1992	419,798	53,881	12.8	190,594	25,352	13.3	229,204	28,529	12.4
1993	469,151	58,275	12.4	206,606	27,306	13.2	262,545	30,969	11.8
1994	489,731	62,757	12.8	226,013	31,468	13.9	263,718	31,289	11.9
1995	458,036	60,584	13.2	218,950	31,563	14.4	239,086	29,021	12.1
1996	464,582	65,466	14.1	226,333	33,596	14.8	238,249	31,870	13.4
1997	403,211	59,978	14.9	206,134	33,373	16.2	197,077	26,605	13.5
1998	384,977	61,742	16.0	199,272	34,043	17.1	185,705	27,699	14.9
1999	385,406	57,808	15.0	203,693	33,192	16.3	181,713	24,616	13.5
2000	397,025	55,762	14.0	209,140	31,946	15.3	187,885	23,816	12.7
2001	423,960	55,822	13.2	216,158	31,420	14.5	207,802	24,402	11.7
2002	490,064	57,961	11.8	243,485	31,809	13.1	246,579	26,152	10.6
2003	519,936	57,594	11.1	246,009	30,792	12.5	273,927	26,802	9.8
2004	442,867	42,017	9.5	201,648	22,171	11.0	241,219	19,846	8.2
Widow(er)s									
1999	7,108	1,983	27.9	4,108	917	22.3	3,000	1,066	35.5
2000	6,353	1,574	24.8	3,854	738	19.1	2,499	836	33.5
2001	6,192	1,599	25.8	3,859	741	19.2	2,333	858	36.8
2002	6,415	1,435	22.4	4,014	667	16.6	2,401	768	32.0
2003	6,452	1,178	18.3	3,649	592	16.2	2,803	586	20.9
2004	4,769	685	14.4	2,472	335	13.6	2,297	350	15.2

(Continued)

Table 60.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by year of application and program, 1992–2004—*Continued*

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
					Adult children				
1999	5,667	1,352	23.9	2,553	615	24.1	3,114	737	23.7
2000	5,142	1,254	24.4	2,443	549	22.5	2,699	705	26.1
2001	4,983	996	20.0	2,238	429	19.2	2,745	567	20.7
2002	6,028	1,086	18.0	2,550	405	15.9	3,478	681	19.6
2003	6,288	955	15.2	2,167	321	14.8	4,121	634	15.4
2004	5,006	581	11.6	1,599	195	12.2	3,407	386	11.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the allowance rate will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Rate for the Social Security portion only.

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Table 61.
Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by year of application and program, 1992–2004

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	260,693	188,685	72.4	142,698	111,850	78.4	117,995	76,835	65.1
2000	282,310	202,917	71.9	153,119	119,387	78.0	129,191	83,530	64.7
2001	300,747	216,668	72.0	158,710	124,765	78.6	142,037	91,903	64.7
2002	324,727	238,713	73.5	170,201	136,992	80.5	154,526	101,721	65.8
2003	215,931	163,633	75.8	113,243	93,557	82.6	102,688	70,076	68.2
2004	45,435	37,422	82.4	25,986	23,013	88.6	19,449	14,409	74.1
Workers									
1992	275,863	201,359	73.0	131,624	105,371	80.1	144,239	95,988	66.5
1993	310,655	217,816	70.1	143,997	112,593	78.2	166,658	105,223	63.1
1994	323,607	220,645	68.2	156,458	119,338	76.3	167,149	101,307	60.6
1995	301,917	202,739	67.2	150,882	113,781	75.4	151,035	88,958	58.9
1996	306,245	204,612	66.8	157,790	116,256	73.7	148,455	88,356	59.5
1997	267,274	185,756	69.5	141,007	107,310	76.1	126,267	78,446	62.1
1998	249,106	178,765	71.8	133,808	104,596	78.2	115,298	74,169	64.3
1999	256,657	185,891	72.4	139,632	109,669	78.5	117,025	76,222	65.1
2000	278,054	199,986	71.9	149,888	117,099	78.1	128,166	82,887	64.7
2001	296,558	213,765	72.1	155,504	122,479	78.8	141,054	91,286	64.7
2002	320,311	235,585	73.5	166,832	134,509	80.6	153,479	101,076	65.9
2003	213,209	161,651	75.8	111,328	92,114	82.7	101,881	69,537	68.3
2004	44,869	36,961	82.4	25,599	22,687	88.6	19,270	14,274	74.1
Widow(er)s									
1999	2,920	2,224	76.2	2,253	1,740	77.2	667	484	72.6
2000	3,030	2,322	76.6	2,339	1,816	77.6	691	506	73.2
2001	2,901	2,267	78.1	2,295	1,811	78.9	606	456	75.2
2002	3,037	2,418	79.6	2,399	1,942	81.0	638	476	74.6
2003	1,965	1,573	80.1	1,425	1,156	81.1	540	417	77.2
2004	454	396	87.2	319	282	88.4	135	114	84.4

(Continued)

Table 61.
Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by year of application and program, 1992–2004—*Continued*

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
					Adult children				
1999	1,116	570	51.1	813	441	54.2	303	129	42.6
2000	1,226	609	49.7	892	472	52.9	334	137	41.0
2001	1,288	636	49.4	911	475	52.1	377	161	42.7
2002	1,379	710	51.5	970	541	55.8	409	169	41.3
2003	757	409	54.0	490	287	58.6	267	122	45.7
2004	112	65	58.0	68	44	64.7	44	21	47.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the allowance rate will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Rate for the Social Security portion only.

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Table 62.
Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by year of application and reason for allowance, 1992–2004

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	Other [a]
	Number	Percent				
			All disabled beneficiaries			
1999	707,969	100.0	33.0	5.9	27.0	34.0
2000	761,514	100.0	31.3	6.2	29.4	33.1
2001	833,257	100.0	30.2	6.1	30.3	33.3
2002	874,011	100.0	29.3	5.5	31.0	34.2
2003	800,509	100.0	31.3	5.9	35.9	26.9
2004	658,918	100.0	37.1	6.9	43.6	12.3
			Workers			
1992	689,111	100.0	34.3	11.1	24.3	30.3
1993	695,007	100.0	34.3	8.7	23.6	33.4
1994	671,791	100.0	34.5	6.9	25.6	32.9
1995	628,380	100.0	34.5	6.7	26.8	31.9
1996	652,129	100.0	34.2	7.0	27.4	31.5
1997	601,755	100.0	35.0	7.6	26.4	31.0
1998	612,838	100.0	35.5	6.6	27.0	30.9
1999	639,248	100.0	33.7	6.3	28.3	31.7
2000	690,481	100.0	31.9	6.6	30.9	30.7
2001	762,615	100.0	30.8	6.4	31.7	31.1
2002	800,153	100.0	29.8	5.8	32.4	32.0
2003	730,333	100.0	32.0	6.2	37.8	24.0
2004	595,262	100.0	38.3	7.4	46.4	7.9
			Widow(er)s			
1999	29,103	100.0	14.9	2.5	24.6	58.0
2000	29,648	100.0	12.8	2.5	26.3	58.4
2001	30,089	100.0	12.3	2.6	27.0	58.0
2002	30,422	100.0	11.5	2.1	26.7	59.7
2003	28,091	100.0	11.5	2.4	27.8	58.4
2004	25,097	100.0	11.8	2.2	30.1	56.0
			Adult children			
1999	39,618	100.0	35.9	3.2	7.4	53.5
2000	41,385	100.0	35.0	3.1	7.3	54.7
2001	40,553	100.0	33.0	3.0	8.0	56.0
2002	43,436	100.0	31.8	2.9	7.7	57.6
2003	42,085	100.0	32.8	2.8	8.6	55.7
2004	38,559	100.0	34.7	3.2	9.5	52.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2005. Data for the hearing level or above are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Data include decisions for Social Security–only applications and applications for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI); they do not include SSI-only claims.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

a. Includes applications for which the disability was previously established and those for which the basis for the determination is not available. The majority of applications for which the basis of determination is not available are cases allowed at or above the hearing level.

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Table 63.
Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by year of application and reason for denial, 1992–2004

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Able to do usual past work	Able to do other type of work	Other [a]
	Number	Percent					
				All disabled beneficiaries			
1999	447,743	100.0	10.3	17.8	28.3	30.8	12.8
2000	459,233	100.0	10.1	17.2	28.3	30.4	14.0
2001	496,405	100.0	9.3	16.7	28.0	31.0	14.9
2002	566,575	100.0	8.6	17.2	28.1	31.0	15.1
2003	580,343	100.0	7.8	17.7	27.9	30.9	15.7
2004	618,193	100.0	7.3	17.7	27.8	30.9	16.4
				Workers			
1992	487,164	100.0	10.7	22.9	28.4	29.6	8.4
1993	546,532	100.0	10.4	22.7	27.6	29.8	9.5
1994	578,664	100.0	10.2	21.5	25.9	28.8	13.6
1995	547,145	100.0	10.6	20.8	25.4	29.4	13.8
1996	542,585	100.0	10.2	19.6	24.7	30.6	14.8
1997	454,184	100.0	10.6	18.5	25.7	30.5	14.7
1998	424,136	100.0	10.8	18.3	27.8	30.8	12.2
1999	421,269	100.0	10.7	17.4	29.3	30.1	12.5
2000	433,399	100.0	10.5	16.7	29.3	29.7	13.7
2001	470,652	100.0	9.6	16.4	29.0	30.4	14.6
2002	537,203	100.0	8.9	16.9	29.1	30.2	14.9
2003	547,767	100.0	8.1	17.4	29.0	30.0	15.5
2004	583,487	100.0	7.5	17.4	28.8	30.1	16.1
				Widow(er)s			
1999	9,684	100.0	5.6	29.1	31.8	22.7	10.8
2000	8,986	100.0	5.3	29.0	31.4	22.4	12.0
2001	8,685	100.0	4.7	27.6	31.2	22.9	13.7
2002	8,996	100.0	4.8	26.2	32.4	23.6	13.1
2003	9,706	100.0	4.3	25.8	32.9	23.7	13.3
2004	10,328	100.0	3.9	24.9	32.6	24.4	14.3
				Adult children			
1999	16,790	100.0	3.1	22.7	0.7	53.3	20.2
2000	16,848	100.0	2.9	22.9	0.7	51.9	21.7
2001	17,068	100.0	2.5	21.3	0.9	52.9	22.3
2002	20,376	100.0	2.3	21.6	0.8	53.5	21.8
2003	22,870	100.0	2.0	21.7	0.7	53.7	21.9
2004	24,378	100.0	2.1	21.6	0.5	52.3	23.5

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2005. Data for the hearing level or above are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Data include decisions for Social Security–only applications and applications for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI); they do not include SSI-only claims.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

a. Applicant has an impairment resulting from drug addiction or alcoholism, provided insufficient medical evidence, failed to cooperate, failed to follow prescribed treatment, did not want to continue development of the claim, or returned to substantial work before disability could be established. Also includes cases denied at or above the hearing level for which the basis of determination is not available.

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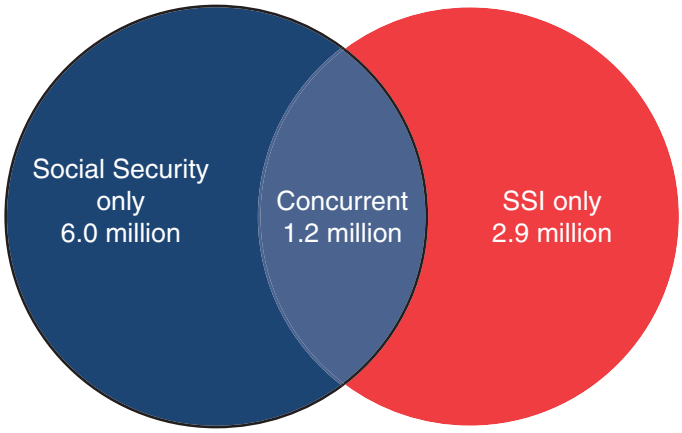
Disabled Beneficiaries Receiving Social Security, SSI, or Both

Chart 12.
Social Security and SSI beneficiaries aged 18–64 receiving benefits on the basis of disability, December 2005

In December 2005, nearly 10.1 million people aged 18–64 received benefits on the basis of disability. Nearly 60 percent (6.0 million) received benefits from the Social Security program only, 29 percent (2.9 million) received benefits from the Supplemental Security Income program (SSI) only, and 12 percent (1.2 million) received benefits from both programs.



Total 10.1 million

SOURCE: Table 64.

Table 64.
Number aged 18–64, by program, December 1996–2005

Year	Total	Social Security only				SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI			
		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
					Number					
1996	7,689,664	4,122,152	--	--	--	2,559,750	1,007,762	--	--	--
1997	7,811,748	4,250,155	--	--	--	2,550,105	1,011,488	--	--	--
1998	8,086,259	4,440,264	--	--	--	2,618,615	1,027,380	--	--	--
1999	8,399,309	4,703,774	--	--	--	2,650,586	1,044,949	--	--	--
2000	8,599,465	4,850,835	--	--	--	2,690,446	1,058,184	--	--	--
2001	8,791,338	4,979,844	4,495,477	87,833	396,534	2,732,020	1,079,474	772,562	35,222	271,690
2002	9,106,014	5,228,262	4,738,246	87,900	402,116	2,768,782	1,108,970	801,351	34,671	272,948
2003	9,445,573	5,492,325	4,997,137	87,203	407,985	2,811,647	1,141,601	833,269	34,101	274,231
2004	9,773,201	5,756,093	5,257,314	89,874	408,905	2,850,815	1,166,293	858,850	33,072	274,371
2005	10,081,625	5,998,755	5,491,980	86,422	420,353	2,880,931	1,201,939	893,437	32,302	276,200
					Total monthly benefits [a] (millions of dollars)					
1996	4,887	3,072	--	--	--	1,222	584	--	--	--
1997	5,106	3,245	--	--	--	1,257	604	--	--	--
1998	5,379	3,444	--	--	--	1,313	622	--	--	--
1999	5,680	3,691	--	--	--	1,346	643	--	--	--
2000	6,058	3,975	--	--	--	1,408	675	--	--	--
2001	6,542	4,299	3,976	65	258	1,491	719	530	22	167
2002	6,920	4,629	4,294	67	268	1,544	747	554	22	171
2003	7,416	5,024	4,674	69	281	1,603	790	592	22	176
2004	7,980	5,464	5,096	72	296	1,686	829	626	22	180
2005	8,604	5,974	5,584	75	315	1,724	906	696	22	187
					Average monthly benefit [b] (dollars)					
1996	624.80	744.60	--	--	--	456.00	546.90	--	--	--
1997	637.80	762.80	--	--	--	458.10	557.10	--	--	--
1998	649.90	775.00	--	--	--	467.90	564.30	--	--	--
1999	662.50	784.10	--	--	--	477.60	576.70	--	--	--
2000	689.30	818.80	--	--	--	489.00	594.90	--	--	--
2001	722.84	862.60	883.70	744.80	650.00	506.80	615.20	618.40	595.10	608.70
2002	744.40	884.60	905.40	764.40	666.00	522.50	625.20	626.90	608.30	622.20
2003	768.50	914.10	934.80	790.80	687.30	533.50	638.20	639.90	620.90	635.10
2004	796.80	947.80	967.80	804.80	722.50	545.90	655.20	657.10	639.10	651.40
2005	832.80	993.70	1,014.50	863.10	748.10	558.20	675.90	677.70	659.90	672.30

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

-- = not available.

a. Includes retroactive SSI payments.

b. Excludes retroactive payments for both programs.

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Table 65.
Number aged 18–64 receiving Social Security benefits, by state or other area, December 2005

State or area	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)
All areas	6,385,417	893,437	192.98	118,724	32,302	198.90	696,553	276,200	247.10
Alabama	166,483	23,809	156.82	3,570	1,144	172.00	15,978	8,186	222.86
Alaska	9,468	1,498	166.91	156	35	164.06	737	302	232.71
Arizona	119,677	12,176	170.60	1,646	332	192.12	8,641	3,144	222.99
Arkansas	101,876	13,923	159.29	2,016	628	172.16	8,633	4,309	229.97
California	540,128	147,448	289.74	9,056	3,797	308.43	59,834	37,727	368.08
Colorado	71,024	9,027	159.21	909	177	196.81	5,457	2,117	214.28
Connecticut	63,483	6,647	162.58	805	248	197.21	8,397	2,125	226.22
Delaware	20,331	1,936	168.72	218	38	163.78	1,722	572	198.53
District of Columbia	9,586	1,749	187.91	182	64	195.08	1,219	427	259.94
Florida	387,260	44,616	162.20	5,820	1,447	177.00	32,346	12,640	219.32
Georgia	191,862	24,827	152.41	3,909	1,327	172.95	18,993	9,074	209.82
Hawaii	18,145	2,037	215.00	323	81	198.83	2,071	963	363.92
Idaho	28,690	4,093	173.66	414	73	203.53	2,459	1,001	212.81
Illinois	217,327	25,029	179.92	4,136	953	183.05	29,319	7,638	224.16
Indiana	139,114	16,372	176.76	2,302	407	171.74	15,538	3,958	211.93
Iowa	58,254	8,498	177.91	752	180	173.96	7,564	2,352	205.64
Kansas	52,418	6,929	167.62	731	162	181.48	5,508	1,882	207.57
Kentucky	157,015	24,437	166.47	4,427	1,369	190.95	14,968	7,494	235.41
Louisiana	106,551	15,181	167.80	3,821	1,086	173.50	16,165	7,335	238.40
Maine	45,398	6,530	163.22	597	161	146.32	4,060	1,910	217.74
Maryland	88,897	10,083	168.17	1,387	321	169.27	9,891	3,127	200.96
Massachusetts	149,491	26,494	191.24	1,918	717	241.75	16,207	6,669	248.05
Michigan	234,515	30,378	182.69	4,450	958	181.57	30,482	11,421	213.31
Minnesota	88,176	10,966	169.88	835	191	184.05	10,211	3,089	206.90
Mississippi	104,565	15,625	156.02	2,599	960	175.15	11,112	6,062	239.78
Missouri	157,844	19,893	170.36	2,718	708	183.33	14,905	5,656	221.30
Montana	20,046	2,628	167.81	316	86	177.61	1,982	838	205.39
Nebraska	32,145	4,412	167.16	381	71	200.42	3,720	1,332	213.31
Nevada	44,079	4,199	160.95	598	79	200.10	2,501	785	209.21
New Hampshire	32,435	2,950	163.76	281	42	125.21	2,585	821	210.59
New Jersey	150,202	16,776	175.96	2,061	515	201.85	18,106	5,428	221.98
New Mexico	44,367	6,806	170.88	822	243	179.86	4,104	2,052	233.21
New York	395,098	61,930	216.67	7,049	2,426	223.34	50,930	23,835	283.70
North Carolina	244,300	28,547	159.00	3,725	1,186	173.34	21,436	9,567	212.05
North Dakota	10,742	1,421	165.65	142	39	195.24	1,685	619	203.22
Ohio	237,182	33,876	184.03	5,546	1,227	183.12	31,661	9,112	218.67
Oklahoma	88,880	11,205	174.04	1,816	489	176.12	8,529	3,312	219.45
Oregon	73,661	10,020	165.18	1,126	212	183.86	6,741	2,354	205.65
Pennsylvania	286,887	36,031	183.41	5,744	1,417	181.52	34,886	12,357	231.39
Rhode Island	28,314	4,974	183.08	339	111	203.60	2,791	1,317	246.04

(Continued)

Table 65.
Number aged 18–64 receiving Social Security benefits, by state or other area, December 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)
South Carolina	128,180	13,346	161.90	2,400	773	176.79	12,299	5,497	208.99
South Dakota	14,112	2,015	172.67	182	62	203.87	1,764	786	208.45
Tennessee	178,096	22,854	164.91	3,953	1,242	185.06	17,118	7,869	219.03
Texas	375,539	52,424	166.40	8,620	2,347	172.04	39,395	16,185	225.94
Utah	29,158	3,467	175.72	346	61	194.90	3,201	944	217.12
Vermont	15,536	2,778	186.09	219	75	189.47	1,709	922	228.49
Virginia	162,506	17,996	164.58	3,056	780	168.27	15,798	6,312	214.68
Washington	120,697	16,191	169.48	1,736	334	178.63	11,235	3,621	210.06
West Virginia	77,906	9,575	167.47	2,534	576	174.32	8,984	3,940	229.80
Wisconsin	108,264	15,427	169.80	1,252	308	179.84	14,193	4,871	196.89
Wyoming	9,412	1,176	169.87	104	19	191.83	808	261	194.24
Outlying areas [b]	150,095	212	156.42	4,679	18	198.33	25,975	83	270.75

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

a. Excludes retroactive payments.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 66.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2005

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
United States	186,150,307	9,900,578	5.3
Alabama	2,864,322	253,441	8.8
Alaska	431,311	15,400	3.6
Arizona	3,600,675	171,693	4.8
Arkansas	1,719,082	147,356	8.6
California	22,561,711	1,009,478	4.5
Colorado	3,019,556	100,826	3.3
Connecticut	2,201,141	96,775	4.4
Delaware	535,431	27,791	5.2
District of Columbia	370,476	21,299	5.7
Florida	10,728,827	568,127	5.3
Georgia	5,839,432	297,430	5.1
Hawaii	800,804	30,069	3.8
Idaho	890,999	41,420	4.6
Illinois	7,992,258	373,654	4.7
Indiana	3,891,620	201,838	5.2
Iowa	1,860,313	84,976	4.6
Kansas	1,713,397	75,355	4.4
Kentucky	2,667,481	262,537	9.8
Louisiana	2,844,396	195,052	6.9
Maine	851,505	64,697	7.6
Maryland	3,552,867	141,861	4.0
Massachusetts	4,087,881	239,167	5.9
Michigan	6,338,092	374,962	5.9
Minnesota	3,279,980	130,912	4.0
Mississippi	1,814,151	167,037	9.2
Missouri	3,648,907	227,413	6.2
Montana	601,842	29,222	4.9
Nebraska	1,093,608	45,447	4.2
Nevada	1,520,491	60,483	4.0
New Hampshire	843,684	41,815	5.0
New Jersey	5,426,768	227,005	4.2
New Mexico	1,204,000	71,048	5.9
New York	12,193,682	700,358	5.7
North Carolina	5,488,103	344,095	6.3
North Dakota	406,509	15,656	3.9
Ohio	7,175,500	401,648	5.6
Oklahoma	2,225,580	134,644	6.0
Oregon	2,321,206	108,618	4.7
Pennsylvania	7,720,030	476,444	6.2
Rhode Island	681,060	43,923	6.4

(Continued)

Table 66.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2005—*Continued*

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
South Carolina	2,692,901	185,386	6.9
South Dakota	477,133	20,813	4.4
Tennessee	3,822,486	270,117	7.1
Texas	14,261,838	606,414	4.3
Utah	1,511,008	42,897	2.8
Vermont	408,449	22,676	5.6
Virginia	4,877,794	236,107	4.8
Washington	4,082,520	188,187	4.6
West Virginia	1,155,991	131,226	11.4
Wisconsin	3,518,573	162,826	4.6
Wyoming	332,936	12,957	3.9

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data; U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 estimates of resident population.

NOTES: Data exclude United States territories and other areas.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

a. Population estimates for the United States as of July 1, 2005, as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

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Table 67.
Distribution of beneficiaries aged 18–64, by diagnostic group, December 2005

Diagnostic group	Total	Social Security only			SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI		
		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
				Number				
Total	10,081,625	5,491,980	86,422	420,353	2,880,931	893,437	32,302	276,200
Congenital anomalies	39,160	8,560	118	5,286	19,543	2,302	42	3,309
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	363,174	209,553	7,282	1,458	103,054	37,275	3,311	1,241
Infectious and parasitic diseases	161,332	93,230	702	1,502	46,554	17,713	335	1,296
Injuries	359,428	247,167	2,054	6,197	70,720	29,355	562	3,373
Mental disorders								
Retardation	1,283,634	198,259	3,793	199,257	619,406	120,203	3,906	138,810
Other	3,025,120	1,480,259	20,963	63,531	1,040,312	363,642	7,744	48,669
Neoplasms	217,362	168,226	1,726	1,089	32,672	12,589	371	689
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	29,767	13,088	135	965	11,540	3,009	56	974
Circulatory system	743,322	550,980	8,817	2,130	131,508	45,885	2,773	1,229
Digestive system	128,501	89,062	967	366	27,169	10,421	278	238
Genitourinary system	139,524	95,388	772	986	29,448	11,856	242	832
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,920,144	1,479,266	24,014	2,834	274,135	131,388	6,219	2,288
Nervous system and sense organs	911,903	546,290	6,038	42,481	222,556	66,513	1,690	26,335
Respiratory system	263,839	174,347	4,647	501	61,578	20,809	1,482	475
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	20,108	13,555	176	150	4,223	1,841	52	111
Other	21,709	11,801	106	698	7,316	1,230	16	542
Unknown	453,598	112,949	4,112	90,922	179,197	17,406	3,223	45,789

(Continued)

Table 67.
Distribution of beneficiaries aged 18–64, by diagnostic group, December 2005—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total	Social Security only			SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI		
		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
				Percent				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.7	0.3	0.1	1.2
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.6	3.8	8.4	0.3	3.6	4.2	10.3	0.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.6	1.7	0.8	0.4	1.6	2.0	1.0	0.5
Injuries	3.6	4.5	2.4	1.5	2.5	3.3	1.7	1.2
Mental disorders								
Retardation	12.7	3.6	4.4	47.4	21.5	13.5	12.1	50.3
Other	30.0	27.0	24.3	15.1	36.1	40.7	24.0	17.6
Neoplasms	2.2	3.1	2.0	0.3	1.1	1.4	1.1	0.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4
Circulatory system	7.4	10.0	10.2	0.5	4.6	5.1	8.6	0.4
Digestive system	1.3	1.6	1.1	0.1	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.1
Genitourinary system	1.4	1.7	0.9	0.2	1.0	1.3	0.7	0.3
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	19.0	26.9	27.8	0.7	9.5	14.7	19.3	0.8
Nervous system and sense organs	9.0	9.9	7.0	10.1	7.7	7.4	5.2	9.5
Respiratory system	2.6	3.2	5.4	0.1	2.1	2.3	4.6	0.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.2	0.2	0.2	a	0.1	0.2	0.2	a
Other	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	a	0.2
Unknown	4.5	2.1	4.8	21.6	6.2	1.9	10.0	16.6

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Appendix and Glossary

Appendix: Sampling Variability

Estimates based on sample data may differ from the figures that would have been obtained had all, rather than specified samples, of the records been used. These differences are termed sampling variability. The standard error is a measure of the sampling variability. About 68 percent of all possible probability samples selected with the same specifications will give estimates within one standard error of the figure obtained from a compilation of all records. Similarly, approximately 90 percent will give estimates within 1.645 standard errors, about 95 percent will give estimates within two standard errors, and about 99 percent will give estimates within two and one-half standard errors. The standard error of an estimate depends on the design elements such as the method of sampling, sample size, and the estimation process.

Because of the large number of data cells tabulated from the sample files, it is not practical to calculate the standard error for every possible cell. However, standard errors for a large number of cells were estimated. These estimates were used to fit regression curves to provide estimates of approximate standard errors associated with tabulated counts and proportions.

The tables showing the sampling variability provide a general order of magnitude for similar estimates from the various sample files. Table A-1 presents approximate standard errors for the estimated number of persons from the 1 percent and the 10 percent files. The reliability of an estimated percentage depends on both the size of the percentage and on the size of the total on which the percentage is based. Data in Table A-2 provide approximations of the standard errors of the estimated percentage of persons in the 1 percent and 10 percent files. The standard errors are expressed in percentage points and the bases shown are in terms of inflated data.

Table A-1.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated number of persons

Size of estimate (inflated)	Standard error
1 percent file	
500	250
1,000	300
2,500	500
5,000	800
7,500	900
10,000	1,100
25,000	1,700
50,000	2,400
75,000	3,000
100,000	3,400
250,000	5,400
500,000	7,800
750,000	9,600
1,000,000	11,100
5,000,000	25,800
10,000,000	36,900
25,000,000	57,700
50,000,000	76,100
75,000,000	82,900
10 percent file	
100	30
500	70
1,000	100
5,000	225
10,000	300
50,000	700
100,000	1,000
500,000	2,200
1,000,000	3,200
2,000,000	4,300
3,000,000	5,300
5,000,000	6,500
10,000,000	8,500
20,000,000	9,300

Table A-2.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated percentage of persons

Size of base (inflated)	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
			1 percent file		
1,000	4.7	7.3	10.1	14.5	16.8
10,000	1.5	2.3	3.2	4.6	5.3
50,000	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.4
100,000	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.7
500,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.8
1,000,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
5,000,000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
10,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
50,000,000	a	a	a	0.1	0.1
100,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
			10 percent file		
500	1.9	3.0	4.1	5.9	6.8
1,000	1.3	2.1	2.9	4.1	4.8
2,500	0.8	1.3	1.8	2.6	3.0
10,000	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.5
50,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7
100,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
500,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
1,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
5,000,000	a	a	a	a	0.1
10,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
50,000,000	a	a	a	a	a

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

Glossary

administrative law judge (ALJ). An official of the Social Security Administration's (SSA's) Office of Hearings and Appeals who is specially qualified by education and experience to hold hearings and make independent decisions regarding eligibility for SSA programs on the basis of all evidence and testimony. ALJs conduct impartial hearings and issue decisions to claimants who have appealed previous determinations by SSA. See also **administrative review process**.

administrative review process. The procedures followed by the Social Security Administration (SSA) in determining one's rights under title II and title XVI of the Social Security Act. The administrative review process consists of several steps, which must usually be requested in the following order within certain time periods: initial determination, reconsideration, decision of the administrative law judge, and a review by SSA's Appeals Council.

age. In tables showing beneficiaries in current payment status, the age classification is based on the beneficiary's current age. In tables showing awards, age is the beneficiary's age in the month of award.

allowance. A determination by the Disability Determination Services, an administrative law judge, or the Appeals Council that an applicant meets the medical definition of disability under the law. See also **disability**.

allowance rate. The percentage of allowed disability applications in a given time period calculated as the number of medically allowed applications divided by the total number of applications with a medical decision. At the hearing level, allowance rates are computed either as a percentage of dispositions (including dismissals) or as a percentage of decisions (excluding dismissals). In this publication, hearing level allowance rates are computed as a percentage of dispositions. An allowance rate provides a narrower view of the disability program than does an award rate because it excludes nonmedical determinations from its base.

Appeals Council. The organization within the Social Security Administration's Office of Hearings and Appeals that makes the final decision in the administrative review process. See also **administrative review process**.

auxiliary benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker (dependents benefit) or to a survivor of a deceased worker (survivors benefit).

average. See **mean**.

average current earnings. Earnings used to determine whether the workers' compensation or public disability benefit offset applies. Average current earnings are defined as the highest of the following:

- The average monthly earnings used to figure a person's Social Security disability benefit.
- The average monthly earnings from any work covered by Social Security that a person did (including self-employment) during the 5 highest consecutive years after 1950.
- The average monthly earnings from work or self-employment during the year a person became disabled or in the highest year of earnings that a person had during the 5-year period just before that person became disabled. (Divide the total year's earnings by 12 to get the average current earnings.)

All earnings covered by Social Security, including amounts above the maximum taxable by Social Security, may be used when figuring average current earnings. See also **workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset**.

average indexed monthly earnings (AIME). The amount of earnings used in determining the primary insurance amount (PIA) for most workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1978. A worker's actual past earnings are adjusted by changes in the average wage index to bring them up to their approximately equivalent value at the time of eligibility for benefits. If the person attained age 62, became disabled, or died before 1979, the **average monthly wage** is used to calculate the PIA. See also **primary insurance amount**.

average monthly wage (AMW). The dollar amount used in calculating a person's monthly primary insurance amount (PIA) if that person attained age 62, became disabled, or died before 1979. The AMW is determined by dividing the total earnings in the "computation years" by the number of months in those same years. If the person attained age 62, became disabled or died after 1978, **average indexed monthly earnings** are used to calculate the PIA. See also **primary insurance amount**.

average wage index. The average amount of total wages for each year after 1950, including wages in noncovered employment and wages in covered employment in excess of the Social Security contribution and benefit base. Those average yearly amounts are used to index the earnings of most workers who first become eligible for benefits in 1979 or later and to make automatic adjustments in the contribution and benefit base, bend points, earnings test exempt amounts, and other wage-indexed amounts.

award. An administrative determination that an individual is entitled to receive monthly benefits or a lump-sum death payment. Awards can represent not only new entrants to the benefit rolls but also persons already on the rolls who become entitled to a different type of benefit. See **conversion of benefits**.

award rate. The percentage of awarded applications in a given time period calculated as the number of awarded applications divided by the total number of applications decided, including technical denials and dismissals. An award rate provides a broader view of the program than does an allowance rate because an award rate includes as its base all applications decided.

bend points. The dollar amounts defining the average indexed monthly earnings or primary insurance amount brackets in the benefit formulas. See also **average indexed monthly earnings** and **primary insurance amount**.

beneficiary. A person who is entitled to either Social Security or Supplemental Security Income benefits. The Social Security benefit may be either in current-payment status or withheld.

benefits in force. The sum of the number of persons with benefits in current-payment status and the number of persons with benefits withheld.

benefit termination. See **termination**.

benefits withheld. See **withholding**.

blind. Blindness, for Social Security purposes, means either central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens, or a limitation in the fields of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle of 20 degrees or less (tunnel vision).

child's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to the children of a retired or disabled worker or of a deceased worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries.

closed period award. An administrative determination that an individual is entitled to receive benefits for a limited period of time. The determination is usually made after the period of entitlement has ended.

cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). The annual increases in benefits, effective for December, reflecting the increase in the cost of living. The benefit increase equals the percentage increase in the consumer price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers (CPI-W) measured from the average over July, August, and September of the preceding year to the average for the same 3 months in the current year. If the increase is less than one-tenth of 1 percent, when rounded, there is no automatic increase for the current year; the increase for the next year would reflect the increase in the cost of living over a 2-year period. Also see **consumer price index**.

concurrent claim. A claim for both Title II (Social Security) and Title XVI (Supplemental Security Income) benefits.

consumer price index (CPI). A measure of the average change in prices over time for a fixed group of goods and services; also considered a relative measure of inflation. The CPI-U is the price index for all urban consumers. The CPI-W is the price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers. In this report, all references to the CPI refer to the CPI-W.

continuing disability review (CDR). A periodic review to determine if a disabled individual is still medically eligible to receive benefits.

conversion of benefits. An award of benefits to persons already on the rolls whose benefits in one category are terminated but who become entitled to another type of benefit. Two frequent events causing conversions are the attainment of full retirement age by a disabled worker or a disabled widow(er) and the death of a retired or disabled worker. See also **award**.

covered earnings and employment. All wages and self-employment income creditable for Social Security purposes. Most employment and self-employment is covered under the program. In a few situations, the employer elects coverage, for example, religious orders under a vow of poverty, foreign affiliates of U.S. employers, or state and local governments. Since July 1991, coverage is mandatory for state and local employees who are not participating in a public employee retirement system.

current payment. Benefits paid for a given month, with or without deductions (provided the deductions are less than a full month's benefit). The amounts shown are before the deduction of Medicare Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) premiums. Benefits in current payment status at the end of a month are usually payable the following month.

dependents benefit. See **auxiliary benefit**.

diagnostic group. Classification of impairments, by body system, that identifies the medical condition(s) on which disability-related benefits are based. Before 1985, the coding of the primary and secondary diagnoses for Social Security and Supplemental Security Income claimants was in accordance with the *International Classification of Diseases: 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, 4th ed.*, using 4-digit ICD-9 codes. In 1985, the Social Security Administration (SSA) implemented a revised method to determine and enter impairment codes in administrative records. This revised approach provides for a modified impairment coding system, generally using 3 digits (followed by zero), loosely based on the ICD-9 codes. For research purposes, the ICD-9 codes and SSA impairment codes are, typically, not identical. However, the diagnostic groupings shown in the statistical tables closely parallel the major ICD-9 disease classifications. See also **Listing of Impairments**.

disability. The inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. (Special rules apply for workers aged 55 or older whose disability is based on blindness. The 12-month requirement does not apply to SSI beneficiaries who are blind.)

Individuals are considered to be disabled only if their physical or mental impairment(s) are of such severity that they are not only unable to do their previous work but cannot—because of their age, education, or work experience—engage in any other kind of substantial gainful activity that exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which they live, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for them, or whether they would be hired if they applied for work.

The SGA criterion does not apply to children under age 18 in the Supplemental Security Income program. The standard for them is a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that results in marked and severe functional limitations.

Disability Determination Services (DDS). The state agency responsible for developing medical evidence and rendering the initial determination and reconsideration on whether a claimant is disabled or a beneficiary continues to be disabled within the meaning of the law.

Disability Insurance (DI) Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

disabled adult child. A disabled person aged 18 or older—a son, daughter, or eligible grandchild of a retired, deceased, or disabled worker—whose disability began before age 22.

disabled adult child's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a disabled adult child.

disabled widow(er)s benefit. See **widow(er)s benefit**.

disabled-worker benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a disabled worker who has not reached full retirement age and who is insured for disability. Before November 1960, disability benefits were limited to disabled workers aged 50 to 64.

drug addiction and alcoholism (DA&A). Conditions that, if determined a contributing factor material to the determination of disability, will prevent entitlement to disability benefits or mandate removal of persons from the program rolls.

dual entitlement. The entitlement of a beneficiary to both a worker (primary) benefit and a higher secondary benefit. The primary benefit is paid in full, but the secondary benefit is paid only in the amount by which it exceeds the primary benefit. If the two benefits are financed from the same trust fund, the beneficiary is usually represented only once in the statistics—as a retired-worker or a disabled-worker beneficiary—and the benefit amount recorded is the larger amount associated with the secondary benefit. If the benefits are paid from different trust funds, then the beneficiary is represented twice, with the respective benefit amounts recorded for each type of benefit.

duration. A factor in the determination of disability. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must have a disability that has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months or is expected to end in death. See also **sequential evaluation process**.

earnings test. The provision requiring the withholding of benefits if nondisabled beneficiaries under full retirement age have earnings in excess of certain exempt amounts.

entitlement. The state of meeting the applicable requirements for receipt of benefits, including the filing of an application. An entitlement can be retroactive to before the month of application for benefits and, thus, precede the date of award. The retroactive period can be 12 months for disabled workers, their spouses and children, and disabled widow(er)s. The maximum retroactive period for other types of beneficiaries is 6 months.

equals listing. A determination that a medical condition is equal in severity to the criteria in the Listing of Impairments.

expedited appeals process. This process permits an individual to go directly to a federal district court after review of the initial determination without first completing the administrative review process, if the only dispute is whether an applicable provision of the Social Security Act is constitutional. See also **administrative review process**.

expedited reinstatement of benefits. A provision of the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act. Effective January 1, 2001, if a person's Social Security or SSI disability benefits have ended because of earnings from work and he or she becomes unable to work again within 60 months because of his or her impairment, he or she would be able to request reinstatement of benefits, including Medicare and Medicaid, without filing a new application.

extended period of eligibility (EPE). The 36-month period after the completion of a trial work period for beneficiaries who continue to have a disabling condition and work. Monthly benefits are continued for 3 months after the trial work period and are then suspended if earnings are above the substantial gainful activity level. If earnings drop below the substantial gainful activity level during the EPE, monthly benefits may be resumed without a new application and disability determination. Medicare coverage continues throughout the EPE. See also **trial work period** and **substantial gainful activity**.

father's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a widower or surviving divorced father if (1) the deceased worker on whose earnings record the benefit is paid was either fully or currently insured at the time of her death and (2) an entitled child of the worker is in his care and is under the age of 16 or disabled.

federal court review. When an individual disagrees with the Social Security Administration's final decision, he or she may request judicial review by filing a civil action in a federal district court. See also **administrative review process**.

federally administered Supplemental Security Income (SSI). Federal SSI payments and state supplementation payments issued by the Social Security Administration on behalf of states. (This report does not cover state supplementation payments that are state administered.)

full retirement age (FRA). The age at which a person may first become entitled to unreduced retirement benefits. Beginning in 2000, the FRA for a worker or spouse born in 1938 or later, or a widow(er) born in 1940 or later, will gradually increase from age 65 until it reaches age 67 in 2022. The higher FRA affects the benefit amount of persons who choose to receive reduced benefits. Also known as the normal retirement age (NRA).

government pension offset (GPO). A law that affects spouse's or widow(er)s benefits. Benefits are subject to reduction by any government pensions payable to the spouse on the basis of his or her own earnings in noncovered employment. The offset reduces the Social Security benefit amount by two-thirds of the amount of the government pension.

hearing. The level following reconsideration in the administrative review process. The hearing is a *de novo* procedure at which the claimant, the claimant's representative, or both may appear in person, submit new evidence, examine the evidence used in making the determination under review, give testimony, and present and question witnesses. The hearing is on the record but is informal and nonadversarial.

Hospital Insurance (HI) Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

husband's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a husband or a divorced husband (aged 62 or older) of a retired or disabled worker. Also see **spouse's benefit**.

impairment-related work expense (IRWE). The costs of items or services that a disabled person needs to work. The expenses, when paid by the beneficiary, are deducted from his or her gross earnings when determining if the work is considered substantial gainful activity.

initial determination. The first decision made in determining eligibility for, and entitlement to, benefits. A Social Security field office employee makes the decision on nonmedical factors such as insured status, substantial gainful activity, income, and resources. If the nonmedical factors are met, a state Disability Determination Services employee makes the decision on the medical factors. See also **administrative review process**.

insured status. The state or condition of having sufficient quarters of coverage to meet the eligibility requirements for retired-worker or disabled-worker benefits or to permit the worker's spouse and children or survivors to establish eligibility for benefits in the event of the beneficiary's disability, retirement, or death. See also **quarters of coverage**.

Listing of Impairments. Issued by the Social Security Administration and used to identify medical conditions for purposes of determining disability. See also **diagnostic group**.

Master Beneficiary Record (MBR). The MBR contains the data needed to administer the Social Security benefit program. The MBR contains a record for each person who (1) is currently entitled to benefits, (2) is no longer receiving benefits but received them in the past, or (3) filed a claim for benefits but was denied (though the person may be appealing that decision).

maximum family benefit. The maximum monthly amount that can be paid on a worker's earnings record. Whenever the total of the individual monthly benefits payable to all the beneficiaries entitled on one earnings record exceeds the maximum, each dependents or survivors benefit is proportionately reduced to bring the total to within the maximum. Benefits payable to divorced spouses or surviving divorced spouses are not reduced under the family maximum provision.

mean. An arithmetic mean is the sum of the observed data divided by the number of observations. Compare with **median**.

median. A median is a figure that falls in the exact middle of a ranking of numbers in ascending or descending order. Compare with **mean**.

medical listings. The common term for the **Listing of Impairments**. See also **diagnostic group**.

Medicare. A nationwide, federally administered health insurance program that covers the cost of hospitalization, medical care, and some related services for most people over the age of 65, for people receiving Social Security Disability Insurance benefits for 2 years, and for people with end-stage renal disease. Medicare consists of two separate but coordinated programs—Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance).

Medicare eligibility based on disability. Medicare benefits are available 2 years after the disabled worker, disabled widow(er), or disabled adult child becomes eligible for benefits.

meets listing. A physical or mental impairment that meets the criteria in the Listing of Impairments and is sufficient to establish disability. This determination is made at the third step in the sequential evaluation process. See also **sequential evaluation process**.

monthly benefit. In this report, "monthly benefit" refers to the monthly benefit credited (MBC), which is derived as follows:

1. Subtract the Medicare premium from the monthly benefit amount (MBA);
2. Round the result down to the nearest whole dollar; and
3. Add back the Medicare premium to the rounded result from 2 above.

For example, if a monthly benefit amount is $678.20 and the corresponding Medicare premium is $43.80, then the MBC is $677.80 ($678.20 - $43.80 = $634.40 rounded down to $634.00 + $43.80 = $677.80).

monthly benefit amount (MBA). The amount payable after reduction, if necessary, for age, family maximum, and other reasons but before any deduction for Medicare (Part B) premiums.

mother's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a widow or surviving divorced mother if (1) the deceased worker on whose earnings record the benefit is paid was either fully or currently insured at the time of his death and (2) an entitled child of the worker is in her care and is under age 16 or disabled.

nonsevere impairment. An impairment that does not significantly limit a person's physical or mental ability to perform basic work activities.

Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI). The programs under the Social Security Act that pay for (1) monthly benefits to retired workers and their spouses and children and to survivors of deceased insured workers (OASI) and (2) monthly benefits to disabled workers and their spouses and children and for rehabilitation services provided to the disabled (DI).

other work. Work that exists in the national economy, other than the work a person has done previously.

parent's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a dependent parent (aged 62 or older) of a deceased, fully insured worker.

period of disability. A continuous period of at least 5 months, during which a person is entitled to disability benefits.

poverty thresholds. The poverty thresholds are a series of income levels, with different values for family units of different sizes, below which the family units are considered poor. The thresholds are used mainly for statistical purposes in calculating official poverty population figures. They are issued annually by the U.S. Census Bureau in the Current Population Reports series. The thresholds are adjusted annually for price changes using the annual average consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U).

prevalence. The percentage of a population receiving benefits at a specified time. For Social Security disability benefits, prevalence is expressed as a percentage of the population insured for Disability Insurance.

primary insurance amount (PIA). The monthly amount payable to a retired worker who begins to receive benefits at full retirement age or to a disabled worker who has never received a retirement benefit reduced for age. This amount, which is derived from the worker's average monthly wage or average indexed monthly earnings, is also used as a base for computing all types of benefits payable on the basis of one individual's earnings record.

prototype process. A disability redesign model being tested in 10 states that represent about 20 percent to 25 percent of the national disability claims workload. Implementation of the Prototype Process began on October 1, 1999, in Alabama, Alaska, Colorado, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, and in parts of California and New York (expanded to all of New York in April 2001). This model includes

- use of a single decisionmaker—a new position that gives the disability examiner authority to determine eligibility without requiring physician input in most cases,
- use of a predecision claimant conference,
- use of an enhanced decision explanation, and
- elimination of the reconsideration step of the appeals process.

provisional benefits. An individual whose prior disability entitlement terminated because of SGA and who requests expedited reinstatement (EXR) may receive up to 6 months of cash payments and Medicare benefits while a decision is being made.

public disability benefit (PDB). A benefit paid under a federal, state, or local government law or plan that pays for conditions that are not job related. Examples are civil service disability benefits, military disability benefits, state temporary disability benefits, and state or local government retirement benefits that are based on disability. See also **workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset**.

quarters of coverage (QC). Basic unit of measurement for determining insured status. In 2001, a worker receives one quarter of coverage (up to a total of four) for each $830 of annual covered earnings. The amount of earnings required for a quarter of coverage is subject to annual automatic increases in proportion to increases in average earnings. See also **insured status**.

race. Racial and ethnic data received via the Survey of Income and Program Participation are self-reported by the survey respondents.

reconsideration. An independent reexamination of all evidence on record related to a case. It is based on the evidence submitted for the initial determination plus any further evidence and information that the claimant or the claimant's representative may submit in connection with the reconsideration. Different employees than the ones who made the initial determination make a reconsideration determination. See also **administrative review process**.

relevant past work. Work that a person did before filing for disability benefits.

representative payee. A person designated by the Social Security Administration to receive monthly benefit checks on behalf of an adult beneficiary who is unable to manage his or her own funds. A beneficiary under age 18 is generally considered incapable of managing benefit payments, and a representative payee will be selected to receive benefits on the beneficiary's behalf.

retired-worker (old-age) benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a fully insured retired worker aged 62 or older. Retired-worker benefit data do not include special age-72 benefits, unless indicated. See also **special age-72 benefit**.

secondary benefit. An additional monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker, or to a survivor of a deceased worker who also receives a primary benefit as a disabled or retired worker. See **dual entitlement**.

self-employment. Operation of a trade or business by an individual or by a partnership in which an individual is a member.

sequential evaluation process. The five-step process used in determining whether an individual meets the definition of disability as defined in the law.

special age-72 benefit. A monthly payment to certain persons who reached age 72 before 1968 and never worked in employment covered by Social Security. Those who reached age 72 between 1968 and 1971 must have Social Security coverage to qualify. This benefit is not available to people who reach age 72 after 1971.

spouse's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a spouse or a divorced spouse of a retired or disabled worker under one of the following conditions:

1. The spouse is aged 62 or older or has an entitled child of the worker in his or her care who is under age 16 or is disabled; or
2. The divorced spouse is aged 62 or older and was married to the worker for 10 years before the divorce became final; or
3. The spouse is a deemed spouse (including a divorced deemed spouse) who entered into an invalid ceremonial marriage in good faith.

state agency. A common term for Disability Determination Services, the state agency that makes the initial and reconsideration determinations of whether a claimant is disabled or a beneficiary continues to be disabled within the meaning of the law.

statutory blindness. See **blind**.

student benefit. Child's benefit payable to a full-time unmarried elementary or secondary school student aged 18-19. Student benefits end at age 19 or at the end of the current semester or quarter, whichever is later. Also see **child's benefit**.

substantial gainful activity (SGA). Describes a level of work activity that is productive and yields or usually yields remuneration or profit. The Social Security Administration's regulations establish a dollar amount to indicate whether a person's work is substantial.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI). A federal program for low-income aged, blind, and disabled individuals who meet income and resource requirements. It replaced the former federal/state programs of Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled. SSI is funded by general tax revenues, not Social Security taxes.

survivors benefit. See **auxiliary benefit**.

suspended benefit. See **withholding**.

technical entitlement. Occurs when a beneficiary is entitled to benefits on more than one earnings record but is eligible to receive payments on only one earnings record. There are two types of technical entitlement:

- *Simultaneous technical entitlement*. Beneficiary is entitled to the same type of benefit on more than one earnings record.
- *Potential dual entitlement*. Beneficiary is entitled to different types of benefits and the secondary benefit amount exceeds the primary benefit, but reduction for age or family maximum causes the primary benefit to exceed the secondary benefit amount.

termination. Cessation of payment of a specific type of benefit because the beneficiary is no longer entitled to receive it. For example, benefits might terminate as a result of the death of the beneficiary, the recovery of a disabled beneficiary, or the attainment of age 18 by a child beneficiary. In some cases, the individual may become immediately entitled to another type of benefit (such as the conversion of a disabled-worker benefit at full retirement age to a retired-worker benefit).

Title II benefits. Refers to benefits administered by the Social Security Administration under the federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

Title XVI benefits. Refers to benefits administered by the Social Security Administration under the Supplemental Security Income program. See **Supplemental Security Income**.

trial work period (TWP). A 9-month trial work period during which monthly benefits continue for beneficiaries who are still disabled but return to work. If the disability ends after completion of the trial work period, monthly benefits are continued for an additional 3 months, and then entitlement is terminated. A disabled beneficiary would exhaust the trial work period only if services were performed in any 9 months within a period of 60 consecutive months. For a discussion of procedures when the disabling condition continues, see **extended period of eligibility**.

trust funds. Separate accounts in the U.S. Treasury in which are deposited the taxes received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and the Self-Employment Contributions Act, contributions resulting from coverage of state and local government employees, any sums received under the financial interchange with the railroad retirement account, voluntary hospital and medical insurance premiums, and transfers of federal general revenues. Funds not withdrawn for current monthly or service benefits, the financial interchange, and administrative expenses are invested in interest-bearing federal securities, as required by law; the interest earned is also deposited in the trust funds.

- *Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI)*. The trust fund used for paying monthly benefits to retired-worker (old-age) beneficiaries and their spouses and children and to survivors of deceased insured workers, including most disabled adult children and disabled widow(er)s.
- *Disability Insurance (DI)*. The trust fund used for paying monthly benefits to disabled-worker beneficiaries and their spouses and children and for providing rehabilitation services to the disabled.
- *Hospital Insurance (HI)*. The trust fund used for paying part of the costs of inpatient hospital services and related care for aged and disabled individuals who meet the eligibility requirements.
- *Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI)*. The trust fund used for paying part of the costs of physician's services, outpatient hospital services, and other related medical and health services for voluntarily enrolled aged and disabled individuals.

usual work. See **relevant past work**.

vocational considerations. Age, education, and work experience, which are considered at the final step of the sequential evaluation process.

wages. All payment for services performed for an employer. Wages do not have to be cash. The cash value of all compensation paid to an employee in any form other than cash is also considered wages (unless the form of payment is specifically not covered under the Social Security Act).

widow(er)s benefit. Monthly benefit payable to a widow(er) or surviving divorced widow(er) of a worker fully insured at the time of death, if he or she is (1) aged 60 or older or (2) aged 50–59 and has been disabled throughout a waiting period of 5 consecutive calendar months that began no later than 7 years after the month in which the worker died or after the end of his or her entitlement to benefits as a widowed mother or father.

A surviving divorced widow(er)'s marriage to a worker must have lasted 10 years before the divorce became final. Effective for benefits payable after December 1983, benefits are continued for disabled widow(er)s and surviving divorced widow(er)s who remarry after the age of first eligibility for benefits.

Effective January 1991, benefits may be payable to a deemed widow(er), including a divorced deemed widow(er). A deemed widow(er) is a person who entered into an invalid ceremonial marriage in good faith.

wife's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a wife or divorced wife of a retired or disabled worker. Also see **spouse's benefit**.

withholding. Temporarily stopping benefit payments until the condition or conditions causing the suspension are known to have ended. The suspension does not affect eligibility for Medicare benefits.

work credits. See **quarters of coverage**.

worker. A person who has earnings creditable for Social Security purposes on the basis of services for wages in covered employment or on the basis of income from covered self-employment.

workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset. A requirement that reduces the benefits to a disabled worker and dependents if the worker also receives workers' compensation (WC) or other public disability benefits (PDB). The reduction continues until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the WC/PDB payments stop, whichever comes first.