Annual Statistical Report on the Social Security Disability Insurance Program, 2006

Social Security Administration
Office of Policy
Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

Highlights 2006

Size and Scope of the Social Security Disability Program

- Disability benefits were paid to more than 7.8 million people.
- Awards to disabled workers (798,675) accounted for about 90 percent of awards to all disabled beneficiaries (885,876).
- In December, payments to disabled beneficiaries totaled almost $7.3 billion.
- Benefits were terminated for 511,128 disabled workers.
- Supplemental Security Income payments were another source of income for about 1 out of 6 disabled beneficiaries.

Profile of Disabled-Worker Beneficiaries

- Workers accounted for the largest share of disabled beneficiaries (87 percent).
- Average age was slightly over 52.
- Men represented about 54 percent.
- Mental disorders was the diagnosis for about a third.
- Average monthly benefit received was $977.70.
- Supplemental Security Income payments were another source of income for about 1 out of 7.

Preface

Since 1956, the Social Security program has provided cash benefits to people with disabilities. This annual report provides program and demographic information about the people who receive those benefits. The basic topics covered are

- beneficiaries in current-payment status;
- workers' compensation and public disability benefits;
- benefits awarded, withheld, and terminated;
- disabled workers who have returned to work;
- outcomes of applications for disability benefits; and
- disabled beneficiaries receiving Social Security, Supplemental Security Income, or both.

Kevin Kulzer managed the preparation of the data in this report. Carolyn A. Harrison, Art Kahn, Kia Masseaux, and Clark Pickett wrote the programs to process the data and produce the statistical tables. Glenda Carter and Linda Martin wrote data specifications. Glenda Carter, Kia Masseaux, and Connie Marion validated the data. Staff of the Division of Information Resources edited the report and prepared the print and electronic versions for publication.

Your suggestions and comments on this report are welcome and should be directed to Kevin Kulzer at 410-965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov. For specific questions about the data, please call or e-mail the contact listed on each table. For additional copies of the report, please e-mail op.publications@ssa.gov or call 202-358-6274. This and other publications on the Social Security and Supplemental Security Income programs are available on our Web site at http://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy.

Susan Grad
Acting Associate Commissioner
for Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

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Notes

The Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) program provides benefits to retired workers and their dependent family members and to survivors of deceased workers. The Disability Insurance (DI) program provides benefits to disabled workers, their spouses, and children (whether or not disabled).

Benefits are paid from the OASI and DI trust funds. However, not all disabled beneficiaries are paid from the DI trust fund. All disabled widow(er)s' and most disabled adult children's benefits are paid from the OASI trust fund. Persons receiving disability benefits from either trust fund are referred to in this report as Social Security beneficiaries.

Data for 2001 and subsequent years presented in these tables may differ slightly from other published statistics for two reasons. First, all data for those years are based on 100 percent data files. Second, beginning in 2001, the definition of an award was changed to include secondary benefit awards, subsequent periods of disability, and conversions from one class of child's benefit to another and to exclude reinstated benefits. Those changes resulted in a slight increase in the award counts.

The tables on noninstitutionalized beneficiaries based on the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) have been removed from the *Annual Statistical Report on the Social Security Disability Insurance Program*. Because of increased attrition of survey participants over time and increasingly low match rates to administrative data, attempts were made to improve the reliability of estimates based on the SIPP. The Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics (ORES) contracted with the Census Bureau to conduct a special SIPP-based interview of Disability Insurance and Supplemental Security Income beneficiaries. Estimates based on the additional data were not available when this report was published. However, ORES anticipates publishing these estimates in another publication as well as highlighting the changes in the data and the reliability of the estimates. This decision reinforces the inherent differences between the survey data used to produce the estimates of noninstitutionalized beneficiaries and the administrative data used in this publication.

All years are calendar years unless otherwise specified.

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Background

History of the Social Security Disability Insurance Program

When President Franklin D. Roosevelt signed the Social Security Act into law on August 14, 1935, the original program was designed to pay benefits only to retired workers aged 65 and older. The amendments of 1939 added two new categories of benefits: payments to the spouse and minor children of a retired worker (known as *dependents benefits*) and survivors benefits paid to the family of a deceased worker. That change transformed Social Security from a retirement program for individuals into a family-based economic security program.

The Social Security Amendments of 1954 initiated the Disability Insurance (DI) program that provided the public with additional coverage against economic insecurity. Effective as of 1955, there was a disability "freeze" of workers' Social Security records during years when they were unable to work. Although that measure offered no cash benefits, it did prevent such periods of disability from reducing or wiping out retirement and survivors benefits. This legislation outlined the work requirements, the definition of disability, the nature of the disability determinations, and the emphasis on rehabilitation, which are still fundamental to the disability program.

On August 1, 1956, as he signed new disability legislation, President Eisenhower said, "We will . . . endeavor to administer the disability [program] efficiently and effectively, [and] . . . to help rehabilitate the disabled so that they may return to useful employment . . . . I am hopeful that the new law . . . will advance the economic security of the American people." These amendments provided cash benefits to disabled workers aged 50–64 (after a 6-month waiting period) and to adult children of retired, disabled, or deceased workers, if the children had been disabled before the age of 18.

Over the next 4 years, Congress broadened the scope of the program, providing benefits to disabled workers' dependents in 1958 and permitting disabled workers under the age of 50 to qualify for benefits in 1960. In 1967, the act was further amended to provide benefits for disabled widows and widowers aged 50–64 at a reduced rate.

The Social Security Amendments of 1972 further enhanced the disability program by

- reducing the waiting period from 6 months to 5;
- increasing from 18 to 22 the age before which a "childhood disability" must have begun;
- extending Medicare coverage to persons who had been receiving disability benefits for 24 consecutive months; and
- establishing the needs-based Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program to replace the Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to Permanently and Totally Disabled programs. The SSI program, unlike the Social Security disability program, provided benefits to disabled children under the age of 18.

Throughout the 1970s, growth in the disability rolls was higher than expected as a result of increased applications. In addition, relatively few beneficiaries were being rehabilitated and returning to work. As a result, Congress enacted legislation in 1980 that

- limited disability benefit levels,
- tightened administration of the Social Security and SSI disability programs by instituting a review of initial disability decisions and by establishing a periodic review of continuing disability requirements,
- enhanced rehabilitation and work incentive provisions, and
- withheld payment of benefits to incarcerated felons.

In response to concerns arising from the implementation of the 1980 provision regarding the continuing disability review process, Congress passed legislation in 1982 that ensured persons, appealing decisions on the cessation of their disability claim,

- could elect to have benefits and Medicare coverage continued pending review by an administrative law judge, and
- have an opportunity for a face-to-face evidentiary hearing at the reconsideration level of appeal.

Two provisions of the Social Security Amendments of 1983 affected the disability program:

- The age at which full retirement benefits are payable was gradually increased from 65 to 67 to restore financial soundness to the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) programs. The increase in full retirement age, which began in 2000, means that disabled workers and widow(er)s may remain on the DI rolls for an additional 2 years before "converting" to age-based benefits. It is also likely that more of these older workers will apply for

and become entitled to disability-based benefits because of this change.

- Benefits to disabled widow(er)s were improved by decreasing the benefit reduction for beneficiaries under the age of 60 and by continuing payments to certain disabled widow(er)s who remarried.

In 1984, Congress enacted a number of changes affecting the interpretation of disability, such as instituting a "medical improvement standard" in the continuing disability review process, revising the mental impairment listings, and considering the combined effect of all impairments when determining eligibility for benefits.

From 1984 through 1998, many relatively minor legislative changes were made in the Social Security disability program. Those changes provided additional Medicare protection for the disabled, made the definition of disability for disabled widow(er)s the same as that for disabled workers, prohibited eligibility for individuals whose drug addiction or alcoholism was a contributing factor to their impairment, and modified the provisions for a trial work period.

On December 17, 1999, President Clinton signed into law the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act. The purpose of that legislation is to improve the disability program's work incentives by giving beneficiaries greater choice in seeking rehabilitation and employment services. The provisions of the act

- create a Ticket to Work and Self-Sufficiency program that provides disabled beneficiaries with a voucher they may use to obtain vocational rehabilitation services, employment services, and other support services from an employment network of their choice;
- prohibit the Social Security Administration from initiating continuing disability reviews while the beneficiary is using a ticket;
- provide for expedited reinstatement of benefits for individuals whose prior entitlement to disability and health care benefits had been terminated as a result of earnings from work (those former beneficiaries may request reinstatement of benefits without filing a new application);
- establish a community-based work incentives planning and assistance program for the purpose of providing accurate information about work incentives to disabled beneficiaries;
- expand health care services by allowing the states to offer Medicaid buy-in for workers with disabilities even though they may no longer be eligible for disability benefits under Social Security or SSI because their medical condition has improved; and
- allow people with disabilities who return to work to continue their premium-free Medicare Part A coverage for an additional 4½ years beyond the 4 years previously provided. (Medicare Part B can also continue if premiums are paid.)

Definition of Disability

The definition of disability under Social Security is different from that used by other disability programs. Social Security pays benefits only for total disability; it does not pay benefits for partial disability or for short-term disability.

To be eligible for benefits a person must

- be insured for benefits,
- not have attained full retirement age,
- have filed an application for benefits, and
- have a Social Security–defined disability.

Meeting the insured requirement means that a person must have worked long enough—and recently enough—under Social Security. The number of work credits (quarters of coverage) a person needs to qualify for benefits depends on the individual's age when he or she becomes disabled.

Section 223(d)(1) of the Social Security Act defines *disability* as an—

(A) inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or

(B) in the case of an individual who has attained the age of 55 and is blind (within the meaning of *blindness* as defined in section 216(i)(1)), inability by reason of such blindness to engage in substantial gainful activity requiring skills or abilities comparable to those of any gainful activity in which the individual has previously engaged with some regularity and over a substantial period of time.

In most cases, a dollar amount is used to indicate whether a person is engaging in substantial gainful activity (SGA). For 2006, the SGA amount was $860 per month for a nonblind individual and $1,450 per month for a blind person. Effective January 2001, the SGA level is adjusted annually on the basis of the national average wage index.

A medically determinable *physical or mental impairment* is an impairment that results from anatomical, physiological, or psychological abnormalities that can be shown by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques. An impairment must be established by medical evidence consisting of signs, symptoms, and laboratory findings.

Types of Benefits Available

The Social Security program pays benefits to disabled individuals and to certain dependents. Those benefits include the following:

1. Monthly cash benefits, after a 5-month waiting period, for a **disabled worker and family**. The worker and eligible family members continue to receive benefits, as long as the worker remains disabled, until the worker reaches full retirement age (at which time, the disabled-worker benefit converts to retired-worker benefits) or dies. (Eligible family members would become eligible for retirement- or survivor-based benefits.)

   The spouse of a disabled worker is eligible for benefits if he or she is aged 62 or older or has in his or her care a child under the age of 16 or a disabled adult child who is entitled to benefits on the worker's earnings record. Unmarried children are entitled to benefits until they reach age 18, or until age 19 if they are a full-time elementary or secondary school student.

2. Monthly cash benefits, after a 5-month waiting period, for a **disabled widow(er) or a disabled surviving divorced spouse** who is aged 50 to full retirement age, referred to in this publication as *disabled widow(er)s*.

3. Monthly cash benefits payable to **disabled adult children** of disabled, retired, or deceased workers. Those children must be aged 18 or older and must have become disabled before the age of 22. The 5-month waiting period does not apply to disabled adult children.

4. **Medicare benefits**, which are available 2 years after the disabled worker, disabled widow(er), or disabled adult child becomes eligible for benefits.

5. **Vocational rehabilitation services**, which are available for disabled beneficiaries who could return to work if they were provided with some assistance.

Initial Disability Decisionmaking Process

The disability decisionmaking process begins when an individual files an application for benefits at a Social Security office. An employee in the office determines if the applicant meets the nonmedical requirements for benefits such as age, work credits, performance of SGA, and relationship to the insured worker. If those requirements are met, the application is sent to the Disability Determination Services (DDS) office in the state where the applicant resides. The DDS then decides whether an individual is disabled under Social Security law.

Disability examiners and medical staff in the DDS office use medical evidence from the applicant's doctors, hospitals, clinics, or institutions where the individual received treatment. Those medical sources are also asked for information about a person's ability to do work-related activities, such as walking, sitting, lifting, carrying, and remembering instructions.

The DDS may need more medical information before they can decide a person's case. If it is not available from the individual's current medical sources, they may ask the applicant to go to a special examination, called a *consultative examination*, that is paid for by the Social Security Administration (SSA).

A five-step sequential evaluation process is used to decide if a person is disabled. Those steps are as follows:

1. **Is the individual working?** If the person is working and earning more than the SGA amount, the person generally cannot be considered disabled. This decision is made by a Social Security employee. If the person is not working at the SGA level, the file goes to the DDS.

2. **Is the condition "severe"?** A condition must interfere with basic work-related activities for a claim to be considered. If it does not, the person is not found disabled. If it does, the DDS will go to the next step.

3. **Does the individual have an impairment that meets or equals one that is described in SSA's Listing of Impairments?** SSA maintains a list of impairments for 14 major body systems: musculoskeletal, special senses and speech, respiratory, cardiovascular, digestive, genitourinary, hemic and lymphatic, skin and subcutaneous tissue, endocrine, multiple body, neurological, mental, neoplastic, and immunologic. Those impairments are so severe that they automatically mean that a person is disabled. If the condition is not on the list, the DDS will have to decide if it is of equal severity to a listed impairment. If it is, the person is found disabled. If not, the DDS goes to the next step.

4. **Can the individual do the work he or she previously did?** If the person's condition is severe but

not at the same or equal severity as an impairment on the list, then the DDS must determine whether it interferes with a person's ability to do his or her past work. If it does not, the claim will be denied. If it does, the DDS goes to the next step.

5. **Can the individual do any other type of work?** To determine an individual's ability to do other work, the DDS considers the person's medical conditions, age, education, work experience, and any transferable skills. If the DDS decides the person cannot do other work, the claim will be approved. If the DDS decides that the person can do other work, the claim will be denied.

A person is considered blind if his or her vision cannot be corrected to better than 20/200 in the better eye or if his or her visual field is 20 degrees or less, even with a corrective lens. A number of special rules apply to persons who are blind. Those rules recognize the impact of blindness on a person's ability to work. For example, the dollar amount used to determine whether a blind individual is engaging in SGA is higher than the limit for a sighted person.

Appeals Process

If an applicant's claim for disability benefits is denied, he or she has the right to appeal that decision. There are four levels of appeals: (1) reconsideration by the state DDS, (2) hearing by an administrative law judge (ALJ), (3) review by the Appeals Council, and (4) federal court review. At each level of appeal, claimants or their representative must file the request for appeal in writing within 60 days from the date of the notice of denial.

Generally, the reconsideration is the first step in the appeals process. The reconsideration is a case review and is similar to the initial determination except that the case is assigned to a different disability examiner and medical team at the DDS. Claimants are given the opportunity to present additional evidence, which is considered along with the evidence that was submitted during the initial determination.

If the claim is again denied, the individual may request a hearing before an ALJ. Usually the ALJ will hold a hearing, although the claimant may ask that his or her case be decided on the basis of the written record without a hearing. At the hearing, the claimant and witnesses testify under oath or affirmation, and the testimony is recorded verbatim. The ALJ, who is responsible for looking into all the issues, receives documentary evidence as well as the testimony of witnesses. The ALJ will allow the claimant, the claimant's representative, or both to present arguments and examine witnesses.

The final step in the administrative appeals process is at the Appeals Council. If the claimant is dissatisfied with the hearing decision, he or she may request that the Appeals Council review the case. The council, made up of administrative appeals judges, may also, on its own motion, review a decision within 60 days of the ALJ's decision.

The Appeals Council considers the evidence of record, any additional evidence submitted by the claimant, and the ALJ's findings and conclusions. The council may grant, deny, or dismiss a request for review. If it agrees to review the case, the council may uphold, modify, or reverse the ALJ's action, or it may remand it to the ALJ so that he or she may hold another hearing and issue a new decision.

Claimants may file an action in a federal district court within 60 days after the date they receive notice of the Appeals Council's action. If the U.S. District Court reviews the case record and does not find in favor of the claimant, the claimant can continue with the appellate process to the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals.

Benefit Calculations

In addition to meeting the strict medical definition of disability, an individual must also meet an insured-status requirement. To be eligible for disabled-worker benefits, a person must have worked long enough and recently enough under Social Security. A person can earn up to four work credits per year. The amount of earnings required for a credit increases each year as general wage levels rise.

The number of work credits a person needs for disability benefits depends on the individual's age when he or she becomes disabled. To be fully insured, the maximum number of credits a person needs is 40. To be currently insured, a person generally needs 20 credits earned in the last 10 years ending with the year he or she becomes disabled. However, younger workers may qualify with fewer credits.

Dependents of a disabled worker are eligible for benefits if the worker meets both the medical and insured-status requirements. Disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children do not need to meet a work requirement themselves, but the worker on whose record they are filing must be insured.

To determine the amount of a person's monthly cash benefit, SSA uses the following four-step process:

1. **Calculate each worker's average indexed monthly earnings (AIME).** First, the worker's annual covered earnings after 1950 are indexed to reflect the general earnings level in the indexing year—the second calendar year before the year of eligibility (that is, the year a worker becomes disabled). Earnings in years after the indexing year are not indexed but instead are counted at their actual value.

   The period used to calculate the AIME equals the number of full calendar years elapsing between age 21 and the year of first eligibility. The actual years used in the computation are the years of highest earnings minus dropout years equal to one-fifth of the number of elapsed years rounded to the next lower integer (to a maximum of 5 dropout years). However, the number of years of earnings used is at least 2. *Effective for initial entitlement after June 1980.*

   Disabled workers who receive fewer than 3 dropout years under the one-fifth rule may be credited with additional dropout years based on child care, up to a total of 3 dropout years. (To receive this credit, a worker must have had no earnings in that year and must have been living with a child under age 3.) However, the number of years of earnings used is at least 2. *Effective for July 1981.*

   The AIME is calculated as the sum of the highest year's earnings, divided by the number of months in the computation period.

2. **Compute the primary insurance amount (PIA).** The formula used to compute the PIA from the AIME is weighted to provide a higher PIA-to-AIME ratio for workers with low earnings. For workers who become disabled in 2006, the PIA is equal to the sum of:

   90 percent of the first $656 of AIME, plus
   32 percent of the next $3,299 of AIME, plus
   15 percent of AIME over $3,955.

   When subsequent retirement benefits are computed at conversion to retired-worker benefits at the full retirement age (FRA), or at retirement for a worker who earlier recovered from a disability, the years of disability are disregarded from the PIA calculation. That preserves insured status and benefit level.

   Alternative methods of computing the PIA apply to workers who have low earnings but a steady work history over most of their adult years and to workers who also receive a pension based on their own noncovered work.

3. **Compute the family maximum (FMAX).** Monthly benefits payable to the worker and family members or to the worker's survivors are limited to a maximum family benefit amount. The family maximum level for retired-worker families or survivors usually ranges from 150 percent to 188 percent of the worker's PIA. The maximum benefit for disabled-worker families ranges from the smaller of 85 percent of AIME (or 100 percent of the PIA, if larger) to about 150 percent of the PIA.

   Beginning with the first year of eligibility, the PIA and FMAX are increased by cost-of-living adjustments.

4. **Compute the person's monthly benefit amount (MBA).** Disabled workers and persons retiring at the FRA are paid 100 percent of the PIA. The PIA is reduced for workers who retire between the age of 62 and the FRA. If a disabled worker receives reduced retirement benefits before disability entitlement, the disability benefit is reduced by the number of months for which he or she received reduced retirement benefits.

   Dependents of retired or disabled workers may receive up to 50 percent of the PIA. Disabled adult children of deceased workers may receive up to 75 percent of the PIA.

   Disabled widow(er)s aged 50–60 may receive up to 71.5 percent of the PIA. Disabled widow(er)s aged 60 to the FRA may receive up to 100 percent of the PIA, but benefits are reduced for age, with a maximum reduction of 28.5 percent.

   All monthly benefits are limited by the family maximum, so dependents may not receive their full MBA.

Benefits Offset and Withheld

Disabled-worker and dependents' benefits may be offset if the disabled worker receives workers' compensation (WC) or other public disability benefits (PDB). The Social Security Amendments of 1965 require that benefits be reduced when the worker is also eligible for periodic or lump-sum WC/PDB payments, so that the combined amounts of the disabled worker's and family's Social Security benefits plus the WC/PDB payment do not exceed 80 percent of the worker's average current earnings. The combined payments after reduction are never less than what the total Social Security benefits were before reduction. The reduction continues until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the WC/PDB payment stops, whichever comes first.

If a spouse or disabled widow(er) worked for a federal, state, or local government to which he or she did not pay Social Security taxes, the pension he or she receives from that agency may reduce his or her Social

Security benefits. That provision is known as the *government pension offset*. The offset will reduce the amount of the Social Security benefit by two-thirds of the amount of the government pension.

The annual earnings test applies to nondisabled beneficiaries under the FRA. Benefits for those beneficiaries are withheld $1 for every $2 they earn above the annual earnings limit. In the calendar year a beneficiary attains the FRA, for months before the FRA, $1 is withheld for every $3 earned over the annual earnings limit for that age group. A retired worker's earnings will also affect his or her dependents' benefits, including those of disabled adult children. In addition, a spouse's earnings may affect benefits for his or her children. (How a disabled beneficiary's work affects his or her benefit is discussed in the next section.)

Other reasons for withholding benefits include spouses who no longer have an entitled child in their care, beneficiaries who are incarcerated, or beneficiaries whose whereabouts are unknown.

Work Incentives

Special rules make it possible for disabled beneficiaries to work and still receive monthly benefits and Medicare or Medicaid. Those rules are known as *work incentives*.

Disabled beneficiaries are encouraged to return to work by providing a trial work period (TWP) and an extended period of eligibility (EPE). During the TWP, earnings are allowed to exceed the SGA dollar amount for 9 months. During the 3-year EPE that follows the TWP, benefits are withheld only for those months in which earnings exceed the SGA amount. After the end of the EPE, monthly benefits are terminated when earnings exceed the SGA amount. Certain impairment-related expenses that a person needs to make in order to work may be deducted when counting earnings to determine whether the work is substantial. Even if cash benefits are withheld, Medicare and Medicaid coverage can continue.

The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act has further improved work incentives. That law substantially expands work opportunities for people with disabilities. The provisions of the law become effective at different times in different parts of the country. The provisions below apply to Social Security and SSI.

1. **Ticket to Work and Self-Sufficiency Program.** Starting in 2002, some Social Security and SSI disability beneficiaries received a "ticket" that they may use to obtain vocational rehabilitation and other employment-support services from an approved provider of their choice. The program is voluntary and will be phased in nationally over a 3-year period.
2. **Expanded Availability of Health Care Services.** As of October 1, 2000, the law expands Medicaid and Medicare coverage to more people with disabilities who work. It extends Medicare Part A premium-free coverage for 93 months after the trial work period for most disabled beneficiaries who work.

   In addition, states now have the option to expand Medicaid coverage to workers with disabilities using income and resource limits set by the states.
3. **Expedited Benefits**. Effective January 1, 2001, if a person's Social Security or SSI disability benefits have ended because of earnings from work and if he or she becomes unable to work again within 60 months because of his or her medical condition, the person would be able to request reinstatement of benefits, including Medicare and Medicaid, without filing a new application.
4. **Disability Reviews Postponed.** Effective January 1, 2001, an individual using a "ticket" does not need to undergo the regularly scheduled disability reviews. Effective January 1, 2002, people who have been receiving Social Security disability benefits for at least 24 months will not be asked to go through a disability review because of the work they are doing. However, regularly scheduled medical reviews could still be performed and benefits could be terminated if earnings were above the limits.
5. **Work Incentives Outreach Program.** The law directs the Social Security Administration to establish a community-based work incentives planning and assistance program to disseminate accurate information about work incentives and to give beneficiaries more choice. SSA has established a program of cooperative agreements and contracts to provide benefits planning and assistance to all disabled beneficiaries, including information about the availability of protection and advocacy services.
6. **Protection and Advocacy.** The law authorizes SSA to make payments to protection and advocacy systems established in each state to provide information, advice, and legal services to disability beneficiaries.

More information about work incentives can be found at http://www.socialsecurity.gov/work.

Benefit Termination

In general, benefits continue as long as a person remains disabled. However, under Social Security law, all disability cases must be reviewed from time to time to make sure that people receiving benefits continue to meet the disability requirements. Benefits continue unless there is strong proof that a person's impairment has medically improved and that he or she is able to return to work.

How often a case is reviewed depends on the severity of the impairment and the likelihood of improvement. The frequency can range from 6 months to 7 years. Here are general guidelines for reviews.

- **Improvement expected—**If medical improvement can be predicted when benefits start, the first review will be 6 to 18 months later.
- **Improvement possible—**If medical improvement is possible but cannot be predicted, the case will be reviewed about every 3 years.
- **Improvement not expected—**If medical improvement is not likely, the case will be reviewed about once every 5 to 7 years.

During a review, the disabled beneficiary is asked to provide information about any medical treatment he or she has received and any work he or she might have done. An evaluation team, which includes a disability examiner and a doctor, then requests the individual's medical records and carefully reviews his or her file. If the team decides a person is still disabled, benefits will continue. If they decide that the person is no longer disabled, the individual can file an appeal if he or she disagrees with the determination. Otherwise, benefits stop 3 months after the beneficiary is notified that his or her disability ended.

Benefits for dependents continue as long as the disabled worker continues to be entitled to benefits. However, a person's benefits may be terminated for other reasons. The most common reasons to terminate benefits are the following:

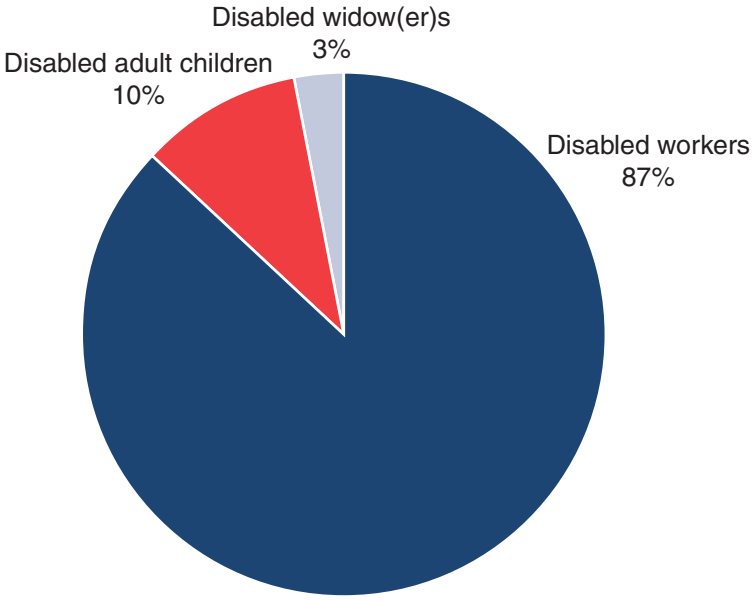
- The beneficiary dies. If the deceased was the worker, eligible dependents may become entitled to survivors' benefits.
- The disabled worker or disabled widow(er) attains the FRA, and their benefit is automatically converted to retired-worker benefits or aged widow(er)s benefits, respectively.
- The disabled beneficiary is no longer disabled because of medical recovery or successful reentry to the workforce.
- A spouse and worker divorce (with some exceptions).
- Certain divorced spouses remarry.
- A spouse no longer has a child under the age of 16 or a disabled child in his or her care.
- A child reaches age 18.
- A student reaches age 19 or is no longer attending elementary or secondary school full time.
- Dependent children marry.
- Dependents become entitled to another equal or larger benefit.

Benefits usually stop effective with the month the terminating event occurred.

Beneficiaries in Current-Payment Status

Chart 1.
All Social Security disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, December 2006

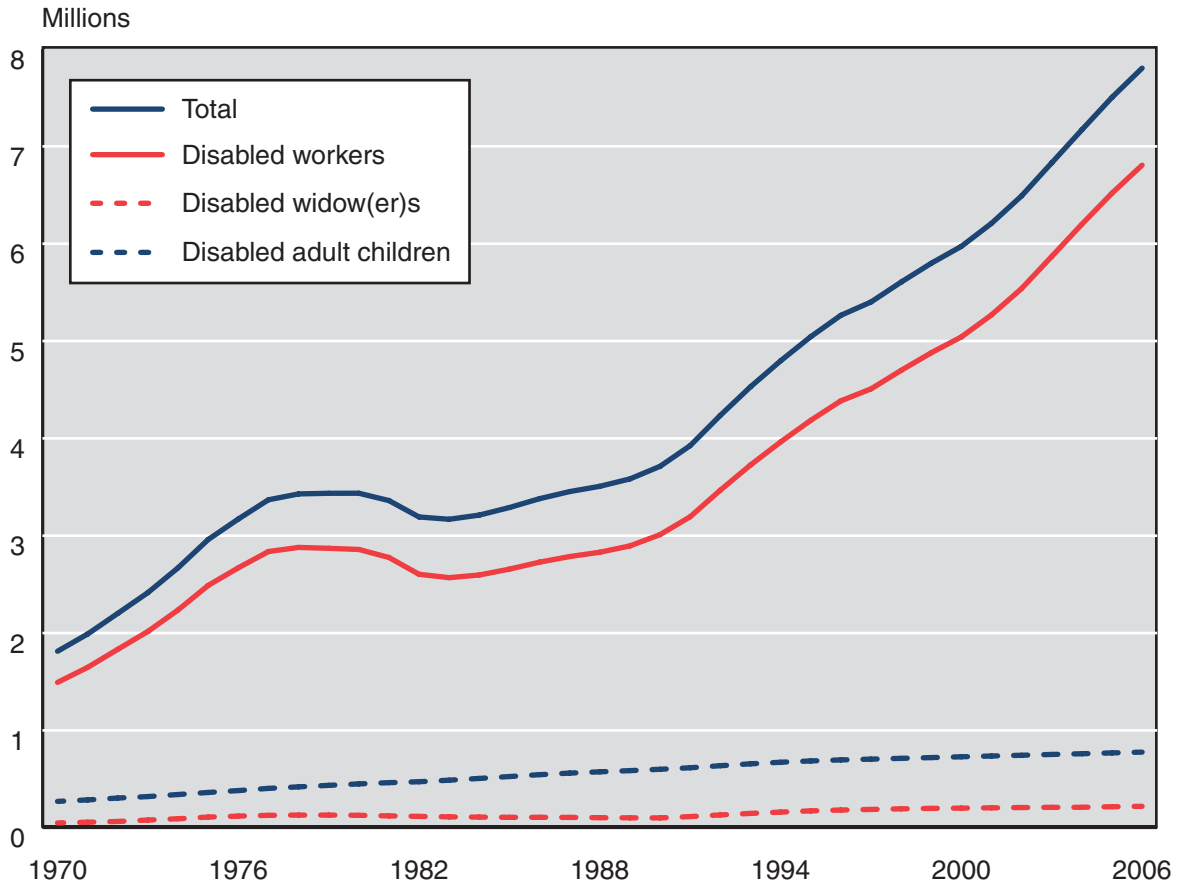
In December 2006, about 7.8 million people received Social Security disability benefits as disabled workers, disabled widow(er)s, or disabled adult children. The majority (87 percent) were disabled workers, 10 percent were disabled adult children, and 3 percent were disabled widow(er)s.



SOURCE: Table 3.

Chart 2.
All Social Security disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, December 1970–2006

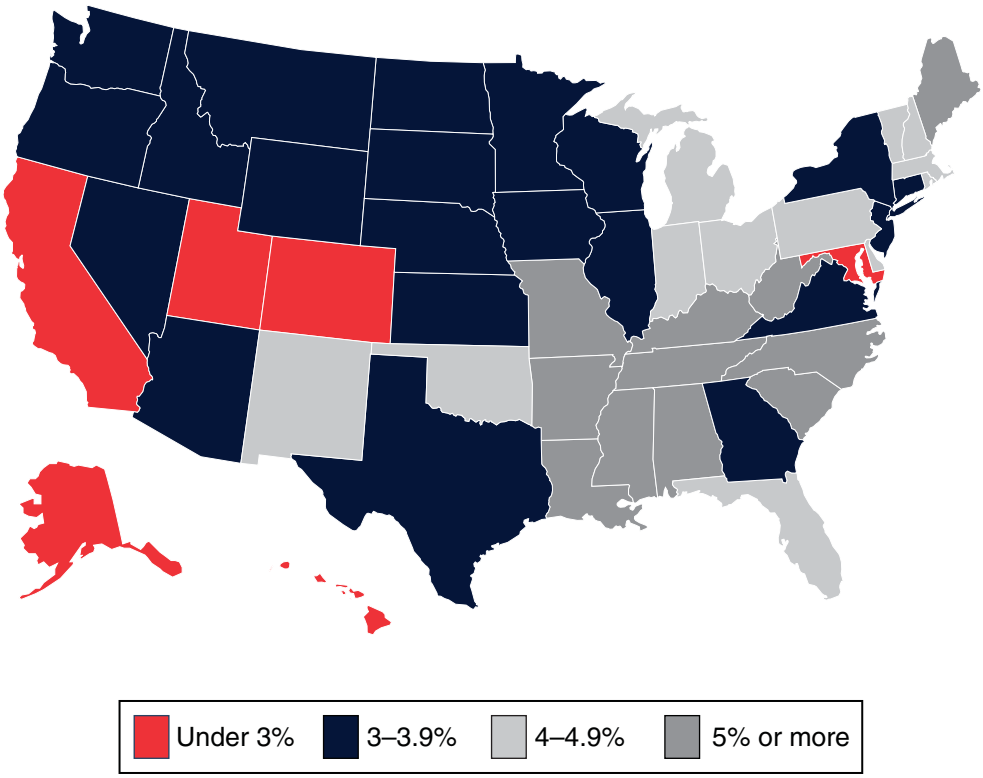
The number of disabled workers grew steadily until 1978, declined slightly until 1983, started to increase again in 1984, and began to increase more rapidly beginning in 1990. The growth in the 1980s and 1990s was the result of demographic changes, a recession, and legislative changes. The number of disabled adult children has grown slightly, and the number of disabled widow(er)s has remained fairly level. In December 2006, more than 6.8 million disabled workers, nearly 777,000 disabled adult children, and just over 220,000 disabled widow(er)s received disability benefits.



SOURCE: Table 3.

Chart 3.
Disabled beneficiaries aged 18–64 in current-payment status as a percentage of state population aged 18–64, December 2006

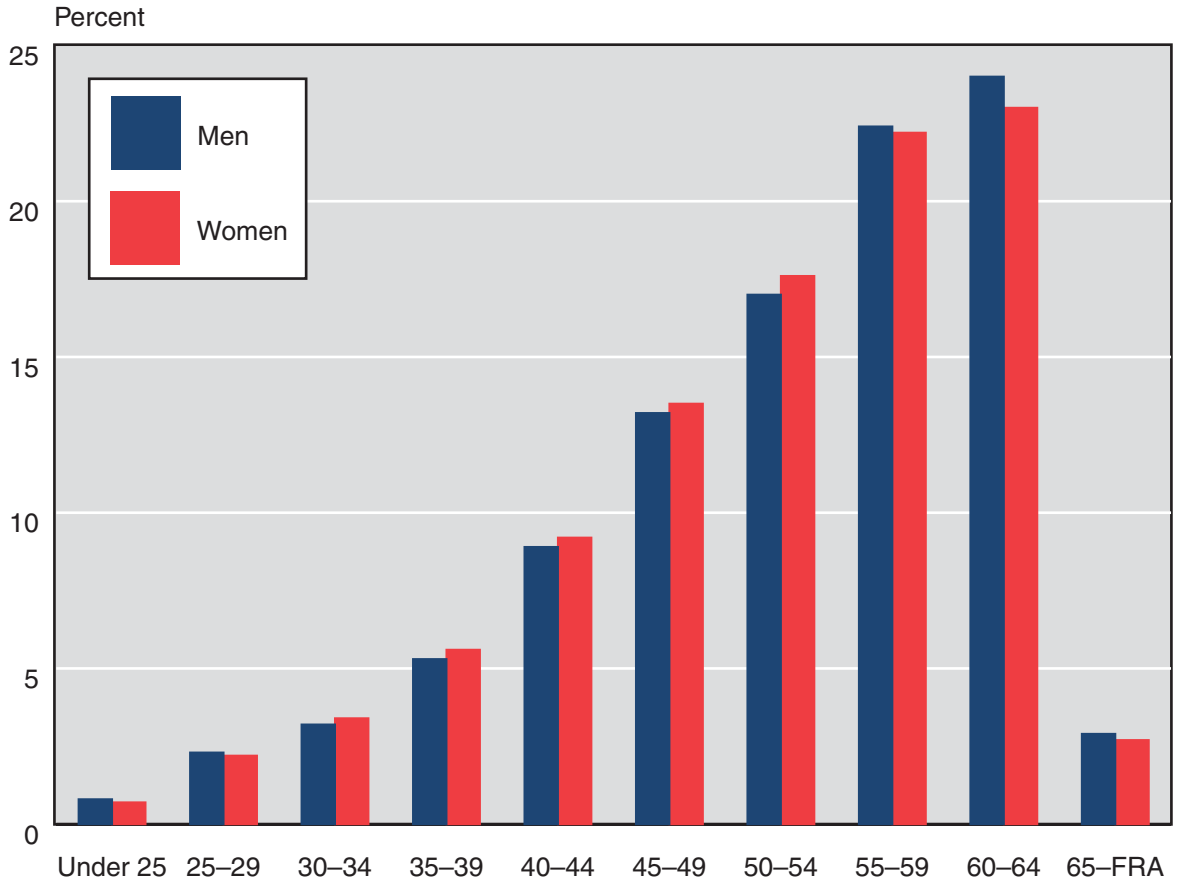
Disabled beneficiaries aged 18–64 in current-payment status accounted for about 3.9 percent of the population aged 18–64 in the United States. In 6 states and the District of Columbia, they represented less than 3 percent of the state population. The states with the highest rates of disabled beneficiaries—5 percent or more—were Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and West Virginia.



SOURCE: Table 8.

Chart 4.
Age of disabled-worker beneficiaries in current-payment status, by sex, December 2006

The percentage of disabled-worker beneficiaries increases with age for both men and women. In December 2006, the largest percentage of disabled-worker beneficiaries was aged 60–64. Disability benefits convert to retirement benefits when the worker reaches full retirement age, 65–67, depending on the year of birth.



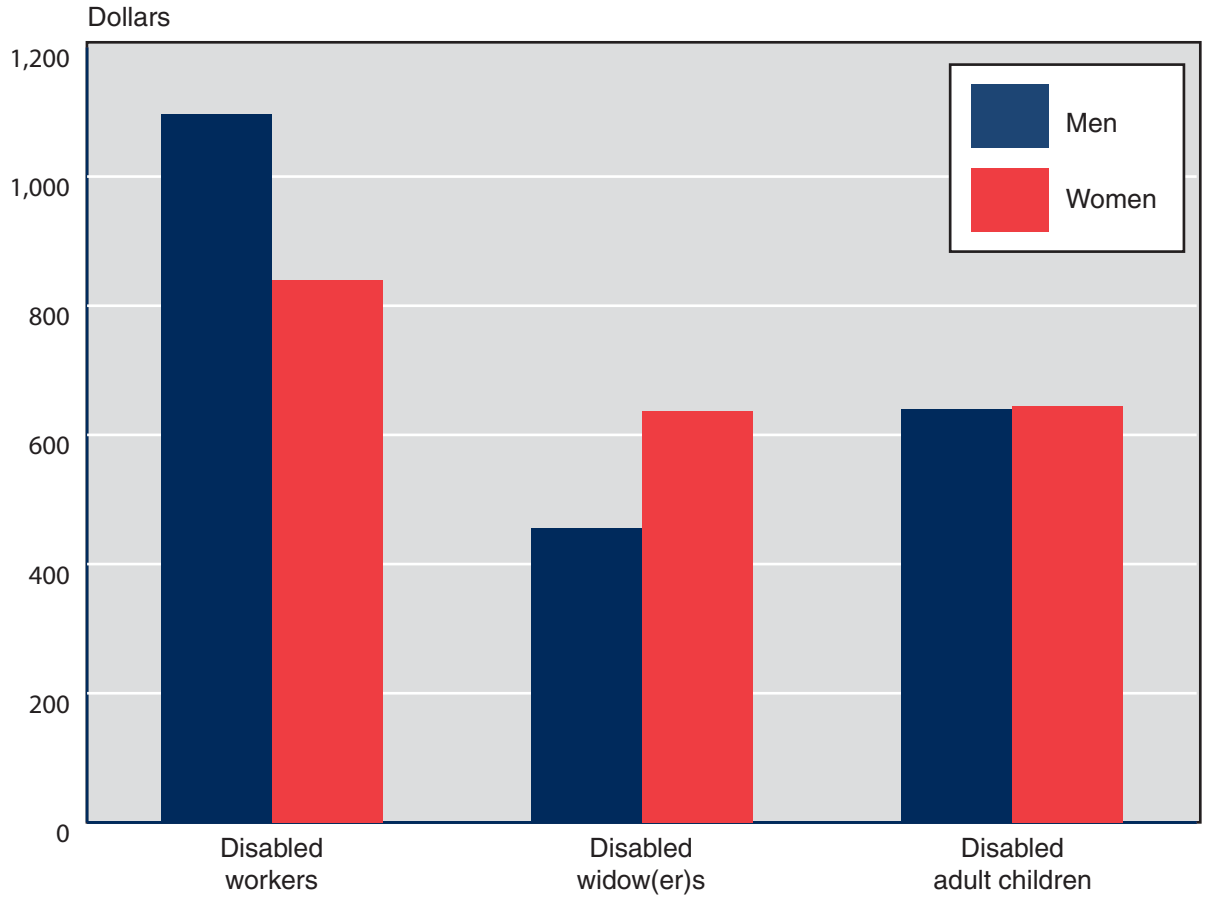
SOURCE: Table 4.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

Chart 5.
Average monthly benefit of disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, by sex, December 2006

The average monthly benefit for disabled-worker beneficiaries is higher than that paid to disabled widow(er)s or disabled adult children. The reason for the difference is that disabled workers receive 100 percent of the primary insurance amount (PIA), compared with 71.5 percent for disabled widow(er)s and 50 percent for disabled adult children (if the worker is disabled or retired) or 75 percent (if the worker is deceased).

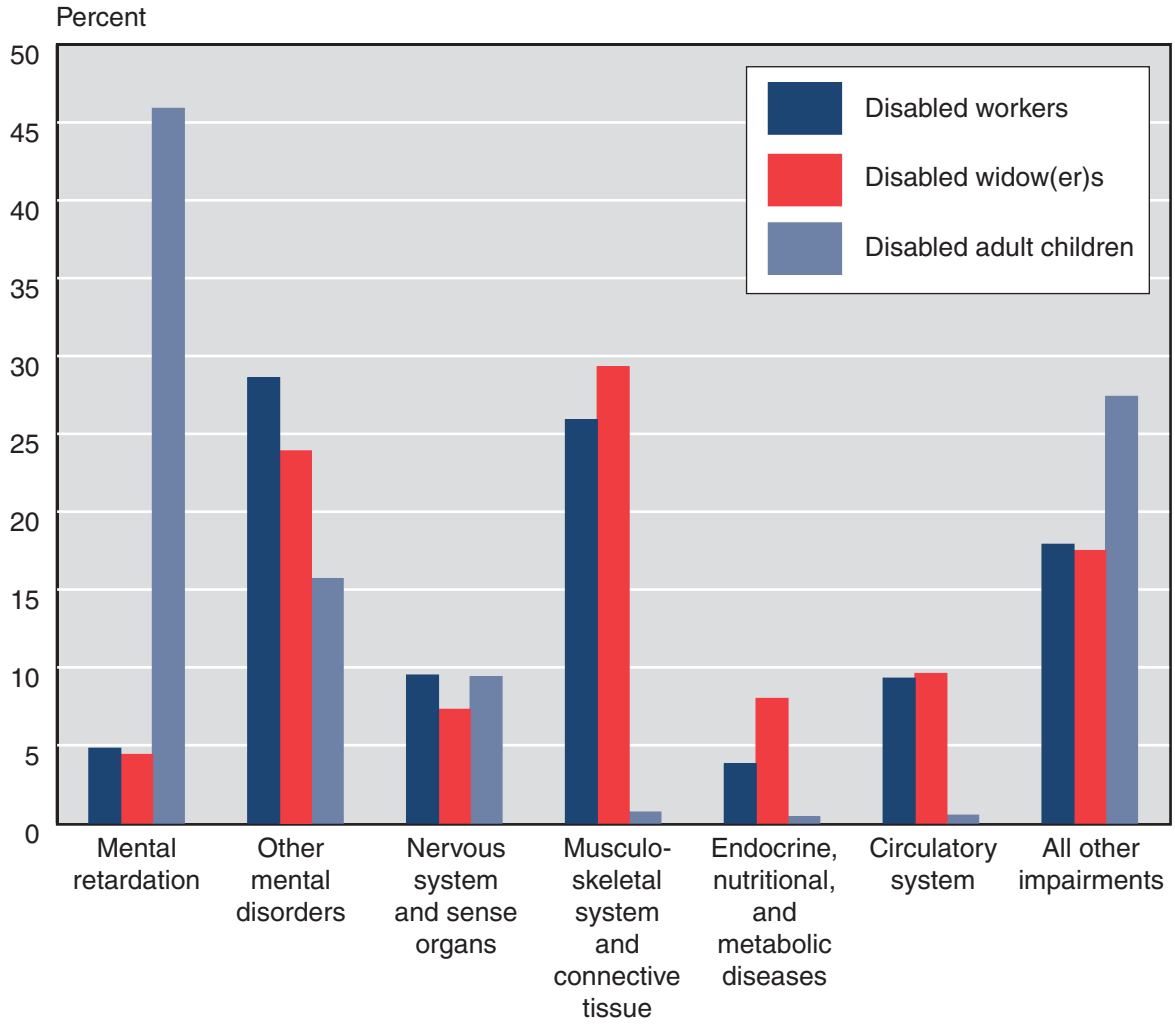
Because men have traditionally had higher earnings than women, their monthly benefit is higher. This is most obvious in the disabled-worker group. Benefits for disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children are dependents' benefits, so their monthly benefit is a function of the worker's earnings. Therefore, a disabled widow's average benefit tends to be higher than that of a disabled widower because a male worker's earnings are higher than a female worker's. Benefit amounts are about the same for men and women in the disabled adult children group.



SOURCE: Table 4.

Chart 6.
Disabled beneficiaries in current-payment status, by diagnostic group, December 2006

The impairment on which disability is based varies with the type of beneficiary. In December 2006, a mental disorder other than retardation was the primary reason disabled workers received benefits; diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue were the leading cause of disability among disabled widow(er)s; and mental retardation was the predominant reason for disability among disabled adult children.



SOURCE: Table 6.

Table 1.
Number, December 1960–2006, selected years

Year	Total	Workers and nondisabled dependents				Widow(er)s	Adult children of—		
		Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19		Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
1960	788,543	455,371	76,599	152,519	. . .	. . .	2,962	53,825	47,267
1965	1,928,460	988,074	193,362	532,197	16,437	. . .	8,981	87,122	102,287
1970	2,970,538	1,492,948	283,447	799,111	75,194	49,281	14,295	101,341	154,921
1975	4,799,853	2,488,774	452,922	1,239,058	147,253	109,511	24,193	118,802	219,340
1980	5,223,311	2,858,680	461,878	1,184,846	140,157	127,580	32,883	140,548	276,739
1981	5,008,221	2,776,519	428,212	1,070,000	148,879	121,590	32,664	143,633	286,724
1982	4,532,014	2,603,599	365,862	894,440	79,333	116,372	30,027	144,464	297,917
1983	4,382,745	2,569,029	308,059	855,560	50,134	111,591	30,209	148,464	309,699
1984	4,406,140	2,596,516	303,982	858,243	31,875	109,151	31,165	152,667	322,541
1985	4,507,083	2,656,638	305,532	889,730	22,336	107,005	33,078	157,011	335,753
1986	4,613,249	2,728,463	300,826	911,698	20,245	106,974	34,641	161,755	348,647
1987	4,676,852	2,785,859	290,888	912,367	20,183	106,282	35,378	165,675	360,220
1988	4,709,360	2,821,070	280,780	898,980	24,370	105,810	35,520	170,940	371,890
1989	4,774,160	2,886,590	269,830	901,400	23,330	102,650	35,950	172,650	381,760
1990	4,934,370	3,011,130	264,230	929,720	23,960	101,780	36,990	174,560	392,000
1991	5,209,600	3,198,610	263,780	986,710	26,380	115,010	38,450	177,740	402,920
1992	5,633,130	3,473,330	271,510	1,090,920	25,930	131,620	41,720	181,860	416,240
1993	6,026,460	3,729,330	272,190	1,188,330	29,660	148,070	44,920	185,270	428,690
1994	6,381,470	3,966,590	270,220	1,276,740	29,910	161,650	48,650	187,630	440,080
1995	6,674,450	4,186,720	263,130	1,331,110	29,550	173,240	51,790	188,940	449,970
1996	6,906,420	4,386,040	223,300	1,381,200	32,820	182,020	53,470	190,050	457,520
1997	6,998,210	4,505,760	207,290	1,357,340	31,440	187,220	53,760	190,410	464,990
1998	7,192,370	4,697,010	190,120	1,363,910	30,780	192,400	55,690	189,930	472,530
1999	7,391,920	4,873,560	176,370	1,381,200	37,020	197,520	57,360	189,820	479,070
2000	7,550,930	5,035,840	164,850	1,381,500	35,000	200,130	58,090	191,950	483,570
2001	7,790,038	5,268,039	156,978	1,385,374	38,839	204,255	57,920	191,817	486,816
2002	8,109,332	5,539,597	151,626	1,422,296	43,916	207,365	59,460	192,087	492,985
2003	8,490,007	5,868,541	150,889	1,461,635	46,769	209,360	62,450	191,704	498,659
2004	8,854,343	6,197,385	152,995	1,486,422	47,551	210,736	64,739	191,274	503,241
2005	9,224,458	6,519,001	156,552	1,516,519	47,982	215,866	68,705	191,872	507,961
2006	9,536,997	6,806,918	153,456	1,530,254	49,595	220,178	71,878	192,122	512,596

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2001, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 2.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, December 2006

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
Workers						
Total	6,806,918	977.70	3,643,121	1,097.40	3,163,797	839.80
Under 25	51,087	523.20	30,025	532.60	21,062	509.70
25–29	152,645	639.70	84,002	653.30	68,643	623.10
30–34	222,689	724.80	115,225	745.80	107,464	702.30
35–39	371,383	795.80	193,448	824.90	177,935	764.20
40–44	612,792	852.20	322,473	897.10	290,319	802.40
45–49	907,840	916.10	481,243	987.60	426,597	835.30
50–54	1,176,131	986.50	619,124	1,094.20	557,007	866.70
55–59	1,516,025	1,057.30	814,662	1,206.10	701,363	884.40
60–64	1,603,734	1,090.10	875,885	1,278.90	727,849	862.90
65–FRA	192,592	1,082.80	107,034	1,279.00	85,558	837.20
Spouses of disabled workers						
Total	153,456	257.80	4,900	208.30	148,556	259.40
Entitlement based on care of children	82,932	203.90	1,750	163.00	81,182	204.80
Under 30	5,342	134.50	41	121.30	5,301	134.60
30–34	9,455	144.80	129	128.60	9,326	145.10
35–39	15,945	164.80	246	138.50	15,699	165.30
40–44	19,006	198.70	416	142.10	18,590	199.90
45–49	16,339	229.60	371	171.80	15,968	230.90
50–54	9,790	259.10	297	179.40	9,493	261.60
55–FRA	7,055	302.20	250	214.10	6,805	305.40
Entitlement based on age	70,524	321.10	3,150	233.40	67,374	325.20
62–64	40,641	307.90	804	182.80	39,837	310.40
65 or older	29,883	339.10	2,346	250.70	27,537	346.70
Children of disabled workers						
Total	1,651,727	290.40	857,286	291.70	794,441	289.10
Under age 18	1,530,254	281.20	787,550	281.30	742,704	281.20
Under 5	119,471	229.30	60,959	228.70	58,512	230.00
5–9	320,089	238.20	163,356	237.40	156,733	239.00
10–14	576,887	271.30	296,492	271.40	280,395	271.20
15–17	513,807	331.30	266,743	331.30	247,064	331.30
Students aged 18–19	49,595	400.50	28,544	406.70	21,051	392.00
Disabled aged 18 or older	71,878	410.10	41,192	409.50	30,686	410.90
Widow(er)s						
Total	220,178	630.70	8,115	455.00	212,063	637.40
50–54	28,571	630.20	1,334	451.30	27,237	638.90
55–59	79,169	634.60	3,482	450.70	75,687	643.00
60–64	106,575	628.40	3,185	461.40	103,390	633.60
65–FRA	5,863	621.10	114	451.60	5,749	624.50

(Continued)

Table 2.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, December 2006—*Continued*

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
Adult children						
Total	776,596	642.40	424,184	640.20	352,412	645.00
Children of—						
Disabled workers	71,878	410.10	41,192	409.50	30,686	410.90
Retired workers	192,122	554.40	106,540	552.00	85,582	557.40
Deceased workers	512,596	708.00	276,452	708.60	236,144	707.20
Under 25	79,171	541.00	46,161	541.80	33,010	539.70
25–29	65,483	589.80	37,050	591.70	28,433	587.30
30–34	69,143	620.60	38,941	619.10	30,202	622.60
35–39	85,162	649.60	47,713	646.70	37,449	653.20
40–44	107,121	664.40	60,517	662.50	46,604	666.70
45–49	107,277	677.40	59,997	675.70	47,280	679.70
50–54	86,403	686.60	47,208	683.90	39,195	689.90
55–59	63,110	687.90	33,155	685.50	29,955	690.50
60–64	44,066	677.80	22,202	670.60	21,864	685.20
65 or older	69,660	613.90	31,240	612.40	38,420	615.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 3.
Number, average, and total monthly benefits, December 1960–2006

Year	Number				Average monthly benefit (dollars)			Total monthly benefits (thousands of dollars)		
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
1960	559,425	455,371	. . .	104,054	89.31	. . .	44.15	40,669	. . .	4,594
1961	742,296	618,075	. . .	124,221	89.59	. . .	45.28	55,373	. . .	5,625
1962	888,131	740,867	. . .	147,264	89.99	. . .	45.67	66,671	. . .	6,726
1963	993,656	827,014	. . .	166,642	90.59	. . .	46.45	74,919	. . .	7,741
1964	1,077,695	894,173	. . .	183,522	91.12	. . .	47.35	81,477	. . .	8,690
1965	1,186,464	988,074	. . .	198,390	97.76	. . .	51.77	96,594	. . .	10,271
1966	1,310,911	1,097,190	. . .	213,721	98.09	. . .	52.42	107,623	. . .	11,203
1967	1,422,778	1,193,120	. . .	229,658	98.43	. . .	53.41	117,439	. . .	12,266
1968	1,560,517	1,295,300	21,563	243,654	111.86	72.25	61.83	144,892	1,558	15,065
1969	1,690,982	1,394,291	39,469	257,222	112.74	71.02	62.79	157,192	2,803	16,151
1970	1,812,786	1,492,948	49,281	270,557	131.26	82.00	73.21	195,964	4,041	19,807
1971	1,990,098	1,647,684	56,743	285,671	146.52	90.11	81.37	241,419	5,113	23,245
1972	2,202,090	1,832,916	64,167	305,007	179.32	109.54	98.81	328,678	7,029	30,138
1973	2,415,383	2,016,626	78,769	319,988	183.00	111.14	100.14	369,043	8,754	32,044
1974	2,670,092	2,236,882	92,128	341,082	205.70	125.87	112.45	460,127	11,596	38,355
1975	2,960,620	2,488,774	109,511	362,335	225.90	137.70	122.80	562,214	15,080	44,495
1976	3,171,198	2,670,208	119,427	381,563	245.17	147.01	132.32	654,655	17,557	50,488
1977	3,368,954	2,837,432	127,276	404,246	265.30	156.11	142.12	752,771	19,869	57,451
1978	3,429,421	2,879,774	129,751	419,896	288.30	165.46	153.66	830,239	21,469	64,521
1979	3,435,761	2,870,590	129,833	435,338	322.00	180.52	171.55	924,330	23,437	74,682
1980	3,436,429	2,858,680	127,580	450,169	370.70	205.02	198.95	1,059,713	26,156	89,561
1981	3,361,130	2,776,519	121,590	463,021	413.20	226.58	224.51	1,147,258	27,550	103,953
1982	3,192,379	2,603,599	116,372	472,408	440.60	242.11	245.07	1,147,146	28,175	115,773
1983	3,168,992	2,569,029	111,591	488,372	456.20	250.33	257.78	1,171,991	27,935	125,893
1984	3,212,040	2,596,516	109,151	506,373	470.70	306.24	270.28	1,222,180	33,426	136,862
1985	3,289,485	2,656,638	107,005	525,842	483.80	315.26	281.92	1,285,281	33,734	148,245
1986	3,380,480	2,728,463	106,974	545,043	487.90	319.74	288.79	1,331,217	34,204	157,403
1987	3,453,414	2,785,859	106,282	561,273	508.20	333.89	304.32	1,415,774	35,486	170,807
1988	3,507,707	2,830,284	103,123	574,300	529.50	348.05	320.21	1,498,635	35,892	183,897
1989	3,583,451	2,895,364	101,630	586,457	556.00	366.72	339.47	1,609,822	37,270	199,085
1990	3,712,763	3,011,294	100,989	600,480	587.20	388.93	361.71	1,768,232	39,278	217,200
1991	3,925,472	3,194,938	114,489	616,045	609.40	406.96	378.86	1,946,995	46,592	233,395
1992	4,236,080	3,467,783	131,324	636,973	626.10	422.65	393.61	2,171,179	55,504	250,719
1993	4,529,466	3,725,966	147,015	656,485	641.70	434.20	407.20	2,390,952	63,834	267,321
1994	4,796,313	3,962,954	160,676	672,683	661.40	446.30	422.40	2,621,098	71,710	284,141

(Continued)

Table 3.
Number, average, and total monthly benefits, December 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Number				Average monthly benefit (dollars)			Total monthly benefits (thousands of dollars)		
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
1995	5,044,388	4,185,263	173,024	686,101	681.60	458.30	437.30	2,853,512	79,297	300,032
1996	5,264,321	4,385,623	181,911	696,787	703.90	471.00	454.30	3,087,040	85,680	316,550
1997	5,400,781	4,508,134	187,938	704,709	721.60	480.40	468.60	3,253,069	90,285	330,227
1998	5,605,272	4,698,319	194,181	712,772	733.10	487.30	479.40	3,444,338	94,624	341,703
1999	5,798,776	4,879,455	198,795	720,526	754.10	499.90	495.60	3,679,597	99,378	357,093
2000	5,972,468	5,042,333	201,446	728,689	786.40	519.70	518.30	3,965,291	104,681	377,650
2001	6,208,847	5,268,039	204,255	736,553	814.40	536.70	537.60	4,290,449	109,622	395,956
2002	6,491,494	5,539,597	207,365	744,532	834.30	548.10	550.40	4,621,852	113,653	409,813
2003	6,830,714	5,868,541	209,360	752,813	861.60	563.80	567.00	5,054,332	118,010	426,780
2004	7,167,375	6,197,385	210,736	759,254	894.10	582.70	587.60	5,540,703	122,795	446,096
2005	7,503,405	6,519,001	215,866	768,538	938.00	609.30	616.30	6,113,106	131,508	473,545
2006	7,803,692	6,806,918	220,178	776,596	977.70	630.70	642.40	6,655,048	138,859	498,891

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; for 2000, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 4.
Number and average monthly benefit, by sex and age, December 2006

Age	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	7,803,692	934.50	6,806,918	977.70	220,178	630.70	776,596	642.40
Under 25	130,258	534.00	51,087	523.20	. . .	. . .	79,171	541.00
25–29	218,128	624.70	152,645	639.70	. . .	. . .	65,483	589.80
30–34	291,832	700.20	222,689	724.80	. . .	. . .	69,143	620.60
35–39	456,545	768.50	371,383	795.80	. . .	. . .	85,162	649.60
40–44	719,913	824.30	612,792	852.20	. . .	. . .	107,121	664.40
45–49	1,015,117	890.80	907,840	916.10	. . .	. . .	107,277	677.40
50–54	1,291,105	958.50	1,176,131	986.50	28,571	630.20	86,403	686.60
55–59	1,658,304	1,023.00	1,516,025	1,057.30	79,169	634.60	63,110	687.90
60–64	1,754,375	1,051.70	1,603,734	1,090.10	106,575	628.40	44,066	677.80
65–FRA [a]	268,115	950.80	192,592	1,082.80	5,863	621.10	69,660	613.90
				Men				
Subtotal	4,075,420	1,048.60	3,643,121	1,097.40	8,115	455.00	424,184	640.20
Under 25	76,186	538.20	30,025	532.60	. . .	. . .	46,161	541.80
25–29	121,052	634.50	84,002	653.30	. . .	. . .	37,050	591.70
30–34	154,166	713.80	115,225	745.80	. . .	. . .	38,941	619.10
35–39	241,161	789.60	193,448	824.90	. . .	. . .	47,713	646.70
40–44	382,990	860.00	322,473	897.10	. . .	. . .	60,517	662.50
45–49	541,240	953.00	481,243	987.60	. . .	. . .	59,997	675.70
50–54	667,666	1,063.90	619,124	1,094.20	1,334	451.30	47,208	683.90
55–59	851,299	1,182.80	814,662	1,206.10	3,482	450.70	33,155	685.50
60–64	901,272	1,261.00	875,885	1,278.90	3,185	461.40	22,202	670.60
65–FRA [a]	138,388	1,127.90	107,034	1,279.00	114	451.60	31,240	612.40
				Women				
Subtotal	3,728,272	809.90	3,163,797	839.80	212,063	637.40	352,412	645.00
Under 25	54,072	528.00	21,062	509.70	. . .	. . .	33,010	539.70
25–29	97,076	612.60	68,643	623.10	. . .	. . .	28,433	587.30
30–34	137,666	684.80	107,464	702.30	. . .	. . .	30,202	622.60
35–39	215,384	744.90	177,935	764.20	. . .	. . .	37,449	653.20
40–44	336,923	783.60	290,319	802.40	. . .	. . .	46,604	666.70
45–49	473,877	819.80	426,597	835.30	. . .	. . .	47,280	679.70
50–54	623,439	845.70	557,007	866.70	27,237	638.90	39,195	689.90
55–59	807,005	854.50	701,363	884.40	75,687	643.00	29,955	690.50
60–64	853,103	830.60	727,849	862.90	103,390	633.60	21,864	685.20
65–FRA [a]	129,727	762.00	85,558	837.20	5,749	624.50	38,420	615.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable; FRA = full retirement age.

a. FRA applies only to workers and widow(er)s. There is no age limit for adult children.

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Table 5.
Distribution, by sex and monthly benefit, December 2006

Sex and monthly benefit (dollars)	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	7,803,692	100.0	6,806,918	100.0	220,178	100.0	776,596	100.0
Less than 300.00	298,619	3.8	180,032	2.6	37,093	16.8	81,494	10.5
300.00–399.90	312,994	4.0	211,606	3.1	20,864	9.5	80,524	10.4
400.00–499.90	379,739	4.9	258,301	3.8	26,420	12.0	95,018	12.2
500.00–599.90	630,276	8.1	505,908	7.4	26,027	11.8	98,341	12.7
600.00–699.90	904,431	11.6	784,086	11.5	23,729	10.8	96,616	12.4
700.00–799.90	888,209	11.4	761,848	11.2	20,736	9.4	105,625	13.6
800.00–899.90	776,184	9.9	681,910	10.0	17,320	7.9	76,954	9.9
900.00–999.90	665,887	8.5	595,304	8.7	14,120	6.4	56,463	7.3
1,000.00–1,099.90	566,372	7.3	511,034	7.5	12,480	5.7	42,858	5.5
1,100.00–1,199.90	465,537	6.0	431,165	6.3	9,097	4.1	25,275	3.3
1,200.00–1,299.90	376,018	4.8	360,083	5.3	6,669	3.0	9,266	1.2
1,300.00–1,399.90	313,028	4.0	304,977	4.5	3,723	1.7	4,328	0.6
1,400.00–1,499.90	290,685	3.7	287,291	4.2	1,555	0.7	1,839	0.2
1,500.00–1,599.90	252,404	3.2	251,129	3.7	272	0.1	1,003	0.1
1,600.00–1,699.90	209,802	2.7	209,390	3.1	23	a	389	0.1
1,700.00–1,799.90	203,147	2.6	202,948	3.0	11	a	188	a
1,800.00 or more	270,360	3.5	269,906	4.0	39	a	415	0.1
				Men				
Subtotal	4,075,420	100.0	3,643,121	100.0	8,115	100.0	424,184	100.0
Less than 300.00	105,879	2.6	56,576	1.6	2,859	35.2	46,444	10.9
300.00–399.90	113,982	2.8	69,347	1.9	896	11.0	43,739	10.3
400.00–499.90	141,156	3.5	88,031	2.4	1,097	13.5	52,028	12.3
500.00–599.90	241,428	5.9	186,925	5.1	1,001	12.3	53,502	12.6
600.00–699.90	360,202	8.8	307,402	8.4	705	8.7	52,095	12.3
700.00–799.90	390,405	9.6	332,965	9.1	521	6.4	56,919	13.4
800.00–899.90	370,241	9.1	328,104	9.0	361	4.4	41,776	9.8
900.00–999.90	342,467	8.4	311,315	8.5	223	2.7	30,929	7.3
1,000.00–1,099.90	312,682	7.7	289,138	7.9	180	2.2	23,364	5.5
1,100.00–1,199.90	277,336	6.8	263,431	7.2	122	1.5	13,783	3.2
1,200.00–1,299.90	241,321	5.9	236,165	6.5	77	0.9	5,079	1.2
1,300.00–1,399.90	214,328	5.3	211,840	5.8	58	0.7	2,430	0.6
1,400.00–1,499.90	211,038	5.2	210,015	5.8	9	0.1	1,014	0.2
1,500.00–1,599.90	192,489	4.7	191,930	5.3	5	0.1	554	0.1
1,600.00–1,699.90	164,984	4.0	164,769	4.5	0	0	215	0.1
1,700.00–1,799.90	163,638	4.0	163,539	4.5	0	0	99	a
1,800.00 or more	231,844	5.7	231,629	6.4	1	a	214	0.1

(Continued)

Table 5.
Distribution, by sex and monthly benefit, December 2006—*Continued*

Sex and monthly benefit (dollars)	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				Women				
Subtotal	3,728,272	100.0	3,163,797	100.0	212,063	100.0	352,412	100.0
Less than 300.00	192,740	5.2	123,456	3.9	34,234	16.1	35,050	9.9
300.00–399.90	199,012	5.3	142,259	4.5	19,968	9.4	36,785	10.4
400.00–499.90	238,583	6.4	170,270	5.4	25,323	11.9	42,990	12.2
500.00–599.90	388,848	10.4	318,983	10.1	25,026	11.8	44,839	12.7
600.00–699.90	544,229	14.6	476,684	15.1	23,024	10.9	44,521	12.6
700.00–799.90	497,804	13.4	428,883	13.6	20,215	9.5	48,706	13.8
800.00–899.90	405,943	10.9	353,806	11.2	16,959	8.0	35,178	10.0
900.00–999.90	323,420	8.7	283,989	9.0	13,897	6.6	25,534	7.2
1,000.00–1,099.90	253,690	6.8	221,896	7.0	12,300	5.8	19,494	5.5
1,100.00–1,199.90	188,201	5.0	167,734	5.3	8,975	4.2	11,492	3.3
1,200.00–1,299.90	134,697	3.6	123,918	3.9	6,592	3.1	4,187	1.2
1,300.00–1,399.90	98,700	2.6	93,137	2.9	3,665	1.7	1,898	0.5
1,400.00–1,499.90	79,647	2.1	77,276	2.4	1,546	0.7	825	0.2
1,500.00–1,599.90	59,915	1.6	59,199	1.9	267	0.1	449	0.1
1,600.00–1,699.90	44,818	1.2	44,621	1.4	23	a	174	a
1,700.00–1,799.90	39,509	1.1	39,409	1.2	11	a	89	a
1,800.00 or more	38,516	1.0	38,277	1.2	38	a	201	0.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 6.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	7,803,692	100.0	6,806,918	100.0	220,178	100.0	776,596	100.0
Congenital anomalies	21,125	0.3	11,544	0.2	283	0.1	9,298	1.2
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	278,803	3.6	258,310	3.8	17,675	8.0	2,818	0.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	118,549	1.5	113,410	1.7	1,891	0.9	3,248	0.4
Injuries	307,805	3.9	292,161	4.3	5,575	2.5	10,069	1.3
Mental disorders								
Retardation	695,983	8.9	329,540	4.8	9,721	4.4	356,722	45.9
Other	2,121,759	27.2	1,947,274	28.6	52,686	23.9	121,799	15.7
Neoplasms	202,560	2.6	196,075	2.9	4,534	2.1	1,951	0.3
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	19,467	0.2	17,080	0.3	365	0.2	2,022	0.3
Circulatory system	660,387	8.5	635,807	9.3	21,048	9.6	3,532	0.5
Digestive system	109,907	1.4	106,714	1.6	2,561	1.2	632	0.1
Genitourinary system	117,955	1.5	114,079	1.7	1,946	0.9	1,930	0.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,835,171	23.5	1,765,058	25.9	64,590	29.3	5,523	0.7
Nervous system and sense organs	738,423	9.5	649,336	9.5	15,965	7.3	73,122	9.4
Respiratory system	220,901	2.8	208,991	3.1	10,892	4.9	1,018	0.1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	17,135	0.2	16,343	0.2	513	0.2	279	a
Other	16,036	0.2	14,384	0.2	291	0.1	1,361	0.2
Unknown	321,726	4.1	130,812	1.9	9,642	4.4	181,272	23.3
				Men				
Subtotal	4,075,420	100.0	3,643,121	100.0	8,115	100.0	424,184	100.0
Congenital anomalies	10,728	0.3	5,918	0.2	11	0.1	4,799	1.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	115,106	2.8	113,451	3.1	368	4.5	1,287	0.3
Infectious and parasitic diseases	84,921	2.1	83,082	2.3	101	1.2	1,738	0.4
Injuries	209,637	5.1	202,246	5.6	398	4.9	6,993	1.6
Mental disorders								
Retardation	403,035	9.9	210,488	5.8	378	4.7	192,169	45.3
Other	1,056,303	25.9	977,700	26.8	1,696	20.9	76,907	18.1
Neoplasms	95,231	2.3	93,976	2.6	161	2.0	1,094	0.3
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	8,590	0.2	7,557	0.2	18	0.2	1,015	0.2
Circulatory system	427,613	10.5	424,489	11.7	1,235	15.2	1,889	0.4
Digestive system	58,141	1.4	57,682	1.6	145	1.8	314	0.1
Genitourinary system	69,493	1.7	68,364	1.9	120	1.5	1,009	0.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	900,424	22.1	895,862	24.6	2,183	26.9	2,379	0.6
Nervous system and sense organs	360,411	8.8	320,968	8.8	568	7.0	38,875	9.2
Respiratory system	103,627	2.5	102,829	2.8	355	4.4	443	0.1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	6,935	0.2	6,797	0.2	18	0.2	120	a
Other	7,405	0.2	6,642	0.2	10	0.1	753	0.2
Unknown	157,820	3.9	65,070	1.8	350	4.3	92,400	21.8

(Continued)

Table 6.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				Women				
Subtotal	3,728,272	100.0	3,163,797	100.0	212,063	100.0	352,412	100.0
Congenital anomalies	10,397	0.3	5,626	0.2	272	0.1	4,499	1.3
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	163,697	4.4	144,859	4.6	17,307	8.2	1,531	0.4
Infectious and parasitic diseases	33,628	0.9	30,328	1.0	1,790	0.8	1,510	0.4
Injuries	98,168	2.6	89,915	2.8	5,177	2.4	3,076	0.9
Mental disorders								
Retardation	292,948	7.9	119,052	3.8	9,343	4.4	164,553	46.7
Other	1,065,456	28.6	969,574	30.6	50,990	24.0	44,892	12.7
Neoplasms	107,329	2.9	102,099	3.2	4,373	2.1	857	0.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	10,877	0.3	9,523	0.3	347	0.2	1,007	0.3
Circulatory system	232,774	6.2	211,318	6.7	19,813	9.3	1,643	0.5
Digestive system	51,766	1.4	49,032	1.5	2,416	1.1	318	0.1
Genitourinary system	48,462	1.3	45,715	1.4	1,826	0.9	921	0.3
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	934,747	25.1	869,196	27.5	62,407	29.4	3,144	0.9
Nervous system and sense organs	378,012	10.1	328,368	10.4	15,397	7.3	34,247	9.7
Respiratory system	117,274	3.1	106,162	3.4	10,537	5.0	575	0.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	10,200	0.3	9,546	0.3	495	0.2	159	a
Other	8,631	0.2	7,742	0.2	281	0.1	608	0.2
Unknown	163,906	4.4	65,742	2.1	9,292	4.4	88,872	25.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 7.
Average monthly benefit, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2006 (in dollars)

Diagnostic group	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
		All disabled beneficiaries		
Total	934.50	977.70	630.70	642.40
Congenital anomalies	763.60	839.20	643.50	673.40
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	914.90	938.80	611.50	630.60
Infectious and parasitic diseases	949.80	965.10	616.20	607.00
Injuries	994.00	1,012.50	612.70	670.80
Mental disorders				
Retardation	644.40	658.90	565.50	633.10
Other	873.50	894.20	646.50	642.00
Neoplasms	1,114.20	1,129.40	652.10	658.50
Diseases of the—				
Blood and blood-forming organs	878.00	916.30	623.10	600.40
Circulatory system	1,098.00	1,115.90	630.70	661.70
Digestive system	1,022.50	1,033.80	647.90	634.50
Genitourinary system	1,015.60	1,029.10	626.70	613.10
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,025.30	1,041.00	630.80	629.20
Nervous system and sense organs	970.10	1,013.10	634.00	661.30
Respiratory system	1,004.20	1,024.60	650.40	608.30
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	934.50	949.70	624.90	613.00
Other	1,015.90	1,061.40	676.10	608.20
Unknown	773.60	953.60	614.60	652.20
		Men		
Subtotal	1,048.60	1,097.40	455.00	640.20
Congenital anomalies	801.60	905.80	388.60	674.10
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1,126.40	1,134.10	476.50	628.10
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1,002.10	1,011.20	481.20	595.20
Injuries	1,070.20	1,085.20	456.00	671.10
Mental disorders				
Retardation	664.30	696.90	375.40	629.20
Other	947.10	971.80	458.30	643.30
Neoplasms	1,299.50	1,308.50	461.20	656.60
Diseases of the—				
Blood and blood-forming organs	976.90	1,028.20	365.50	605.70
Circulatory system	1,241.70	1,246.60	485.60	655.20
Digestive system	1,166.40	1,171.10	470.70	630.20
Genitourinary system	1,121.60	1,130.30	500.50	604.50
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,208.20	1,211.60	449.20	625.50
Nervous system and sense organs	1,080.30	1,133.00	424.50	655.30
Respiratory system	1,218.30	1,223.50	477.80	609.20
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,075.70	1,085.30	473.90	619.10
Other	1,102.90	1,161.00	413.30	599.90
Unknown	820.30	1,061.00	431.00	652.20

(Continued)

Table 7.
Average monthly benefit, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2006 (in dollars)—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
		Women		
Subtotal	809.90	839.80	637.40	645.00
Congenital anomalies	724.40	769.00	653.80	672.70
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	766.30	785.90	614.40	632.70
Infectious and parasitic diseases	817.70	839.00	623.80	620.40
Injuries	831.40	848.80	624.70	670.00
Mental disorders				
Retardation	616.90	591.70	573.20	637.70
Other	800.70	815.90	652.70	639.70
Neoplasms	949.80	964.70	659.20	660.80
Diseases of the—				
Blood and blood-forming organs	799.90	827.50	636.40	594.90
Circulatory system	833.90	853.30	639.70	669.20
Digestive system	860.90	872.30	658.50	638.80
Genitourinary system	863.70	877.70	635.00	622.40
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	849.20	865.20	637.20	632.00
Nervous system and sense organs	865.00	896.00	641.70	668.00
Respiratory system	815.10	832.00	656.20	607.70
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	838.50	853.10	630.40	608.50
Other	941.20	975.90	685.50	618.40
Unknown	728.60	847.20	621.50	652.10

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 8.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2006

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
United States	188,402,570	7,352,612	3.9
Alabama	2,869,132	197,009	6.9
Alaska	442,989	11,009	2.5
Arizona	3,747,834	134,166	3.6
Arkansas	1,729,265	118,940	6.9
California	22,993,421	629,051	2.7
Colorado	3,106,890	81,336	2.6
Connecticut	2,216,080	75,462	3.4
Delaware	535,536	23,392	4.4
District of Columbia	395,318	11,502	2.9
Florida	11,030,629	439,152	4.0
Georgia	5,996,047	224,826	3.7
Hawaii	808,047	21,262	2.6
Idaho	903,012	33,833	3.7
Illinois	8,082,250	261,900	3.2
Indiana	3,951,672	165,347	4.2
Iowa	1,836,234	69,277	3.8
Kansas	1,710,529	61,169	3.6
Kentucky	2,669,249	184,917	6.9
Louisiana	2,674,421	133,689	5.0
Maine	847,941	52,241	6.2
Maryland	3,604,628	104,372	2.9
Massachusetts	4,132,347	174,940	4.2
Michigan	6,356,423	282,320	4.4
Minnesota	3,282,443	104,581	3.2
Mississippi	1,788,963	122,455	6.8
Missouri	3,647,230	184,162	5.0
Montana	596,192	23,494	3.9
Nebraska	1,088,643	37,605	3.5
Nevada	1,584,066	49,187	3.1
New Hampshire	854,641	38,127	4.5
New Jersey	5,507,480	176,175	3.2
New Mexico	1,203,069	52,258	4.3
New York	12,269,155	468,229	3.8
North Carolina	5,624,167	283,919	5.0
North Dakota	398,059	13,288	3.3
Ohio	7,175,977	285,710	4.0
Oklahoma	2,211,633	106,394	4.8
Oregon	2,366,319	85,552	3.6
Pennsylvania	7,750,425	346,387	4.5
Rhode Island	682,193	32,484	4.8

(Continued)

Table 8.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2006—*Continued*

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
South Carolina	2,728,200	149,448	5.5
South Dakota	476,055	16,776	3.5
Tennessee	3,826,988	210,204	5.5
Texas	14,679,359	454,624	3.1
Utah	1,533,326	35,510	2.3
Vermont	407,553	18,453	4.5
Virginia	4,948,269	190,701	3.9
Washington	4,131,162	141,330	3.4
West Virginia	1,150,707	93,604	8.1
Wisconsin	3,519,942	130,115	3.7
Wyoming	330,460	10,728	3.2

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data; U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 estimates of resident population.

NOTE: Data exclude United States territories and other areas.

a. Population estimates for the United States as of July 1, 2006, as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

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Table 9.
Distribution, by state or other area, December 2006

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All areas	7,803,692	100.0	6,806,918	100.0	220,178	100.0	776,596	100.0
Alabama	203,163	2.6	178,303	2.6	7,261	3.3	17,599	2.3
Alaska	11,294	0.1	10,253	0.2	245	0.1	796	0.1
Arizona	138,364	1.8	125,654	1.8	3,258	1.5	9,452	1.2
Arkansas	122,863	1.6	109,104	1.6	4,192	1.9	9,567	1.2
California	649,822	8.3	570,177	8.4	14,720	6.7	64,925	8.4
Colorado	83,813	1.1	75,874	1.1	1,799	0.8	6,140	0.8
Connecticut	78,405	1.0	67,295	1.0	1,587	0.7	9,523	1.2
Delaware	24,183	0.3	21,702	0.3	531	0.2	1,950	0.3
District of Columbia	11,862	0.2	10,263	0.2	239	0.1	1,360	0.2
Florida	454,426	5.8	407,193	6.0	12,046	5.5	35,187	4.5
Georgia	232,656	3.0	203,994	3.0	7,676	3.5	20,986	2.7
Hawaii	22,100	0.3	19,211	0.3	516	0.2	2,373	0.3
Idaho	35,020	0.4	31,357	0.5	857	0.4	2,806	0.4
Illinois	271,534	3.5	231,653	3.4	7,439	3.4	32,442	4.2
Indiana	171,266	2.2	148,744	2.2	5,021	2.3	17,501	2.3
Iowa	72,104	0.9	61,805	0.9	1,726	0.8	8,573	1.1
Kansas	63,376	0.8	55,525	0.8	1,615	0.7	6,236	0.8
Kentucky	191,225	2.5	167,339	2.5	7,202	3.3	16,684	2.1
Louisiana	138,043	1.8	114,683	1.7	5,642	2.6	17,718	2.3
Maine	53,971	0.7	48,000	0.7	1,264	0.6	4,707	0.6
Maryland	107,951	1.4	94,535	1.4	2,439	1.1	10,977	1.4
Massachusetts	180,760	2.3	158,861	2.3	3,479	1.6	18,420	2.4
Michigan	292,359	3.7	250,412	3.7	8,270	3.8	33,677	4.3
Minnesota	108,420	1.4	94,887	1.4	1,842	0.8	11,691	1.5
Mississippi	126,500	1.6	109,552	1.6	4,821	2.2	12,127	1.6
Missouri	190,693	2.4	168,295	2.5	5,711	2.6	16,687	2.1
Montana	24,445	0.3	21,604	0.3	614	0.3	2,227	0.3
Nebraska	39,095	0.5	33,921	0.5	852	0.4	4,322	0.6
Nevada	50,882	0.7	46,951	0.7	1,220	0.6	2,711	0.3
New Hampshire	39,309	0.5	35,568	0.5	777	0.4	2,964	0.4
New Jersey	183,060	2.3	158,607	2.3	4,217	1.9	20,236	2.6
New Mexico	53,878	0.7	48,089	0.7	1,300	0.6	4,489	0.6
New York	486,631	6.2	416,955	6.1	12,251	5.6	57,425	7.4
North Carolina	294,444	3.8	260,960	3.8	8,947	4.1	24,537	3.2
North Dakota	13,987	0.2	11,697	0.2	302	0.1	1,988	0.3
Ohio	296,485	3.8	251,744	3.7	9,472	4.3	35,269	4.5
Oklahoma	110,266	1.4	97,024	1.4	3,679	1.7	9,563	1.2
Oregon	88,596	1.1	78,853	1.2	2,172	1.0	7,571	1.0
Pennsylvania	359,674	4.6	309,581	4.5	10,162	4.6	39,931	5.1
Rhode Island	33,639	0.4	29,738	0.4	713	0.3	3,188	0.4

(Continued)

Table 9.
Distribution, by state or other area, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
South Carolina	154,814	2.0	135,816	2.0	5,283	2.4	13,715	1.8
South Dakota	17,539	0.2	15,044	0.2	392	0.2	2,103	0.3
Tennessee	217,604	2.8	190,613	2.8	7,888	3.6	19,103	2.5
Texas	469,739	6.0	410,805	6.0	15,211	6.9	43,723	5.6
Utah	36,629	0.5	32,280	0.5	749	0.3	3,600	0.5
Vermont	19,073	0.2	16,673	0.2	448	0.2	1,952	0.3
Virginia	197,297	2.5	173,567	2.5	5,900	2.7	17,830	2.3
Washington	145,886	1.9	130,099	1.9	3,303	1.5	12,484	1.6
West Virginia	97,114	1.2	83,129	1.2	3,886	1.8	10,099	1.3
Wisconsin	135,143	1.7	116,154	1.7	2,796	1.3	16,193	2.1
Wyoming	11,086	0.1	9,937	0.1	238	0.1	911	0.1
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	1,264	a	1,114	a	50	a	100	a
Guam	1,431	a	1,248	a	38	a	145	a
Northern Mariana Islands	255	a	198	a	9	a	48	a
Puerto Rico	167,722	2.1	139,922	2.1	5,090	2.3	22,710	2.9
U.S. Virgin Islands	2,010	a	1,638	a	62	a	310	a
Foreign countries	18,522	0.2	12,718	0.2	759	0.3	5,045	0.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	7,803,692	21,125	278,803	118,549	307,805	2,817,742	695,983	2,121,759	202,560
Alabama	203,163	409	8,628	2,076	9,088	61,053	16,668	44,385	4,646
Alaska	11,294	32	329	130	527	4,131	862	3,269	355
Arizona	138,364	344	4,519	1,907	5,839	55,570	8,114	47,456	3,122
Arkansas	122,863	309	5,036	1,304	5,532	33,780	11,292	22,488	3,214
California	649,822	1,809	19,534	15,158	26,863	251,090	44,017	207,073	17,027
Colorado	83,813	333	2,540	1,315	4,044	27,858	6,411	21,447	2,321
Connecticut	78,405	215	2,381	1,205	2,331	34,314	8,073	26,241	2,125
Delaware	24,183	68	893	456	922	8,018	2,077	5,941	684
District of Columbia	11,862	14	368	699	296	5,119	1,380	3,739	242
Florida	454,426	1,305	16,998	12,138	21,899	149,686	28,995	120,691	13,351
Georgia	232,656	553	9,939	5,101	9,187	73,168	21,404	51,764	6,397
Hawaii	22,100	43	575	396	854	9,952	1,821	8,131	635
Idaho	35,020	105	1,121	287	1,590	13,312	2,798	10,514	891
Illinois	271,534	688	10,663	3,829	9,365	109,861	29,380	80,481	7,524
Indiana	171,266	398	7,726	1,811	5,771	63,183	18,931	44,252	4,674
Iowa	72,104	248	2,764	546	2,655	28,311	9,713	18,598	1,961
Kansas	63,376	182	2,722	619	2,803	23,016	7,066	15,950	1,679
Kentucky	191,225	407	6,318	1,449	6,664	68,631	17,145	51,486	3,997
Louisiana	138,043	324	5,058	2,032	5,892	40,257	16,196	24,061	3,364
Maine	53,971	162	1,540	373	1,958	23,094	4,505	18,589	1,156
Maryland	107,951	397	3,755	2,636	4,190	37,613	10,089	27,524	3,393
Massachusetts	180,760	594	4,313	2,812	5,886	86,785	14,105	72,680	4,333
Michigan	292,359	739	10,565	2,516	9,976	114,879	27,211	87,668	7,357
Minnesota	108,420	312	2,675	1,021	4,235	51,335	12,719	38,616	2,973
Mississippi	126,500	227	5,836	1,488	5,200	42,952	11,992	30,960	3,156
Missouri	190,693	586	8,156	2,250	8,359	62,590	18,103	44,487	4,603
Montana	24,445	77	689	194	1,274	8,307	2,107	6,200	632
Nebraska	39,095	129	1,470	371	1,785	13,366	4,212	9,154	1,090
Nevada	50,882	166	1,737	818	2,358	15,662	2,357	13,305	1,365
New Hampshire	39,309	104	903	283	1,369	18,294	2,706	15,588	895
New Jersey	183,060	487	5,289	3,212	6,710	65,733	14,895	50,838	5,759
New Mexico	53,878	175	1,823	630	2,682	19,593	3,980	15,613	1,092
New York	486,631	1,283	13,919	10,919	17,355	158,610	41,998	116,612	13,186
North Carolina	294,444	715	13,111	4,485	10,780	95,250	29,790	65,460	8,029
North Dakota	13,987	63	354	86	617	5,489	2,020	3,469	391
Ohio	296,485	956	10,696	2,673	9,219	130,906	35,436	95,470	7,236
Oklahoma	110,266	262	4,606	1,183	4,403	35,954	10,564	25,390	2,704
Oregon	88,596	261	2,898	1,135	4,239	31,259	7,152	24,107	2,404
Pennsylvania	359,674	1,114	13,121	4,259	15,149	122,604	35,456	87,148	9,754
Rhode Island	33,639	66	1,013	381	988	15,557	3,342	12,215	802

(Continued)

Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
All areas	19,467	660,387	109,907	117,955	1,835,171	738,423	220,901	17,135	16,036	321,726
Alabama	698	21,020	2,624	2,946	57,746	17,257	6,349	526	450	7,647
Alaska	26	716	176	128	2,932	1,209	285	30	34	254
Arizona	247	9,465	2,146	1,984	31,808	13,404	3,570	283	410	3,746
Arkansas	316	13,215	1,789	1,420	37,308	11,245	4,369	427	200	3,399
California	1,317	44,004	10,226	11,978	154,809	63,130	10,935	1,219	1,575	19,148
Colorado	147	4,666	1,365	1,134	20,970	11,117	2,711	181	210	2,901
Connecticut	163	5,329	1,023	1,025	14,384	7,414	1,865	191	142	4,298
Delaware	81	2,074	363	432	6,364	2,206	699	36	71	816
District of Columbia	60	866	97	413	1,750	1,113	257	40	22	506
Florida	1,420	42,740	8,137	7,105	104,259	39,387	13,493	1,706	992	19,810
Georgia	963	24,379	3,417	4,842	54,501	20,402	7,729	557	393	11,128
Hawaii	33	1,964	226	585	3,707	1,826	415	46	67	776
Idaho	35	2,212	494	365	8,646	3,862	990	75	64	971
Illinois	781	23,313	3,395	4,658	50,419	27,609	7,778	497	571	10,583
Indiana	440	15,591	2,639	2,371	34,396	17,793	6,430	305	336	7,402
Iowa	145	4,912	868	847	15,322	7,695	2,324	135	142	3,229
Kansas	154	4,804	981	864	13,975	6,827	2,165	118	125	2,342
Kentucky	313	17,186	2,380	1,738	51,658	14,159	7,156	369	366	8,434
Louisiana	488	15,512	1,748	2,367	37,431	11,721	3,491	379	288	7,691
Maine	67	3,629	649	372	13,093	4,576	1,372	164	96	1,670
Maryland	437	10,352	1,535	2,608	20,855	11,531	3,033	246	227	5,143
Massachusetts	320	10,271	2,458	1,559	34,295	16,176	3,872	253	377	6,456
Michigan	696	24,237	3,528	4,219	64,078	28,001	8,322	673	502	12,071
Minnesota	202	6,804	1,256	1,219	18,503	11,644	2,170	164	212	3,695
Mississippi	447	14,745	1,366	2,206	27,594	10,498	3,666	328	273	6,518
Missouri	465	16,471	3,016	2,428	49,579	18,228	6,685	416	353	6,508
Montana	35	1,474	330	251	6,386	2,945	838	50	57	906
Nebraska	70	3,086	518	570	9,146	4,510	1,307	61	67	1,549
Nevada	133	4,634	966	781	13,538	5,209	1,764	115	136	1,500
New Hampshire	51	2,461	507	298	8,032	3,787	1,087	57	70	1,111
New Jersey	575	16,648	2,856	3,218	39,822	19,391	4,754	410	489	7,707
New Mexico	91	3,048	892	855	14,383	5,375	1,439	136	159	1,505
New York	1,330	38,629	6,066	6,748	136,721	43,643	12,615	878	709	24,020
North Carolina	868	30,225	4,288	5,163	71,167	24,871	10,145	703	593	14,051
North Dakota	16	1,064	165	184	2,960	1,590	394	26	23	565
Ohio	609	23,401	3,181	4,183	50,148	26,289	9,381	488	397	16,722
Oklahoma	195	10,477	1,610	1,421	29,764	10,471	4,044	271	180	2,721
Oregon	169	5,751	1,566	1,001	21,944	10,915	2,349	205	163	2,337
Pennsylvania	819	31,771	5,659	4,765	87,904	35,024	10,190	614	1,088	15,839
Rhode Island	73	2,247	443	280	6,554	2,840	829	91	104	1,371

(Continued)

Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
South Carolina	154,814	306	5,741	2,140	6,274	50,959	13,762	37,197	3,949
South Dakota	17,539	80	489	153	641	6,516	2,137	4,379	414
Tennessee	217,604	487	8,193	2,200	7,309	77,059	19,204	57,855	5,375
Texas	469,739	1,100	21,858	9,011	20,470	145,012	35,909	109,103	13,310
Utah	36,629	180	1,219	320	1,415	14,799	3,795	11,004	836
Vermont	19,073	82	609	179	743	8,106	1,659	6,447	464
Virginia	197,297	531	7,396	2,627	7,323	65,730	19,693	46,037	5,461
Washington	145,886	418	4,674	1,929	5,562	59,712	11,252	48,460	4,049
West Virginia	97,114	225	4,264	616	4,589	30,079	10,674	19,405	2,037
Wisconsin	135,143	603	4,553	1,221	5,195	53,595	14,811	38,784	3,468
Wyoming	11,086	45	297	101	598	3,875	1,085	2,790	267
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1,264	3	155	8	54	141	56	85	23
Guam	1,431	4	32	12	67	383	134	249	40
Northern Mariana Islands	255	0	5	4	15	72	28	44	6
Puerto Rico	167,722	278	2,460	1,563	5,788	78,274	12,496	65,778	1,882
U.S. Virgin Islands	2,010	4	36	30	109	584	192	392	52
Foreign countries	18,522	118	241	252	799	6,704	2,014	4,690	408

(Continued)

Table 10.
Number, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
South Carolina	645	16,805	2,055	2,895	38,107	13,202	5,417	382	325	5,612
South Dakota	26	1,267	195	189	3,976	2,370	559	34	37	593
Tennessee	473	20,649	2,893	3,077	51,959	17,462	7,812	474	385	11,797
Texas	1,192	45,070	7,472	10,098	115,005	49,323	11,862	943	927	17,086
Utah	58	2,053	560	491	7,535	4,533	1,022	73	97	1,438
Vermont	35	1,118	240	134	4,128	1,760	526	40	49	860
Virginia	622	18,576	2,777	3,577	49,806	17,576	6,172	430	441	8,252
Washington	288	8,852	2,519	1,728	32,180	15,151	3,599	319	285	4,621
West Virginia	152	9,325	1,221	729	26,303	7,068	3,721	219	172	6,394
Wisconsin	291	9,280	1,757	1,751	27,837	15,518	3,187	244	265	6,378
Wyoming	11	743	172	129	2,700	1,386	454	20	41	247
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	a	125	12	20	495	124	39	27	a	25
Guam	a	217	a	61	319	192	35	7	19	24
Northern Mariana Islands	a	43	a	15	27	43	5	12	a	4
Puerto Rico	140	9,100	914	1,329	41,702	13,626	2,989	395	211	7,071
U.S. Virgin Islands	16	234	11	56	527	260	19	8	3	61
Foreign countries	18	1,537	142	145	3,714	1,939	216	39	33	2,217

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	7,803,692	100.0	0.3	3.6	1.5	3.9	36.1	8.9	27.2	2.6
Alabama	203,163	100.0	0.2	4.2	1.0	4.5	30.0	8.2	21.8	2.3
Alaska	11,294	100.0	0.3	2.9	1.2	4.7	36.5	7.6	28.9	3.1
Arizona	138,364	100.0	0.2	3.3	1.4	4.2	40.2	5.9	34.3	2.3
Arkansas	122,863	100.0	0.3	4.1	1.1	4.5	27.5	9.2	18.3	2.6
California	649,822	100.0	0.3	3.0	2.3	4.1	38.7	6.8	31.9	2.6
Colorado	83,813	100.0	0.4	3.0	1.6	4.8	33.2	7.6	25.6	2.8
Connecticut	78,405	100.0	0.3	3.0	1.5	3.0	43.8	10.3	33.5	2.7
Delaware	24,183	100.0	0.3	3.7	1.9	3.8	33.2	8.6	24.6	2.8
District of Columbia	11,862	100.0	0.1	3.1	5.9	2.5	43.1	11.6	31.5	2.0
Florida	454,426	100.0	0.3	3.7	2.7	4.8	33.0	6.4	26.6	2.9
Georgia	232,656	100.0	0.2	4.3	2.2	3.9	31.4	9.2	22.2	2.7
Hawaii	22,100	100.0	0.2	2.6	1.8	3.9	45.0	8.2	36.8	2.9
Idaho	35,020	100.0	0.3	3.2	0.8	4.5	38.0	8.0	30.0	2.5
Illinois	271,534	100.0	0.3	3.9	1.4	3.4	40.4	10.8	29.6	2.8
Indiana	171,266	100.0	0.2	4.5	1.1	3.4	36.9	11.1	25.8	2.7
Iowa	72,104	100.0	0.3	3.8	0.8	3.7	39.3	13.5	25.8	2.7
Kansas	63,376	100.0	0.3	4.3	1.0	4.4	36.3	11.1	25.2	2.6
Kentucky	191,225	100.0	0.2	3.3	0.8	3.5	35.9	9.0	26.9	2.1
Louisiana	138,043	100.0	0.2	3.7	1.5	4.3	29.1	11.7	17.4	2.4
Maine	53,971	100.0	0.3	2.9	0.7	3.6	42.7	8.3	34.4	2.1
Maryland	107,951	100.0	0.4	3.5	2.4	3.9	34.8	9.3	25.5	3.1
Massachusetts	180,760	100.0	0.3	2.4	1.6	3.3	48.0	7.8	40.2	2.4
Michigan	292,359	100.0	0.3	3.6	0.9	3.4	39.3	9.3	30.0	2.5
Minnesota	108,420	100.0	0.3	2.5	0.9	3.9	47.3	11.7	35.6	2.7
Mississippi	126,500	100.0	0.2	4.6	1.2	4.1	34.0	9.5	24.5	2.5
Missouri	190,693	100.0	0.3	4.3	1.2	4.4	32.8	9.5	23.3	2.4
Montana	24,445	100.0	0.3	2.8	0.8	5.2	34.0	8.6	25.4	2.6
Nebraska	39,095	100.0	0.3	3.8	0.9	4.6	34.2	10.8	23.4	2.8
Nevada	50,882	100.0	0.3	3.4	1.6	4.6	30.7	4.6	26.1	2.7
New Hampshire	39,309	100.0	0.3	2.3	0.7	3.5	46.6	6.9	39.7	2.3
New Jersey	183,060	100.0	0.3	2.9	1.8	3.7	35.9	8.1	27.8	3.1
New Mexico	53,878	100.0	0.3	3.4	1.2	5.0	36.4	7.4	29.0	2.0
New York	486,631	100.0	0.3	2.9	2.2	3.6	32.6	8.6	24.0	2.7
North Carolina	294,444	100.0	0.2	4.5	1.5	3.7	32.3	10.1	22.2	2.7
North Dakota	13,987	100.0	0.5	2.5	0.6	4.4	39.2	14.4	24.8	2.8
Ohio	296,485	100.0	0.3	3.6	0.9	3.1	44.2	12.0	32.2	2.4
Oklahoma	110,266	100.0	0.2	4.2	1.1	4.0	32.6	9.6	23.0	2.5
Oregon	88,596	100.0	0.3	3.3	1.3	4.8	35.3	8.1	27.2	2.7
Pennsylvania	359,674	100.0	0.3	3.6	1.2	4.2	34.1	9.9	24.2	2.7
Rhode Island	33,639	100.0	0.2	3.0	1.1	2.9	46.2	9.9	36.3	2.4

(Continued)

Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
All areas	0.2	8.5	1.4	1.5	23.5	9.5	2.8	0.2	0.2	4.1
Alabama	0.3	10.3	1.3	1.5	28.4	8.5	3.1	0.3	0.2	3.8
Alaska	0.2	6.3	1.6	1.1	26.0	10.7	2.5	0.3	0.3	2.2
Arizona	0.2	6.8	1.6	1.4	23.0	9.7	2.6	0.2	0.3	2.7
Arkansas	0.3	10.8	1.5	1.2	30.4	9.2	3.6	0.3	0.2	2.8
California	0.2	6.8	1.6	1.8	23.8	9.7	1.7	0.2	0.2	2.9
Colorado	0.2	5.6	1.6	1.4	25.0	13.3	3.2	0.2	0.3	3.5
Connecticut	0.2	6.8	1.3	1.3	18.3	9.5	2.4	0.2	0.2	5.5
Delaware	0.3	8.6	1.5	1.8	26.3	9.1	2.9	0.1	0.3	3.4
District of Columbia	0.5	7.3	0.8	3.5	14.8	9.4	2.2	0.3	0.2	4.3
Florida	0.3	9.4	1.8	1.6	22.9	8.7	3.0	0.4	0.2	4.4
Georgia	0.4	10.5	1.5	2.1	23.4	8.8	3.3	0.2	0.2	4.8
Hawaii	0.1	8.9	1.0	2.6	16.8	8.3	1.9	0.2	0.3	3.5
Idaho	0.1	6.3	1.4	1.0	24.7	11.0	2.8	0.2	0.2	2.8
Illinois	0.3	8.6	1.3	1.7	18.6	10.2	2.9	0.2	0.2	3.9
Indiana	0.3	9.1	1.5	1.4	20.1	10.4	3.8	0.2	0.2	4.3
Iowa	0.2	6.8	1.2	1.2	21.2	10.7	3.2	0.2	0.2	4.5
Kansas	0.2	7.6	1.5	1.4	22.1	10.8	3.4	0.2	0.2	3.7
Kentucky	0.2	9.0	1.2	0.9	27.0	7.4	3.7	0.2	0.2	4.4
Louisiana	0.4	11.2	1.3	1.7	27.1	8.5	2.5	0.3	0.2	5.6
Maine	0.1	6.7	1.2	0.7	24.3	8.5	2.5	0.3	0.2	3.1
Maryland	0.4	9.6	1.4	2.4	19.3	10.7	2.8	0.2	0.2	4.8
Massachusetts	0.2	5.7	1.4	0.9	19.0	8.9	2.1	0.1	0.2	3.6
Michigan	0.2	8.3	1.2	1.4	21.9	9.6	2.8	0.2	0.2	4.1
Minnesota	0.2	6.3	1.2	1.1	17.1	10.7	2.0	0.2	0.2	3.4
Mississippi	0.4	11.7	1.1	1.7	21.8	8.3	2.9	0.3	0.2	5.2
Missouri	0.2	8.6	1.6	1.3	26.0	9.6	3.5	0.2	0.2	3.4
Montana	0.1	6.0	1.3	1.0	26.1	12.0	3.4	0.2	0.2	3.7
Nebraska	0.2	7.9	1.3	1.5	23.4	11.5	3.3	0.2	0.2	4.0
Nevada	0.3	9.1	1.9	1.5	26.6	10.2	3.5	0.2	0.3	2.9
New Hampshire	0.1	6.3	1.3	0.8	20.4	9.6	2.8	0.1	0.2	2.8
New Jersey	0.3	9.1	1.6	1.8	21.8	10.6	2.6	0.2	0.3	4.2
New Mexico	0.2	5.7	1.7	1.6	26.7	10.0	2.7	0.3	0.3	2.8
New York	0.3	7.9	1.2	1.4	28.1	9.0	2.6	0.2	0.1	4.9
North Carolina	0.3	10.3	1.5	1.8	24.2	8.4	3.4	0.2	0.2	4.8
North Dakota	0.1	7.6	1.2	1.3	21.2	11.4	2.8	0.2	0.2	4.0
Ohio	0.2	7.9	1.1	1.4	16.9	8.9	3.2	0.2	0.1	5.6
Oklahoma	0.2	9.5	1.5	1.3	27.0	9.5	3.7	0.2	0.2	2.5
Oregon	0.2	6.5	1.8	1.1	24.8	12.3	2.7	0.2	0.2	2.6
Pennsylvania	0.2	8.8	1.6	1.3	24.4	9.7	2.8	0.2	0.3	4.4
Rhode Island	0.2	6.7	1.3	0.8	19.5	8.4	2.5	0.3	0.3	4.1

(Continued)

Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
South Carolina	154,814	100.0	0.2	3.7	1.4	4.1	32.9	8.9	24.0	2.6
South Dakota	17,539	100.0	0.5	2.8	0.9	3.7	37.2	12.2	25.0	2.4
Tennessee	217,604	100.0	0.2	3.8	1.0	3.4	35.4	8.8	26.6	2.5
Texas	469,739	100.0	0.2	4.7	1.9	4.4	30.8	7.6	23.2	2.8
Utah	36,629	100.0	0.5	3.3	0.9	3.9	40.4	10.4	30.0	2.3
Vermont	19,073	100.0	0.4	3.2	0.9	3.9	42.5	8.7	33.8	2.4
Virginia	197,297	100.0	0.3	3.7	1.3	3.7	33.3	10.0	23.3	2.8
Washington	145,886	100.0	0.3	3.2	1.3	3.8	40.9	7.7	33.2	2.8
West Virginia	97,114	100.0	0.2	4.4	0.6	4.7	31.0	11.0	20.0	2.1
Wisconsin	135,143	100.0	0.4	3.4	0.9	3.8	39.7	11.0	28.7	2.6
Wyoming	11,086	100.0	0.4	2.7	0.9	5.4	35.0	9.8	25.2	2.4
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1,264	100.0	0.2	12.3	0.6	4.3	11.1	4.4	6.7	1.8
Guam	1,431	100.0	0.3	2.2	0.8	4.7	26.8	9.4	17.4	2.8
Northern Mariana Islands	255	100.0	0	2.0	1.6	5.9	28.3	11.0	17.3	2.4
Puerto Rico	167,722	100.0	0.2	1.5	0.9	3.5	46.7	7.5	39.2	1.1
U.S. Virgin Islands	2,010	100.0	0.2	1.8	1.5	5.4	29.1	9.6	19.5	2.6
Foreign countries	18,522	100.0	0.6	1.3	1.4	4.3	36.2	10.9	25.3	2.2

(Continued)

Table 11.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
South Carolina	0.4	10.9	1.3	1.9	24.6	8.5	3.5	0.2	0.2	3.6
South Dakota	0.1	7.2	1.1	1.1	22.7	13.5	3.2	0.2	0.2	3.4
Tennessee	0.2	9.5	1.3	1.4	23.9	8.0	3.6	0.2	0.2	5.4
Texas	0.3	9.6	1.6	2.1	24.5	10.5	2.5	0.2	0.2	3.6
Utah	0.2	5.6	1.5	1.3	20.6	12.4	2.8	0.2	0.3	3.9
Vermont	0.2	5.9	1.3	0.7	21.6	9.2	2.8	0.2	0.3	4.5
Virginia	0.3	9.4	1.4	1.8	25.2	8.9	3.1	0.2	0.2	4.2
Washington	0.2	6.1	1.7	1.2	22.1	10.4	2.5	0.2	0.2	3.2
West Virginia	0.2	9.6	1.3	0.8	27.1	7.3	3.8	0.2	0.2	6.6
Wisconsin	0.2	6.9	1.3	1.3	20.6	11.5	2.4	0.2	0.2	4.7
Wyoming	0.1	6.7	1.6	1.2	24.4	12.5	4.1	0.2	0.4	2.2
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	a	9.9	0.9	1.6	39.2	9.8	3.1	2.1	a	2.0
Guam	a	15.2	a	4.3	22.3	13.4	2.4	0.5	1.3	1.7
Northern Mariana Islands	a	16.9	a	5.9	10.6	16.9	2.0	4.7	a	1.6
Puerto Rico	0.1	5.4	0.5	0.8	24.9	8.1	1.8	0.2	0.1	4.2
U.S. Virgin Islands	0.8	11.6	0.5	2.8	26.2	12.9	0.9	0.4	0.1	3.0
Foreign countries	0.1	8.3	0.8	0.8	20.1	10.5	1.2	0.2	0.2	12.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 12.
Number receiving Social Security disability benefits because of blindness or deafness, by state or other area, December 2006

State or area	Blind				Deaf			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All areas	110,094	96,805	2,323	10,966	62,583	52,780	1,086	8,717
Alabama	2,645	2,352	65	228	1,508	1,247	31	230
Alaska	164	153	3	8	131	119	3	9
Arizona	1,815	1,619	41	155	1,125	992	12	121
Arkansas	1,616	1,417	37	162	857	722	29	106
California	9,866	8,544	171	1,151	5,237	4,299	72	866
Colorado	1,099	991	16	92	859	773	13	73
Connecticut	1,208	1,023	28	157	684	586	9	89
Delaware	328	299	4	25	177	155	a	a
District of Columbia	193	174	4	15	251	206	3	42
Florida	5,272	4,729	130	413	4,186	3,548	56	582
Georgia	3,759	3,363	99	297	1,800	1,455	40	305
Hawaii	316	278	4	34	195	166	a	a
Idaho	495	444	8	43	234	209	4	21
Illinois	4,266	3,766	88	412	2,215	1,900	29	286
Indiana	2,801	2,522	52	227	1,565	1,355	32	178
Iowa	1,000	867	11	122	641	580	10	51
Kansas	1,062	944	21	97	615	558	7	50
Kentucky	2,401	2,056	70	275	1,328	1,095	35	198
Louisiana	2,103	1,816	62	225	1,153	822	44	287
Maine	543	474	7	62	341	311	3	27
Maryland	1,530	1,365	26	139	1,272	1,106	9	157
Massachusetts	2,776	2,241	37	498	1,187	1,029	13	145
Michigan	3,428	2,937	65	426	2,123	1,817	41	265
Minnesota	1,649	1,457	17	175	1,056	962	10	84
Mississippi	2,070	1,871	40	159	931	765	22	144
Missouri	2,673	2,377	52	244	1,329	1,161	15	153
Montana	302	269	6	27	181	161	3	17
Nebraska	586	523	4	59	333	305	8	20
Nevada	785	702	13	70	379	325	9	45
New Hampshire	393	339	10	44	224	197	5	22
New Jersey	2,690	2,392	42	256	1,501	1,285	23	193
New Mexico	828	726	21	81	403	343	14	46
New York	5,894	5,084	124	686	3,862	3,214	58	590
North Carolina	3,990	3,564	91	335	2,061	1,798	36	227
North Dakota	158	139	0	19	81	75	0	6
Ohio	4,340	3,845	106	389	2,551	2,185	53	313
Oklahoma	1,765	1,563	47	155	897	766	28	103
Oregon	1,489	1,292	22	175	926	800	13	113
Pennsylvania	4,693	4,121	83	489	2,565	2,158	44	363
Rhode Island	380	331	9	40	213	188	a	a

(Continued)

Table 12.
Number receiving Social Security disability benefits because of blindness or deafness, by state or other area, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Blind				Deaf			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
South Carolina	2,739	2,429	93	217	1,025	848	17	160
South Dakota	260	227	4	29	174	154	a	a
Tennessee	3,326	2,959	74	293	1,535	1,295	36	204
Texas	8,444	7,586	192	666	4,542	3,858	60	624
Utah	636	560	12	64	425	398	4	23
Vermont	188	168	a	a	136	120	a	a
Virginia	2,406	2,108	58	240	1,243	1,059	26	158
Washington	1,789	1,567	30	192	1,223	1,040	27	156
West Virginia	1,015	872	28	115	559	458	14	87
Wisconsin	1,606	1,415	19	172	1,127	989	13	125
Wyoming	123	113	0	10	77	70	0	7
Outlying areas								
Puerto Rico	1,772	1,496	59	217	1,136	630	30	476
Other [b]	108	95	a	a	61	45	a	a
Foreign countries	311	241	12	58	143	78	12	53

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and U.S. Virgin Islands.

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Table 13.
Total monthly benefits, by state or other area, December 2006 (in thousands of dollars)

State or area	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All areas	7,292,797	6,655,048	138,859	498,891
Alabama	184,231	169,627	4,303	10,301
Alaska	10,612	9,928	175	508
Arizona	135,413	126,998	2,146	6,269
Arkansas	109,324	101,511	2,394	5,419
California	621,044	568,124	9,995	42,924
Colorado	79,069	73,873	1,150	4,046
Connecticut	76,264	68,459	994	6,811
Delaware	23,981	22,290	330	1,361
District of Columbia	9,858	8,939	145	774
Florida	428,667	398,891	7,304	22,472
Georgia	213,662	196,703	4,377	12,582
Hawaii	21,251	19,340	351	1,561
Idaho	32,326	29,934	580	1,812
Illinois	259,639	232,149	4,942	22,547
Indiana	161,231	145,727	3,300	12,204
Iowa	64,797	57,946	1,062	5,789
Kansas	58,029	52,848	1,000	4,181
Kentucky	174,481	160,184	4,669	9,629
Louisiana	125,927	111,734	3,809	10,383
Maine	46,890	43,311	752	2,827
Maryland	104,315	95,246	1,607	7,462
Massachusetts	167,760	153,378	2,223	12,160
Michigan	289,663	259,497	5,922	24,244
Minnesota	100,892	91,881	1,159	7,852
Mississippi	110,257	100,931	2,783	6,543
Missouri	174,634	160,476	3,448	10,709
Montana	22,258	20,411	385	1,462
Nebraska	34,689	31,409	507	2,773
Nevada	51,441	48,717	825	1,899
New Hampshire	37,651	35,196	458	1,998
New Jersey	186,760	169,485	2,747	14,529
New Mexico	48,541	45,099	848	2,594
New York	476,185	428,782	7,883	39,520
North Carolina	269,733	250,414	4,744	14,575
North Dakota	12,013	10,597	175	1,241
Ohio	271,499	241,008	6,435	24,056
Oklahoma	100,803	92,611	2,284	5,907
Oregon	84,231	77,572	1,465	5,194
Pennsylvania	340,059	306,389	6,740	26,930
Rhode Island	30,561	28,092	420	2,048

(Continued)

Table 13.
Total monthly benefits, by state or other area, December 2006 (in thousands of dollars)—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
South Carolina	143,271	132,161	2,891	8,218
South Dakota	15,015	13,521	223	1,271
Tennessee	195,640	179,670	4,538	11,432
Texas	434,123	397,643	9,743	26,737
Utah	34,258	31,301	512	2,444
Vermont	16,854	15,350	266	1,238
Virginia	185,598	170,906	3,666	11,026
Washington	139,990	129,056	2,291	8,643
West Virginia	93,999	85,200	2,736	6,063
Wisconsin	126,075	113,212	1,746	11,117
Wyoming	10,443	9,666	158	619
Outlying areas				
American Samoa	907	837	24	46
Guam	1,148	1,061	22	65
Northern Mariana Islands	148	129	3	16
Puerto Rico	129,016	116,996	2,687	9,332
U.S. Virgin Islands	1,821	1,613	41	167
Foreign countries	13,854	11,018	479	2,357

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Unnegotiated checks not deducted.

Data exclude lump-sum death payments.

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Table 14.
Number, by type of representative payee, December 2006

Type of payee	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All disabled beneficiaries	7,803,692	6,806,918	220,178	776,596
Without payee	6,387,236	6,010,946	205,874	170,416
With payee				
Parent (natural, adoptive, or stepparent)	479,039	233,222	580	245,237
Spouse	148,863	148,032	84	747
Child (natural, adoptive, or stepchild)	52,679	44,949	6,116	1,614
Other relative	273,894	143,656	3,322	126,916
Nonmental institution	139,347	61,214	1,662	76,471
Mental institution	100,620	29,368	332	70,920
Social agency	101,402	50,435	712	50,255
Public official	11,255	7,088	145	4,022
Financial organization	5,133	3,744	44	1,345
Other	104,224	74,264	1,307	28,653

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

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Table 15.
Representative payment, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee
				All disabled beneficiaries					
Total	6,806,918	795,972	11.7	220,178	14,304	6.5	776,596	606,180	78.1
Congenital anomalies	11,544	1,749	15.2	283	7	2.5	9,298	6,502	69.9
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	258,310	4,518	1.7	17,675	318	1.8	2,818	723	25.7
Infectious and parasitic diseases	113,410	3,681	3.2	1,891	53	2.8	3,248	1,918	59.1
Injuries	292,161	25,127	8.6	5,575	178	3.2	10,069	4,051	40.2
Mental disorders									
Retardation	329,540	184,259	55.9	9,721	2,497	25.7	356,722	315,279	88.4
Other	1,947,274	468,127	24.0	52,686	8,186	15.5	121,799	79,206	65.0
Neoplasms	196,075	3,173	1.6	4,534	72	1.6	1,951	1,085	55.6
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	17,080	412	2.4	365	10	2.7	2,022	398	19.7
Circulatory system	635,807	32,086	5.0	21,048	880	4.2	3,532	1,728	48.9
Digestive system	106,714	3,035	2.8	2,561	60	2.3	632	127	20.1
Genitourinary system	114,079	1,418	1.2	1,946	38	2.0	1,930	403	20.9
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,765,058	19,247	1.1	64,590	633	1.0	5,523	1,148	20.8
Nervous system and sense organs	649,336	31,147	4.8	15,965	627	3.9	73,122	39,155	53.5
Respiratory system	208,991	2,688	1.3	10,892	120	1.1	1,018	342	33.6
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	16,343	210	1.3	513	4	0.8	279	52	18.6
Other	14,384	621	4.3	291	9	3.1	1,361	875	64.3
Unknown	130,812	14,474	11.1	9,642	612	6.3	181,272	153,188	84.5
				Men					
Subtotal	3,643,121	517,479	14.2	8,115	634	7.8	424,184	338,860	79.9
Congenital anomalies	5,918	1,018	17.2	11	0	0	4,799	3,476	72.4
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	113,451	2,591	2.3	368	13	3.5	1,287	389	30.2
Infectious and parasitic diseases	83,082	2,958	3.6	101	5	5.0	1,738	1,074	61.8
Injuries	202,246	19,163	9.5	398	16	4.0	6,993	2,779	39.7
Mental disorders									
Retardation	210,488	121,384	57.7	378	100	26.5	192,169	173,262	90.2
Other	977,700	300,074	30.7	1,696	327	19.3	76,907	53,403	69.4
Neoplasms	93,976	1,911	2.0	161	3	1.9	1,094	617	56.4
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	7,557	249	3.3	18	0	0	1,015	239	23.5
Circulatory system	424,489	20,737	4.9	1,235	53	4.3	1,889	962	50.9
Digestive system	57,682	2,215	3.8	145	6	4.1	314	72	22.9
Genitourinary system	68,364	950	1.4	120	3	2.5	1,009	231	22.9
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	895,862	12,465	1.4	2,183	36	1.6	2,379	627	26.4
Nervous system and sense organs	320,968	19,246	6.0	568	25	4.4	38,875	21,580	55.5
Respiratory system	102,829	1,723	1.7	355	14	3.9	443	189	42.7
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	6,797	126	1.9	18	0	0	120	30	25.0
Other	6,642	436	6.6	10	0	0	753	521	69.2
Unknown	65,070	10,233	15.7	350	33	9.4	92,400	79,409	85.9

(Continued)

Table 15.
Representative payment, by sex and diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee
					Women				
Subtotal	3,163,797	278,493	8.8	212,063	13,670	6.4	352,412	267,320	75.9
Congenital anomalies	5,626	731	13.0	272	7	2.6	4,499	3,026	67.3
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	144,859	1,927	1.3	17,307	305	1.8	1,531	334	21.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	30,328	723	2.4	1,790	48	2.7	1,510	844	55.9
Injuries	89,915	5,964	6.6	5,177	162	3.1	3,076	1,272	41.4
Mental disorders									
Retardation	119,052	62,875	52.8	9,343	2,397	25.7	164,553	142,017	86.3
Other	969,574	168,053	17.3	50,990	7,859	15.4	44,892	25,803	57.5
Neoplasms	102,099	1,262	1.2	4,373	69	1.6	857	468	54.6
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	9,523	163	1.7	347	10	2.9	1,007	159	15.8
Circulatory system	211,318	11,349	5.4	19,813	827	4.2	1,643	766	46.6
Digestive system	49,032	820	1.7	2,416	54	2.2	318	55	17.3
Genitourinary system	45,715	468	1.0	1,826	35	1.9	921	172	18.7
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	869,196	6,782	0.8	62,407	597	1.0	3,144	521	16.6
Nervous system and sense organs	328,368	11,901	3.6	15,397	602	3.9	34,247	17,575	51.3
Respiratory system	106,162	965	0.9	10,537	106	1.0	575	153	26.6
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	9,546	84	0.9	495	4	0.8	159	22	13.8
Other	7,742	185	2.4	281	9	3.2	608	354	58.2
Unknown	65,742	4,241	6.5	9,292	579	6.2	88,872	73,779	83.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: The diagnosis for disabled adult children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today.

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Table 16.
Percentage distribution of disabled workers, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2006

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit							Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 400.00	400.00–599.90	600.00–799.90	800.00–999.90	1,000.00–1,199.90	1,200.00–or more	Average	Median
All areas	6,806,918	100.0	5.8	11.2	22.7	18.8	13.8	27.7	977.70	905.70
Alabama	178,303	100.0	5.5	11.5	24.7	20.0	13.8	24.5	951.30	876.00
Alaska	10,253	100.0	6.8	12.1	23.3	17.6	13.3	26.9	968.30	879.00
Arizona	125,654	100.0	4.7	9.9	21.5	18.8	14.6	30.5	1,010.70	942.00
Arkansas	109,104	100.0	5.5	11.9	24.5	21.0	15.0	22.1	930.40	871.50
California	570,177	100.0	6.7	11.4	21.1	17.1	13.2	30.5	996.40	920.50
Colorado	75,874	100.0	5.5	11.5	22.8	19.0	14.0	27.3	973.60	900.50
Connecticut	67,295	100.0	4.6	10.0	21.5	18.6	14.3	31.0	1,017.30	944.50
Delaware	21,702	100.0	4.5	9.6	20.9	18.6	14.6	31.8	1,027.10	957.50
District of Columbia	10,263	100.0	7.1	14.3	28.4	20.1	13.0	17.1	871.00	801.00
Florida	407,193	100.0	5.0	10.9	23.1	19.3	14.3	27.4	979.60	906.00
Georgia	203,994	100.0	4.9	10.8	23.3	20.7	15.1	25.2	964.30	899.50
Hawaii	19,211	100.0	4.8	10.4	21.4	18.1	15.3	30.1	1,006.70	943.00
Idaho	31,357	100.0	6.6	12.3	23.1	18.0	13.7	26.3	954.60	881.00
Illinois	231,653	100.0	5.8	10.9	21.6	17.8	13.6	30.5	1,002.10	926.00
Indiana	148,744	100.0	5.7	11.3	22.5	18.6	14.0	27.8	979.70	906.00
Iowa	61,805	100.0	6.7	12.4	23.9	18.7	13.5	24.8	937.60	867.00
Kansas	55,525	100.0	6.0	12.0	23.5	18.9	14.2	25.4	951.80	882.00
Kentucky	167,339	100.0	6.7	12.4	22.9	18.0	13.2	26.7	957.20	881.50
Louisiana	114,683	100.0	7.1	11.6	22.4	17.4	12.5	28.9	974.30	894.00
Maine	48,000	100.0	6.4	13.2	26.1	20.7	13.6	20.0	902.30	835.00
Maryland	94,535	100.0	5.2	10.2	21.3	18.5	14.5	30.3	1,007.50	939.00
Massachusetts	158,861	100.0	5.1	11.3	24.1	19.7	13.9	25.8	965.50	888.00
Michigan	250,412	100.0	6.1	10.6	20.3	16.0	12.5	34.5	1,036.30	958.50
Minnesota	94,887	100.0	5.8	11.6	23.4	18.9	13.6	26.7	968.30	890.00
Mississippi	109,552	100.0	5.6	12.0	25.7	21.2	14.0	21.5	921.30	854.50
Missouri	168,295	100.0	5.8	11.8	24.1	19.3	13.8	25.3	953.50	878.50
Montana	21,604	100.0	6.1	12.6	24.0	18.9	13.1	25.3	944.80	872.00
Nebraska	33,921	100.0	6.1	12.7	24.8	19.3	14.3	22.7	925.90	859.00
Nevada	46,951	100.0	3.9	8.8	20.8	19.2	15.0	32.3	1,037.60	969.00
New Hampshire	35,568	100.0	4.2	9.5	22.9	20.8	15.3	27.2	989.50	923.50
New Jersey	158,607	100.0	4.2	9.3	19.6	17.6	13.8	35.6	1,068.60	992.00
New Mexico	48,089	100.0	7.0	12.2	23.6	19.2	13.7	24.4	937.80	868.50
New York	416,955	100.0	5.7	10.8	20.6	17.0	13.1	32.8	1,028.40	947.50
North Carolina	260,960	100.0	4.7	10.3	23.1	21.9	16.0	24.0	959.60	903.50
North Dakota	11,697	100.0	7.1	13.9	25.3	19.0	12.8	21.9	905.90	837.50
Ohio	251,744	100.0	7.4	12.9	22.6	17.0	12.6	27.5	957.40	876.50
Oklahoma	97,024	100.0	6.4	11.8	22.7	18.5	14.1	26.3	954.50	889.50
Oregon	78,853	100.0	5.7	11.6	22.2	18.1	13.5	28.9	983.80	909.00
Pennsylvania	309,581	100.0	5.9	10.8	21.7	18.2	14.0	29.3	989.70	920.50
Rhode Island	29,738	100.0	5.3	12.1	25.0	20.0	13.5	24.2	944.70	868.00

(Continued)

Table 16.
Percentage distribution of disabled workers, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit							Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 400.00	400.00–599.90	600.00–799.90	800.00–999.90	1,000.00–1,199.90	1,200.00–or more	Average	Median
South Carolina	135,816	100.0	4.4	9.9	22.5	21.5	16.2	25.5	973.10	916.50
South Dakota	15,044	100.0	7.3	13.8	25.5	18.8	13.8	20.7	898.80	830.50
Tennessee	190,613	100.0	5.3	11.7	24.5	20.6	14.6	23.4	942.60	876.00
Texas	410,805	100.0	6.2	11.1	22.8	19.0	14.2	26.8	968.00	899.00
Utah	32,280	100.0	6.1	12.7	23.2	17.3	13.0	27.6	969.70	883.50
Vermont	16,673	100.0	5.9	12.3	25.0	20.8	14.6	21.4	920.60	859.00
Virginia	173,567	100.0	5.2	10.3	22.1	19.7	14.9	27.7	984.70	918.00
Washington	130,099	100.0	5.8	11.4	22.4	17.9	13.1	29.5	992.00	908.50
West Virginia	83,129	100.0	6.6	10.6	19.7	16.3	13.1	33.7	1,024.90	957.50
Wisconsin	116,154	100.0	6.1	11.6	22.6	18.3	13.4	28.1	974.70	899.50
Wyoming	9,937	100.0	6.1	12.6	23.1	17.4	12.4	28.4	972.70	882.00
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1,114	100.0	12.0	20.6	30.0	16.5	12.5	8.3	751.50	702.00
Guam	1,248	100.0	11.7	13.1	26.4	17.3	13.8	17.7	849.90	791.80
Northern Mariana Islands	198	100.0	17.7	28.8	30.8	10.6	6.6	5.6	649.90	615.50
Puerto Rico	139,922	100.0	4.8	13.6	34.9	23.0	11.5	12.2	836.20	779.20
U.S. Virgin Islands	1,638	100.0	4.9	10.9	21.1	20.1	15.4	27.6	984.70	925.00
Foreign countries	12,718	100.0	14.4	12.5	20.6	17.7	12.8	22.0	866.40	824.50

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

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Table 17.
Percentage distribution of disabled widow(er)s, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2006

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
All areas	220,178	100.0	8.9	7.9	9.5	12.0	11.8	10.8	9.4	7.9	21.8	630.70	601.10
Alabama	7,261	100.0	10.5	8.8	10.2	12.1	12.3	11.9	9.5	7.5	17.2	592.60	567.00
Alaska	245	100.0	4.1	6.1	8.2	9.4	11.0	11.8	9.8	7.8	31.8	714.20	692.00
Arizona	3,258	100.0	7.6	7.7	8.9	12.0	11.8	10.1	8.7	8.8	24.6	658.70	620.50
Arkansas	4,192	100.0	12.0	9.4	10.3	11.9	12.6	11.3	9.6	7.6	15.3	571.00	550.00
California	14,720	100.0	6.5	6.8	8.4	11.8	11.7	10.3	9.2	8.3	26.9	679.00	645.00
Colorado	1,799	100.0	8.4	7.4	9.9	11.1	11.8	11.6	9.2	8.2	22.3	639.10	611.00
Connecticut	1,587	100.0	8.1	7.3	9.7	14.7	11.8	11.0	8.9	7.7	20.7	626.10	585.00
Delaware	531	100.0	9.8	6.6	10.0	11.7	12.8	11.5	9.8	6.6	21.3	620.80	595.00
District of Columbia	239	100.0	6.7	8.4	10.0	13.4	13.0	13.8	11.3	6.7	16.7	605.90	592.00
Florida	12,046	100.0	9.8	8.3	10.2	12.3	12.3	10.7	9.9	7.4	19.0	606.40	575.00
Georgia	7,676	100.0	12.1	9.4	10.6	12.8	12.7	10.5	8.9	6.9	16.0	570.20	537.00
Hawaii	516	100.0	6.4	5.8	8.1	13.2	9.5	11.6	9.9	9.3	26.2	679.40	648.10
Idaho	857	100.0	6.8	6.8	8.5	13.0	9.8	10.6	9.5	8.5	26.6	676.60	654.50
Illinois	7,439	100.0	7.8	7.3	8.8	11.0	11.3	10.5	9.3	7.9	26.2	664.40	634.00
Indiana	5,021	100.0	8.2	7.1	9.4	11.2	10.4	11.0	9.3	8.1	25.1	657.20	634.00
Iowa	1,726	100.0	8.1	8.3	10.8	10.8	11.6	13.4	10.3	7.3	19.5	615.10	603.00
Kansas	1,615	100.0	8.9	8.8	9.3	12.3	11.8	10.5	9.8	8.4	20.2	619.00	587.00
Kentucky	7,202	100.0	7.6	7.1	9.4	11.8	11.8	11.3	9.5	8.2	23.2	648.20	618.00
Louisiana	5,642	100.0	6.8	5.9	8.1	11.4	12.6	11.3	9.3	8.8	25.8	675.20	645.00
Maine	1,264	100.0	9.3	7.9	11.2	15.0	11.8	10.3	8.9	8.4	17.2	594.70	555.50
Maryland	2,439	100.0	7.5	7.2	8.2	11.1	12.8	10.7	9.9	7.8	24.7	658.70	628.00
Massachusetts	3,479	100.0	6.8	8.1	9.5	13.2	12.9	10.6	10.0	7.7	21.2	639.00	596.50
Michigan	8,270	100.0	6.4	6.2	7.7	9.8	10.3	10.1	9.3	8.9	31.3	716.10	694.00
Minnesota	1,842	100.0	8.6	7.9	10.0	11.4	12.2	11.4	11.1	7.5	19.9	629.50	599.50
Mississippi	4,821	100.0	10.8	9.3	10.6	13.2	12.5	11.4	9.1	7.1	16.0	577.30	544.50
Missouri	5,711	100.0	10.5	8.6	10.2	12.2	12.5	9.6	9.5	7.3	19.6	603.80	565.00
Montana	614	100.0	6.4	9.4	11.2	12.7	13.0	8.3	9.9	9.0	20.0	627.10	579.50
Nebraska	852	100.0	11.4	7.4	12.6	11.5	11.0	9.4	9.5	8.1	19.1	594.70	560.50
Nevada	1,220	100.0	7.6	7.0	9.6	10.4	10.7	10.1	9.2	8.4	27.1	676.60	642.50
New Hampshire	777	100.0	11.7	8.9	11.3	13.3	10.9	9.5	8.9	6.7	18.8	588.90	540.00
New Jersey	4,217	100.0	9.6	7.8	8.8	11.7	10.7	10.1	9.4	7.4	24.5	651.40	612.00
New Mexico	1,300	100.0	6.5	6.5	9.5	11.7	13.4	10.3	11.8	8.2	22.2	652.10	621.50
New York	12,251	100.0	8.3	7.3	9.0	12.0	12.3	10.5	9.9	8.0	22.7	643.40	611.00
North Carolina	8,947	100.0	14.7	11.3	12.0	12.6	11.9	10.2	8.1	6.0	13.1	530.20	494.00
North Dakota	302	100.0	11.6	8.9	10.9	11.6	12.9	11.6	6.3	8.3	17.9	580.60	558.00
Ohio	9,472	100.0	7.0	6.4	8.4	11.2	10.8	10.3	10.0	9.0	26.8	679.30	658.00
Oklahoma	3,679	100.0	9.1	7.4	9.7	12.5	13.0	10.8	8.6	8.0	20.8	620.90	586.00
Oregon	2,172	100.0	7.9	6.3	8.6	10.7	11.2	10.8	8.2	8.7	27.6	674.50	646.50
Pennsylvania	10,162	100.0	7.3	7.1	8.8	11.0	11.3	10.7	9.7	9.0	25.2	663.20	640.00
Rhode Island	713	100.0	10.7	8.7	11.5	11.5	13.6	9.7	8.1	8.4	17.8	589.40	555.00

(Continued)

Table 17.
Percentage distribution of disabled widow(er)s, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
South Carolina	5,283	100.0	13.4	9.8	11.4	12.9	12.4	11.4	8.4	6.2	14.0	547.30	522.00
South Dakota	392	100.0	8.7	10.5	12.0	14.8	12.0	14.8	7.4	4.6	15.3	569.50	544.00
Tennessee	7,888	100.0	11.6	9.9	10.3	12.6	11.9	10.8	9.1	7.5	16.3	575.30	546.00
Texas	15,211	100.0	8.3	7.7	9.1	12.2	11.5	11.2	9.5	7.9	22.7	640.50	611.00
Utah	749	100.0	6.3	6.9	8.4	11.9	11.5	9.2	11.2	7.7	26.8	683.60	662.00
Vermont	448	100.0	10.5	9.2	8.9	12.7	12.1	12.5	10.3	5.1	18.8	594.00	578.00
Virginia	5,900	100.0	10.4	8.1	9.5	12.3	10.7	10.3	9.4	8.2	21.3	621.30	591.00
Washington	3,303	100.0	5.8	6.1	9.6	10.1	10.2	10.9	10.4	9.4	27.6	693.70	673.00
West Virginia	3,886	100.0	5.6	6.2	7.5	10.0	10.8	11.5	10.4	8.8	29.2	703.90	685.50
Wisconsin	2,796	100.0	8.5	9.2	8.7	12.2	11.8	11.2	9.8	7.8	20.9	624.50	595.50
Wyoming	238	100.0	5.5	6.7	7.1	16.0	9.2	13.0	11.3	7.6	23.5	664.00	643.50
Outlying areas													
American Samoa	50	100.0	18.0	8.0	12.0	14.0	14.0	12.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	490.00	481.80
Guam	38	100.0	10.5	a	a	a	a	10.5	a	10.5	15.8	588.30	529.50
Northern Mariana Islands	9	100.0	0	a	a	a	a	0	a	0	0	365.20	340.00
Puerto Rico	5,090	100.0	10.7	11.4	10.6	16.7	14.8	11.3	8.8	6.1	9.5	527.90	503.80
U.S. Virgin Islands	62	100.0	6.5	4.8	4.8	12.9	9.7	22.6	9.7	8.1	21.0	663.10	647.30
Foreign countries	759	100.0	7.6	5.8	8.3	13.7	13.6	12.9	10.4	7.6	20.0	630.60	609.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 18.
Percentage distribution of disabled adult children, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2006

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
All areas	776,596	100.0	5.3	5.2	10.4	12.2	12.7	12.4	13.6	9.9	18.3	642.40	634.50
Alabama	17,599	100.0	6.3	6.6	13.9	14.5	14.2	12.4	11.1	8.3	12.7	585.30	561.00
Alaska	796	100.0	5.9	5.2	14.2	11.7	10.8	13.2	10.1	9.2	19.8	638.60	621.80
Arizona	9,452	100.0	5.0	4.8	8.7	11.1	12.6	12.8	14.3	10.5	20.3	663.30	663.00
Arkansas	9,567	100.0	7.1	6.6	13.3	16.1	15.4	13.0	10.5	7.6	10.4	566.40	544.00
California	64,925	100.0	5.5	5.0	9.1	11.3	12.1	11.9	14.2	10.6	20.4	661.10	658.00
Colorado	6,140	100.0	5.0	4.6	9.4	11.7	12.2	12.1	14.5	10.4	20.0	659.00	658.00
Connecticut	9,523	100.0	3.7	3.8	7.1	8.5	10.1	12.5	16.8	12.0	25.4	715.30	724.00
Delaware	1,950	100.0	3.1	3.2	8.4	9.8	11.8	13.5	15.9	11.2	23.1	697.90	702.50
District of Columbia	1,360	100.0	6.4	6.7	15.7	15.1	15.7	10.9	11.8	7.6	10.1	568.90	534.50
Florida	35,187	100.0	5.5	5.2	9.5	12.4	13.5	13.0	13.4	9.9	17.4	638.60	630.00
Georgia	20,986	100.0	5.1	5.5	13.2	15.2	15.0	12.8	11.7	8.1	13.4	599.60	572.00
Hawaii	2,373	100.0	3.6	4.1	10.2	10.9	13.1	14.8	14.6	11.3	17.4	657.70	650.00
Idaho	2,806	100.0	5.5	4.5	9.2	11.2	14.1	13.6	13.8	10.8	17.3	645.80	639.00
Illinois	32,442	100.0	4.0	4.0	7.9	10.1	11.3	12.4	15.2	11.5	23.6	695.00	701.50
Indiana	17,501	100.0	3.3	3.6	7.4	9.9	11.5	13.1	16.6	11.6	23.0	697.30	706.00
Iowa	8,573	100.0	3.5	3.6	7.6	11.7	13.5	13.6	15.3	11.4	19.9	675.30	675.00
Kansas	6,236	100.0	3.7	4.0	8.7	11.4	13.4	12.6	15.4	11.2	19.6	670.50	669.00
Kentucky	16,684	100.0	7.5	7.2	13.8	15.0	13.1	11.6	11.3	7.9	12.6	577.10	548.00
Louisiana	17,718	100.0	7.6	7.2	13.3	14.7	13.3	11.3	10.6	7.7	14.4	586.00	553.50
Maine	4,707	100.0	6.9	5.4	10.5	14.0	14.7	13.2	13.4	9.2	12.8	600.60	590.00
Maryland	10,977	100.0	3.4	3.9	9.1	11.1	13.2	13.1	14.6	10.5	21.2	679.80	675.50
Massachusetts	18,420	100.0	5.5	4.8	9.4	10.9	11.9	12.3	14.0	11.2	20.0	660.10	659.00
Michigan	33,677	100.0	3.6	3.3	6.5	8.6	10.6	12.0	16.4	12.6	26.5	719.90	730.50
Minnesota	11,691	100.0	4.1	3.5	9.0	11.6	12.5	13.0	15.2	10.9	20.2	671.60	671.00
Mississippi	12,127	100.0	8.0	8.5	16.6	17.0	13.6	11.4	9.1	6.2	9.7	539.50	500.00
Missouri	16,687	100.0	5.3	4.8	9.9	12.7	13.3	13.0	13.5	10.0	17.7	641.80	633.00
Montana	2,227	100.0	3.6	4.2	8.1	13.7	13.4	13.9	14.5	10.4	18.1	656.40	648.00
Nebraska	4,322	100.0	4.4	4.5	9.8	12.1	14.4	14.7	14.3	9.9	15.9	641.70	632.30
Nevada	2,711	100.0	3.5	3.4	8.0	9.9	12.1	13.5	14.4	10.9	24.3	700.40	695.00
New Hampshire	2,964	100.0	4.3	3.9	7.5	11.1	12.7	14.2	14.7	12.6	19.2	674.00	677.50
New Jersey	20,236	100.0	3.4	3.5	7.3	9.1	10.9	12.2	15.4	12.2	26.0	718.00	723.00
New Mexico	4,489	100.0	7.6	8.0	13.3	14.0	13.3	11.8	11.0	7.7	13.3	577.80	549.00
New York	57,425	100.0	3.9	3.9	8.2	10.5	11.6	12.5	15.7	11.5	22.2	688.20	694.00
North Carolina	24,537	100.0	5.2	5.7	13.1	15.3	15.2	13.2	11.9	8.2	12.3	594.00	569.00
North Dakota	1,988	100.0	4.0	5.0	10.0	14.5	15.0	15.9	12.5	8.9	14.1	624.40	608.00
Ohio	35,269	100.0	4.2	4.1	8.2	10.4	11.7	12.8	15.0	11.2	22.3	682.10	688.00
Oklahoma	9,563	100.0	5.0	5.4	11.4	14.4	13.9	12.9	12.9	9.2	14.9	617.70	597.00
Oregon	7,571	100.0	4.3	3.8	7.7	9.9	11.8	13.3	15.1	11.8	22.3	686.10	693.00
Pennsylvania	39,931	100.0	4.5	4.1	7.9	10.5	12.2	13.5	15.7	11.0	20.6	674.40	681.00
Rhode Island	3,188	100.0	5.1	5.5	10.1	11.2	12.4	14.1	13.5	10.4	17.7	642.50	639.80

(Continued)

Table 18.
Percentage distribution of disabled adult children, by state or other area and monthly benefit, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Number	Percentage distribution by dollar amount of monthly benefit										Monthly benefit (dollars)	
		Total	Less than 200.00	200.00–299.90	300.00–399.90	400.00–499.90	500.00–599.90	600.00–699.90	700.00–799.90	800.00–899.90	900.00 or more	Average	Median
South Carolina	13,715	100.0	4.7	5.3	13.1	15.3	15.7	12.9	12.0	8.2	12.8	599.20	572.00
South Dakota	2,103	100.0	5.1	4.7	12.3	15.9	14.2	13.2	13.2	8.8	12.7	604.50	584.00
Tennessee	19,103	100.0	5.3	5.3	13.5	15.1	14.3	13.2	11.8	8.3	13.1	598.50	572.50
Texas	43,723	100.0	6.4	6.2	11.8	13.8	13.3	12.2	11.8	8.5	15.9	611.50	588.00
Utah	3,600	100.0	4.6	4.7	7.0	9.9	13.1	13.4	15.4	11.5	20.4	679.00	681.00
Vermont	1,952	100.0	4.4	4.0	8.9	13.8	15.3	14.9	13.6	10.1	15.1	634.30	620.00
Virginia	17,830	100.0	5.2	5.3	11.7	13.9	13.6	13.5	12.5	9.1	15.1	618.40	602.00
Washington	12,484	100.0	4.2	3.9	7.7	10.2	11.3	12.4	15.3	11.7	23.3	692.30	702.00
West Virginia	10,099	100.0	6.3	5.9	12.2	14.2	13.3	12.8	13.4	8.6	13.4	600.40	585.00
Wisconsin	16,193	100.0	3.9	3.6	7.5	10.2	12.0	13.1	16.6	11.4	21.6	686.50	696.00
Wyoming	911	100.0	3.7	3.8	7.1	13.4	13.3	13.0	13.2	10.5	22.0	679.30	665.00
Outlying areas													
American Samoa	100	100.0	10.0	13.0	18.0	23.0	19.0	a	a	a	a	456.40	424.30
Guam	145	100.0	16.6	17.9	18.6	13.8	10.3	4.8	6.2	4.1	7.6	449.70	385.50
Northern Mariana Islands	48	100.0	27.1	29.2	10.4	14.6	8.3	a	a	a	a	339.10	283.00
Puerto Rico	22,710	100.0	14.6	14.7	26.1	18.2	11.1	6.4	4.1	2.2	2.6	410.90	373.00
U.S. Virgin Islands	310	100.0	4.8	8.4	13.2	18.7	19.0	14.5	11.3	4.8	5.2	538.20	524.00
Foreign countries	5,045	100.0	16.6	10.6	16.7	15.1	12.3	9.2	9.3	4.2	6.0	467.20	438.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 19.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, December 1960–2006, selected years

Year	Number (thousands)	Percentage distribution: Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA	Average age
						All disabled workers [b]					
1996	4,400	100.0	3.6	5.6	9.0	11.6	13.8	15.5	18.6	22.4	50.0
1997	4,508	100.0	3.2	5.1	8.6	11.6	13.7	16.1	19.2	22.4	50.3
1998	4,699	100.0	3.0	4.8	8.3	11.6	13.8	16.5	19.7	22.4	50.5
1999	4,879	100.0	2.8	4.4	8.0	11.5	14.0	17.0	20.0	22.3	50.6
2000	5,042	100.0	2.7	4.1	7.6	11.4	14.1	17.6	20.3	22.3	50.8
2001	5,268	100.0	2.8	4.0	7.2	11.1	14.1	17.7	20.7	22.4	50.9
2002	5,540	100.0	3.0	3.8	6.7	10.8	14.1	17.5	21.3	22.7	51.0
2003	5,869	100.0	3.1	3.7	6.3	10.4	14.0	17.3	21.5	23.7	51.3
2004	6,197	100.0	3.1	3.6	5.9	10.0	13.8	17.2	21.8	24.5	51.5
2005	6,519	100.0	3.1	3.4	5.7	9.5	13.6	17.2	22.3	25.2	51.8
2006	6,807	100.0	3.0	3.3	5.5	9.0	13.3	17.3	22.3	26.4	52.1
						Men					
1960	356	100.0	0.5	a	3.3	3.0	4.9	16.6	26.7	44.9	57.3
1965	734	100.0	1.0	a	7.5	7.6	10.4	15.4	24.7	33.3	54.4
1970	1,069	100.0	3.3	a	6.8	6.9	10.9	15.2	23.2	33.7	53.9
1975	1,711	100.0	4.6	a	7.5	6.2	9.7	15.8	23.2	33.0	53.5
1980	1,928	100.0	4.1	a	9.6	6.0	8.9	14.3	24.0	33.1	52.9
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	1,746	100.0	4.0	a	9.7	5.8	7.8	13.6	23.6	35.5	53.2
1983	1,731	100.0	4.2	a	10.4	6.3	8.0	13.0	23.1	35.0	52.9
1984	1,748	100.0	4.4	a	11.3	6.8	8.3	12.8	22.2	34.2	52.5
1985	1,785	100.0	4.6	a	12.3	7.3	8.6	12.9	21.4	32.9	51.9
1986	1,827	100.0	4.9	a	13.3	7.9	8.9	12.7	20.7	31.5	51.4
1987	1,857	100.0	4.8	a	13.8	8.5	9.4	12.5	20.1	30.8	51.1
1988	1,869	100.0	4.7	a	14.3	9.0	9.8	12.7	19.6	29.9	50.9
1989	1,906	100.0	4.5	a	14.7	9.6	10.3	12.7	19.4	28.8	50.7
1990	1,965	100.0	4.5	a	15.2	10.3	10.7	12.7	19.1	27.5	50.4
1991	2,066	100.0	4.5	a	15.6	10.7	11.2	13.0	18.6	26.4	50.1
1992	2,221	100.0	4.6	a	16.0	11.0	12.0	13.4	18.0	25.0	49.9
1993	2,358	100.0	4.6	a	16.2	11.2	12.3	13.9	17.9	23.9	49.6
1994	2,476	100.0	4.3	a	16.1	11.4	12.8	14.2	17.8	23.4	49.6
1995	2,573	100.0	4.0	a	15.5	11.5	13.4	14.5	18.0	23.2	49.7
1996	2,653	100.0	3.7	5.7	9.2	11.6	13.7	15.0	18.3	22.9	50.0
1997	2,667	100.0	3.3	5.2	8.7	11.6	13.6	15.6	18.9	23.0	50.3
1998	2,737	100.0	3.1	4.8	8.4	11.6	13.7	16.1	19.3	23.0	50.5
1999	2,801	100.0	2.8	4.5	8.1	11.6	13.8	16.7	19.7	22.9	50.7
2000	2,856	100.0	2.8	4.2	7.6	11.4	13.9	17.3	20.0	22.8	50.8
2001	2,948	100.0	2.9	4.0	7.2	11.2	14.0	17.5	20.5	23.0	51.0
2002	3,067	100.0	3.1	3.8	6.7	10.8	14.0	17.3	21.1	23.2	51.1
2003	3,221	100.0	3.2	3.6	6.3	10.4	13.9	17.1	21.4	24.1	51.3
2004	3,373	100.0	3.2	3.4	5.8	10.0	13.7	17.0	21.9	25.0	51.6
2005	3,517	100.0	3.2	3.3	5.5	9.4	13.5	17.0	22.4	25.7	51.9
2006	3,643	100.0	3.1	3.2	5.3	8.9	13.2	17.0	22.4	27.0	52.2

(Continued)

Table 19.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, December 1960–2006, selected years—*Continued*

Year	Number (thousands)	Percentage distribution									Average age
		Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA	
						Women					
1960	99	100.0	0.3	a	3.2	3.2	5.3	19.4	31.4	37.2	56.7
1965	254	100.0	0.6	a	5.4	6.3	9.8	16.2	27.3	34.3	55.2
1970	424	100.0	1.9	a	5.1	5.6	10.1	15.9	26.0	35.3	55.0
1975	778	100.0	3.3	a	6.1	5.3	9.0	16.3	25.5	34.5	54.4
1980	931	100.0	3.4	a	8.2	5.3	8.2	14.4	25.4	35.0	53.7
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	858	100.0	3.3	a	8.5	5.1	7.2	13.7	25.2	37.0	53.9
1983	838	100.0	3.5	a	9.3	5.7	7.5	12.9	24.3	36.8	53.6
1984	849	100.0	3.7	a	10.2	6.3	7.8	12.8	23.2	36.0	53.2
1985	872	100.0	3.8	a	11.2	6.9	8.3	12.9	22.3	34.6	52.6
1986	902	100.0	4.1	a	12.1	7.6	8.8	12.9	21.6	32.9	52.0
1987	929	100.0	4.2	a	12.7	8.2	9.4	12.9	20.9	31.7	51.7
1988	952	100.0	4.0	a	13.1	8.7	9.9	13.2	20.6	30.5	51.4
1989	989	100.0	4.0	a	13.5	9.2	10.6	13.4	20.1	29.2	51.1
1990	1,046	100.0	3.9	a	14.0	9.8	11.1	13.4	19.9	27.9	50.8
1991	1,133	100.0	4.0	a	14.3	10.3	11.6	13.8	19.4	26.5	50.5
1992	1,252	100.0	4.3	a	14.6	10.7	12.2	14.3	18.8	25.0	50.1
1993	1,371	100.0	4.3	a	14.9	11.0	12.6	14.8	18.9	23.5	49.9
1994	1,491	100.0	4.1	a	14.8	11.2	13.1	15.3	18.7	22.8	49.9
1995	1,614	100.0	3.8	a	14.5	11.5	13.6	15.7	18.8	22.2	49.9
1996	1,747	100.0	3.5	5.4	8.7	11.6	13.9	16.2	19.1	21.7	50.1
1997	1,842	100.0	3.1	5.0	8.4	11.6	13.9	16.7	19.6	21.5	50.3
1998	1,961	100.0	2.9	4.7	8.2	11.5	14.0	17.0	20.1	21.5	50.5
1999	2,078	100.0	2.7	4.3	7.9	11.5	14.2	17.5	20.5	21.4	50.6
2000	2,186	100.0	2.7	4.1	7.5	11.3	14.3	17.9	20.7	21.6	50.8
2001	2,320	100.0	2.8	4.0	7.1	11.1	14.3	18.0	21.1	21.7	50.9
2002	2,472	100.0	2.9	3.9	6.8	10.8	14.3	17.7	21.5	22.1	51.0
2003	2,647	100.0	3.0	3.8	6.4	10.5	14.2	17.6	21.6	23.0	51.2
2004	2,824	100.0	3.0	3.7	6.0	10.2	14.0	17.5	21.8	23.8	51.4
2005	3,002	100.0	2.9	3.5	5.8	9.7	13.7	17.6	22.2	24.5	51.7
2006	3,164	100.0	2.8	3.4	5.6	9.2	13.5	17.6	22.2	25.7	52.0

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, Table 5.D4 from 1960 to 1995; data for 1988 and 1990 to 1995 are based on a 10 percent sample file from the Master Beneficiary Record; Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age; -- = not available.

a. Ages 30–34 were grouped with ages 35–39 before 1996.

b. Combined data for men and women are not available before 1996.

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Table 20.
Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly benefit, by age and sex, December 2006

Age	Total			Men			Women		
	Number	Average PIA (dollars)	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average PIA (dollars)	Average monthly benefit (dollars)	Number	Average PIA (dollars)	Average monthly benefit (dollars)
All disabled workers	6,806,918	979.20	977.70	3,643,121	1,100.20	1,097.40	3,163,797	839.90	839.80
Under 25	51,087	504.70	523.20	30,025	515.00	532.60	21,062	490.00	509.70
25–29	152,645	627.20	639.70	84,002	640.20	653.30	68,643	611.20	623.10
30–34	222,689	715.30	724.80	115,225	735.60	745.80	107,464	693.60	702.30
35–39	371,383	787.80	795.80	193,448	816.50	824.90	177,935	756.60	764.20
40–44	612,792	849.00	852.20	322,473	893.70	897.10	290,319	799.20	802.40
45–49	907,840	916.90	916.10	481,243	989.30	987.60	426,597	835.20	835.30
50–54	1,176,131	990.50	986.50	619,124	1,099.70	1,094.20	557,007	869.10	866.70
55–59	1,516,025	1,062.30	1,057.30	814,662	1,213.00	1,206.10	701,363	887.20	884.40
60–64	1,603,734	1,094.10	1,090.10	875,885	1,284.80	1,278.90	727,849	864.60	862.90
65–FRA	192,592	1,086.90	1,082.80	107,034	1,285.50	1,279.00	85,558	838.40	837.20

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: The average monthly benefit includes secondary benefit amounts for some beneficiaries who are dually entitled. This results in the average monthly benefit being larger than the average PIA for some age groups.

PIA = primary insurance amount; FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 21.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2006

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1996	4,399,932	9,023	197,272	87,066	213,772	1,356,310	228,131	1,128,179	124,018
1997	4,508,406	8,813	215,186	90,175	217,882	1,381,178	235,130	1,146,048	122,775
1998	4,698,560	8,719	233,724	93,776	224,388	1,459,118	243,745	1,215,373	127,174
1999	4,879,454	8,546	251,998	96,132	228,800	1,532,155	249,871	1,282,284	131,492
2000	5,042,333	8,540	244,456	97,919	231,066	1,618,758	257,601	1,361,157	136,404
2001	5,268,039	8,752	239,614	100,442	240,948	1,731,886	273,849	1,458,037	142,795
2002	5,539,597	9,226	237,020	102,589	248,544	1,845,138	286,210	1,558,928	150,138
2003	5,868,541	9,750	242,517	106,767	260,572	1,961,090	298,500	1,662,590	160,986
2004	6,197,385	10,392	247,559	110,178	271,626	2,075,867	310,240	1,765,627	172,844
2005	6,519,001	11,001	252,933	111,927	281,828	2,183,182	320,564	1,862,618	185,049
2006	6,806,918	11,544	258,310	113,410	292,161	2,276,814	329,540	1,947,274	196,075
					Percent				
1996	100.0	0.2	4.5	2.0	4.9	30.8	5.2	25.6	2.8
1997	100.0	0.2	4.8	2.0	4.8	30.6	5.2	25.4	2.7
1998	100.0	0.2	5.0	2.0	4.8	31.1	5.2	25.9	2.7
1999	100.0	0.2	5.2	2.0	4.7	31.4	5.1	26.3	2.7
2000	100.0	0.2	4.8	1.9	4.6	32.1	5.1	27.0	2.7
2001	100.0	0.2	4.5	1.9	4.6	32.9	5.2	27.7	2.7
2002	100.0	0.2	4.3	1.9	4.5	33.3	5.2	28.1	2.7
2003	100.0	0.2	4.1	1.8	4.4	33.4	5.1	28.3	2.7
2004	100.0	0.2	4.0	1.8	4.4	33.5	5.0	28.5	2.8
2005	100.0	0.2	3.9	1.7	4.3	33.5	4.9	28.6	2.8
2006	100.0	0.2	3.8	1.7	4.3	33.4	4.8	28.6	2.9

(Continued)

Table 21.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [b]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1996	10,539	517,503	54,585	65,425	906,882	404,618	152,217	10,818	85,115	204,769
1997	10,926	522,047	57,383	69,300	962,915	420,755	155,028	11,267	95,708	167,068
1998	11,349	526,573	61,541	74,888	1,024,053	441,016	159,869	11,826	110,377	130,169
1999	11,687	528,627	65,887	79,524	1,086,432	460,133	162,863	12,151	117,326	105,701
2000	12,070	532,998	69,735	84,687	1,152,231	479,246	166,054	12,351	113,167	82,651
2001	12,847	543,516	74,680	88,949	1,231,184	505,162	170,383	12,787	113,558	50,536
2002	13,708	558,736	80,396	93,645	1,324,762	533,774	176,941	13,429	9,447	142,104
2003	14,711	579,778	87,721	98,491	1,430,357	565,244	185,834	14,133	10,705	139,885
2004	15,596	600,144	94,566	103,427	1,540,566	596,369	194,592	14,963	12,038	136,658
2005	16,270	620,852	100,934	108,701	1,656,997	623,948	202,821	15,662	13,225	133,671
2006	17,080	635,807	106,714	114,079	1,765,058	649,336	208,991	16,343	14,384	130,812
					Percent					
1996	0.2	11.8	1.2	1.5	20.6	9.2	3.5	0.2	1.9	4.7
1997	0.2	11.6	1.3	1.5	21.4	9.3	3.4	0.2	2.1	3.7
1998	0.2	11.2	1.3	1.6	21.8	9.4	3.4	0.3	2.3	2.8
1999	0.2	10.8	1.4	1.6	22.3	9.4	3.3	0.2	2.4	2.2
2000	0.2	10.6	1.4	1.7	22.9	9.5	3.3	0.2	2.2	1.6
2001	0.2	10.3	1.4	1.7	23.4	9.6	3.2	0.2	2.2	1.0
2002	0.2	10.1	1.5	1.7	23.9	9.6	3.2	0.2	0.2	2.6
2003	0.3	9.9	1.5	1.7	24.4	9.6	3.2	0.2	0.2	2.4
2004	0.3	9.7	1.5	1.7	24.9	9.6	3.1	0.2	0.2	2.2
2005	0.2	9.5	1.5	1.7	25.4	9.6	3.1	0.2	0.2	2.1
2006	0.3	9.3	1.6	1.7	25.9	9.5	3.1	0.2	0.2	1.9

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Beginning with 2002 data, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

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Table 22.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2006

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1996	1,917,424	4,782	76,546	63,819	110,910	865,928	164,041	701,887	41,232
1997	1,908,103	4,570	80,950	65,212	110,461	852,279	167,052	685,227	39,783
1998	1,949,052	4,503	85,500	66,208	111,266	874,231	170,694	703,537	40,638
1999	1,986,422	4,494	89,365	66,245	111,502	891,469	172,232	719,237	41,799
2000	2,012,615	4,619	80,869	65,695	110,125	912,048	174,759	737,289	42,656
2001	2,066,094	4,883	74,292	65,047	112,969	961,757	183,934	777,823	44,537
2002	2,132,996	5,290	69,229	64,075	113,785	1,005,189	190,646	814,543	45,994
2003	2,204,785	5,696	68,422	64,376	115,634	1,043,928	196,420	847,508	48,126
2004	2,259,463	6,157	66,669	63,593	116,155	1,077,329	201,594	875,735	49,957
2005	2,299,449	6,488	64,972	61,362	115,958	1,103,111	204,911	898,200	51,549
2006	2,318,436	6,807	63,507	58,890	115,158	1,117,060	207,080	909,980	52,699
					Percent				
1996	100.0	0.2	4.0	3.3	5.8	45.2	8.6	36.6	2.2
1997	100.0	0.2	4.2	3.4	5.8	44.7	8.8	35.9	2.1
1998	100.0	0.2	4.4	3.4	5.7	44.9	8.8	36.1	2.1
1999	100.0	0.2	4.5	3.3	5.6	44.9	8.7	36.2	2.1
2000	100.0	0.2	4.0	3.3	5.5	45.3	8.7	36.6	2.1
2001	100.0	0.2	3.6	3.1	5.5	46.5	8.9	37.6	2.2
2002	100.0	0.2	3.2	3.0	5.3	47.1	8.9	38.2	2.2
2003	100.0	0.3	3.1	2.9	5.2	47.3	8.9	38.4	2.2
2004	100.0	0.3	3.0	2.8	5.1	47.7	8.9	38.8	2.2
2005	100.0	0.3	2.8	2.7	5.0	48.0	8.9	39.1	2.2
2006	100.0	0.3	2.7	2.5	5.0	48.1	8.9	39.2	2.3

(Continued)

Table 22.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [b]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1996	6,711	86,607	24,535	36,214	265,043	202,169	24,862	4,926	37,745	65,395
1997	6,809	85,953	25,428	37,896	271,682	204,222	24,750	5,140	43,124	49,844
1998	6,991	84,674	27,219	39,949	284,291	208,607	25,822	5,314	50,140	33,699
1999	7,103	83,736	29,109	41,571	297,185	211,731	26,226	5,467	51,848	27,572
2000	7,245	84,362	30,357	43,333	309,327	215,744	26,718	5,785	53,437	20,595
2001	7,646	85,819	31,789	44,628	322,713	221,321	27,472	5,613	44,428	11,180
2002	8,072	87,860	33,120	45,957	340,244	228,658	28,441	5,843	4,060	47,179
2003	8,513	90,085	34,722	47,143	355,306	235,860	29,996	5,966	4,496	46,516
2004	8,855	91,227	35,859	48,231	367,251	242,252	30,883	6,231	4,951	43,863
2005	8,999	92,683	36,121	49,339	378,930	246,069	31,531	6,349	5,276	40,712
2006	9,264	92,508	36,255	50,597	386,593	248,139	31,659	6,361	5,544	37,395
					Percent					
1996	0.4	4.5	1.3	1.9	13.8	10.5	1.3	0.3	2.0	3.4
1997	0.4	4.5	1.3	2.0	14.2	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.3	2.6
1998	0.4	4.3	1.4	2.0	14.6	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.6	1.7
1999	0.4	4.2	1.5	2.1	15.0	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.6	1.4
2000	0.4	4.2	1.5	2.2	15.4	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.7	1.0
2001	0.4	4.2	1.5	2.2	15.6	10.7	1.3	0.3	2.2	0.5
2002	0.4	4.1	1.6	2.2	16.0	10.7	1.3	0.3	0.2	2.2
2003	0.4	4.1	1.6	2.1	16.1	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	2.1
2004	0.4	4.0	1.6	2.1	16.3	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	1.9
2005	0.4	4.0	1.6	2.1	16.5	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	1.8
2006	0.4	4.0	1.6	2.2	16.7	10.7	1.4	0.3	0.2	1.6

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Beginning with 2002 data, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

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Table 23.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2006

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1996	2,482,508	4,241	120,726	23,247	102,862	490,382	64,090	426,292	82,786
1997	2,600,303	4,243	134,236	24,963	107,421	528,899	68,078	460,821	82,992
1998	2,749,508	4,216	148,224	27,568	113,122	584,887	73,051	511,836	86,536
1999	2,893,032	4,052	162,633	29,887	117,298	640,686	77,639	563,047	89,693
2000	3,029,718	3,921	163,587	32,224	120,941	697,278	82,842	614,436	93,748
2001	3,201,945	3,869	165,322	35,395	127,979	770,129	89,915	680,214	98,258
2002	3,406,601	3,936	167,791	38,514	134,759	839,949	95,564	744,385	104,144
2003	3,663,756	4,054	174,095	42,391	144,938	917,162	102,080	815,082	112,860
2004	3,937,922	4,235	180,890	46,585	155,471	998,538	108,646	889,892	122,887
2005	4,219,552	4,513	187,961	50,565	165,870	1,080,071	115,653	964,418	133,500
2006	4,488,482	4,737	194,803	54,520	177,003	1,159,754	122,460	1,037,294	143,376
					Percent				
1996	100.0	0.2	4.9	0.9	4.1	19.8	2.6	17.2	3.3
1997	100.0	0.2	5.2	1.0	4.1	20.3	2.6	17.7	3.2
1998	100.0	0.2	5.4	1.0	4.1	21.3	2.7	18.6	3.1
1999	100.0	0.1	5.6	1.0	4.1	22.2	2.7	19.5	3.1
2000	100.0	0.1	5.4	1.1	4.0	23.0	2.7	20.3	3.1
2001	100.0	0.1	5.2	1.1	4.0	24.0	2.8	21.2	3.1
2002	100.0	0.1	4.9	1.1	4.0	24.7	2.8	21.9	3.1
2003	100.0	0.1	4.8	1.2	4.0	25.0	2.8	22.2	3.1
2004	100.0	0.1	4.6	1.2	3.9	25.4	2.8	22.6	3.1
2005	100.0	0.1	4.5	1.2	3.9	25.6	2.7	22.9	3.2
2006	100.0	0.1	4.3	1.2	3.9	25.8	2.7	23.1	3.2

(Continued)

Table 23.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, December 1996–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [b]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1996	3,828	430,896	30,050	29,211	641,839	202,449	127,355	5,892	47,370	139,374
1997	4,117	436,094	31,955	31,404	691,233	216,533	130,278	6,127	52,584	117,224
1998	4,358	441,899	34,322	34,939	739,762	232,409	134,047	6,512	60,237	96,470
1999	4,584	444,891	36,778	37,953	789,247	248,402	136,637	6,684	65,478	78,129
2000	4,825	448,636	39,378	41,354	842,904	263,502	139,336	6,866	69,162	62,056
2001	5,201	457,697	42,891	44,321	908,471	283,841	142,911	7,174	69,130	39,356
2002	5,636	470,876	47,276	47,688	984,518	305,116	148,500	7,586	5,387	94,925
2003	6,198	489,693	52,999	51,348	1,075,051	329,384	155,838	8,167	6,209	93,369
2004	6,741	508,917	58,707	55,196	1,173,315	354,117	163,709	8,732	7,087	92,795
2005	7,271	528,169	64,813	59,362	1,278,067	377,879	171,290	9,313	7,949	92,959
2006	7,816	543,299	70,459	63,482	1,378,465	401,197	177,332	9,982	8,840	93,417
					Percent					
1996	0.2	17.4	1.2	1.2	25.9	8.2	5.1	0.2	1.9	5.6
1997	0.2	16.8	1.2	1.2	26.6	8.3	5.0	0.2	2.0	4.5
1998	0.2	16.1	1.2	1.3	26.9	8.5	4.9	0.2	2.2	3.5
1999	0.2	15.4	1.3	1.3	27.3	8.6	4.7	0.2	2.3	2.7
2000	0.2	14.8	1.3	1.4	27.8	8.7	4.6	0.2	2.3	2.0
2001	0.2	14.3	1.3	1.4	28.4	8.9	4.5	0.2	2.2	1.2
2002	0.2	13.8	1.4	1.4	28.9	9.0	4.4	0.2	0.2	2.8
2003	0.2	13.4	1.4	1.4	29.3	9.0	4.3	0.2	0.2	2.5
2004	0.2	12.9	1.5	1.4	29.8	9.0	4.2	0.2	0.2	2.4
2005	0.2	12.5	1.5	1.4	30.3	9.0	4.1	0.2	0.2	2.2
2006	0.2	12.1	1.6	1.4	30.7	8.9	4.0	0.2	0.2	2.1

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, from 1996 to 2000; beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 24.
Distribution, by diagnostic group and age, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Number			
Total	6,806,918	203,732	594,072	1,520,632	2,692,156	1,796,326
Congenital anomalies	11,544	1,651	2,406	2,750	2,987	1,750
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	258,310	2,967	13,831	46,709	113,766	81,037
Infectious and parasitic diseases	113,410	1,603	13,659	43,628	40,244	14,276
Injuries	292,161	11,151	30,789	73,218	108,760	68,243
Mental disorders						
Retardation	329,540	38,198	69,048	99,834	90,481	31,979
Other	1,947,274	95,734	256,044	558,202	728,483	308,811
Neoplasms	196,075	4,537	12,019	36,143	81,405	61,971
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	17,080	2,056	3,034	4,174	5,033	2,783
Circulatory system	635,807	3,378	16,585	72,545	264,523	278,776
Digestive system	106,714	2,044	7,721	26,490	48,195	22,264
Genitourinary system	114,079	4,604	15,676	30,317	42,188	21,294
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,765,058	8,547	68,281	309,765	763,517	614,948
Nervous system and sense organs	649,336	22,856	68,126	157,157	249,145	152,052
Respiratory system	208,991	1,267	5,577	24,815	84,694	92,638
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	16,343	475	1,649	4,237	6,447	3,535
Other	14,384	531	1,377	3,636	5,616	3,224
Unknown	130,812	2,133	8,250	27,012	56,672	36,745
			Percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.8	1.5	2.3	3.1	4.2	4.5
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.7	0.8	2.3	2.9	1.5	0.8
Injuries	4.3	5.5	5.2	4.8	4.0	3.8
Mental disorders						
Retardation	4.8	18.7	11.6	6.6	3.4	1.8
Other	28.6	47.0	43.1	36.7	27.1	17.2
Neoplasms	2.9	2.2	2.0	2.4	3.0	3.4
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
Circulatory system	9.3	1.7	2.8	4.8	9.8	15.5
Digestive system	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.2
Genitourinary system	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.0	1.6	1.2
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	25.9	4.2	11.5	20.4	28.4	34.2
Nervous system and sense organs	9.5	11.2	11.5	10.3	9.3	8.5
Respiratory system	3.1	0.6	0.9	1.6	3.1	5.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
Other	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Unknown	1.9	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 25.
Distribution of workers with a secondary benefit (dual entitlement), by worker's smaller primary insurance amount and sex, December 2006

Primary insurance amount (dollars)	Total		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled workers	234,466	100.0	54,017	100.0	180,449	100.0
Less than 300.00	30,211	12.9	10,665	19.7	19,546	10.8
300.00–399.90	29,652	12.6	10,519	19.5	19,133	10.6
400.00–499.90	25,220	10.8	7,780	14.4	17,440	9.7
500.00–599.90	40,016	17.1	10,877	20.1	29,139	16.1
600.00–699.90	39,069	16.7	7,064	13.1	32,005	17.7
700.00–799.90	26,464	11.3	3,103	5.7	23,361	12.9
800.00–899.90	16,915	7.2	1,463	2.7	15,452	8.6
900.00–999.90	10,711	4.6	923	1.7	9,788	5.4
1,000.00–1,099.90	6,633	2.8	510	0.9	6,123	3.4
1,100.00 or more	9,575	4.1	1,113	2.1	8,462	4.7
Average amount (dollars)	595.40		493.80		625.80	

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 26.
Distribution of workers with a secondary benefit (dual entitlement), by type of secondary benefit and sex, December 2006

Type of secondary benefit	Total		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled workers	234,466	100.0	54,017	100.0	180,449	100.0
Spouses	29,840	12.7	200	0.4	29,640	16.4
Widow(er)s	35,268	15.0	1,081	2.0	34,187	18.9
Disabled widow(er)s	85,974	36.7	3,159	5.8	82,815	45.9
Surviving mothers and fathers	2,070	0.9	99	0.2	1,971	1.1
Disabled adult children	81,308	34.7	49,478	91.6	31,830	17.6
Parents	6	a	0	0	6	a

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

CONTACT: Kevin Kulzer (410) 965-5366 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2006

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				All disabled workers				
All areas	6,806,918	426,421	371,383	612,792	907,840	1,176,131	1,516,025	1,796,326
Alabama	178,303	9,578	9,678	16,002	23,920	32,130	41,093	45,902
Alaska	10,253	851	622	958	1,423	1,819	2,183	2,397
Arizona	125,654	8,276	7,013	11,118	16,697	21,616	27,950	32,984
Arkansas	109,104	6,319	5,617	9,445	14,226	18,821	24,722	29,954
California	570,177	33,774	30,234	50,287	75,968	99,997	128,724	151,193
Colorado	75,874	4,839	4,097	6,678	10,721	13,897	16,983	18,659
Connecticut	67,295	4,617	4,119	7,062	9,582	11,190	13,552	17,173
Delaware	21,702	1,286	1,198	2,107	3,053	3,880	4,767	5,411
District of Columbia	10,263	735	614	1,117	1,527	2,022	2,135	2,113
Florida	407,193	21,279	19,686	35,529	54,092	69,420	91,185	116,002
Georgia	203,994	10,821	10,191	17,798	26,617	35,587	47,118	55,862
Hawaii	19,211	1,120	1,010	1,668	2,555	3,365	4,386	5,107
Idaho	31,357	2,563	1,831	2,631	4,002	5,179	6,701	8,450
Illinois	231,653	17,246	13,395	21,197	31,451	39,630	49,380	59,354
Indiana	148,744	11,006	8,786	13,835	20,125	25,572	32,088	37,332
Iowa	61,805	5,147	3,680	5,618	8,360	10,504	12,937	15,559
Kansas	55,525	4,111	2,954	5,076	7,910	9,788	11,911	13,775
Kentucky	167,339	10,144	9,520	15,361	22,720	29,274	37,897	42,423
Louisiana	114,683	6,881	5,891	10,160	15,547	20,602	25,957	29,645
Maine	48,000	3,855	3,205	5,061	6,882	7,896	9,911	11,190
Maryland	94,535	6,397	5,348	9,340	13,203	16,510	20,340	23,397
Massachusetts	158,861	13,249	10,969	17,608	23,312	26,891	30,527	36,305
Michigan	250,412	17,349	14,017	21,172	32,676	44,866	56,455	63,877
Minnesota	94,887	9,365	5,851	9,088	13,211	15,560	19,171	22,641
Mississippi	109,552	6,109	6,024	9,695	14,697	19,786	24,830	28,411
Missouri	168,295	10,953	9,280	15,679	23,662	29,372	35,845	43,504
Montana	21,604	1,341	1,008	1,728	2,872	3,690	4,938	6,027
Nebraska	33,921	2,641	1,954	3,187	4,588	5,646	7,176	8,729
Nevada	46,951	2,608	2,375	3,927	5,761	7,794	10,648	13,838
New Hampshire	35,568	3,220	2,551	3,933	5,276	5,801	6,873	7,914
New Jersey	158,607	8,719	8,526	14,920	21,205	26,361	34,385	44,491
New Mexico	48,089	3,451	2,594	4,190	6,262	8,260	11,214	12,118
New York	416,955	22,645	22,444	39,757	55,985	70,074	92,998	113,052
North Carolina	260,960	13,489	13,351	22,450	33,735	44,253	60,914	72,768
North Dakota	11,697	975	601	1,004	1,596	1,952	2,474	3,095
Ohio	251,744	20,260	15,108	22,788	33,553	42,897	54,335	62,803
Oklahoma	97,024	6,031	5,004	8,048	12,631	16,586	22,094	26,630
Oregon	78,853	4,549	4,020	6,272	9,434	13,605	18,804	22,169
Pennsylvania	309,581	21,524	18,141	29,080	41,456	53,157	67,137	79,086
Rhode Island	29,738	2,026	1,812	2,872	4,062	5,181	6,317	7,468
South Carolina	135,816	6,356	6,710	11,264	17,361	23,685	32,069	38,371
South Dakota	15,044	1,244	782	1,297	1,986	2,540	3,261	3,934
Tennessee	190,613	10,085	10,601	17,455	25,297	33,249	43,090	50,836
Texas	410,805	26,344	21,834	36,359	54,703	71,879	91,744	107,942
Utah	32,280	3,217	2,018	2,914	4,363	5,310	6,522	7,936

(Continued)

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				All disabled workers (cont.)				
Vermont	16,673	1,418	1,140	1,720	2,312	2,867	3,374	3,842
Virginia	173,567	10,538	9,620	15,925	23,231	30,162	38,979	45,112
Washington	130,099	8,735	7,390	11,208	16,875	22,092	29,589	34,210
West Virginia	83,129	4,001	4,125	6,529	10,120	14,704	20,924	22,726
Wisconsin	116,154	9,549	6,893	10,936	15,489	19,751	24,649	28,887
Wyoming	9,937	749	519	854	1,305	1,713	2,202	2,595
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	1,114	3	24	51	112	205	346	373
Guam	1,248	80	87	110	180	206	305	280
Northern Mariana Islands	198	18	19	29	30	33	37	32
Puerto Rico	139,922	2,481	4,865	9,871	16,533	25,153	36,418	44,601
U.S. Virgin Islands	1,638	62	71	128	168	253	371	585
Foreign countries	12,718	192	366	696	1,220	1,898	3,090	5,256
				Men				
All areas	3,643,121	229,252	193,448	322,473	481,243	619,124	814,662	982,919
Alabama	93,279	5,069	4,899	8,215	12,407	16,467	21,439	24,783
Alaska	5,713	510	357	506	747	972	1,238	1,383
Arizona	65,642	4,337	3,554	5,647	8,426	10,929	14,936	17,813
Arkansas	59,126	3,380	2,943	5,001	7,591	10,040	13,592	16,579
California	305,703	18,910	16,361	27,570	40,926	52,685	68,009	81,242
Colorado	39,836	2,688	2,087	3,440	5,561	7,120	9,001	9,939
Connecticut	35,016	2,457	2,054	3,567	4,873	5,728	7,103	9,234
Delaware	10,699	664	558	995	1,512	1,883	2,299	2,788
District of Columbia	5,457	392	347	619	850	1,113	1,086	1,050
Florida	217,131	11,684	10,210	18,836	28,702	36,448	48,363	62,888
Georgia	105,593	5,828	5,379	9,359	13,889	17,902	24,268	28,968
Hawaii	11,280	643	592	981	1,534	1,945	2,599	2,986
Idaho	17,312	1,376	970	1,416	2,121	2,780	3,722	4,927
Illinois	122,733	9,116	6,858	11,096	16,535	20,562	26,368	32,198
Indiana	77,640	5,790	4,450	7,145	10,360	13,232	16,701	19,962
Iowa	32,848	2,847	1,919	2,978	4,342	5,534	6,852	8,376
Kansas	28,503	2,169	1,506	2,520	3,965	4,888	6,171	7,284
Kentucky	96,394	5,550	5,251	8,597	12,889	16,974	22,060	25,073
Louisiana	70,743	3,952	3,477	6,204	9,538	12,676	16,188	18,708
Maine	26,790	2,091	1,719	2,726	3,740	4,350	5,744	6,420
Maryland	48,505	3,440	2,693	4,756	6,801	8,272	10,328	12,215
Massachusetts	82,001	6,558	5,325	8,942	12,085	13,948	15,956	19,187
Michigan	132,506	9,153	7,216	11,113	17,293	23,490	29,668	34,573
Minnesota	50,303	4,895	2,935	4,599	6,729	8,065	10,532	12,548
Mississippi	58,329	3,340	3,072	5,026	7,729	10,452	13,376	15,334
Missouri	88,614	5,824	4,787	8,144	12,410	15,303	18,837	23,309
Montana	12,298	767	517	958	1,554	1,998	2,926	3,578
Nebraska	17,373	1,404	948	1,514	2,257	2,836	3,721	4,693
Nevada	24,524	1,358	1,159	2,017	2,913	3,883	5,670	7,524
New Hampshire	17,572	1,520	1,176	1,836	2,544	2,823	3,551	4,122

(Continued)

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				Men (cont.)				
New Jersey	80,941	4,510	4,124	7,367	10,742	13,203	17,697	23,298
New Mexico	27,815	1,980	1,484	2,358	3,513	4,621	6,588	7,271
New York	223,022	12,221	11,817	20,861	30,252	37,150	49,898	60,823
North Carolina	131,980	7,494	6,683	11,350	16,909	21,829	30,646	37,069
North Dakota	6,558	573	303	536	846	1,046	1,440	1,814
Ohio	137,619	10,861	7,979	12,208	18,143	23,027	29,939	35,462
Oklahoma	52,135	3,299	2,711	4,377	6,679	8,669	11,828	14,572
Oregon	43,409	2,640	2,276	3,409	4,930	7,148	10,466	12,540
Pennsylvania	166,107	11,027	9,299	15,087	21,982	28,288	36,419	44,005
Rhode Island	15,320	1,051	911	1,448	2,111	2,612	3,308	3,879
South Carolina	69,437	3,439	3,399	5,574	8,808	11,810	16,432	19,975
South Dakota	8,159	673	391	657	1,060	1,353	1,847	2,178
Tennessee	99,104	5,314	5,362	8,844	12,837	16,923	22,618	27,206
Texas	224,533	14,174	11,571	19,533	29,581	38,426	50,130	61,118
Utah	17,076	1,732	1,045	1,509	2,270	2,755	3,469	4,296
Vermont	9,014	758	601	885	1,217	1,512	1,809	2,232
Virginia	90,939	5,477	4,788	8,005	12,117	15,654	20,604	24,294
Washington	69,994	4,838	4,000	5,967	9,035	11,530	15,799	18,825
West Virginia	53,754	2,292	2,532	4,014	6,373	9,502	13,827	15,214
Wisconsin	61,400	4,899	3,430	5,511	7,975	10,281	13,303	16,001
Wyoming	5,493	423	275	467	710	919	1,200	1,499
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	655	3	18	39	78	114	189	214
Guam	804	52	58	73	116	129	204	172
Northern Mariana Islands	128	9	15	22	18	20	22	22
Puerto Rico	78,315	1,649	2,800	5,515	9,155	13,786	20,235	25,175
U.S. Virgin Islands	904	42	39	68	97	128	188	342
Foreign countries	9,043	110	218	466	866	1,391	2,253	3,739
				Women				
All areas	3,163,797	197,169	177,935	290,319	426,597	557,007	701,363	813,407
Alabama	85,024	4,509	4,779	7,787	11,513	15,663	19,654	21,119
Alaska	4,540	341	265	452	676	847	945	1,014
Arizona	60,012	3,939	3,459	5,471	8,271	10,687	13,014	15,171
Arkansas	49,978	2,939	2,674	4,444	6,635	8,781	11,130	13,375
California	264,474	14,864	13,873	22,717	35,042	47,312	60,715	69,951
Colorado	36,038	2,151	2,010	3,238	5,160	6,777	7,982	8,720
Connecticut	32,279	2,160	2,065	3,495	4,709	5,462	6,449	7,939
Delaware	11,003	622	640	1,112	1,541	1,997	2,468	2,623
District of Columbia	4,806	343	267	498	677	909	1,049	1,063
Florida	190,062	9,595	9,476	16,693	25,390	32,972	42,822	53,114
Georgia	98,401	4,993	4,812	8,439	12,728	17,685	22,850	26,894
Hawaii	7,931	477	418	687	1,021	1,420	1,787	2,121
Idaho	14,045	1,187	861	1,215	1,881	2,399	2,979	3,523
Illinois	108,920	8,130	6,537	10,101	14,916	19,068	23,012	27,156
Indiana	71,104	5,216	4,336	6,690	9,765	12,340	15,387	17,370

(Continued)

Table 27.
Number, by sex, state or other area, and age, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
				Women (cont.)				
Iowa	28,957	2,300	1,761	2,640	4,018	4,970	6,085	7,183
Kansas	27,022	1,942	1,448	2,556	3,945	4,900	5,740	6,491
Kentucky	70,945	4,594	4,269	6,764	9,831	12,300	15,837	17,350
Louisiana	43,940	2,929	2,414	3,956	6,009	7,926	9,769	10,937
Maine	21,210	1,764	1,486	2,335	3,142	3,546	4,167	4,770
Maryland	46,030	2,957	2,655	4,584	6,402	8,238	10,012	11,182
Massachusetts	76,860	6,691	5,644	8,666	11,227	12,943	14,571	17,118
Michigan	117,906	8,196	6,801	10,059	15,383	21,376	26,787	29,304
Minnesota	44,584	4,470	2,916	4,489	6,482	7,495	8,639	10,093
Mississippi	51,223	2,769	2,952	4,669	6,968	9,334	11,454	13,077
Missouri	79,681	5,129	4,493	7,535	11,252	14,069	17,008	20,195
Montana	9,306	574	491	770	1,318	1,692	2,012	2,449
Nebraska	16,548	1,237	1,006	1,673	2,331	2,810	3,455	4,036
Nevada	22,427	1,250	1,216	1,910	2,848	3,911	4,978	6,314
New Hampshire	17,996	1,700	1,375	2,097	2,732	2,978	3,322	3,792
New Jersey	77,666	4,209	4,402	7,553	10,463	13,158	16,688	21,193
New Mexico	20,274	1,471	1,110	1,832	2,749	3,639	4,626	4,847
New York	193,933	10,424	10,627	18,896	25,733	32,924	43,100	52,229
North Carolina	128,980	5,995	6,668	11,100	16,826	22,424	30,268	35,699
North Dakota	5,139	402	298	468	750	906	1,034	1,281
Ohio	114,125	9,399	7,129	10,580	15,410	19,870	24,396	27,341
Oklahoma	44,889	2,732	2,293	3,671	5,952	7,917	10,266	12,058
Oregon	35,444	1,909	1,744	2,863	4,504	6,457	8,338	9,629
Pennsylvania	143,474	10,497	8,842	13,993	19,474	24,869	30,718	35,081
Rhode Island	14,418	975	901	1,424	1,951	2,569	3,009	3,589
South Carolina	66,379	2,917	3,311	5,690	8,553	11,875	15,637	18,396
South Dakota	6,885	571	391	640	926	1,187	1,414	1,756
Tennessee	91,509	4,771	5,239	8,611	12,460	16,326	20,472	23,630
Texas	186,272	12,170	10,263	16,826	25,122	33,453	41,614	46,824
Utah	15,204	1,485	973	1,405	2,093	2,555	3,053	3,640
Vermont	7,659	660	539	835	1,095	1,355	1,565	1,610
Virginia	82,628	5,061	4,832	7,920	11,114	14,508	18,375	20,818
Washington	60,105	3,897	3,390	5,241	7,840	10,562	13,790	15,385
West Virginia	29,375	1,709	1,593	2,515	3,747	5,202	7,097	7,512
Wisconsin	54,754	4,650	3,463	5,425	7,514	9,470	11,346	12,886
Wyoming	4,444	326	244	387	595	794	1,002	1,096
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	459	0	6	12	34	91	157	159
Guam	444	28	29	37	64	77	101	108
Northern Mariana Islands	70	9	4	7	12	13	15	10
Puerto Rico	61,607	832	2,065	4,356	7,378	11,367	16,183	19,426
U.S. Virgin Islands	734	20	32	60	71	125	183	243
Foreign countries	3,675	82	148	230	354	507	837	1,517

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 28.
Number and average monthly family benefit, by selected family composition, December 1960–2006, selected years

Year	Worker only			Worker, spouse, and—		Worker and aged spouse [a]
	All	Men	Women	1 child	2 or more children	
	Number (thousands)					
1960	357	261	96	22	32	22
1965	714	481	232	54	109	30
1970	1,054	680	374	77	164	43
1975	1,750	1,080	671	137	250	66
1980	2,061	1,257	804	154	228	80
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	1,969	1,208	760	124	163	78
1983	1,961	1,215	746	85	143	80
1984	1,993	1,241	752	83	140	76
1985	2,039	1,267	772	84	140	76
1986	2,096	1,301	795	82	136	74
1987	2,154	1,338	816	79	132	74
1988	2,194	1,353	841	77	125	71
1989	2,262	1,390	872	75	120	67
1990	2,370	1,448	922	75	118	63
1991	2,523	1,529	994	76	119	61
1992	2,738	1,643	1,094	78	125	61
1993	2,935	1,743	1,192	78	127	59
1994	3,121	1,830	1,292	76	128	57
1995	3,305	1,909	1,396	75	124	55
1996	3,473	1,973	1,500	61	104	53
1997	3,593	2,006	1,588	57	91	53
1998	3,769	2,074	1,695	52	80	53
1999	3,924	2,131	1,793	49	72	52
2000	4,080	2,191	1,890	45	65	50
2001	4,260	2,289	1,970	68	92	57
2002	4,487	2,392	2,095	64	86	56
2003	4,769	2,525	2,244	57	82	60
2004	5,068	2,665	2,403	55	78	65
2005	5,357	2,797	2,561	53	74	73
2006	5,625	2,918	2,707	50	69	78

(Continued)

Table 28.
Number and average monthly family benefit, by selected family composition, December 1960–2006, selected years—*Continued*

Year	Worker only			Worker, spouse, and—		Worker and aged spouse [a]
	All	Men	Women	1 child	2 or more children	
	Average monthly family benefit (dollars)					
1960	87.90	91.90	76.90	184.70	192.20	135.50
1965	95.40	100.70	85.00	201.00	216.30	145.90
1970	128.10	136.30	113.10	264.10	273.20	199.20
1975	218.90	240.00	185.00	441.00	454.00	344.00
1980	355.40	396.20	291.70	727.00	746.10	573.00
1981	--	--	--	--	--	--
1982	424.40	474.20	344.70	847.40	858.20	690.70
1983	439.40	490.90	355.40	867.90	881.80	716.20
1984	454.00	507.60	365.70	881.50	885.50	740.40
1985	466.90	523.10	374.60	898.10	895.20	765.00
1986	470.70	527.80	377.40	896.90	888.30	773.30
1987	491.60	552.00	392.60	929.40	918.30	815.50
1988	512.20	576.10	409.50	960.20	938.40	855.40
1989	539.30	607.10	431.20	1,009.40	971.90	903.70
1990	570.40	642.80	456.80	1,062.10	1,016.00	960.80
1991	592.30	668.40	475.50	1,098.00	1,043.30	1,004.70
1992	609.50	688.70	490.70	1,122.10	1,057.40	1,045.00
1993	625.50	707.20	506.00	1,143.00	1,074.20	1,078.20
1994	646.20	731.80	525.00	1,177.60	1,100.00	1,118.60
1995	667.60	757.40	544.80	1,205.50	1,130.90	1,159.90
1996	690.60	785.30	566.00	1,245.90	1,148.50	1,200.60
1997	708.00	806.60	583.60	1,280.20	1,165.90	1,238.50
1998	720.00	820.20	597.40	1,300.40	1,189.40	1,261.90
1999	741.20	844.50	618.50	1,344.90	1,224.20	1,295.30
2000	773.60	880.70	649.40	1,394.20	1,274.30	1,355.50
2001	807.40	914.40	683.10	1,413.50	1,298.50	1,393.50
2002	827.30	935.80	703.50	1,445.10	1,331.70	1,431.50
2003	854.80	965.90	729.70	1,495.80	1,373.30	1,486.80
2004	887.30	1,001.60	760.60	1,554.20	1,426.80	1,546.10
2005	930.80	1,049.40	801.30	1,627.90	1,497.50	1,632.50
2006	968.40	1,091.30	836.00	1,700.10	1,570.00	1,706.10

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2001, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record (from 1960 to 1984, various sampling rates; from 1985 to 2000, 10 percent sample); beginning with 2001, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A "family" means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account.

Data include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

-- = not available.

a. Spouse's entitlement based on age.

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Table 29.
Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly family benefit, by family composition, December 2006

Family composition	Number of families	Number of beneficiaries	Average primary insurance amount (dollars)	Average monthly family benefit (dollars)	Percentage of families receiving maximum family benefit [a]
Worker only					
Men	2,918,199	2,918,199	1,093.50	1,091.30	10.3
Women	2,707,183	2,707,183	836.20	836.00	21.5
Worker with children					
By sex of worker					
Men	629,872	1,606,513	1,062.70	1,530.20	92.3
Women	486,072	1,224,704	858.10	1,175.70	91.2
By number of children					
1 child	689,907	1,379,814	982.30	1,380.40	90.3
2 children	300,051	900,153	972.70	1,386.30	94.1
3 or more children	125,986	551,250	927.90	1,325.80	95.1
Worker with—					
Spouse aged 62 or older [b]	78,091	156,548	1,403.80	1,706.10	7.2
Spouse aged 62 or older and 1 or more children	3,002	9,879	1,273.00	2,047.00	71.8
Spouse and 1 child	47,883	143,605	1,117.40	1,683.20	94.7
Spouse and 2 children	41,276	165,108	1,074.90	1,599.30	95.1
Spouse and 3 or more children	27,616	152,678	1,032.40	1,515.40	95.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A "family" means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account.

Data include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

a. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

b. If the spouse is also entitled to a retired-worker benefit, only the benefit amount received as a spouse is included.

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Table 30.
Distribution, by family composition and age of worker, December 2006

Family composition	Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–FRA
					Number				
Worker only	5,625,382	168,693	139,532	207,113	380,017	673,749	1,005,115	1,396,360	1,654,803
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	81,093	0	6	21	73	409	1,721	8,711	70,152
Child in care	116,775	2,503	6,666	14,642	22,157	24,265	20,155	15,328	11,059
Children									
1 child	689,907	24,296	36,417	71,551	126,966	154,012	127,170	89,997	59,498
2 children	300,051	12,674	30,043	59,841	74,238	60,306	34,034	18,632	10,283
3 or more children	125,986	6,114	19,875	33,220	30,314	19,036	9,256	5,158	3,013
Families receiving maximum benefit [b]	2,025,636	143,877	148,139	239,953	335,363	357,025	299,913	260,161	241,205
					Percent				
Worker only	100.0	3.0	2.5	3.7	6.8	12.0	17.9	24.8	29.4
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	100.0	0	c	c	0.1	0.5	2.1	10.7	86.5
Child in care	100.0	2.1	5.7	12.5	19.0	20.8	17.3	13.1	9.5
Children									
1 child	100.0	3.5	5.3	10.4	18.4	22.3	18.4	13.0	8.6
2 children	100.0	4.2	10.0	19.9	24.7	20.1	11.3	6.2	3.4
3 or more children	100.0	4.9	15.8	26.4	24.1	15.1	7.3	4.1	2.4
Families receiving maximum benefit [b]	29.2	67.1	63.7	62.1	52.9	38.3	25.0	17.0	13.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A "family" means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account.

Data include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

FRA = full retirement age.

a. Includes spouses aged 62 or older with children.

b. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

c. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Beneficiaries Who Have Filed for Workers' Compensation or Public Disability Benefits

Note

In December 2006, approximately 585,000 disabled workers on the Social Security Disability Insurance program had filed for workers' compensation or public disability benefits. Disability payments from private sources, such as private pension or insurance benefits, do not affect Social Security disability benefits, but workers' compensation and other public disability benefits may reduce them. Workers' compensation is paid to a worker because of a job-related injury or illness. It may be paid by federal or state workers' compensation agencies or employers or by insurance companies on behalf of employers.

Other public disability benefits that may affect Social Security disability benefits are those paid by a federal, state, or local government for disabling medical conditions that are not job related. Examples are civil service disability benefits, military disability benefits, state temporary disability benefits, and state or local government retirement benefits that are based on disability. Persons who receive Social Security disability benefits and one of the following types of public benefits will not have their Social Security disability benefit reduced:

- Veterans Administration benefits;
- State and local government benefits, if Social Security taxes were deducted from earnings; or
- Supplemental Security Income.

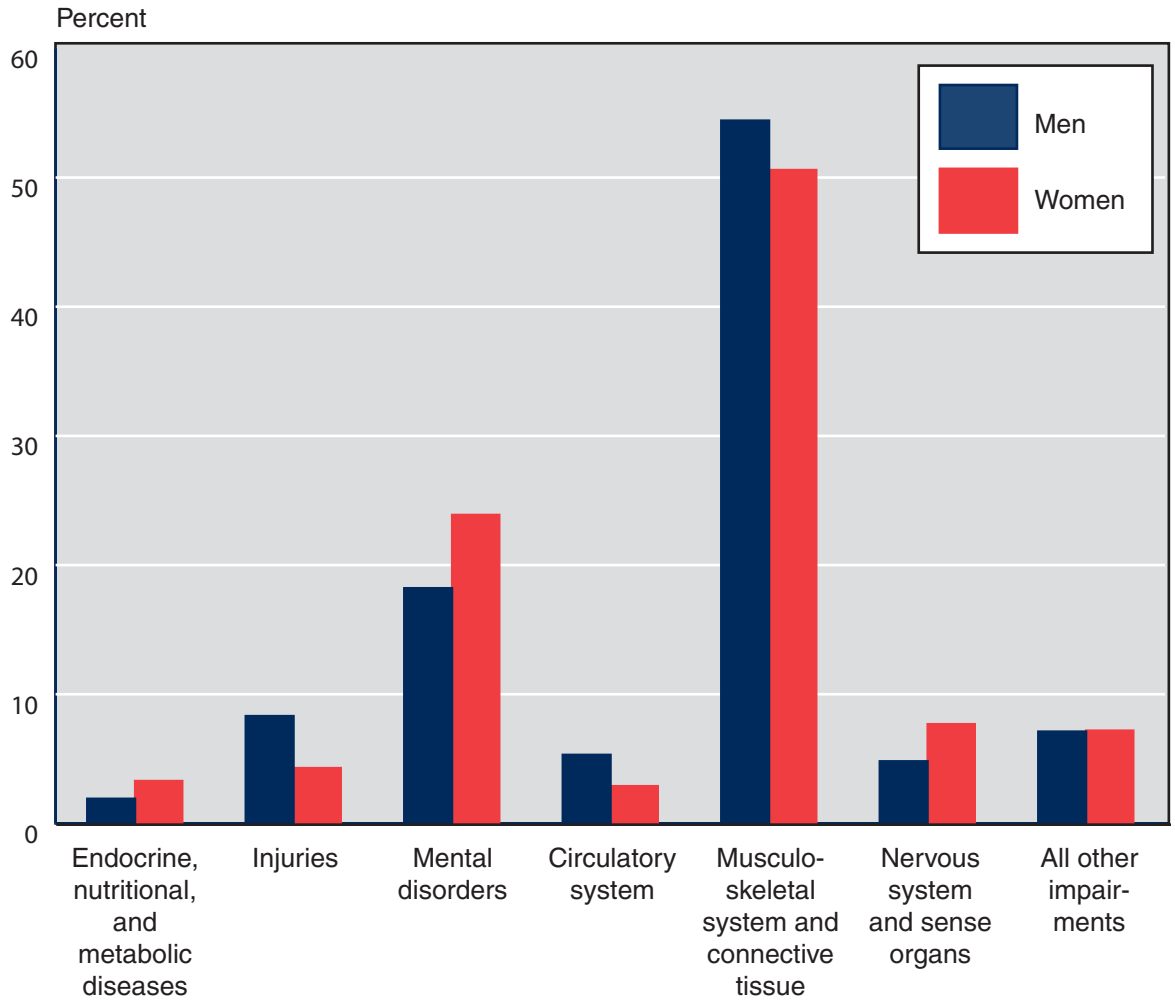
The total amount received from workers' compensation or other public disability benefits and Social Security disability benefits cannot exceed 80 percent of the worker's average current earnings before he or she became disabled. The monthly Social Security disability benefit includes benefits payable to family members. If the total amount of these benefits exceeds 80 percent of average current earnings, the excess amount is deducted from the Social Security benefit. The benefit will be reduced until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the other benefits stop, whichever comes first.

Example

Before becoming disabled, the worker's average current earnings were $4,000 a month. The disabled worker, his or her spouse, and their two children would be eligible to receive a total of $2,200 a month in Social Security disability benefits. However, the disabled worker also receives $2,000 a month from workers' compensation. Because the total amount of benefits received ($4,200) is more than $3,200 (80 percent of average current earnings), the family's Social Security disability benefits will be reduced by $1,000.

Chart 7.
Distribution of workers, by diagnostic group and sex, December 2006

Among disabled workers who are also receiving workers' compensation or public disability benefits, a disease of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue was the primary diagnosis in December 2006. Mental disorders were the second leading disabling condition. A disorder of the nervous system and sense organs was the third most common disability for women. Injuries were the third most common disability for men. All other impairments were fairly evenly split between men and women.



SOURCE: Table 34.

Table 31.
Distribution of workers and nondisabled dependents who have filed, by reason for having or not having an offset, December 2006

Reason	Total		Workers		Spouses and children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled beneficiaries and nondisabled dependents	782,986	100.0	584,640	100.0	198,346	100.0
			With offset			
Receipt of—						
Workers' compensation only						
Black Lung	241	a	173	a	68	a
Harbor Workers and Longshoremen	1,024	0.1	708	0.1	316	0.2
Federal employees	3,349	0.4	2,502	0.4	847	0.4
State	156,311	20.0	102,743	17.6	53,568	27.0
Public disability only						
Federal	2,467	0.3	2,121	0.4	346	0.2
State	17,536	2.2	13,312	2.3	4,224	2.1
Local	729	0.1	553	0.1	176	0.1
Workers' compensation and—						
Federal public disability	36	a	31	a	5	a
State public disability	968	0.1	702	0.1	266	0.1
Local public disability	32	a	17	a	15	a
Social Security Disability Insurance (Reverse Offset)	59,288	7.6	45,164	7.7	14,124	7.1
			Without offset			
High average current earnings	347,423	44.4	272,963	46.7	74,460	37.5
Entitlement to workers' compensation or public disability benefits is pending	193,582	24.7	143,651	24.6	49,931	25.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 32.
Distribution of workers and nondisabled dependents who have filed, by state or other area of residence, December 2006

State or area	Total		Workers		Spouses and children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All areas	782,986	100.0	584,640	100.0	198,346	100.0
Alabama	14,400	1.8	10,536	1.8	3,864	1.9
Alaska	728	0.1	573	0.1	155	0.1
Arizona	11,362	1.5	8,662	1.5	2,700	1.4
Arkansas	7,514	1.0	5,579	1.0	1,935	1.0
California	136,611	17.4	106,643	18.2	29,968	15.1
Colorado	10,417	1.3	8,026	1.4	2,391	1.2
Connecticut	5,972	0.8	4,434	0.8	1,538	0.8
Delaware	2,098	0.3	1,549	0.3	549	0.3
District of Columbia	362	a	303	0.1	59	a
Florida	43,272	5.5	32,755	5.6	10,517	5.3
Georgia	20,572	2.6	15,599	2.7	4,973	2.5
Hawaii	2,567	0.3	1,918	0.3	649	0.3
Idaho	2,685	0.3	2,048	0.4	637	0.3
Illinois	17,372	2.2	12,643	2.2	4,729	2.4
Indiana	5,636	0.7	4,158	0.7	1,478	0.7
Iowa	3,992	0.5	3,012	0.5	980	0.5
Kansas	3,537	0.5	2,715	0.5	822	0.4
Kentucky	23,827	3.0	17,403	3.0	6,424	3.2
Louisiana	13,338	1.7	8,799	1.5	4,539	2.3
Maine	5,917	0.8	4,485	0.8	1,432	0.7
Maryland	5,908	0.8	4,536	0.8	1,372	0.7
Massachusetts	16,330	2.1	11,896	2.0	4,434	2.2
Michigan	34,623	4.4	26,275	4.5	8,348	4.2
Minnesota	6,312	0.8	4,925	0.8	1,387	0.7
Mississippi	8,045	1.0	5,660	1.0	2,385	1.2
Missouri	13,664	1.7	10,231	1.7	3,433	1.7
Montana	3,322	0.4	2,622	0.4	700	0.4
Nebraska	2,455	0.3	1,821	0.3	634	0.3
Nevada	4,788	0.6	3,771	0.6	1,017	0.5
New Hampshire	3,958	0.5	2,811	0.5	1,147	0.6
New Jersey	20,074	2.6	14,703	2.5	5,371	2.7
New Mexico	4,353	0.6	3,234	0.6	1,119	0.6
New York	88,304	11.3	62,937	10.8	25,367	12.8
North Carolina	18,907	2.4	14,242	2.4	4,665	2.4
North Dakota	1,107	0.1	831	0.1	276	0.1
Ohio	19,362	2.5	14,889	2.5	4,473	2.3
Oklahoma	8,844	1.1	6,743	1.2	2,101	1.1
Oregon	6,221	0.8	4,978	0.9	1,243	0.6
Pennsylvania	36,673	4.7	26,615	4.6	10,058	5.1
Rhode Island	3,541	0.5	2,806	0.5	735	0.4

(Continued)

Table 32.
Distribution of workers and nondisabled dependents who have filed, by state or other area of residence, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Workers		Spouses and children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
South Carolina	11,838	1.5	8,738	1.5	3,100	1.6
South Dakota	1,035	0.1	757	0.1	278	0.1
Tennessee	13,087	1.7	9,914	1.7	3,173	1.6
Texas	21,684	2.8	15,742	2.7	5,942	3.0
Utah	2,230	0.3	1,613	0.3	617	0.3
Vermont	1,068	0.1	795	0.1	273	0.1
Virginia	13,314	1.7	9,724	1.7	3,590	1.8
Washington	11,517	1.5	9,108	1.6	2,409	1.2
West Virginia	12,041	1.5	9,061	1.5	2,980	1.5
Wisconsin	9,247	1.2	6,961	1.2	2,286	1.2
Wyoming	775	0.1	591	0.1	184	0.1
Outlying areas						
Puerto Rico	44,179	5.6	31,965	5.5	12,214	6.2
Other [b]	371	a	206	a	165	0.1
Foreign countries	1,630	0.2	1,099	0.2	531	0.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Distribution is by state or other area of residence, not by the state paying benefits.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, and U.S. Virgin Islands.

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Table 33.
Distribution of workers who have filed, by diagnostic group and age, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Total, all ages	Under 35	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64
				Number				
Total	584,640	11,619	21,648	47,994	83,378	118,300	155,272	146,429
Congenital anomalies	356	21	24	47	53	56	76	79
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	14,504	122	345	967	1,754	3,044	4,217	4,055
Infectious and parasitic diseases	5,273	103	297	781	1,100	1,200	1,104	688
Injuries	39,420	1,764	2,127	3,923	5,715	7,266	9,293	9,332
Mental disorders								
Retardation	6,942	222	469	948	1,389	1,471	1,427	1,016
Other	112,244	3,700	5,800	12,174	19,801	24,963	26,755	19,051
Neoplasms	6,526	209	234	442	862	1,274	1,800	1,705
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	474	29	26	50	82	100	97	90
Circulatory system	25,409	203	341	921	1,958	4,124	7,754	10,108
Digestive system	3,949	56	103	288	632	981	1,095	794
Genitourinary system	3,332	225	220	355	479	712	761	580
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	309,499	3,738	9,508	22,512	41,810	62,058	85,882	83,991
Nervous system and sense organs	34,864	962	1,575	3,275	5,106	6,865	8,961	8,120
Respiratory system	10,017	85	165	369	922	1,677	2,955	3,844
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	782	17	39	72	116	156	198	184
Other	635	22	24	57	96	122	170	144
Unknown	10,414	141	351	813	1,503	2,231	2,727	2,648
				Percent				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	a	a	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	2.5	1.1	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.6	2.7	2.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	0.9	0.9	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.5
Injuries	6.7	15.2	9.8	8.2	6.9	6.1	6.0	6.4
Mental disorders								
Retardation	1.2	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
Other	19.2	31.8	26.8	25.4	23.7	21.1	17.2	13.0
Neoplasms	1.1	1.8	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Circulatory system	4.3	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.3	3.5	5.0	6.9
Digestive system	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.5
Genitourinary system	0.6	1.9	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	52.9	32.2	43.9	46.9	50.1	52.5	55.3	57.4
Nervous system and sense organs	6.0	8.3	7.3	6.8	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.5
Respiratory system	1.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.6
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Unknown	1.8	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 34.
Distribution of workers who have filed, by diagnostic group and sex, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Total		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All disabled workers	584,640	100.0	358,300	100.0	226,340	100.0
Congenital anomalies	356	0.1	201	0.1	155	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	14,504	2.5	6,960	1.9	7,544	3.3
Infectious and parasitic diseases	5,273	0.9	4,286	1.2	987	0.4
Injuries	39,420	6.7	29,765	8.3	9,655	4.3
Mental disorders						
Retardation	6,942	1.2	5,349	1.5	1,593	0.7
Other	112,244	19.2	59,746	16.7	52,498	23.2
Neoplasms	6,526	1.1	3,560	1.0	2,966	1.3
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	474	0.1	242	0.1	232	0.1
Circulatory system	25,409	4.3	18,871	5.3	6,538	2.9
Digestive system	3,949	0.7	2,530	0.7	1,419	0.6
Genitourinary system	3,332	0.6	2,237	0.6	1,095	0.5
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	309,499	52.9	194,871	54.4	114,628	50.6
Nervous system and sense organs	34,864	6.0	17,356	4.8	17,508	7.7
Respiratory system	10,017	1.7	5,943	1.7	4,074	1.8
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	782	0.1	422	0.1	360	0.2
Other	635	0.1	288	0.1	347	0.2
Unknown	10,414	1.8	5,673	1.6	4,741	2.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Workers' Compensation and Public Disability Benefit file, 100 percent data.

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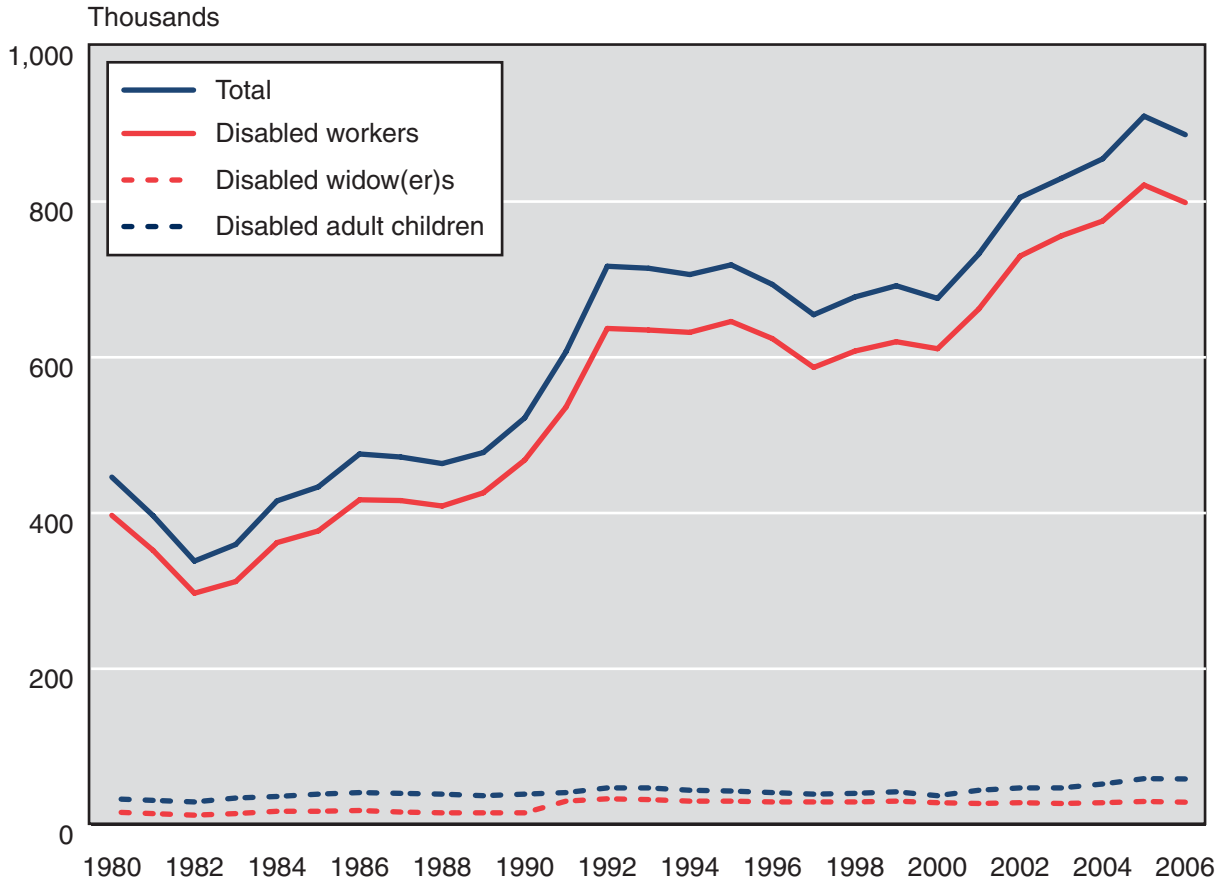
Benefits Awarded, Withheld, and Terminated

Chart 8.
Social Security disability awards, 1980–2006

The total number of awards decreased from 1980 through 1982, started to rise in 1983, and began to increase more rapidly in 1990. Awards for disabled-worker benefits have been most pronounced and drive the overall pattern shown in the total line. They increased from a low of 297,131 in 1982 to 636,637 in 1992, were relatively flat from 1992 through 2000, and started to increase again in 2001. There were 798,675 worker awards in 2006. Other awards have risen at a much slower rate. Awards to disabled adult children have gradually increased from 33,470 in 1980 to 58,519 in 2006. Awards to disabled widow(er)s have risen from just over 16,000 in 1980 to 28,682 in 2006.

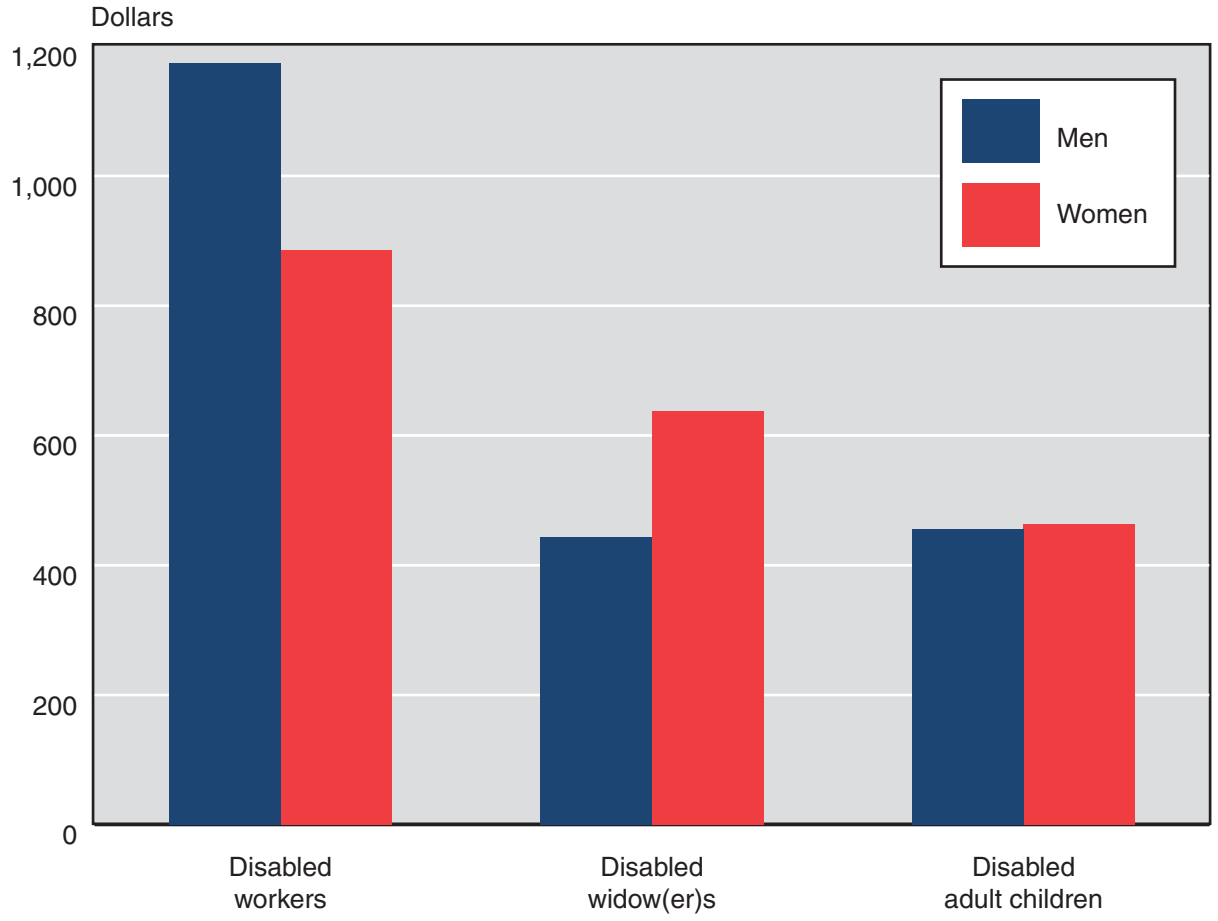


SOURCE: Table 35.

Chart 9.
Average monthly benefit awards, by sex, 2006

The average monthly benefit awarded to disabled workers is higher than that awarded to disabled widow(er)s or disabled adult children. The reason for the difference is that disabled workers receive 100 percent of the primary insurance amount, compared with 71.5 percent for disabled widow(er)s and 50 percent for disabled adult children (if the worker is disabled or retired) or 75 percent (if the worker is deceased).

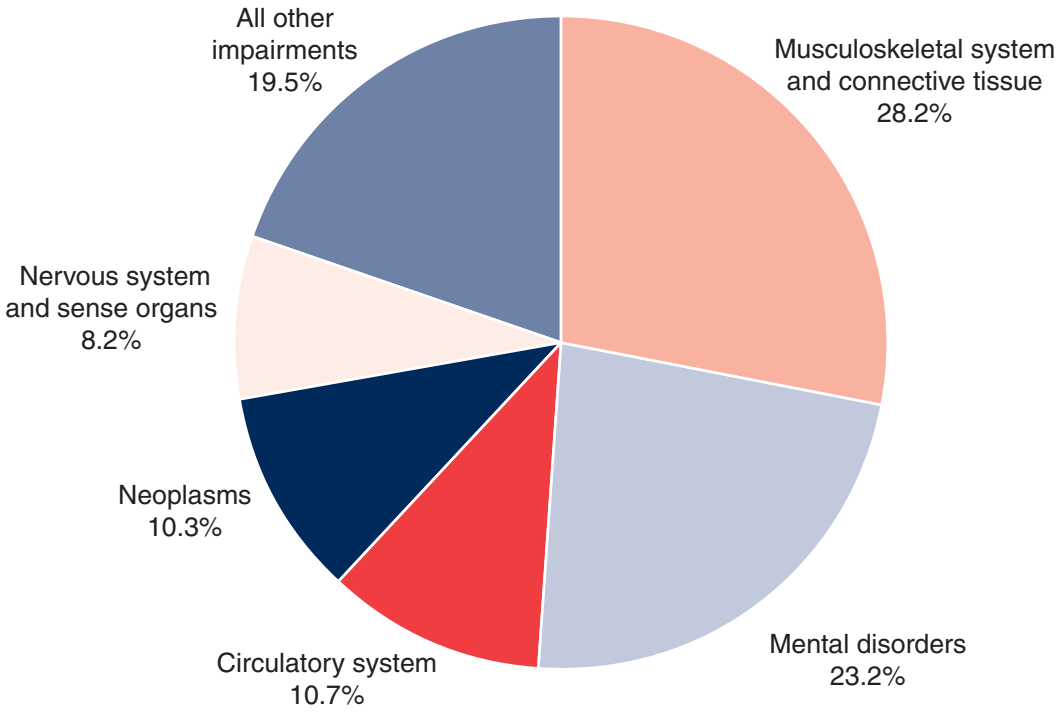
Because men have traditionally had higher earnings than women, their monthly benefit is higher. This is most obvious in the disabled-worker group. Benefits for disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children are dependents' benefits, so their monthly benefit is a function of the worker's earnings. Therefore, a disabled widow's average benefit tends to be higher than that of a disabled widower because a male worker's earnings are higher than a female worker's. Benefit amounts are about the same for men and women in the disabled adult children group.



SOURCE: Table 36.

Chart 10.
Disabled-worker awards, by selected diagnostic group, 2006

In 2006, 798,675 disabled workers were awarded benefits. Among those awardees, the most common impairment was diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue (28.2 percent), followed by mental disorders (23.2 percent), circulatory problems (10.7 percent), neoplasms (10.3 percent), and diseases of the nervous system and sense organs (8.2 percent). The remaining 19.5 percent of awardees had other impairments.



SOURCE: Table 37.

Table 35.
Number, selected years 1960–2006

Year	Total	Workers and nondisabled dependents				Widow(er)s	Adult children of—		
		Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19		Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
1960	388,861	207,805	54,187	102,516	. . .	. . .	1,794	12,740	9,819
1965	538,983	253,499	69,183	175,109	19,794	. . .	2,713	10,017	8,668
1970	799,616	350,384	96,304	241,627	71,145	15,609	3,774	11,348	9,425
1975	1,305,345	592,049	148,741	391,284	117,043	23,521	6,889	14,636	11,182
1980	933,597	396,559	108,500	235,079	143,935	16,054	6,194	16,650	10,626
1981	826,340	351,847	95,575	199,829	134,390	14,154	5,435	15,365	9,745
1982	672,333	297,131	77,835	153,205	103,015	12,440	4,250	14,772	9,685
1983	661,467	311,549	80,079	152,954	68,834	14,412	5,107	17,309	11,223
1984	730,135	361,998	81,834	172,721	59,990	17,165	5,541	18,330	12,556
1985	763,363	377,371	83,511	190,204	56,108	17,086	6,713	19,661	12,709
1986	809,424	416,865	82,435	198,192	52,989	18,418	6,986	20,295	13,244
1987	799,180	415,848	77,316	195,030	54,925	16,396	6,787	20,761	12,117
1988	795,690	409,490	73,790	196,655	61,725	15,328	6,646	20,544	11,512
1989	801,893	425,582	69,113	197,950	57,079	15,168	6,358	19,668	10,975
1990	868,793	467,977	69,667	218,059	58,894	15,424	6,633	20,862	11,277
1991	990,500	536,434	72,754	250,287	60,349	29,590	7,552	21,850	11,684
1992	1,167,001	636,637	78,083	306,002	66,035	33,235	9,548	23,615	13,846
1993	1,177,268	635,238	74,605	317,263	71,081	31,835	10,254	23,173	13,819
1994	1,177,236	631,870	69,549	327,067	74,364	29,903	9,774	22,119	12,590
1995	1,173,317	645,832	63,097	315,587	75,929	29,597	9,779	21,566	11,930
1996	1,139,054	624,335	57,528	311,228	76,769	28,611	9,353	20,169	11,061
1997	1,059,556	587,417	50,818	278,040	76,034	28,546	8,474	19,611	10,616
1998	1,087,352	608,131	47,550	279,764	82,567	29,399	9,095	19,932	10,914
1999	1,106,343	620,488	46,164	283,768	84,525	29,650	9,851	20,467	11,430
2000	1,051,900	610,700	38,500	263,200	74,600	27,600	7,000	21,100	9,200
2001	1,118,300	661,900	41,100	268,800	75,700	26,500	9,800	22,300	12,200
2002	1,219,670	730,383	43,301	293,131	77,927	28,339	8,507	22,798	15,284
2003	1,259,672	755,706	44,638	302,756	82,447	27,324	9,740	21,836	15,225
2004	1,311,031	775,244	45,649	313,640	96,871	27,744	13,301	22,127	16,455
2005	1,402,509	821,207	49,917	338,506	104,405	29,576	15,334	25,591	17,973
2006	1,369,044	798,675	49,521	325,861	107,786	28,682	15,373	25,679	17,467

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

. . . = not applicable.

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Table 36.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, 2006

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
			Workers			
Total	798,675	1,030.90	425,285	1,164.50	373,390	878.60
Under 25	20,951	518.90	12,384	527.80	8,567	506.20
25–29	28,179	703.30	14,792	720.90	13,387	683.90
30–34	34,699	804.20	17,323	839.50	17,376	769.00
35–39	51,276	868.40	25,849	924.40	25,427	811.40
40–44	77,979	926.20	39,251	1,012.40	38,728	838.80
45–49	108,548	994.10	55,406	1,109.60	53,142	873.70
50–54	150,668	1,066.20	78,290	1,208.90	72,378	911.80
55–59	187,107	1,146.00	102,149	1,317.10	84,958	940.30
60–64	133,020	1,186.00	76,038	1,370.20	56,982	940.20
65 or older	6,248	1,159.40	3,803	1,323.20	2,445	904.70
			Spouses of disabled workers			
Total	49,521	269.80	2,414	197.90	47,107	273.50
Entitlement based on care of children	17,755	196.20	918	153.10	16,837	198.50
Under 30	2,060	133.00	48	103.00	2,012	133.70
30–34	2,464	147.70	98	135.30	2,366	148.20
35–39	3,468	170.90	169	131.90	3,299	172.90
40–44	3,788	203.40	193	157.30	3,595	205.90
45–49	3,101	229.00	189	164.90	2,912	233.20
50–54	1,834	255.60	120	161.30	1,714	262.20
55–FRA	1,040	291.30	101	189.60	939	302.20
Entitlement based on age	31,766	310.90	1,496	225.50	30,270	315.10
62–64	27,022	304.90	720	191.00	26,302	308.00
65 or older	4,744	345.20	776	257.50	3,968	362.40
			Children of disabled workers			
Total	449,020	274.50	233,699	276.90	215,321	271.80
Under age 18	325,861	239.80	166,182	239.30	159,679	240.30
Under 5	56,938	193.30	28,955	192.10	27,983	194.50
5–9	71,065	205.70	36,516	205.00	34,549	206.40
10–14	102,770	240.90	52,340	241.00	50,430	240.80
15–17	95,088	292.00	48,371	291.60	46,717	292.40
Students aged 18–19	107,786	374.40	58,556	379.10	49,230	368.70
Disabled aged 18 or older	15,373	308.40	8,961	306.10	6,412	311.70
			Widow(er)s			
Total	28,682	622.10	1,615	440.50	27,067	632.90
50–54	11,118	617.30	585	440.20	10,533	627.20
55–59	15,184	626.90	871	436.10	14,313	638.60
60–64	2,253	616.20	154	473.10	2,099	626.70
65 or older	127	565.40	5	245.90	122	578.50

(Continued)

Table 36.
Average monthly benefit, by basis of entitlement, age, and sex, 2006—*Continued*

Basis of entitlement and age	Total		Male		Female	
	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
			Adult children			
Total	58,519	455.60	33,806	452.50	24,713	459.70
Children of—						
Disabled workers	15,373	308.40	8,961	306.10	6,412	311.70
Retired workers	25,679	435.50	14,726	430.60	10,953	442.00
Deceased workers	17,467	614.60	10,119	614.20	7,348	615.20
Under 25	24,051	462.90	14,075	465.30	9,976	459.50
25–29	8,034	465.40	4,647	461.90	3,387	470.20
30–34	7,941	465.40	4,547	459.10	3,394	473.90
35–39	8,495	459.30	4,838	454.00	3,657	466.40
40–44	6,257	428.60	3,605	417.70	2,652	443.40
45–49	2,343	394.20	1,361	383.00	982	409.80
50–54	784	391.90	416	367.50	368	419.60
55–59	379	444.30	197	433.10	182	456.50
60–64	142	440.50	76	470.70	66	405.70
65 or older	93	488.80	44	420.80	49	549.90

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

FRA = full retirement age.

a. Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

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Table 37.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, 2006

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				All disabled beneficiaries				
Total	885,876	100.0	798,675	100.0	28,682	100.0	58,519	100.0
Congenital anomalies	2,467	0.3	1,170	0.1	39	0.1	1,258	2.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	29,581	3.3	27,272	3.4	1,902	6.6	407	0.7
Infectious and parasitic diseases	10,584	1.2	10,165	1.3	234	0.8	185	0.3
Injuries	33,280	3.8	31,231	3.9	764	2.7	1,285	2.2
Mental disorders								
Retardation	47,373	5.3	19,842	2.5	977	3.4	26,554	45.4
Other	188,853	21.3	165,193	20.7	6,570	22.9	17,090	29.2
Neoplasms	83,743	9.5	82,146	10.3	1,241	4.3	356	0.6
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	2,746	0.3	2,405	0.3	46	0.2	295	0.5
Circulatory system	88,677	10.0	85,636	10.7	2,636	9.2	405	0.7
Digestive system	19,207	2.2	18,655	2.3	437	1.5	115	0.2
Genitourinary system	19,135	2.2	18,414	2.3	381	1.3	340	0.6
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	234,986	26.5	225,179	28.2	9,031	31.5	776	1.3
Nervous system and sense organs	74,831	8.4	65,320	8.2	2,031	7.1	7,480	12.8
Respiratory system	34,213	3.9	32,577	4.1	1,484	5.2	152	0.3
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,835	0.2	1,731	0.2	60	0.2	44	0.1
Other	2,138	0.2	1,862	0.2	51	0.2	225	0.4
Unknown	12,227	1.4	9,877	1.2	798	2.8	1,552	2.7
				Men				
Subtotal	460,706	100.0	425,285	100.0	1,615	100.0	33,806	100.0
Congenital anomalies	1,272	0.3	620	0.1	3	0.2	649	1.9
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	14,581	3.2	14,345	3.4	58	3.6	178	0.5
Infectious and parasitic diseases	7,248	1.6	7,129	1.7	17	1.1	102	0.3
Injuries	21,717	4.7	20,723	4.9	85	5.3	909	2.7
Mental disorders								
Retardation	26,785	5.8	12,087	2.8	62	3.8	14,636	43.3
Other	88,980	19.3	77,718	18.3	286	17.7	10,976	32.5
Neoplasms	42,888	9.3	42,603	10.0	73	4.5	212	0.6
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,298	0.3	1,143	0.3	4	0.2	151	0.4
Circulatory system	58,794	12.8	58,330	13.7	248	15.4	216	0.6
Digestive system	11,394	2.5	11,315	2.7	32	2.0	47	0.1
Genitourinary system	11,490	2.5	11,286	2.7	28	1.7	176	0.5
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	112,251	24.4	111,421	26.2	480	29.7	350	1.0
Nervous system and sense organs	37,308	8.1	33,123	7.8	115	7.1	4,070	12.0
Respiratory system	16,896	3.7	16,753	3.9	77	4.8	66	0.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	830	0.2	798	0.2	3	0.2	29	0.1
Other	1,031	0.2	888	0.2	1	0.1	142	0.4
Unknown	5,943	1.3	5,003	1.2	43	2.7	897	2.7

(Continued)

Table 37.
Distribution, by sex and diagnostic group, 2006—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
				Women				
Subtotal	425,170	100.0	373,390	100.0	27,067	100.0	24,713	100.0
Congenital anomalies	1,195	0.3	550	0.1	36	0.1	609	2.5
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	15,000	3.5	12,927	3.5	1,844	6.8	229	0.9
Infectious and parasitic diseases	3,336	0.8	3,036	0.8	217	0.8	83	0.3
Injuries	11,563	2.7	10,508	2.8	679	2.5	376	1.5
Mental disorders								
Retardation	20,588	4.8	7,755	2.1	915	3.4	11,918	48.2
Other	99,873	23.5	87,475	23.4	6,284	23.2	6,114	24.7
Neoplasms	40,855	9.6	39,543	10.6	1,168	4.3	144	0.6
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,448	0.3	1,262	0.3	42	0.2	144	0.6
Circulatory system	29,883	7.0	27,306	7.3	2,388	8.8	189	0.8
Digestive system	7,813	1.8	7,340	2.0	405	1.5	68	0.3
Genitourinary system	7,645	1.8	7,128	1.9	353	1.3	164	0.7
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	122,735	28.9	113,758	30.5	8,551	31.6	426	1.7
Nervous system and sense organs	37,523	8.8	32,197	8.6	1,916	7.1	3,410	13.8
Respiratory system	17,317	4.1	15,824	4.2	1,407	5.2	86	0.3
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,005	0.2	933	0.2	57	0.2	15	0.1
Other	1,107	0.3	974	0.3	50	0.2	83	0.3
Unknown	6,284	1.5	4,874	1.3	755	2.8	655	2.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

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Table 38.
Distribution and average monthly benefit, by state or other area, 2006

State or area	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
All areas	798,675	100.0	1,030.90	28,682	100.0	622.10	58,519	100.0	455.60
Alabama	20,574	2.6	1,014.80	1,003	3.5	598.80	1,214	2.1	426.30
Alaska	1,450	0.2	1,038.80	36	0.1	680.80	85	0.1	465.20
Arizona	12,120	1.5	1,059.00	349	1.2	639.20	792	1.4	490.20
Arkansas	12,481	1.6	981.70	562	2.0	559.60	865	1.5	375.70
California	69,175	8.7	970.90	2,053	7.2	664.90	4,981	8.5	485.70
Colorado	8,540	1.1	1,064.40	218	0.8	635.80	525	0.9	495.80
Connecticut	7,970	1.0	1,107.10	217	0.8	592.00	649	1.1	473.50
Delaware	2,404	0.3	1,090.90	76	0.3	575.00	145	0.2	493.60
District of Columbia	1,587	0.2	912.20	33	0.1	607.20	88	0.2	500.40
Florida	44,955	5.6	1,027.60	1,556	5.4	602.60	2,788	4.8	467.00
Georgia	22,030	2.8	1,038.00	951	3.3	566.00	1,395	2.4	461.60
Hawaii	2,442	0.3	1,052.60	86	0.3	662.00	200	0.3	484.10
Idaho	3,749	0.5	998.50	107	0.4	649.00	244	0.4	477.40
Illinois	29,023	3.6	1,072.60	966	3.4	637.30	2,431	4.2	474.10
Indiana	17,852	2.2	1,069.60	660	2.3	647.80	1,554	2.7	453.10
Iowa	6,605	0.8	1,014.20	243	0.8	570.60	702	1.2	386.20
Kansas	6,262	0.8	1,034.30	210	0.7	604.90	570	1.0	442.60
Kentucky	17,511	2.2	1,001.30	918	3.2	661.30	1,191	2.0	426.40
Louisiana	14,164	1.8	989.80	777	2.7	663.30	1,229	2.1	437.40
Maine	4,697	0.6	965.10	183	0.6	575.90	470	0.8	380.80
Maryland	12,785	1.6	1,067.70	316	1.1	652.20	754	1.3	525.30
Massachusetts	18,612	2.3	1,030.40	453	1.6	631.60	1,536	2.6	437.10
Michigan	30,193	3.8	1,090.90	1,083	3.8	703.10	2,375	4.1	505.50
Minnesota	12,079	1.5	1,038.80	219	0.8	601.10	1,042	1.8	413.50
Mississippi	10,860	1.4	993.30	648	2.3	572.70	932	1.6	414.20
Missouri	19,265	2.4	1,015.40	740	2.6	599.50	1,629	2.8	411.40
Montana	2,524	0.3	983.20	77	0.3	566.90	177	0.3	424.90
Nebraska	3,868	0.5	1,018.10	103	0.4	579.30	395	0.7	407.10
Nevada	5,667	0.7	1,085.30	181	0.6	685.40	250	0.4	511.10
New Hampshire	4,645	0.6	1,054.70	116	0.4	579.30	333	0.6	434.30
New Jersey	19,735	2.5	1,160.70	542	1.9	634.60	1,532	2.6	504.70
New Mexico	5,885	0.7	945.80	190	0.7	598.20	406	0.7	389.60
New York	49,518	6.2	1,089.80	1,487	5.2	627.90	3,899	6.7	481.50
North Carolina	28,116	3.5	1,036.70	1,054	3.7	528.60	1,925	3.3	430.70
North Dakota	1,540	0.2	964.00	48	0.2	598.00	123	0.2	397.60
Ohio	29,348	3.7	1,016.20	1,212	4.2	669.20	2,230	3.8	451.80
Oklahoma	13,035	1.6	979.30	582	2.0	624.80	872	1.5	432.50
Oregon	8,943	1.1	1,067.50	302	1.1	658.00	658	1.1	450.90
Pennsylvania	39,667	5.0	1,027.40	1,291	4.5	648.80	2,711	4.6	464.30
Rhode Island	3,175	0.4	1,000.80	84	0.3	572.50	288	0.5	343.30

(Continued)

Table 38.
Distribution and average monthly benefit, by state or other area, 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit [a] (dollars)
South Carolina	13,352	1.7	1,043.20	655	2.3	527.00	966	1.7	464.10
South Dakota	1,562	0.2	952.40	47	0.2	558.00	178	0.3	368.70
Tennessee	21,251	2.7	1,017.00	994	3.5	574.90	1,299	2.2	462.90
Texas	57,447	7.2	1,005.60	2,206	7.7	629.30	3,506	6.0	452.20
Utah	4,534	0.6	1,029.20	97	0.3	627.20	420	0.7	481.00
Vermont	1,938	0.2	974.70	54	0.2	595.00	183	0.3	406.10
Virginia	20,738	2.6	1,034.30	742	2.6	612.60	1,378	2.4	467.40
Washington	16,765	2.1	1,065.10	446	1.6	673.60	1,089	1.9	507.40
West Virginia	8,761	1.1	1,039.70	495	1.7	711.90	613	1.0	470.70
Wisconsin	14,160	1.8	1,060.40	370	1.3	590.30	1,469	2.5	422.80
Wyoming	1,137	0.1	1,029.20	32	0.1	773.00	85	0.1	457.30
Outlying areas									
Puerto Rico	10,493	1.3	896.40	493	1.7	547.00	913	1.6	353.80
Other [b]	1,486	0.2	813.80	119	0.4	591.50	235	0.4	372.30

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

a. Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, U.S. Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 39.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, selected years 1960–2006

Year	Number	Percentage distribution										Average age
		Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62 or older	
						All disabled workers [b]						
2000	610,700	100.0	6.4	4.9	8.4	11.5	13.1	18.1	21.3	8.7	7.6	48.9
2001	661,900	100.0	7.8	5.3	8.0	10.8	12.9	18.0	21.6	8.5	7.0	48.6
2002	730,383	100.0	7.6	5.0	7.5	10.8	13.3	18.0	22.1	8.6	7.1	48.7
2003	755,706	100.0	6.9	5.0	7.2	10.6	13.4	18.1	22.5	9.0	7.3	49.0
2004	775,244	100.0	6.7	4.9	6.9	10.4	13.4	18.1	22.7	8.9	8.1	49.3
2005	821,207	100.0	6.4	4.6	6.6	10.2	13.4	18.4	23.1	8.4	8.9	49.5
2006	798,675	100.0	6.2	4.3	6.4	9.8	13.6	18.9	23.4	8.3	9.1	49.8
						Men						
1960	168,466	100.0	0.8	a	7.0	6.5	10.5	16.7	20.0	11.8	21.3	54.5
1965	186,808	100.0	1.8	a	8.2	7.9	11.1	17.1	25.7	14.0	13.0	53.0
1970	258,072	100.0	6.7	a	7.6	6.5	10.1	14.7	23.5	12.3	16.1	52.1
1975	408,531	100.0	7.7	a	8.6	6.2	9.5	15.7	23.1	12.1	14.6	51.5
1980	275,185	100.0	8.3	a	9.7	6.0	8.4	14.7	24.6	12.3	14.2	51.2
1981	244,984	100.0	8.6	a	10.2	6.2	8.4	14.5	24.3	13.0	13.1	50.8
1982	207,453	100.0	8.4	a	10.4	6.3	8.4	14.1	24.6	12.9	13.6	50.9
1983	217,422	100.0	9.5	a	11.7	6.6	8.4	13.6	23.4	12.2	13.3	50.2
1984	247,833	100.0	9.2	a	12.8	7.1	8.7	13.4	22.6	12.2	12.7	50.0
1985	274,400	100.0	8.7	a	13.3	7.0	9.9	14.6	23.1	12.4	10.6	50.1
1986	273,700	100.0	10.7	a	15.3	8.1	9.4	14.3	21.3	11.1	9.5	48.7
1987	265,900	100.0	9.4	a	16.0	8.6	9.3	13.9	20.8	10.9	11.0	49.0
1988	265,700	100.0	8.4	a	16.0	9.7	9.0	14.6	21.3	10.5	10.2	49.2
1989	268,600	100.0	8.7	a	16.0	9.5	10.2	14.2	20.6	9.7	10.8	49.0
1990	293,300	100.0	10.9	a	16.9	9.4	9.5	13.5	20.5	10.3	8.8	48.1
1991	322,700	100.0	9.5	a	17.7	10.6	11.0	14.1	18.4	9.4	9.1	47.9
1992	395,600	100.0	9.5	a	18.5	10.8	11.0	13.0	18.6	9.8	8.7	47.8
1993	391,800	100.0	9.2	a	18.9	10.1	11.7	14.7	18.8	8.6	7.8	47.7
1994	379,300	100.0	6.8	a	18.4	10.8	12.7	15.4	19.3	9.0	7.6	48.4
1995	368,400	100.0	7.2	a	16.3	10.7	11.5	15.7	20.4	8.9	9.1	48.9
1996	347,100	100.0	6.9	7.2	9.0	10.8	13.2	16.2	19.9	9.3	7.5	48.3
1997	311,100	100.0	6.3	5.6	8.9	10.8	13.5	16.1	21.6	8.8	8.2	48.8
1998	331,400	100.0	6.3	6.2	8.1	11.1	12.4	18.3	21.6	8.1	7.8	48.8
1999	338,900	100.0	6.2	5.2	7.6	11.4	12.4	18.2	21.7	8.8	8.0	49.1
2000	328,700	100.0	6.8	4.6	8.3	10.7	12.7	17.6	21.1	9.1	8.9	49.1
2001	360,000	100.0	7.5	4.8	7.9	10.0	12.2	17.5	22.7	9.2	8.0	49.1
2002	394,741	100.0	7.9	4.7	7.1	10.2	12.6	17.6	22.9	9.3	7.8	49.0
2003	408,516	100.0	7.0	4.7	6.8	10.0	12.7	17.8	23.2	9.7	8.0	49.4
2004	416,560	100.0	6.8	4.6	6.5	9.8	12.8	17.7	23.4	9.6	8.9	49.6
2005	440,008	100.0	6.6	4.3	6.3	9.7	12.9	17.9	23.7	8.9	9.6	49.8
2006	425,285	100.0	6.4	4.1	6.1	9.2	13.0	18.4	24.0	8.8	9.9	50.1

(Continued)

Table 39.
Percentage distribution, by sex and age, selected years 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Number	Percentage distribution										Average age
		Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39 [a]	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62 or older	
						Women						
1960	39,339	100.0	0.7	a	8.1	8.0	13.3	21.9	24.6	12.4	10.1	52.5
1965	66,691	100.0	1.1	a	6.5	7.4	11.7	19.3	28.3	14.1	10.9	53.2
1970	92,312	100.0	4.2	a	6.3	6.1	11.0	17.5	27.2	13.0	12.9	52.8
1975	183,518	100.0	6.1	a	7.3	6.1	10.1	17.7	25.5	12.2	12.9	52.1
1980	121,374	100.0	7.4	a	9.7	6.4	9.3	16.3	25.5	11.7	12.2	51.1
1981	106,863	100.0	7.8	a	10.2	6.5	9.5	16.4	25.1	12.0	11.1	50.8
1982	89,678	100.0	8.0	a	10.9	6.8	9.5	15.6	24.9	11.7	11.4	50.5
1983	94,127	100.0	9.0	a	12.2	7.4	9.5	14.8	23.5	10.9	11.6	49.8
1984	114,165	100.0	8.3	a	13.2	7.9	9.7	14.9	22.8	10.9	11.7	49.7
1985	134,500	100.0	8.6	a	12.9	8.0	10.6	15.8	23.3	10.1	10.5	49.7
1986	135,700	100.0	9.0	a	15.5	10.4	10.5	14.8	21.3	9.6	8.6	48.8
1987	143,700	100.0	7.5	a	15.2	8.1	11.2	15.8	23.4	9.6	8.8	49.5
1988	147,000	100.0	8.5	a	14.0	8.8	10.9	16.1	23.5	10.5	7.4	49.3
1989	146,900	100.0	7.8	a	14.8	10.4	11.9	13.8	21.2	10.8	8.9	49.1
1990	168,500	100.0	8.5	a	16.3	9.8	13.1	14.2	22.3	8.9	6.5	48.4
1991	190,400	100.0	8.5	a	16.8	10.1	12.2	16.2	19.5	8.9	7.4	48.4
1992	241,300	100.0	8.6	a	17.7	12.0	12.4	15.6	17.6	8.4	7.5	47.7
1993	237,900	100.0	7.5	a	17.5	11.2	13.1	16.5	19.7	6.8	7.4	48.1
1994	234,000	100.0	7.4	a	16.9	11.1	12.9	17.0	20.8	7.3	6.4	48.2
1995	263,200	100.0	6.4	a	16.7	11.4	13.8	17.2	20.5	7.6	6.3	48.5
1996	256,900	100.0	5.3	6.2	8.9	11.3	14.0	19.0	21.2	8.3	5.8	48.7
1997	250,200	100.0	6.2	6.0	10.3	12.2	14.1	19.0	19.0	6.8	6.2	47.9
1998	271,900	100.0	5.4	5.9	9.0	12.2	14.5	19.1	20.4	7.6	5.7	48.5
1999	266,900	100.0	5.7	5.9	8.7	12.5	15.4	18.1	20.6	6.6	6.2	48.7
2000	282,000	100.0	5.8	5.2	8.6	12.3	13.5	18.7	21.6	8.1	6.1	48.7
2001	301,900	100.0	8.0	5.9	8.2	11.8	13.8	18.5	20.2	7.7	5.9	48.0
2002	335,642	100.0	7.3	5.3	8.0	11.4	14.2	18.5	21.2	7.7	6.3	48.3
2003	347,190	100.0	6.8	5.4	7.7	11.3	14.2	18.5	21.7	8.1	6.5	48.6
2004	358,684	100.0	6.6	5.3	7.3	11.0	14.0	18.6	21.9	8.2	7.2	48.9
2005	381,199	100.0	6.2	5.0	7.0	10.7	14.0	19.0	22.3	7.7	8.0	49.2
2006	373,390	100.0	5.9	4.7	6.8	10.4	14.2	19.4	22.8	7.7	8.2	49.5

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Age in year of award from 1960 to 1984; age in month of award after 1984.

Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

a. Ages 30–34 were grouped with ages 35–39 before 1996.

b. Combined data for men and women are not available before 2000.

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Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2006

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1960	207,805	865	5,406	10,903	--	17,287	--	--	17,739
1961	279,758	1,637	7,070	15,153	--	26,864	--	--	23,103
1962	286,434	2,026	9,383	15,271	--	37,315	--	--	27,632
1963	224,229	1,646	7,563	10,859	6,496	24,526	--	--	25,042
1967	310,947	--	10,743	10,945	19,815	35,344	--	--	33,358
1968	330,783	2,670	11,359	10,360	25,319	41,894	--	--	36,560
1969	344,741	3,004	12,169	9,828	28,473	43,225	--	--	35,740
1970	350,384	3,597	13,141	8,760	28,231	38,406	--	--	36,095
1971	415,897	4,365	15,823	8,524	31,810	42,687	--	--	39,629
1972	455,438	4,033	17,352	8,627	31,728	45,253	--	--	43,667
1973	491,776	5,276	18,131	7,957	30,418	47,014	--	--	50,644
1975	592,049	6,576	23,176	7,579	32,341	67,213	--	--	59,852
1976	551,460	5,817	20,966	6,049	29,848	63,667	--	--	57,656
1977	568,874	6,681	21,725	5,807	31,942	70,825	--	--	59,833
1978	464,415	5,850	16,855	4,512	27,490	54,329	--	--	54,878
1981	351,847	3,118	14,768	2,596	20,868	36,318	--	--	56,410
1982	298,531	2,432	13,187	2,312	16,617	31,531	--	--	50,999
1983	311,490	2,827	14,904	6,730	15,646	50,633	--	--	52,379
1984	357,140	2,439	14,418	3,185	16,189	64,078	--	--	59,104
1985	377,371	2,480	16,976	2,985	16,558	68,610	--	--	55,120
1986	416,865	1,953	21,260	2,736	3,629	123,983	--	--	53,176
1987	415,848	787	21,114	4,676	20,889	81,241	--	--	55,339
1988	409,490	550	14,513	2,802	21,022	85,756	--	--	53,944
1989	425,582	534	14,279	3,773	21,531	88,500	--	--	60,352
1990	467,977	511	16,255	22,023	22,315	105,173	--	--	65,939
1991	536,434	575	19,931	28,245	24,129	126,184	--	--	69,244
1992	636,637	619	29,904	39,253	25,042	164,093	--	--	77,175
1993	635,238	543	30,862	37,450	23,206	166,045	--	--	80,266
1994	631,870	602	31,532	36,087	22,560	156,703	--	--	89,231
1995	645,645	722	33,370	27,993	27,566	147,900	16,681	131,219	64,401
1996	624,254	777	33,832	23,324	27,616	132,022	14,062	117,960	63,321
1997	587,700	654	33,807	15,327	25,930	122,901	12,888	110,013	62,279
1998	608,382	676	36,373	12,680	25,926	131,502	14,506	116,996	63,973
1999	620,559	645	36,975	11,743	25,925	138,980	16,608	122,372	65,681
2000	610,700	700	17,100	10,700	28,700	143,200	17,600	125,600	63,600
2001	661,900	d	19,500	11,200	25,400	168,600	22,500	146,100	62,000
2002	730,383	1,113	21,830	10,966	28,169	185,313	22,352	162,961	70,369
2003	755,706	1,152	23,407	10,879	28,612	191,679	19,338	172,341	70,942
2004	775,244	1,166	24,341	10,510	29,580	192,832	20,479	172,353	73,637
2005	821,207	1,214	26,969	10,534	31,019	198,549	21,165	177,384	83,303
2006	798,675	1,170	27,272	10,165	31,231	185,035	19,842	165,193	82,146

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1960	442	55,855	3,575	1,077	17,124	32,105	16,489	463	89	28,386
1961	566	71,860	4,300	1,608	23,241	44,709	20,030	794	125	38,698
1962	739	82,015	5,922	2,040	33,751	45,261	23,408	1,177	494	--
1963	597	66,468	4,437	1,725	21,744	32,712	19,107	719	588	--
1967	--	81,507	7,627	--	41,090	38,278	24,646	--	7,594	--
1968	--	80,906	7,806	2,926	43,677	41,758	22,635	--	2,913	--
1969	--	105,760	8,719	2,717	47,357	21,967	23,265	--	2,517	--
1970	--	108,906	9,051	2,912	52,086	22,575	24,254	--	2,370	--
1971	1,043	131,854	11,629	3,501	66,558	26,442	30,103	1,667	262	--
1972	1,155	146,684	13,369	4,304	75,923	28,216	33,038	1,756	293	40
1973	1,347	158,202	14,614	4,810	85,431	31,139	34,656	1,854	283	--
1975	1,491	177,311	17,474	5,719	110,637	39,960	39,485	2,306	929	--
1976	2,039	165,182	15,194	4,907	105,907	36,156	35,210	2,532	330	--
1977	1,516	167,801	15,342	5,271	107,840	36,751	35,002	1,766	772	--
1978	1,236	134,634	12,407	4,719	86,921	29,314	28,005	2,017	1,248	--
1981	942	85,994	7,363	6,230	58,639	28,516	21,520	1,345	616	6,604
1982	808	74,242	6,067	3,165	48,985	26,886	19,766	998	536	--
1983	958	68,352	5,272	6,489	41,782	26,203	17,978	848	d	d
1984	904	70,891	5,895	3,441	45,826	28,201	18,891	983	776	21,919
1985	890	72,764	5,626	3,348	49,214	28,733	20,213	1,110	992	31,752
1986	1,186	73,226	6,262	3,099	54,560	30,328	23,449	1,075	--	16,943
1987	1,205	76,758	6,122	5,801	63,807	35,206	22,978	1,173	--	18,752
1988	1,419	72,224	6,388	7,131	68,623	34,443	23,073	785	16,817	--
1989	1,524	70,235	6,803	9,010	71,419	34,756	21,400	828	20,638	--
1990	1,734	73,585	7,431	10,294	74,501	37,737	22,158	866	7,455	--
1991	1,904	78,339	8,648	10,874	92,469	41,551	23,798	1,021	9,522	--
1992	2,277	89,818	9,872	12,763	96,895	46,952	27,264	1,070	13,640	--
1993	2,075	88,623	10,026	13,390	94,255	45,742	27,494	1,118	14,143	--
1994	2,066	86,645	10,520	15,531	84,705	47,820	30,958	1,116	15,794	--
1995	2,006	83,065	11,167	11,956	141,306	46,477	28,831	1,643	14,746	2,496
1996	1,836	81,209	11,530	12,206	142,776	45,960	27,983	1,588	18,274	2,590
1997	1,815	76,531	11,310	12,151	135,430	45,496	26,483	1,473	14,436	1,677
1998	1,801	76,698	12,413	13,118	141,847	47,517	27,148	1,466	13,744	1,500
1999	1,911	74,755	13,389	13,842	146,754	49,869	26,981	1,416	10,252	1,441
2000	1,500	75,400	12,700	14,900	153,600	50,100	26,200	1,700	9,300	1,300
2001	2,200	82,500	15,600	16,300	162,100	54,600	28,300	d	10,000	1,800
2002	2,491	85,252	15,976	16,412	186,923	62,519	30,591	1,609	1,866	8,984
2003	2,408	85,896	17,084	16,968	199,014	64,369	32,007	1,622	1,871	7,796
2004	2,479	85,449	18,045	16,869	210,315	64,566	32,562	1,709	1,909	9,275
2005	2,501	89,247	19,094	18,317	226,914	66,712	33,998	1,783	1,989	9,064
2006	2,405	85,636	18,655	18,414	225,179	65,320	32,577	1,731	1,862	9,877

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Percent				
1960	100.0	0.4	2.6	5.2	--	8.3	--	--	8.5
1961	100.0	0.6	2.5	5.4	--	9.6	--	--	8.3
1962	100.0	0.7	3.3	5.3	--	13.0	--	--	9.6
1963	100.0	0.7	3.4	4.8	2.9	10.9	--	--	11.2
1967	100.0	--	3.5	3.5	6.4	11.4	--	--	10.7
1968	100.0	0.8	3.4	3.1	7.7	12.7	--	--	11.1
1969	100.0	0.9	3.5	2.9	8.3	12.5	--	--	10.4
1970	100.0	1.0	3.8	2.5	8.1	11.0	--	--	10.3
1971	100.0	1.0	3.8	2.0	7.6	10.3	--	--	9.5
1972	100.0	0.9	3.8	1.9	7.0	9.9	--	--	9.6
1973	100.0	1.1	3.7	1.6	6.2	9.6	--	--	10.3
1975	100.0	1.1	3.9	1.3	5.5	11.4	--	--	10.1
1976	100.0	1.1	3.8	1.1	5.4	11.5	--	--	10.5
1977	100.0	1.2	3.8	1.0	5.6	12.5	--	--	10.5
1978	100.0	1.3	3.6	1.0	5.9	11.7	--	--	11.8
1981	100.0	0.9	4.2	0.7	5.9	10.3	--	--	16.0
1982	100.0	0.8	4.4	0.8	5.6	10.6	--	--	17.1
1983	100.0	0.9	4.8	2.2	5.0	16.3	--	--	16.8
1984	100.0	0.7	4.0	0.9	4.5	17.9	--	--	16.5
1985	100.0	0.7	4.5	0.8	4.4	18.2	--	--	14.6
1986	100.0	0.5	5.1	0.7	0.9	29.7	--	--	12.8
1987	100.0	0.2	5.1	1.1	5.0	19.5	--	--	13.3
1988	100.0	0.1	3.5	0.7	5.1	20.9	--	--	13.2
1989	100.0	0.1	3.4	0.9	5.1	20.8	--	--	14.2
1990	100.0	0.1	3.5	4.7	4.8	22.5	--	--	14.1
1991	100.0	0.1	3.7	5.3	4.5	23.5	--	--	12.9
1992	100.0	0.1	4.7	6.2	3.9	25.8	--	--	12.1
1993	100.0	0.1	4.9	5.9	3.7	26.1	--	--	12.6
1994	100.0	0.1	5.0	5.7	3.6	24.8	--	--	14.1

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent					
1960	0.2	26.9	1.7	0.5	8.2	15.4	7.9	0.2	e	13.7
1961	0.2	25.7	1.5	0.6	8.3	16.0	7.2	0.3	e	13.8
1962	0.3	28.6	2.1	0.7	11.8	15.8	8.2	0.4	0.2	--
1963	0.3	29.6	2.0	0.8	9.7	14.6	8.5	0.3	0.3	--
1967	--	26.2	2.5	--	13.2	12.3	7.9	--	2.4	--
1968	--	24.5	2.4	0.9	13.2	12.6	6.8	--	0.9	--
1969	--	30.7	2.5	0.8	13.7	6.4	6.7	--	0.7	--
1970	--	31.1	2.6	0.8	14.9	6.4	6.9	--	0.7	--
1971	0.3	31.7	2.8	0.8	16.0	6.4	7.2	0.4	0.1	--
1972	0.3	32.2	2.9	0.9	16.7	6.2	7.3	0.4	0.1	e
1973	0.3	32.2	3.0	1.0	17.4	6.3	7.0	0.4	0.1	--
1975	0.3	29.9	3.0	1.0	18.7	6.7	6.7	0.4	0.2	--
1976	0.4	30.0	2.8	0.9	19.2	6.6	6.4	0.5	0.1	--
1977	0.3	29.5	2.7	0.9	19.0	6.5	6.2	0.3	0.1	--
1978	0.3	29.0	2.7	1.0	18.7	6.3	6.0	0.4	0.3	--
1981	0.3	24.4	2.1	1.8	16.7	8.1	6.1	0.4	0.2	1.9
1982	0.3	24.9	2.0	1.1	16.4	9.0	6.6	0.3	0.2	--
1983	0.3	21.9	1.7	2.1	13.4	8.4	5.8	0.3	d	d
1984	0.3	19.8	1.7	1.0	12.8	7.9	5.3	0.3	0.2	6.1
1985	0.2	19.3	1.5	0.9	13.0	7.6	5.4	0.3	0.3	8.4
1986	0.3	17.6	1.5	0.7	13.1	7.3	5.6	0.3	--	4.1
1987	0.3	18.5	1.5	1.4	15.3	8.5	5.5	0.3	--	4.5
1988	0.3	17.6	1.6	1.7	16.8	8.4	5.6	0.2	4.1	--
1989	0.4	16.5	1.6	2.1	16.8	8.2	5.0	0.2	4.8	--
1990	0.4	15.7	1.6	2.2	15.9	8.1	4.7	0.2	1.6	--
1991	0.4	14.6	1.6	2.0	17.2	7.7	4.4	0.2	1.8	--
1992	0.4	14.1	1.6	2.0	15.2	7.4	4.3	0.2	2.1	--
1993	0.3	14.0	1.6	2.1	14.8	7.2	4.3	0.2	2.2	--
1994	0.3	13.7	1.7	2.5	13.4	7.6	4.9	0.2	2.5	--

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
				Percent (cont.)					
1995	100.0	0.1	5.2	4.3	4.3	22.9	2.6	20.3	10.0
1996	100.0	0.1	5.4	3.7	4.4	21.1	2.3	18.9	10.1
1997	100.0	0.1	5.8	2.6	4.4	20.9	2.2	18.7	10.6
1998	100.0	0.1	6.0	2.1	4.3	21.6	2.4	19.2	10.5
1999	100.0	0.1	6.0	1.9	4.2	22.4	2.7	19.7	10.6
2000	100.0	0.1	2.8	1.8	4.7	23.4	2.9	20.6	10.4
2001	100.0	d	2.9	1.7	3.8	25.5	3.4	22.1	9.4
2002	100.0	0.2	3.0	1.5	3.9	25.4	3.1	22.3	9.6
2003	100.0	0.2	3.1	1.4	3.8	25.4	2.6	22.8	9.4
2004	100.0	0.2	3.1	1.4	3.8	24.8	2.6	22.2	9.5
2005	100.0	0.1	3.3	1.3	3.8	24.2	2.6	21.6	10.1
2006	100.0	0.1	3.4	1.3	3.9	23.2	2.5	20.7	10.3

(Continued)

Table 40.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, selected years 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent (cont.)					
1995	0.3	12.9	1.7	1.9	21.9	7.2	4.5	0.3	2.3	0.4
1996	0.3	13.0	1.8	2.0	22.9	7.4	4.5	0.3	2.9	0.4
1997	0.3	13.0	1.9	2.1	23.0	7.7	4.5	0.3	2.5	0.3
1998	0.3	12.6	2.0	2.2	23.3	7.8	4.5	0.2	2.3	0.2
1999	0.3	12.0	2.2	2.2	23.6	8.0	4.3	0.2	1.7	0.2
2000	0.2	12.3	2.1	2.4	25.2	8.2	4.3	0.3	1.5	0.2
2001	0.3	12.5	2.4	2.5	24.5	8.2	4.3	d	1.5	0.3
2002	0.3	11.7	2.2	2.2	25.6	8.6	4.2	0.2	0.3	1.2
2003	0.3	11.4	2.3	2.2	26.3	8.5	4.2	0.2	0.2	1.0
2004	0.3	11.0	2.3	2.2	27.1	8.3	4.2	0.2	0.2	1.2
2005	0.3	10.9	2.3	2.2	27.6	8.1	4.1	0.2	0.2	1.1
2006	0.3	10.7	2.3	2.3	28.2	8.2	4.1	0.2	0.2	1.2

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Data from 1964 to 1966 are not available. Before 1995, diagnostic data for cases awarded at the appeals levels were estimated on the basis of the diagnosis of cases allowed at the initial disability determination level.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

-- = not available.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Mental retardation was not identified separately before 1995.

c. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

d. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

e. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1975	183,493	3,712	6,511	3,357	17,945	42,119	--	--	15,588
1981	123,090	1,945	5,188	1,209	13,327	24,633	--	--	15,017
1982	109,279	1,579	4,739	1,096	11,088	21,654	--	--	14,581
1983	120,606	1,429	5,630	3,759	10,036	35,331	--	--	14,827
1984	140,792	1,375	5,750	1,528	9,535	43,680	--	--	16,173
1985	158,152	1,438	7,534	1,510	10,357	49,313	--	--	16,857
1986	188,355	1,202	10,816	1,534	1,882	89,821	--	--	16,318
1987	184,481	498	12,405	3,262	13,064	58,970	--	--	17,595
1988	183,017	326	5,848	1,383	12,590	63,282	--	--	16,859
1989	189,708	311	6,088	2,497	12,761	64,093	--	--	19,298
1990	215,381	317	7,190	19,290	12,929	77,901	--	--	21,597
1991	255,448	384	8,949	24,838	13,892	94,345	--	--	23,162
1992	313,175	404	15,349	34,766	13,691	125,609	--	--	26,485
1993	312,619	350	15,550	33,072	12,690	126,586	--	--	27,841
1994	292,987	384	15,107	31,210	11,563	116,812	--	--	30,791
1995	308,624	472	14,963	23,736	15,325	108,516	13,731	94,785	22,367
1996	294,077	513	15,013	19,633	15,674	95,089	11,661	83,428	21,940
1997	265,019	435	14,667	12,361	14,401	85,486	10,679	74,807	21,245
1998	273,282	462	15,768	9,817	14,321	90,072	11,880	78,192	22,093
1999	259,680	370	15,426	8,667	13,399	86,642	9,341	77,301	21,960
2000	269,800	d	6,000	6,900	16,200	98,300	14,400	83,900	21,100
2001	296,800	d	7,300	8,900	12,900	118,700	20,200	98,500	20,600
2002	322,539	796	7,875	7,677	13,952	128,791	19,544	109,247	23,725
2003	325,723	857	7,944	7,559	13,716	130,964	16,605	114,359	23,381
2004	326,862	851	8,288	6,991	14,146	129,592	17,699	111,893	23,577
2005	338,815	877	8,909	6,892	14,806	132,116	18,193	113,923	26,130
2006	321,632	816	8,995	6,524	14,501	120,914	17,071	103,843	25,146

(Continued)

Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1975	748	30,293	5,856	2,534	30,635	17,326	5,459	954	456	--
1981	516	15,278	3,000	3,314	21,076	14,478	3,189	687	d	d
1982	416	14,309	2,761	1,740	17,889	13,882	2,757	538	250	--
1983	457	13,589	2,292	2,540	14,158	13,456	2,434	486	d	d
1984	537	13,508	2,304	1,711	14,295	14,041	2,463	475	270	13,147
1985	472	13,650	2,756	1,791	15,060	14,724	2,771	485	--	19,434
1986	688	13,946	3,020	1,684	17,148	16,295	3,043	537	--	10,421
1987	739	16,518	2,764	3,005	20,519	19,057	3,535	659	--	11,891
1988	867	15,535	3,158	4,257	23,285	18,364	3,771	457	13,035	--
1989	946	14,224	3,311	5,364	22,628	18,896	3,464	404	15,424	--
1990	1,094	15,157	3,693	6,171	22,068	20,627	3,538	428	3,381	--
1991	1,218	16,559	4,403	6,437	29,444	22,795	4,073	524	4,425	--
1992	1,478	18,775	5,182	7,595	26,347	26,120	4,599	573	6,202	--
1993	1,342	19,040	5,328	7,812	26,920	24,901	4,664	593	5,930	--
1994	1,278	16,949	5,537	8,840	17,918	25,350	4,929	572	5,747	--
1995	1,250	17,490	6,036	6,705	51,664	24,814	5,705	899	6,859	1,823
1996	1,118	17,608	6,308	6,872	54,008	24,412	5,747	945	9,197	--
1997	1,053	16,333	6,029	6,724	48,741	23,479	5,286	826	6,565	1,388
1998	1,072	16,607	6,683	7,066	50,426	24,297	5,517	851	7,000	1,230
1999	1,031	15,065	7,022	7,172	49,302	23,386	4,783	783	4,383	289
2000	d	15,900	6,900	8,500	51,900	25,000	5,400	d	4,700	--
2001	d	16,900	7,600	9,900	50,400	29,900	5,200	d	4,600	1,000
2002	1,481	18,348	7,999	8,649	58,796	31,571	6,221	877	945	4,836
2003	1,405	18,479	8,178	8,738	60,594	31,514	6,663	848	920	3,963
2004	1,429	17,862	8,375	8,441	63,432	31,142	6,537	937	925	4,337
2005	1,418	18,951	8,280	8,966	67,128	31,498	6,659	955	936	4,294
2006	1,367	18,174	7,889	8,993	65,964	30,019	6,402	892	866	4,170

(Continued)

Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Percent				
1975	100.0	2.0	3.5	1.8	9.8	23.0	--	--	8.5
1981	100.0	1.6	4.2	1.0	10.8	20.0	--	--	12.2
1982	100.0	1.4	4.3	1.0	10.1	19.8	--	--	13.3
1983	100.0	1.2	4.7	3.1	8.3	29.3	--	--	12.3
1984	100.0	1.0	4.1	1.1	6.8	31.0	--	--	11.5
1985	100.0	0.9	4.8	1.0	6.5	31.2	--	--	10.7
1986	100.0	0.6	5.7	0.8	1.0	47.7	--	--	8.7
1987	100.0	0.3	6.7	1.8	7.1	32.0	--	--	9.5
1988	100.0	0.2	3.2	0.8	6.9	34.6	--	--	9.2
1989	100.0	0.2	3.2	1.3	6.7	33.8	--	--	10.2
1990	100.0	0.1	3.3	9.0	6.0	36.2	--	--	10.0
1991	100.0	0.2	3.5	9.7	5.4	36.9	--	--	9.1
1992	100.0	0.1	4.9	11.1	4.4	40.1	--	--	8.5
1993	100.0	0.1	5.0	10.6	4.1	40.5	--	--	8.9
1994	100.0	0.1	5.2	10.7	3.9	39.9	--	--	10.5
1995	100.0	0.2	4.8	7.7	5.0	35.2	4.4	30.7	7.2
1996	100.0	0.2	5.1	6.7	5.3	32.3	4.0	28.4	7.5
1997	100.0	0.2	5.5	4.7	5.4	32.3	4.0	28.2	8.0
1998	100.0	0.2	5.8	3.6	5.2	33.0	4.3	28.6	8.1
1999	100.0	0.1	5.9	3.3	5.2	33.4	3.6	29.8	8.5
2000	100.0	d	2.2	2.6	6.0	36.5	5.4	31.2	7.8
2001	100.0	d	2.5	3.0	4.3	40.0	6.8	33.2	6.9
2002	100.0	0.2	2.4	2.4	4.3	39.9	6.1	33.9	7.4
2003	100.0	0.3	2.4	2.3	4.2	40.2	5.1	35.1	7.2
2004	100.0	0.3	2.5	2.1	4.3	39.6	5.4	34.2	7.2
2005	100.0	0.3	2.6	2.0	4.4	39.0	5.4	33.6	7.7
2006	100.0	0.3	2.8	2.0	4.5	37.6	5.3	32.3	7.8

(Continued)

Table 41.
Distribution of workers under age 50, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent					
1975	0.4	16.5	3.2	1.4	16.7	9.4	3.0	0.5	0.2	--
1981	0.4	12.4	2.4	2.7	17.1	11.8	2.6	0.6	d	d
1982	0.4	13.1	2.5	1.6	16.4	12.7	2.5	0.5	0.2	--
1983	0.4	11.3	1.9	2.1	11.7	11.2	2.0	0.4	d	d
1984	0.4	9.6	1.6	1.2	10.2	10.0	1.7	0.3	0.2	9.3
1985	0.3	8.6	1.7	1.1	9.5	9.3	1.8	0.3	--	12.3
1986	0.4	7.4	1.6	0.9	9.1	8.7	1.6	0.3	--	5.5
1987	0.4	9.0	1.5	1.6	11.1	10.3	1.9	0.4	--	6.4
1988	0.5	8.5	1.7	2.3	12.7	10.0	2.1	0.2	7.1	--
1989	0.5	7.5	1.7	2.8	11.9	10.0	1.8	0.2	8.1	--
1990	0.5	7.0	1.7	2.9	10.2	9.6	1.6	0.2	1.6	--
1991	0.5	6.5	1.7	2.5	11.5	8.9	1.6	0.2	1.7	--
1992	0.5	6.0	1.7	2.4	8.4	8.3	1.5	0.2	2.0	--
1993	0.4	6.1	1.7	2.5	8.6	8.0	1.5	0.2	1.9	--
1994	0.4	5.8	1.9	3.0	6.1	8.7	1.7	0.2	2.0	--
1995	0.4	5.7	2.0	2.2	16.7	8.0	1.8	0.3	2.2	0.6
1996	0.4	6.0	2.1	2.3	18.4	8.3	2.0	0.3	3.1	--
1997	0.4	6.2	2.3	2.5	18.4	8.9	2.0	0.3	2.5	0.5
1998	0.4	6.1	2.4	2.6	18.5	8.9	2.0	0.3	2.6	0.5
1999	0.4	5.8	2.7	2.8	19.0	9.0	1.8	0.3	1.7	0.1
2000	d	5.9	2.6	3.2	19.3	9.3	2.0	d	1.7	--
2001	d	5.7	2.6	3.3	17.0	10.1	1.8	d	1.6	0.3
2002	0.5	5.7	2.5	2.7	18.2	9.8	1.9	0.3	0.3	1.5
2003	0.4	5.7	2.5	2.7	18.6	9.7	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.2
2004	0.4	5.5	2.6	2.6	19.4	9.5	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.3
2005	0.4	5.6	2.4	2.6	19.8	9.3	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.3
2006	0.4	5.7	2.5	2.8	20.5	9.3	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.3

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Before 1995, diagnostic data for cases awarded at the appeals levels were estimated on the basis of the diagnosis of cases allowed at the initial disability determination level.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

-- = not available.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Mental retardation was not identified separately before 1995.

c. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

d. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Number				
1975	408,556	2,864	16,665	4,222	14,396	25,094	--	--	44,264
1981	222,162	1,173	9,580	1,387	7,541	11,685	--	--	41,393
1982	189,252	853	8,448	1,216	5,529	9,877	--	--	36,418
1983	190,884	1,398	9,274	2,971	5,610	15,302	--	--	37,552
1984	216,348	1,064	8,668	1,657	6,654	20,398	--	--	42,931
1985	219,219	1,042	9,442	1,475	6,201	19,297	--	--	38,263
1986	228,510	751	10,444	1,202	1,747	34,162	--	--	36,858
1987	231,367	289	8,709	1,414	7,825	22,271	--	--	37,744
1988	226,473	224	8,665	1,419	8,432	22,474	--	--	37,085
1989	235,874	223	8,191	1,276	8,770	24,407	--	--	41,054
1990	252,596	194	9,065	2,733	9,386	27,272	--	--	44,342
1991	280,986	191	10,982	3,407	10,237	31,839	--	--	46,082
1992	323,462	215	14,555	4,487	11,351	38,484	--	--	50,690
1993	322,619	193	15,312	4,378	10,516	39,459	--	--	52,425
1994	338,833	218	16,425	4,877	10,997	39,891	--	--	58,440
1995	337,021	250	18,407	4,257	12,241	39,384	2,950	36,434	42,034
1996	330,177	264	18,819	3,691	11,942	36,933	2,401	34,532	41,381
1997	322,681	219	19,140	2,966	11,529	37,415	2,209	35,206	41,034
1998	335,100	214	20,605	2,863	11,605	41,430	2,626	38,804	41,880
1999	360,879	275	21,549	3,076	12,526	52,338	7,267	45,071	43,721
2000	340,900	d	11,100	3,800	12,500	44,900	3,200	41,700	42,500
2001	365,100	d	12,200	2,300	12,500	49,900	2,300	47,600	41,400
2002	407,844	317	13,955	3,289	14,217	56,522	2,808	53,714	46,644
2003	429,983	295	15,463	3,320	14,896	60,715	2,733	57,982	47,561
2004	448,382	315	16,053	3,519	15,434	63,240	2,780	60,460	50,060
2005	482,392	337	18,060	3,642	16,213	66,433	2,972	63,461	57,173
2006	477,043	354	18,277	3,641	16,730	64,121	2,771	61,350	57,000

(Continued)

Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Number					
1975	743	147,018	11,618	3,185	80,002	22,634	34,026	1,352	473	--
1981	426	70,716	4,363	2,916	37,563	14,038	18,331	658	d	d
1982	392	59,933	3,306	1,425	31,096	13,004	17,009	460	287	--
1983	501	54,763	2,980	3,949	27,624	12,747	15,544	362	d	d
1984	367	57,383	3,591	1,730	31,531	14,160	16,428	508	506	8,772
1985	418	59,114	2,870	1,557	34,154	14,009	17,442	625	--	13,310
1986	498	59,280	3,242	1,415	37,412	14,033	20,406	538	--	6,522
1987	466	60,240	3,358	2,796	43,288	16,149	19,443	514	--	6,861
1988	552	56,689	3,230	2,874	45,338	16,079	19,302	328	3,782	--
1989	578	56,011	3,492	3,646	48,791	15,860	17,936	424	5,216	--
1990	640	58,428	3,738	4,123	52,433	17,110	18,620	438	4,074	--
1991	686	61,780	4,245	4,437	63,025	18,756	19,725	497	5,097	--
1992	799	71,043	4,690	5,168	70,548	20,832	22,665	497	7,438	--
1993	733	69,583	4,698	5,578	67,335	20,841	22,830	525	8,213	--
1994	788	69,696	4,983	6,691	66,787	22,470	26,029	544	10,047	--
1995	756	65,575	5,131	5,251	89,642	21,663	23,126	744	8,560	--
1996	718	63,601	5,222	5,334	88,768	21,548	22,236	643	9,077	--
1997	762	60,198	5,281	5,427	86,689	22,017	21,197	647	7,871	289
1998	729	60,091	5,730	6,052	91,421	23,200	21,631	615	6,744	290
1999	880	59,690	6,367	6,670	97,452	26,483	22,198	633	5,869	1,152
2000	d	59,500	5,800	6,400	101,700	25,100	20,800	d	4,600	600
2001	d	65,600	8,000	6,400	111,700	24,700	23,100	d	5,400	800
2002	1,010	66,904	7,977	7,763	128,127	30,948	24,370	732	921	4,148
2003	1,003	67,417	8,906	8,230	138,420	32,855	25,344	774	951	3,833
2004	1,050	67,587	9,670	8,428	146,883	33,424	26,025	772	984	4,938
2005	1,083	70,296	10,814	9,351	159,786	35,214	27,339	828	1,053	4,770
2006	1,038	67,462	10,766	9,421	159,215	35,301	26,175	839	996	5,707

(Continued)

Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006—*Continued*

Year	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases [a]	Injuries	Mental disorders [b]			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
					Percent				
1975	100.0	0.7	4.1	1.0	3.5	6.1	--	--	10.8
1981	100.0	0.5	4.3	0.6	3.4	5.3	--	--	18.6
1982	100.0	0.5	4.5	0.6	2.9	5.2	--	--	19.2
1983	100.0	0.7	4.9	1.6	2.9	8.0	--	--	19.7
1984	100.0	0.5	4.0	0.8	3.1	9.4	--	--	19.8
1985	100.0	0.5	4.3	0.7	2.8	8.8	--	--	17.5
1986	100.0	0.3	4.6	0.5	0.8	14.9	--	--	16.1
1987	100.0	0.1	3.8	0.6	3.4	9.6	--	--	16.3
1988	100.0	0.1	3.8	0.6	3.7	9.9	--	--	16.4
1989	100.0	0.1	3.5	0.5	3.7	10.3	--	--	17.4
1990	100.0	0.1	3.6	1.1	3.7	10.8	--	--	17.6
1991	100.0	0.1	3.9	1.2	3.6	11.3	--	--	16.4
1992	100.0	0.1	4.5	1.4	3.5	11.9	--	--	15.7
1993	100.0	0.1	4.7	1.4	3.3	12.2	--	--	16.2
1994	100.0	0.1	4.8	1.4	3.2	11.8	--	--	17.2
1995	100.0	0.1	5.5	1.3	3.6	11.7	0.9	10.8	12.5
1996	100.0	0.1	5.7	1.1	3.6	11.2	0.7	10.5	12.5
1997	100.0	0.1	5.9	0.9	3.6	11.6	0.7	10.9	12.7
1998	100.0	0.1	6.1	0.9	3.5	12.4	0.8	11.6	12.5
1999	100.0	0.1	6.0	0.9	3.5	14.5	2.0	12.5	12.1
2000	100.0	d	3.3	1.1	3.7	13.2	0.9	12.2	12.5
2001	100.0	d	3.3	0.6	3.4	13.7	0.6	13.0	11.3
2002	100.0	0.1	3.4	0.8	3.5	13.9	0.7	13.2	11.4
2003	100.0	0.1	3.6	0.8	3.5	14.1	0.6	13.5	11.1
2004	100.0	0.1	3.6	0.8	3.4	14.1	0.6	13.5	11.2
2005	100.0	0.1	3.7	0.8	3.4	13.8	0.6	13.2	11.9
2006	100.0	0.1	3.8	0.8	3.5	13.5	0.6	12.9	11.9

(Continued)

Table 42.
Distribution of workers aged 50 or older, by diagnostic group, selected years 1975–2006—*Continued*

Year	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown [c]
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circu-latory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respi-ratory system	Skin and subcuta-neous tissue		
					Percent					
1975	0.2	36.0	2.8	0.8	19.6	5.5	8.3	0.3	0.1	--
1981	0.2	31.8	2.0	1.3	16.9	6.3	8.3	0.3	d	d
1982	0.2	31.7	1.7	0.8	16.4	6.9	9.0	0.2	0.2	--
1983	0.3	28.7	1.6	2.1	14.5	6.7	8.1	0.2	d	d
1984	0.2	26.5	1.7	0.8	14.6	6.5	7.6	0.2	0.2	4.1
1985	0.2	27.0	1.3	0.7	15.6	6.4	8.0	0.3	--	6.1
1986	0.2	25.9	1.4	0.6	16.4	6.1	8.9	0.2	--	2.9
1987	0.2	26.0	1.5	1.2	18.7	7.0	8.4	0.2	--	3.0
1988	0.2	25.0	1.4	1.3	20.0	7.1	8.5	0.1	1.7	--
1989	0.2	23.7	1.5	1.5	20.7	6.7	7.6	0.2	2.2	--
1990	0.3	23.1	1.5	1.6	20.8	6.8	7.4	0.2	1.6	--
1991	0.2	22.0	1.5	1.6	22.4	6.7	7.0	0.2	1.8	--
1992	0.2	22.0	1.4	1.6	21.8	6.4	7.0	0.2	2.3	--
1993	0.2	21.6	1.5	1.7	20.9	6.5	7.1	0.2	2.5	--
1994	0.2	20.6	1.5	2.0	19.7	6.6	7.7	0.2	3.0	--
1995	0.2	19.5	1.5	1.6	26.6	6.4	6.9	0.2	2.5	--
1996	0.2	19.3	1.6	1.6	26.9	6.5	6.7	0.2	2.7	--
1997	0.2	18.7	1.6	1.7	26.9	6.8	6.6	0.2	2.4	0.1
1998	0.2	17.9	1.7	1.8	27.3	6.9	6.5	0.2	2.0	0.1
1999	0.2	16.5	1.8	1.8	27.0	7.3	6.2	0.2	1.6	0.3
2000	d	17.5	1.7	1.9	29.8	7.4	6.1	d	1.3	0.2
2001	d	18.0	2.2	1.8	30.6	6.8	6.3	d	1.5	0.2
2002	0.2	16.4	2.0	1.9	31.4	7.6	6.0	0.2	0.2	1.0
2003	0.2	15.7	2.1	1.9	32.2	7.6	5.9	0.2	0.2	0.9
2004	0.2	15.1	2.2	1.9	32.8	7.5	5.8	0.2	0.2	1.1
2005	0.2	14.6	2.2	1.9	33.1	7.3	5.7	0.2	0.2	1.0
2006	0.2	14.1	2.3	2.0	33.4	7.4	5.5	0.2	0.2	1.2

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Before 1995, diagnostic data for cases awarded at the appeals levels were estimated on the basis of the diagnosis of cases allowed at the initial disability determination level.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

-- = not available.

a. AIDS and HIV records are counted in "Infectious and parasitic diseases." Before 1990, they were included in "Other."

b. Mental retardation was not identified separately before 1995.

c. Beginning with 2002, several ill-defined impairment codes were reclassified and added to "Unknown."

d. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

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Table 43.
Average primary insurance amount and average monthly benefit, by sex, selected years 1960–2006 (in dollars)

Year	Average primary insurance amount			Average monthly benefit		
	All disabled workers	Men	Women	All disabled workers	Men	Women
1960	--	--	--	91.20	94.00	78.90
1965 (Jan.–Aug.)	--	--	--	93.30	97.90	80.30
1965 (Sept.–Dec.)	--	--	--	101.30	106.50	86.80
1970	--	--	--	139.80	148.40	115.70
1975	--	--	--	241.20	263.80	190.90
1980	--	--	--	406.30	449.40	308.50
1985	--	--	--	475.60	530.40	363.70
1986	--	--	--	473.80	531.50	357.40
1987	--	--	--	506.00	573.20	381.60
1988	--	--	--	297.40	321.20	263.50
1989	--	--	--	562.10	634.40	429.90
1990	--	--	--	594.20	667.90	465.80
1991	--	--	--	605.50	685.20	470.60
1992	--	--	--	621.90	699.80	494.20
1993	--	--	--	639.80	720.10	507.70
1994	--	--	--	672.80	757.70	535.00
1995	--	--	--	687.70	786.90	549.00
1996	734.00	836.40	595.70	709.10	807.90	575.60
1997	752.00	855.40	623.50	728.10	824.00	608.80
1998	771.30	879.50	639.50	746.30	846.80	623.80
1999	813.20	922.30	674.70	787.80	890.70	657.10
2000	856.80	975.30	718.70	833.70	947.70	700.90
2001	891.60	1,019.60	739.00	867.70	989.30	722.60
2002	923.90	1,053.00	772.10	898.60	1,021.70	753.90
2003	963.10	1,096.70	805.90	937.50	1,064.90	787.60
2004	994.00	1,130.30	835.70	968.50	1,098.60	817.40
2005	1,026.40	1,164.30	867.20	1,001.50	1,133.30	849.30
2006	1,055.30	1,195.10	896.10	1,030.90	1,164.50	878.60

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; from 2000 to 2001, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 1 percent sample; data after 2001 are 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude closed period awards in 2002 and 2003 and expedited reinstatement cases since 2002.

Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

-- = not available.

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Table 44.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, sex, and age, 2006

Diagnostic group	Total				Men				Women			
	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
						Number						
Total	798,675	83,829	237,803	477,043	425,285	44,499	120,506	260,280	373,390	39,330	117,297	216,763
Congenital anomalies	1,170	480	336	354	620	251	164	205	550	229	172	149
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	27,272	1,749	7,246	18,277	14,345	809	3,660	9,876	12,927	940	3,586	8,401
Infectious and parasitic diseases	10,165	1,345	5,179	3,641	7,129	941	3,822	2,366	3,036	404	1,357	1,275
Injuries	31,231	4,655	9,846	16,730	20,723	3,352	6,694	10,677	10,508	1,303	3,152	6,053
Mental disorders												
Retardation	19,842	9,939	7,132	2,771	12,087	5,973	4,409	1,705	7,755	3,966	2,723	1,066
Other	165,193	36,062	67,781	61,350	77,718	18,655	30,023	29,040	87,475	17,407	37,758	32,310
Neoplasms	82,146	4,042	21,104	57,000	42,603	2,058	9,621	30,924	39,543	1,984	11,483	26,076
Diseases of the—												
Blood and blood-forming organs	2,405	653	714	1,038	1,143	296	304	543	1,262	357	410	495
Circulatory system	85,636	2,175	15,999	67,462	58,330	1,192	10,237	46,901	27,306	983	5,762	20,561
Digestive system	18,655	1,199	6,690	10,766	11,315	516	3,941	6,858	7,340	683	2,749	3,908
Genitourinary system	18,414	2,415	6,578	9,421	11,286	1,303	4,033	5,950	7,128	1,112	2,545	3,471
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	225,179	7,872	58,092	159,215	111,421	3,588	29,092	78,741	113,758	4,284	29,000	80,474
Nervous system and sense organs	65,320	8,995	21,024	35,301	33,123	4,558	10,007	18,558	32,197	4,437	11,017	16,743
Respiratory system	32,577	747	5,655	26,175	16,753	296	2,484	13,973	15,824	451	3,171	12,202
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,731	243	649	839	798	98	311	389	933	145	338	450
Other	1,862	228	638	996	888	109	294	485	974	119	344	511
Unknown	9,877	1,030	3,140	5,707	5,003	504	1,410	3,089	4,874	526	1,730	2,618

(Continued)

Table 44.
Distribution, by diagnostic group, sex, and age, 2006—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total				Men				Women			
	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
	Percent											
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.4	2.1	3.0	3.8	3.4	1.8	3.0	3.8	3.5	2.4	3.1	3.9
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.3	1.6	2.2	0.8	1.7	2.1	3.2	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.2	0.6
Injuries	3.9	5.6	4.1	3.5	4.9	7.5	5.6	4.1	2.8	3.3	2.7	2.8
Mental disorders												
Retardation	2.5	11.9	3.0	0.6	2.8	13.4	3.7	0.7	2.1	10.1	2.3	0.5
Other	20.7	43.0	28.5	12.9	18.3	41.9	24.9	11.2	23.4	44.3	32.2	14.9
Neoplasms	10.3	4.8	8.9	11.9	10.0	4.6	8.0	11.9	10.6	5.0	9.8	12.0
Diseases of the—												
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.3	0.2
Circulatory system	10.7	2.6	6.7	14.1	13.7	2.7	8.5	18.0	7.3	2.5	4.9	9.5
Digestive system	2.3	1.4	2.8	2.3	2.7	1.2	3.3	2.6	2.0	1.7	2.3	1.8
Genitourinary system	2.3	2.9	2.8	2.0	2.7	2.9	3.3	2.3	1.9	2.8	2.2	1.6
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	28.2	9.4	24.4	33.4	26.2	8.1	24.1	30.3	30.5	10.9	24.7	37.1
Nervous system and sense organs	8.2	10.7	8.8	7.4	7.8	10.2	8.3	7.1	8.6	11.3	9.4	7.7
Respiratory system	4.1	0.9	2.4	5.5	3.9	0.7	2.1	5.4	4.2	1.1	2.7	5.6
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2
Other	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Unknown	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

Effective 2001, the Social Security Administration initiated a special review of 130,000 Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients who are potentially eligible for Social Security disability benefits because of earnings while receiving SSI. Many of these claims awarded since 2001 were for individuals under the age of 35 who were diagnosed with a mental disorder.

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Table 45.
Distribution, by monthly benefit and sex, 2006

Monthly benefit (dollars)	All disabled workers		Men		Women	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	798,675	100.0	425,285	100.0	373,390	100.0
Less than 100.00	4,336	0.5	2,327	0.5	2,009	0.5
100.00–199.90	7,349	0.9	2,679	0.6	4,670	1.3
200.00–299.90	20,740	2.6	7,460	1.8	13,280	3.6
300.00–399.90	27,286	3.4	9,745	2.3	17,541	4.7
400.00–499.90	30,292	3.8	10,865	2.6	19,427	5.2
500.00–599.90	34,494	4.3	12,642	3.0	21,852	5.9
600.00–699.90	78,456	9.8	28,512	6.7	49,944	13.4
700.00–799.90	80,639	10.1	32,071	7.5	48,568	13.0
800.00–899.90	74,087	9.3	32,495	7.6	41,592	11.1
900.00–999.90	66,815	8.4	32,355	7.6	34,460	9.2
1,000.00–1,099.90	59,220	7.4	31,443	7.4	27,777	7.4
1,100.00–1,199.90	52,608	6.6	30,275	7.1	22,333	6.0
1,200.00–1,299.90	45,668	5.7	28,818	6.8	16,850	4.5
1,300.00–1,399.90	38,143	4.8	25,458	6.0	12,685	3.4
1,400.00–1,499.90	32,491	4.1	22,578	5.3	9,913	2.7
1,500.00–1,599.90	27,477	3.4	19,981	4.7	7,496	2.0
1,600.00–1,699.90	25,408	3.2	19,164	4.5	6,244	1.7
1,700.00–1,799.90	35,531	4.4	27,670	6.5	7,861	2.1
1,800.00–1,899.90	24,799	3.1	20,269	4.8	4,530	1.2
1,900.00–1,999.90	17,049	2.1	14,568	3.4	2,481	0.7
2,000.00 or more	15,787	2.0	13,910	3.3	1,877	0.5
Average benefit (dollars)	1,030.90		1,164.50		878.60	

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases.

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Table 46.
Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly family benefit, by family composition, 2006

Family composition	Number of families	Number of beneficiaries	Average primary insurance amount (dollars)	Average monthly family benefit [a] (dollars)	Percentage of families receiving maximum family benefit [b]
Worker only					
Men	331,482	331,482	1,190.30	1,161.00	10.8
Women	308,491	308,491	894.70	877.20	22.6
Worker with children					
By sex of worker					
Men	73,692	198,248	1,181.60	1,688.20	85.9
Women	61,546	163,990	899.30	1,220.90	89.1
By number of children					
1 child	72,451	144,902	1,071.30	1,482.20	84.7
2 children	42,100	126,300	1,053.20	1,500.60	90.4
3 or more children	20,687	91,036	989.20	1,401.10	90.8
Worker with—					
Spouse aged 62 or older [c]	5,846	11,715	1,533.60	1,825.50	8.5
Spouse aged 62 or older and 1 or more children	170	552	1,393.40	2,244.40	67.1
Spouse and 1 child	4,060	12,184	1,253.00	1,828.20	86.7
Spouse and 2 children	4,198	16,792	1,203.60	1,749.00	88.4
Spouse and 3 or more children	3,397	18,976	1,147.00	1,656.70	88.5

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A family means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account. The data may understate the number of families with dependents because records of awards to dependents made in a different calendar year are not available for inclusion.

Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases; they include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

a. Benefits awarded before the December cost-of-living increase are converted to the December rates before averages are computed.

b. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

c. If the spouse is also entitled to a retired-worker benefit, only the benefit amount received as a spouse is included.

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Table 47.
Distribution, by family composition and age of worker, 2006

Family composition	Total, all ages	Under 30	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60 or older
					Number				
Worker only	639,973	38,598	20,224	28,120	47,436	79,268	126,817	171,172	128,338
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	6,016	0	0	2	5	32	137	828	5,012
Child in care	11,655	581	1,032	1,699	2,282	2,234	1,924	1,313	590
Children									
1 child	72,451	4,890	4,620	7,558	13,001	15,458	14,361	8,968	3,595
2 children	42,100	3,162	4,929	8,317	9,928	7,912	4,768	2,330	754
3 or more children	20,687	1,624	3,687	5,301	4,872	2,916	1,409	665	213
Families receiving maximum benefit [b]	234,693	31,471	19,458	28,470	37,461	38,092	35,716	29,362	14,663
					Percent				
Worker only	100.0	6.0	3.2	4.4	7.4	12.4	19.8	26.7	20.1
Worker with—									
Spouse									
Aged 62 or older [a]	100.0	0	0	c	0.1	0.5	2.3	13.8	83.3
Child in care	100.0	5.0	8.9	14.6	19.6	19.2	16.5	11.3	5.1
Children									
1 child	100.0	6.7	6.4	10.4	17.9	21.3	19.8	12.4	5.0
2 children	100.0	7.5	11.7	19.8	23.6	18.8	11.3	5.5	1.8
3 or more children	100.0	7.9	17.8	25.6	23.6	14.1	6.8	3.2	1.0
Families receiving maximum benefit [b]	29.6	64.4	56.4	55.8	48.3	35.3	23.9	15.8	10.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: A family means beneficiaries entitled on one worker's account. The data may understate the number of families with dependents because records of awards to dependents made in a different calendar year are not available for inclusion.

Data exclude expedited reinstatement cases; they include beneficiaries whose benefits are being withheld.

a. Includes spouses aged 62 or older with children.

b. Includes families and worker-only beneficiaries for whom the primary insurance amount is equal to the family maximum amount.

c. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 48.
Number, by reason for withholding benefit, December 2006

Reason	All beneficiaries	Workers and nondisabled dependents: Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19	Widow(er)s	Adult children of—: Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
Total	654,610	132,276	49,391	259,170	3,235	5,560	27,403	97,890	79,685
Address unknown	25,543	12,269	487	8,862	144	529	470	487	2,295
Determination of continuing disability pending	4,851	3,143	102	1,304	12	3	103	42	142
Recoupment of overpayment	17,824	8,150	837	7,749	156	343	129	120	340
Workers' compensation offset	4,903	1,648	355	2,788	33	. . .	79	. . .	. . .
Payee not determined	7,413	2,080	5	4,182	17	21	109	164	835
Substantial gainful activity	48,516	33,613	830	12,373	61	138	619	286	596
Imprisoned or confined	49,059	39,721	243	176	28	166	1,493	1,206	6,026
Entitled child not in care	9,415	. . .	9,415	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Beneficiary earnings	24,417	. . .	24,350	60	7	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Earnings of the other beneficiaries	206	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	206	. . .
Government pension offset	3,397	. . .	2,771	. . .	. . .	626	. . .	. . .	. . .
Technical entitlement	402,518	. . .	8,121	206,890	2,476	2,978	22,177	93,935	65,941
Other	56,548	31,652	1,875	14,786	301	756	2,224	1,444	3,510

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: These data represent the total number of beneficiaries with benefits withheld in December 2006 regardless of when their benefits were initially withheld.

. . . = not applicable.

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Table 49.
Number and rate, 1960–2006

Year	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1960	91,543	164	89,090	196	--	--	2,453	24
1961	118,842	160	115,546	187	--	--	3,296	27
1962	132,144	149	128,299	173	--	--	3,845	26
1963	143,008	144	137,850	167	--	--	5,158	31
1964	144,422	134	138,576	155	--	--	5,846	32
1965	163,276	138	156,648	159	--	--	6,628	33
1966	175,959	134	168,630	154	--	--	7,329	34
1967	218,077	153	208,899	175	--	--	9,178	40
1968	232,817	151	222,197	172	--	--	10,620	44
1969	263,191	159	251,269	180	--	--	11,922	46
1970	272,239	154	260,444	174	--	--	11,795	44
1971	278,092	144	266,471	162	--	--	11,621	41
1972	275,663	129	261,739	143	--	--	13,924	46
1973	317,237	136	304,792	151	--	--	12,445	39
1974	336,246	130	320,958	143	--	--	15,288	45
1975	344,727	121	329,532	132	--	--	15,195	42
1976	367,608	120	351,504	132	--	--	16,104	42
1977	418,394	129	401,334	141	--	--	17,060	42
1978	431,067	131	413,571	144	--	--	17,496	42
1979	441,101	133	422,503	147	--	--	18,598	43
1980	422,612	128	408,051	143	--	--	14,561	32
1981	449,669	139	434,187	156	--	--	15,482	33
1982	500,282	163	483,847	186	--	--	16,435	35
1983	473,327	155	453,621	177	--	--	19,706	40
1984	391,190	126	371,913	143	--	--	19,277	38
1985	357,006	112	339,984	128	--	--	17,022	32
1986	358,289	109	341,276	125	--	--	17,013	31
1987	365,004	109	347,948	125	--	--	17,056	30
1988	375,621	110	356,143	126	--	--	19,478	34
1989	371,128	107	351,402	121	--	--	19,726	34
1990	368,208	102	348,194	116	--	--	20,014	33
1991	369,026	97	351,303	110	--	--	17,723	29
1992	379,653	92	361,796	104	--	--	17,857	28
1993	391,159	89	372,317	100	--	--	18,842	29
1994	404,624	87	384,590	97	--	--	20,034	30

(Continued)

Table 49.
Number and rate, 1960–2006—*Continued*

Year	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1995	422,114	87	399,475	95	--	--	22,639	33
1996	420,756	83	396,980	91	--	--	23,776	34
1997	491,194	94	464,984	103	--	--	26,210	37
1998	436,244	81	409,489	87	--	--	26,755	38
1999	463,394	83	433,950	89	--	--	29,444	41
2000	493,651	86	460,351	91	--	--	33,300	46
2001	513,472	83	459,073	87	21,411	105	32,988	45
2002	535,465	82	479,364	87	21,379	103	34,722	47
2003	501,222	73	447,485	76	20,707	99	33,030	44
2004	525,418	73	470,017	76	23,572	112	31,829	42
2005	556,745	74	499,662	77	23,609	109	33,474	44
2006	569,146	73	511,128	75	23,599	107	34,419	44

SOURCES: Social Security Administration. For years before 2000, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*, based on the Master Beneficiary Record, various sampling rates; for 2000, Social Security Disability Insurance Beneficiaries, 100 percent data, and Annual Termination file, 100 percent data; from 2001 to 2003, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data; beginning in 2004, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data, and Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: The termination rate is the number of terminations per 1,000 beneficiaries in current-payment status.

Beginning in 2004, data include closed period awards.

-- = not available.

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Table 50.
Number, by reason for termination, 2006

Reason for termination	All beneficiaries	Workers and nondisabled dependents				Widow(er)s	Adult children of—		
		Workers	Spouses	Children under age 18	Students aged 18–19		Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers
Total	1,034,281	511,128	52,254	303,162	109,719	23,599	9,963	5,014	19,442
Death of beneficiary	230,060	201,774	1,623	740	66	6,851	664	3,266	15,076
Termination resulting from death of worker [a]	50,888	. . .	8,101	38,798	1,281	. . .	2,708	. . .	. . .
Attainment of age—									
18 by children	207,378	. . .	. . .	207,378	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
19 by students	18,952	. . .	. . .	. . .	18,952	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
FRA by disabled workers	258,810	226,858	21,513	6,287	365	. . .	3,787	. . .	. . .
FRA by disabled widow(er)s	15,910	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	15,910	. . .	. . .	. . .
Elected reduced retirement	2,121	2,121	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Termination of spouse's benefit because child attains age 16	14,337	. . .	14,337	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Marriage, remarriage, or divorce of beneficiary	6,703	. . .	1,763	2,069	195	8	855	471	1,342
Entitlement to an equal or larger Social Security benefit	2,312	. . .	994	196	2	327	151	289	353
Does not meet medical standards [b]	130,735	62,809	3,534	45,876	13,502	279	1,572	722	2,441
Medical improvement [c]	--	26,526	--	--	--	69	973	279	1,050
Work above substantial gainful activity [d]	--	36,242	--	--	--	210	585	438	1,381
Miscellaneous reasons [e]	--	41	--	--	--	0	14	5	10
Student no longer attending school	75,353	. . .	. . .	. . .	75,353	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
Other	20,722	17,566	389	1,818	3	224	226	266	230

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: These data represent the total number of beneficiaries whose benefits were terminated during the calendar year regardless of the effective date of the termination.

Data include closed period awards.

. . . = not applicable; FRA = full retirement age; -- = not available.

a. Beneficiaries are terminated from the Disability Insurance Trust Fund and start receiving benefits from the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund.

b. Dependents' benefits terminate when the disabled worker no longer meets the requirements for disability benefits. Disabled widow(er)s and disabled adult children of deceased or retired workers lose their benefits when they no longer meet the requirements for disability benefits.

c. Includes beneficiaries who medically improved, who did not cooperate during the medical review, or whose whereabouts are unknown.

d. Excludes disabled beneficiaries whose monthly benefits have been suspended because the beneficiaries are engaging in substantial gainful activity during the extended period of eligibility.

e. Includes beneficiaries who did not comply with alcohol or drug abuse treatment programs or who refused vocational rehabilitation services.

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Table 51.
Number and rate, by state or other area, 2006

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
All areas	569,146	73	511,128	75	23,599	107	34,419	44
Alabama	13,841	68	12,316	69	706	97	819	47
Alaska	837	74	778	76	22	90	37	47
Arizona	10,237	74	9,512	76	334	103	391	41
Arkansas	8,683	71	7,755	71	418	100	510	53
California	47,934	74	43,748	77	1,538	105	2,648	41
Colorado	6,132	73	5,657	75	220	122	255	42
Connecticut	5,534	71	4,988	74	178	112	368	39
Delaware	1,695	70	1,553	72	56	106	86	44
District of Columbia	963	81	877	86	36	151	50	37
Florida	37,161	82	34,175	84	1,342	111	1,644	47
Georgia	18,238	78	16,461	81	874	114	903	43
Hawaii	1,730	78	1,563	81	55	107	112	47
Idaho	2,458	70	2,236	71	90	105	132	47
Illinois	20,509	76	18,106	78	884	119	1,519	47
Indiana	12,836	75	11,346	76	554	110	936	54
Iowa	5,218	72	4,567	74	206	119	445	52
Kansas	4,860	77	4,328	78	172	107	360	58
Kentucky	12,615	66	10,963	66	785	109	867	52
Louisiana	10,244	74	8,758	76	661	117	825	47
Maine	3,176	59	2,879	60	118	93	179	38
Maryland	8,593	80	7,870	83	277	114	446	41
Massachusetts	11,546	64	10,422	66	348	100	776	42
Michigan	20,487	70	18,212	73	864	105	1,411	42
Minnesota	7,664	71	6,899	73	189	103	576	49
Mississippi	9,349	74	8,254	75	518	107	577	48
Missouri	14,188	74	12,682	75	634	111	872	52
Montana	1,908	78	1,724	80	58	95	126	57
Nebraska	2,993	77	2,705	80	93	109	195	45
Nevada	4,403	87	4,119	88	156	128	128	47
New Hampshire	2,571	65	2,326	65	93	120	152	51
New Jersey	14,270	78	12,970	82	478	113	822	41
New Mexico	3,730	69	3,389	71	140	108	201	45
New York	34,724	71	31,146	75	1,261	103	2,317	40
North Carolina	21,833	74	19,795	76	928	104	1,110	45
North Dakota	1,039	74	911	78	39	129	89	45
Ohio	22,308	75	19,632	78	1,052	111	1,624	46
Oklahoma	8,389	76	7,521	78	400	109	468	49
Oregon	6,798	77	6,226	79	242	111	330	44
Pennsylvania	25,176	70	22,370	72	1,084	107	1,722	43
Rhode Island	2,116	63	1,911	64	74	104	131	41

(Continued)

Table 51.
Number and rate, by state or other area, 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total		Workers		Widow(er)s		Adult children	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
South Carolina	11,495	74	10,355	76	565	107	575	42
South Dakota	1,336	76	1,171	78	51	130	114	54
Tennessee	15,941	73	14,198	75	854	108	889	47
Texas	35,122	75	31,759	77	1,468	97	1,895	43
Utah	2,692	74	2,410	75	96	128	186	52
Vermont	1,253	66	1,127	68	43	96	83	43
Virginia	14,129	72	12,706	73	604	102	819	46
Washington	10,519	72	9,648	74	324	98	547	44
West Virginia	6,220	64	5,370	65	387	100	463	46
Wisconsin	9,581	71	8,475	73	335	120	771	48
Wyoming	896	81	805	81	35	147	56	62
Outlying areas								
Puerto Rico	8,981	54	7,730	55	545	107	706	31
Other [a]	1,995	85	1,724	102	115	125	156	28

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data, and Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: The termination rate is the number of terminations per 1,000 beneficiaries in current-payment status.

Data include closed period awards.

a. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, U.S. Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 52.
Distribution of workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, by diagnostic group and age, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Number			
Total	33,613	3,905	6,760	10,729	9,482	2,737
Congenital anomalies	99	41	25	20	9	4
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	777	60	105	278	256	78
Infectious and parasitic diseases	894	30	181	440	213	30
Injuries	2,050	252	450	614	545	189
Mental disorders						
Retardation	1,208	507	352	271	72	6
Other	10,683	1,484	2,761	3,640	2,402	396
Neoplasms	3,071	250	430	873	1,163	355
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	253	59	65	59	63	7
Circulatory system	1,567	66	174	353	643	331
Digestive system	803	52	102	245	338	66
Genitourinary system	1,209	142	321	414	282	50
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	6,268	153	694	2,064	2,427	930
Nervous system and sense organs	3,562	706	899	1,095	694	168
Respiratory system	473	29	61	139	180	64
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	93	13	21	28	23	8
Other	87	9	20	27	28	3
Unknown	516	52	99	169	144	52

(Continued)

Table 52.
Distribution of workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, by diagnostic group and age, December 2006—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.3	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	2.3	1.5	1.6	2.6	2.7	2.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	2.7	0.8	2.7	4.1	2.2	1.1
Injuries	6.1	6.5	6.7	5.7	5.7	6.9
Mental disorders						
Retardation	3.6	13.0	5.2	2.5	0.8	0.2
Other	31.8	38.0	40.8	33.9	25.3	14.5
Neoplasms	9.1	6.4	6.4	8.1	12.3	13.0
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.8	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.3
Circulatory system	4.7	1.7	2.6	3.3	6.8	12.1
Digestive system	2.4	1.3	1.5	2.3	3.6	2.4
Genitourinary system	3.6	3.6	4.7	3.9	3.0	1.8
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	18.6	3.9	10.3	19.2	25.6	34.0
Nervous system and sense organs	10.6	18.1	13.3	10.2	7.3	6.1
Respiratory system	1.4	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.9	2.3
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
Other	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1
Unknown	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.9

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: These data represent the total number of beneficiaries with benefits withheld in December 2006 regardless of when their benefits were initially withheld.

FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 53.
Distribution of workers with benefits terminated because of successful return to work, by diagnostic group and age, 2006

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
			Number			
Total	36,242	2,900	7,957	12,818	9,848	2,719
Congenital anomalies	102	25	32	33	10	2
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1,106	32	167	368	432	107
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1,527	25	332	802	335	33
Injuries	1,986	163	499	688	487	149
Mental disorders						
Retardation	2,780	630	1,027	794	292	37
Other	12,079	935	2,810	4,661	3,146	527
Neoplasms	1,422	95	228	388	536	175
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	239	55	84	56	40	4
Circulatory system	1,427	35	141	362	567	322
Digestive system	550	24	95	162	222	47
Genitourinary system	1,192	84	335	427	288	58
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	6,060	120	684	2,126	2,237	893
Nervous system and sense organs	4,362	578	1,277	1,467	837	203
Respiratory system	475	25	64	151	156	79
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	96	3	22	31	28	12
Other	82	13	11	23	28	7
Unknown	757	58	149	279	207	64
			Percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.1	1.1	2.1	2.9	4.4	3.9
Infectious and parasitic diseases	4.2	0.9	4.2	6.3	3.4	1.2
Injuries	5.5	5.6	6.3	5.4	4.9	5.5
Mental disorders						
Retardation	7.7	21.7	12.9	6.2	3.0	1.4
Other	33.3	32.2	35.3	36.4	31.9	19.4
Neoplasms	3.9	3.3	2.9	3.0	5.4	6.4
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.7	1.9	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.1
Circulatory system	3.9	1.2	1.8	2.8	5.8	11.8
Digestive system	1.5	0.8	1.2	1.3	2.3	1.7
Genitourinary system	3.3	2.9	4.2	3.3	2.9	2.1
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	16.7	4.1	8.6	16.6	22.7	32.8
Nervous system and sense organs	12.0	19.9	16.0	11.4	8.5	7.5
Respiratory system	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.9
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4
Other	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3
Unknown	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.4

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 54.
Average monthly benefit for workers with benefits withheld, by diagnostic group and age, December 2006 (in dollars)

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
Total	1,077.80	789.80	987.70	1,096.60	1,202.00	1,206.60
Congenital anomalies	852.10	686.90	890.80	1,056.30	913.70	1,145.30
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1,016.60	864.20	1,042.00	958.30	1,077.40	1,108.20
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1,093.80	923.00	1,011.60	1,085.20	1,202.30	1,116.40
Injuries	1,169.90	895.90	1,098.90	1,192.20	1,310.80	1,225.90
Mental disorders						
Retardation	716.20	679.10	724.30	766.20	742.10	799.70
Other	994.30	752.80	931.50	1,038.90	1,119.10	1,170.50
Neoplasms	1,314.80	964.30	1,224.20	1,349.70	1,387.50	1,347.60
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,153.60	813.80	1,047.20	1,333.10	1,359.50	1,640.40
Circulatory system	1,220.40	887.10	1,092.00	1,202.40	1,272.50	1,272.10
Digestive system	1,247.40	906.60	1,138.70	1,222.30	1,333.70	1,335.50
Genitourinary system	1,179.30	875.70	1,048.90	1,221.10	1,391.20	1,338.30
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,093.10	865.70	1,020.50	1,059.80	1,138.50	1,140.20
Nervous system and sense organs	1,047.90	787.70	1,001.50	1,110.50	1,227.80	1,237.50
Respiratory system	1,090.50	783.40	962.00	1,076.90	1,174.00	1,146.50
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	969.00	844.10	838.40	1,020.50	1,081.30	1,011.70
Other	1,120.50	726.60	957.80	1,066.40	1,423.90	1,041.50
Unknown	1,030.80	791.20	1,002.50	1,082.40	1,038.40	1,135.70

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 55.
Average monthly benefit for workers with benefits terminated, by diagnostic group and age, 2006 (in dollars)

Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–FRA
Total	951.10	796.50	883.50	942.60	1,033.60	1,054.70
Congenital anomalies	878.70	717.10	893.90	866.50	1,285.20	824.00
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	894.40	702.40	867.30	868.10	925.70	958.40
Infectious and parasitic diseases	989.10	938.10	945.50	996.10	1,011.90	1,064.00
Injuries	1,047.90	894.80	1,010.70	1,049.10	1,126.50	1,077.90
Mental disorders						
Retardation	733.90	714.10	713.70	734.70	838.80	790.80
Other	900.40	767.60	845.50	897.10	972.30	1,028.40
Neoplasms	1,207.60	1,004.60	1,174.10	1,194.70	1,264.20	1,216.50
Diseases of the—						
Blood and blood-forming organs	916.80	857.30	875.00	893.30	1,098.70	1,126.90
Circulatory system	1,073.30	971.40	952.60	1,031.00	1,112.80	1,115.30
Digestive system	1,102.40	823.00	1,013.00	1,083.30	1,164.00	1,200.90
Genitourinary system	1,063.80	954.70	970.80	1,068.20	1,162.70	1,235.40
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	984.60	837.50	927.60	962.10	1,022.50	1,006.40
Nervous system and sense organs	966.10	820.20	919.90	968.90	1,093.20	1,128.50
Respiratory system	937.30	752.20	883.00	919.50	974.60	1,000.30
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1,058.20	1,164.30	1,051.80	965.60	1,091.80	1,204.00
Other	1,031.90	820.50	1,095.50	958.90	1,183.50	957.60
Unknown	960.80	838.10	881.60	977.00	1,018.20	1,000.70

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: FRA = full retirement age.

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Table 56.
Distribution, by state or other area, 2006

State or area	All workers, December	Workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, December		Workers with benefits terminated because of successful return to work, calendar year	
		Number	Percentage of all workers	Number	Percentage of all workers
All areas	6,806,918	33,613	0.5	36,242	0.5
Alabama	178,303	394	0.2	418	0.2
Alaska	10,253	87	0.8	66	0.6
Arizona	125,654	1,043	0.8	867	0.7
Arkansas	109,104	351	0.3	316	0.3
California	570,177	4,274	0.7	4,144	0.7
Colorado	75,874	389	0.5	491	0.6
Connecticut	67,295	437	0.6	487	0.7
Delaware	21,702	130	0.6	147	0.7
District of Columbia	10,263	31	0.3	176	1.7
Florida	407,193	1,445	0.4	2,143	0.5
Georgia	203,994	476	0.2	741	0.4
Hawaii	19,211	168	0.9	141	0.7
Idaho	31,357	173	0.6	142	0.5
Illinois	231,653	1,363	0.6	1,564	0.7
Indiana	148,744	580	0.4	751	0.5
Iowa	61,805	310	0.5	342	0.6
Kansas	55,525	302	0.5	324	0.6
Kentucky	167,339	551	0.3	513	0.3
Louisiana	114,683	423	0.4	509	0.4
Maine	48,000	320	0.7	284	0.6
Maryland	94,535	432	0.5	783	0.8
Massachusetts	158,861	1,352	0.9	1,333	0.8
Michigan	250,412	898	0.4	1,364	0.5
Minnesota	94,887	680	0.7	715	0.8
Mississippi	109,552	295	0.3	430	0.4
Missouri	168,295	752	0.4	809	0.5
Montana	21,604	104	0.5	136	0.6
Nebraska	33,921	201	0.6	214	0.6
Nevada	46,951	422	0.9	383	0.8
New Hampshire	35,568	302	0.8	234	0.7
New Jersey	158,607	1,088	0.7	976	0.6
New Mexico	48,089	242	0.5	261	0.5
New York	416,955	2,902	0.7	2,822	0.7
North Carolina	260,960	781	0.3	1,000	0.4
North Dakota	11,697	62	0.5	68	0.6
Ohio	251,744	1,240	0.5	1,404	0.6
Oklahoma	97,024	327	0.3	402	0.4
Oregon	78,853	410	0.5	389	0.5
Pennsylvania	309,581	1,669	0.5	1,530	0.5
Rhode Island	29,738	246	0.8	183	0.6

(Continued)

Table 56.
Distribution, by state or other area, 2006—*Continued*

State or area	All workers, December	Workers with benefits withheld because of substantial work, December		Workers with benefits terminated because of successful return to work, calendar year	
		Number	Percentage of all workers	Number	Percentage of all workers
South Carolina	135,816	259	0.2	396	0.3
South Dakota	15,044	75	0.5	116	0.8
Tennessee	190,613	487	0.3	672	0.4
Texas	410,805	1,906	0.5	1,917	0.5
Utah	32,280	214	0.7	158	0.5
Vermont	16,673	176	1.1	147	0.9
Virginia	173,567	770	0.4	909	0.5
Washington	130,099	944	0.7	843	0.6
West Virginia	83,129	288	0.3	205	0.2
Wisconsin	116,154	641	0.6	639	0.6
Wyoming	9,937	72	0.7	78	0.8
Outlying areas					
Puerto Rico	139,922	95	0.1	129	0.1
Other [a]	16,916	34	0.2	31	0.2

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

a. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, U.S. Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 57.
Number, by expedited reinstatement status, sex, and age, 2006

Benefit status	Total				Men				Women			
	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	All ages	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
Provisional	8,438	1,082	4,307	3,049	4,507	646	2,377	1,484	3,931	436	1,930	1,565
Reinstated	7,523	834	3,900	2,789	4,044	499	2,188	1,357	3,479	335	1,712	1,432
Not reinstated [a]	310	38	174	98	174	25	100	49	136	13	74	49

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Annual Award and Termination Transaction file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Total is not included because some beneficiaries whose cases are pending are not receiving provisional payments.

a. Data include medical recoveries and return to work.

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Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Note

The tables in this section provide data on the outcomes of applications for disability benefits. The data on applications are derived from the Social Security Administration's (SSA's) Disability Research File maintained by the Office of Disability Programs. Each year this file is updated with information about applications for disability benefits that is then used to determine the outcome of those applications. The outcome data in these tables are reported by year of filing and include decisions made through the administrative appeals process.

Table 58 shows the total number of applications filed in a year, the number denied for nonmedical reasons before a medical decision is made (*technical denials*), the number that are pending a final decision, the outcome of applications for which a medical allowance or denial was made, and award and allowance rates. Applications for which a medical allowance or denial decision was made but which were subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons are shown under the medical decision header as *subsequent denials*. The most common nonmedical reason for denying a claim is insufficient number of recent work credits.

The allowance rate is calculated by dividing the number of medical allowances (including subsequent technical denials) by the total number of medical decisions made for a 1-year cohort. The award rate is a broader program measure that is calculated as the number of allowances minus subsequent denials divided by total applications (minus pending claims) filed for a given year.

Claims that remain pending after 6 years are probably the result of imperfect data rather than excessive delays in the decisionmaking process. It is highly probable that decisions have been rendered on most of the older claims. For more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change as decisions are made on pending claims.

Tables 59–61 show the allowance rate for Social Security only and the Social Security portion of *concurrent applications* (which are claims for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income disability benefits). Each table shows a different level in the administrative decisionmaking process, that is, initial adjudicative, reconsideration, and hearing or higher level.

Beginning with 2000, the proportion of claims awarded at each level of the process changed as a result of the Prototype Process being tested in 10 states. Under this test, the reconsideration step of the appeals process was eliminated for applications filed October 1, 1999, or later. Elimination of the reconsideration level in these states results in a decrease in the aggregate proportion of claims awarded at this step.

This section also includes one table that shows the reason for medical allowance and one that shows the reason for medical denial (Tables 62 and 63). The reasons are derived from the sequential evaluation process used by decisionmakers. SSA maintains a list of impairments that are considered disabling under its regulations. An applicant can be found to be disabled if he or she

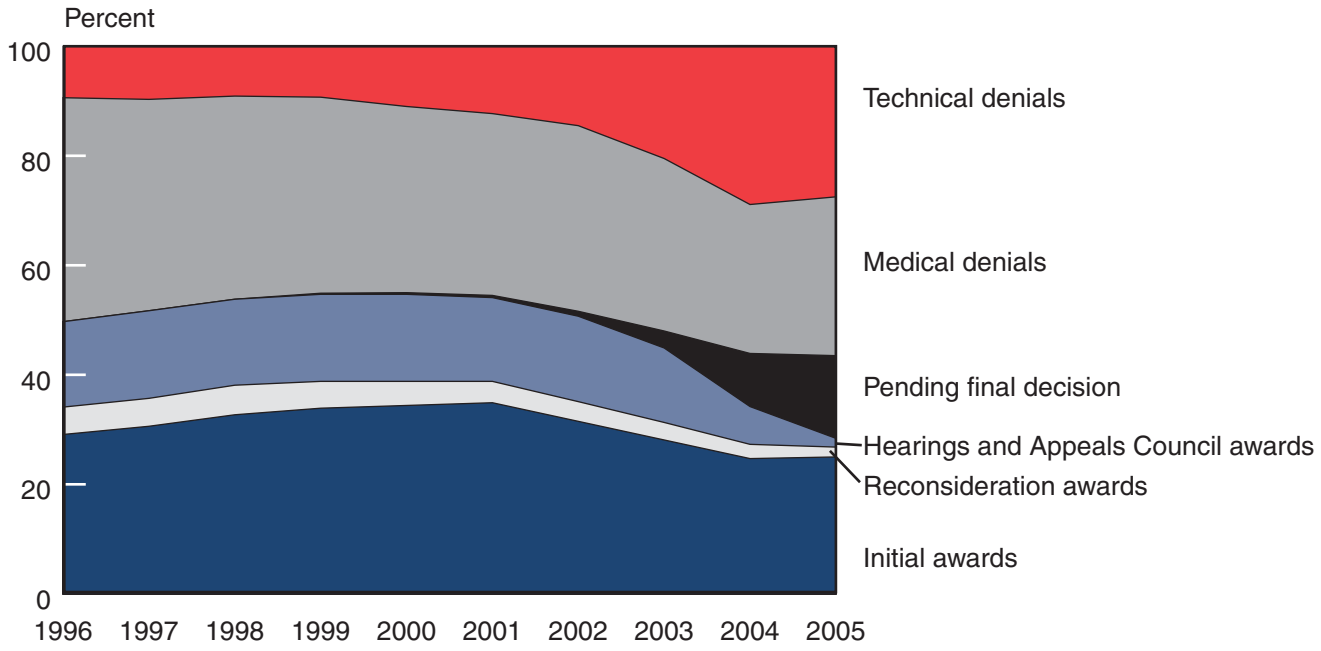
- has a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment that is equal to a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment when medical and vocational factors are considered, or
- had previously established entitlement to a disability benefit.

An applicant can be denied benefits if he or she

- has an impairment that is not expected to last 12 months,
- has an impairment that is not considered severe,
- is able to perform his or her usual type of work,
- is able to perform another type of work, or
- has an impairment resulting from drug addiction or alcoholism, provides insufficient medical evidence, fails to cooperate, fails to follow prescribed treatment, does not want to continue development of the claim, or returns to substantial work before disability can be established.

Chart 11.
Final outcome of disabled-worker applications, 1996–2005

The final award rate for disabled-worker applicants has varied over time, averaging nearly 48 percent for claims filed from 1996 through 2005. The percentage of applicants awarded benefits at the initial claims level averaged 31 percent over the same period and ranged from a high of about 35 percent to a low of 25 percent. The percentage of applicants awarded at the reconsideration and hearing levels are relatively constant, averaging 4 percent and 13 percent, respectively. Denied disability claims have averaged about 49 percent.



SOURCE: Tables 58–63.

NOTES: Awards are calculated as medical allowances minus subsequent technical denials. Technical denials include both nonmedical decision technical denials and medical decisions that were subsequently denied for technical reasons.

The proportion of claims awarded at each level of the process is likely to change as a result of the Prototype Process being tested in 10 states. Under this test, the reconsideration step of the appeals process was eliminated for applications filed October 1, 1999, or later. Elimination of the reconsideration level in these states is likely to result in a decrease in the overall proportion of claims awarded at this step.

Table 58.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by year of application, 1992–2005

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials [a]	Medical decisions: Denials: Medical	Medical decisions: Denials: Subsequent nonmedical [d]	Medical decisions: Allowances: Awards	Medical decisions: Allowances: Subsequent denials [e]	Award rate [b] (percent)	Allowance rate [c] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	1,265,055	2,491	104,344	444,004	4,068	708,290	1,858	56.1	61.4
2000	1,364,396	3,787	136,106	456,284	3,838	762,442	1,939	56.0	62.5
2001	1,513,536	5,783	170,513	495,793	3,593	835,920	1,934	55.4	62.7
2002	1,716,221	14,207	230,953	575,886	4,087	888,988	2,100	52.2	60.7
2003	1,942,433	57,222	373,965	608,730	4,552	895,883	2,081	47.5	59.5
2004	2,252,229	209,319	615,924	616,901	5,902	802,501	1,682	39.3	56.4
2005	2,044,971	295,700	528,636	597,286	7,456	613,873	2,020	35.1	50.5
Workers									
1992	1,310,004	0	130,885	481,439	5,725	689,111	2,844	52.6	58.8
1993	1,384,501	0	140,314	540,906	5,626	695,007	2,648	50.2	56.2
1994	1,383,092	0	130,240	573,158	5,506	671,791	2,397	48.6	53.9
1995	1,301,472	0	123,711	542,097	5,048	628,380	2,236	48.3	53.6
1996	1,313,818	0	116,988	537,482	5,011	652,221	2,116	49.6	54.8
1997	1,164,680	0	106,881	449,841	4,213	601,886	1,859	51.7	57.2
1998	1,138,101	0	96,737	422,096	4,213	613,010	2,045	53.9	59.2
1999	1,167,664	2,400	102,320	417,574	4,020	639,564	1,786	54.9	60.4
2000	1,265,214	3,662	134,000	430,477	3,803	691,400	1,872	54.8	61.6
2001	1,414,598	5,644	168,225	470,044	3,550	765,256	1,879	54.3	61.9
2002	1,609,612	13,884	228,346	546,393	4,030	814,910	2,049	51.1	59.8
2003	1,831,314	56,336	370,999	576,258	4,493	821,218	2,010	46.3	58.7
2004	2,138,679	206,834	611,911	581,625	5,849	730,832	1,628	37.8	55.6
2005	1,938,525	291,953	524,797	562,612	7,366	549,848	1,949	33.4	49.3
Widow(er)s									
1999	40,055	52	1,173	9,668	17	29,108	37	72.8	75.1
2000	39,996	67	1,258	8,978	11	29,653	29	74.3	76.8
2001	40,238	73	1,344	8,688	13	30,101	19	74.9	77.6
2002	41,325	167	1,537	9,050	19	30,533	19	74.2	77.1
2003	41,473	458	1,643	9,509	25	29,794	44	72.6	75.9
2004	41,774	1,341	2,068	10,066	23	28,251	25	69.9	73.8
2005	38,679	2,033	1,882	10,040	29	24,669	26	67.3	71.1

(Continued)

Table 58.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by year of application, 1992–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials [a]	Medical decisions				Award rate [b] (percent)	Allowance rate [c] (percent)
				Denials		Allowances			
				Medical	Subsequent nonmedical [d]	Awards	Subsequent denials [e]		
Adult children									
1999	57,336	39	851	16,762	31	39,618	35	69.1	70.3
2000	59,186	58	848	16,829	24	41,389	38	70.0	71.1
2001	58,700	66	944	17,061	30	40,563	36	69.2	70.4
2002	65,284	156	1,070	20,443	38	43,545	32	66.9	68.1
2003	69,646	428	1,323	22,963	34	44,871	27	64.8	66.2
2004	71,776	1,144	1,945	25,210	30	43,418	29	61.5	63.3
2005	67,767	1,714	1,957	24,634	61	39,356	45	59.6	61.5

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2006. Data for the hearing level or above are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time. Cases can be pending at the initial or appellate levels and can include either medical or technical issues.

Data include decisions for Social Security–only applications and applications for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI); they do not include SSI-only applications.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

a. Applications were denied for nonmedical reasons; therefore no decision was made on severity of impairment.

b. Rate determined by dividing awards by all applications minus pending claims for that year.

c. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

d. Applications were denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that the applicant did not meet the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.

e. Applications were denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that the applicant met the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 59.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by year of application and program, 1992–2005

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	1,160,658	459,999	39.6	649,849	313,676	48.3	510,809	146,323	28.6
2000	1,228,209	501,946	40.9	688,194	340,331	49.5	540,015	161,615	29.9
2001	1,342,902	560,106	41.7	742,860	379,872	51.1	600,042	180,234	30.0
2002	1,485,009	576,919	38.8	795,050	386,247	48.6	689,959	190,672	27.6
2003	1,567,846	585,868	37.4	804,830	384,055	47.7	763,016	201,813	26.4
2004	1,633,620	597,008	36.5	801,613	383,111	47.8	832,007	213,897	25.7
2005	1,512,777	548,246	36.2	733,271	350,638	47.8	779,506	197,608	25.4
Workers									
1992	1,179,119	436,715	37.0	558,741	248,385	44.5	620,378	188,330	30.4
1993	1,244,187	421,560	33.9	571,464	240,839	42.1	672,723	180,721	26.9
1994	1,252,852	390,785	31.2	591,408	233,059	39.4	661,444	157,726	23.8
1995	1,177,761	367,293	31.2	569,963	223,457	39.2	607,798	143,836	23.7
1996	1,196,830	384,167	32.1	593,992	237,474	40.0	602,838	146,693	24.3
1997	1,057,799	357,880	33.8	551,896	228,793	41.5	505,903	129,087	25.5
1998	1,041,364	374,376	36.0	550,775	238,989	43.4	490,589	135,387	27.6
1999	1,065,294	397,335	37.3	578,751	259,910	44.9	486,543	137,425	28.2
2000	1,131,135	436,605	38.6	615,373	284,388	46.2	515,762	152,217	29.5
2001	1,246,256	494,907	39.7	670,564	324,189	48.3	575,692	170,718	29.7
2002	1,381,018	508,659	36.8	718,564	327,949	45.6	662,454	180,710	27.3
2003	1,459,704	516,756	35.4	728,038	325,430	44.7	731,666	191,326	26.1
2004	1,524,126	528,976	34.7	728,511	326,783	44.9	795,615	202,193	25.4
2005	1,410,230	485,810	34.4	665,723	299,190	44.9	744,507	186,620	25.1
Widow(er)s									
1999	38,882	24,933	64.1	29,602	21,291	71.9	9,280	3,642	39.2
2000	38,737	25,781	66.6	29,879	21,997	73.6	8,858	3,784	42.7
2001	38,894	26,242	67.5	30,284	22,458	74.2	8,610	3,784	43.9
2002	39,785	26,588	66.8	31,067	22,815	73.4	8,718	3,773	43.3
2003	39,827	26,054	65.4	30,372	22,274	73.3	9,455	3,780	40.0
2004	39,696	25,798	65.0	28,860	21,525	74.6	10,836	4,273	39.4
2005	36,785	23,685	64.4	26,724	19,824	74.2	10,061	3,861	38.4

(Continued)

Table 59.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by year of application and program, 1992–2005—*Continued*

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
					Adult children				
1999	56,482	37,731	66.8	41,496	32,475	78.3	14,986	5,256	35.1
2000	58,337	39,560	67.8	42,942	33,946	79.1	15,395	5,614	36.5
2001	57,752	38,957	67.5	42,012	33,225	79.1	15,740	5,732	36.4
2002	64,206	41,672	64.9	45,419	35,483	78.1	18,787	6,189	32.9
2003	68,315	43,058	63.0	46,420	36,351	78.3	21,895	6,707	30.6
2004	69,798	42,234	60.5	44,242	34,803	78.7	25,556	7,431	29.1
2005	65,762	38,751	58.9	40,824	31,624	77.5	24,938	7,127	28.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the allowance rate will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Rate for the Social Security portion only.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or di.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 60.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by year of application and program, 1992–2005

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	398,185	61,143	15.4	210,358	34,724	16.5	187,827	26,419	14.1
2000	408,526	58,590	14.3	215,443	33,233	15.4	193,083	25,357	13.1
2001	435,157	58,417	13.4	222,277	32,590	14.7	212,880	25,827	12.1
2002	502,584	60,482	12.0	250,126	32,881	13.1	252,458	27,601	10.9
2003	542,435	60,471	11.1	258,287	31,725	12.3	284,148	28,746	10.1
2004	547,366	57,278	10.5	246,721	29,590	12.0	300,645	27,688	9.2
2005	407,315	36,446	8.9	182,034	19,137	10.5	225,281	17,309	7.7
Workers									
1992	419,798	53,881	12.8	190,594	25,352	13.3	229,204	28,529	12.4
1993	469,151	58,275	12.4	206,606	27,306	13.2	262,545	30,969	11.8
1994	489,731	62,757	12.8	226,013	31,468	13.9	263,718	31,289	11.9
1995	458,036	60,584	13.2	218,950	31,563	14.4	239,086	29,021	12.1
1996	464,582	65,466	14.1	226,333	33,596	14.8	238,249	31,870	13.4
1997	403,212	59,978	14.9	206,135	33,373	16.2	197,077	26,605	13.5
1998	384,978	61,742	16.0	199,273	34,043	17.1	185,705	27,699	14.9
1999	385,409	57,808	15.0	203,696	33,192	16.3	181,713	24,616	13.5
2000	397,031	55,762	14.0	209,146	31,946	15.3	187,885	23,816	12.7
2001	423,981	55,822	13.2	216,179	31,420	14.5	207,802	24,402	11.7
2002	490,141	57,961	11.8	243,562	31,809	13.1	246,579	26,152	10.6
2003	529,278	57,885	10.9	252,179	30,711	12.2	277,099	27,174	9.8
2004	534,437	55,241	10.3	241,326	28,772	11.9	293,111	26,469	9.0
2005	398,183	35,250	8.9	178,207	18,612	10.4	219,976	16,638	7.6
Widow(er)s									
1999	7,109	1,983	27.9	4,109	917	22.3	3,000	1,066	35.5
2000	6,353	1,574	24.8	3,854	738	19.1	2,499	836	33.5
2001	6,192	1,599	25.8	3,859	741	19.2	2,333	858	36.8
2002	6,415	1,435	22.4	4,014	667	16.6	2,401	768	32.0
2003	6,661	1,443	21.7	3,834	660	17.2	2,827	783	27.7
2004	6,230	1,133	18.2	3,261	515	15.8	2,969	618	20.8
2005	4,466	612	13.7	2,355	319	13.5	2,111	293	13.9

(Continued)

Table 60.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by year of application and program, 1992–2005—*Continued*

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
					Adult children				
1999	5,667	1,352	23.9	2,553	615	24.1	3,114	737	23.7
2000	5,142	1,254	24.4	2,443	549	22.5	2,699	705	26.1
2001	4,984	996	20.0	2,239	429	19.2	2,745	567	20.7
2002	6,028	1,086	18.0	2,550	405	15.9	3,478	681	19.6
2003	6,496	1,143	17.6	2,274	354	15.6	4,222	789	18.7
2004	6,699	904	13.5	2,134	303	14.2	4,565	601	13.2
2005	4,666	584	12.5	1,472	206	14.0	3,194	378	11.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the allowance rate will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Rate for the Social Security portion only.

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Table 61.
Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by year of application and program, 1992–2005

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
All disabled beneficiaries									
1999	261,346	189,006	72.3	143,002	112,016	78.3	118,344	76,990	65.1
2000	284,133	203,844	71.7	153,962	119,823	77.8	130,171	84,021	64.5
2001	306,406	219,331	71.6	161,117	126,039	78.2	145,289	93,292	64.2
2002	353,183	253,687	71.8	182,603	144,294	79.0	170,580	109,393	64.1
2003	341,932	251,625	73.6	172,624	139,964	81.1	169,308	111,661	66.0
2004	195,317	149,897	76.7	99,567	83,807	84.2	95,750	66,090	69.0
2005	37,326	31,201	83.6	21,260	18,998	89.4	16,066	12,203	76.0
Workers									
1992	275,863	201,359	73.0	131,624	105,371	80.1	144,239	95,988	66.5
1993	310,655	217,816	70.1	143,997	112,593	78.2	166,658	105,223	63.1
1994	323,607	220,645	68.2	156,458	119,338	76.3	167,149	101,307	60.6
1995	301,917	202,739	67.2	150,882	113,781	75.4	151,035	88,958	58.9
1996	306,245	204,704	66.8	157,790	116,292	73.7	148,455	88,412	59.6
1997	267,275	185,887	69.5	141,008	107,367	76.1	126,267	78,520	62.2
1998	251,467	178,935	71.2	134,864	104,678	77.6	116,603	74,257	63.7
1999	257,301	186,207	72.4	139,930	109,831	78.5	117,371	76,376	65.1
2000	279,860	200,904	71.8	150,720	117,529	78.0	129,140	83,375	64.6
2001	302,156	216,406	71.6	157,867	123,739	78.4	144,289	92,667	64.2
2002	348,368	250,339	71.9	178,958	141,657	79.2	169,410	108,682	64.2
2003	337,564	248,587	73.6	169,635	137,765	81.2	167,929	110,822	66.0
2004	192,969	148,243	76.8	98,050	82,655	84.3	94,919	65,588	69.1
2005	36,777	30,737	83.6	20,842	18,633	89.4	15,935	12,104	76.0
Widow(er)s									
1999	2,926	2,229	76.2	2,258	1,744	77.2	668	485	72.6
2000	3,038	2,327	76.6	2,345	1,821	77.7	693	506	73.0
2001	2,929	2,279	77.8	2,318	1,820	78.5	611	459	75.1
2002	3,222	2,529	78.5	2,545	2,029	79.7	677	500	73.9
2003	2,962	2,341	79.0	2,116	1,712	80.9	846	629	74.3
2004	1,666	1,345	80.7	1,150	951	82.7	516	394	76.4
2005	444	398	89.6	342	313	91.5	102	85	83.3

(Continued)

Table 61.
Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by year of application and program, 1992–2005—*Continued*

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for Social Security only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a] (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate [a,b] (percent)
					Adult children				
1999	1,119	570	50.9	814	441	54.2	305	129	42.3
2000	1,235	613	49.6	897	473	52.7	338	140	41.4
2001	1,321	646	48.9	932	480	51.5	389	166	42.7
2002	1,593	819	51.4	1,100	608	55.3	493	211	42.8
2003	1,406	697	49.6	873	487	55.8	533	210	39.4
2004	682	309	45.3	367	201	54.8	315	108	34.3
2005	105	66	62.9	76	52	68.4	29	14	48.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the allowance rate will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Rate for the Social Security portion only.

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Table 62.
Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by year of application and reason for allowance, 1992–2005

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	Other [a]
	Number	Percent				
			All disabled beneficiaries			
1999	708,290	100.0	33.0	5.9	27.0	34.1
2000	762,442	100.0	31.3	6.2	29.4	33.1
2001	835,920	100.0	30.1	6.1	30.2	33.5
2002	888,988	100.0	28.8	5.4	30.4	35.4
2003	895,883	100.0	28.1	5.3	32.2	34.4
2004	802,501	100.0	31.4	5.9	37.5	25.1
2005	613,873	100.0	37.5	6.5	43.6	12.5
			Workers			
1992	689,111	100.0	34.3	11.1	24.3	30.3
1993	695,007	100.0	34.3	8.7	23.6	33.4
1994	671,791	100.0	34.5	6.9	25.6	32.9
1995	628,380	100.0	34.5	6.7	26.8	31.9
1996	652,221	100.0	34.2	7.0	27.4	31.5
1997	601,886	100.0	35.0	7.5	26.4	31.0
1998	613,010	100.0	35.5	6.6	27.0	30.9
1999	639,564	100.0	33.6	6.3	28.3	31.8
2000	691,400	100.0	31.9	6.6	30.8	30.8
2001	765,256	100.0	30.7	6.4	31.6	31.3
2002	814,910	100.0	29.3	5.7	31.8	33.2
2003	821,218	100.0	28.6	5.5	33.8	32.1
2004	730,832	100.0	32.2	6.2	39.6	22.0
2005	549,848	100.0	39.0	6.9	46.7	7.4
			Widow(er)s			
1999	29,108	100.0	14.9	2.5	24.6	58.0
2000	29,653	100.0	12.8	2.5	26.3	58.4
2001	30,101	100.0	12.3	2.6	27.0	58.1
2002	30,533	100.0	11.5	2.1	26.6	59.8
2003	29,794	100.0	10.9	2.2	26.4	60.5
2004	28,251	100.0	10.9	2.1	28.2	58.8
2005	24,669	100.0	11.4	1.9	28.8	57.9

(Continued)

Table 62.
Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by year of application and reason for allowance, 1992–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	Other [a]
	Number	Percent				
			Adult children			
1999	39,618	100.0	35.9	3.2	7.4	53.5
2000	41,389	100.0	35.0	3.1	7.3	54.7
2001	40,563	100.0	33.0	3.0	8.0	56.0
2002	43,545	100.0	31.8	2.9	7.6	57.7
2003	44,871	100.0	31.1	2.7	8.2	58.0
2004	43,418	100.0	32.1	2.9	9.1	55.9
2005	39,356	100.0	32.9	2.9	9.2	55.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2006. Data for the hearing level or above are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Data include decisions for Social Security–only applications and applications for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI); they do not include SSI-only claims.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

a. Includes applications for which the disability was previously established and those for which the basis for the determination is not available. The majority of applications for which the basis of determination is not available are cases allowed at or above the hearing level.

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Table 63.
Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by year of application and reason for denial, 1992–2005

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Able to do usual past work	Able to do other type of work	Other [a]
	Number	Percent					
				All disabled beneficiaries			
1999	448,072	100.0	10.3	17.8	28.3	30.8	12.8
2000	460,122	100.0	10.1	17.2	28.3	30.4	14.0
2001	499,386	100.0	9.2	16.7	28.1	31.1	14.8
2002	579,973	100.0	8.5	17.1	28.2	31.3	14.8
2003	613,282	100.0	7.6	17.7	28.1	31.4	15.2
2004	622,803	100.0	7.1	18.4	27.3	30.6	16.6
2005	604,742	100.0	6.9	18.2	27.1	31.1	16.7
				Workers			
1992	487,164	100.0	10.7	22.9	28.4	29.6	8.4
1993	546,532	100.0	10.4	22.7	27.6	29.8	9.5
1994	578,664	100.0	10.2	21.5	25.9	28.8	13.6
1995	547,145	100.0	10.6	20.8	25.4	29.4	13.8
1996	542,493	100.0	10.2	19.6	24.7	30.6	14.8
1997	454,054	100.0	10.6	18.5	25.7	30.5	14.6
1998	426,309	100.0	10.8	18.3	27.8	30.9	12.2
1999	421,594	100.0	10.6	17.4	29.3	30.1	12.5
2000	434,280	100.0	10.4	16.7	29.3	29.8	13.7
2001	473,594	100.0	9.6	16.3	29.0	30.5	14.6
2002	550,423	100.0	8.8	16.8	29.2	30.6	14.6
2003	580,751	100.0	7.9	17.4	29.1	30.6	14.9
2004	587,474	100.0	7.4	18.1	28.3	29.8	16.4
2005	569,978	100.0	7.2	18.0	28.2	30.2	16.4
				Widow(er)s			
1999	9,685	100.0	5.6	29.1	31.8	22.7	10.8
2000	8,989	100.0	5.3	29.0	31.4	22.3	12.0
2001	8,701	100.0	4.6	27.6	31.1	22.9	13.6
2002	9,069	100.0	4.7	26.2	32.4	23.7	13.0
2003	9,534	100.0	4.2	26.5	32.7	23.3	13.4
2004	10,089	100.0	3.6	25.8	32.2	24.0	14.3
2005	10,069	100.0	3.8	24.7	32.8	24.3	14.4

(Continued)

Table 63.
Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by year of application and reason for denial, 1992–2005—*Continued*

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Able to do usual past work	Able to do other type of work	Other [a]
	Number	Percent					
				Adult children			
1999	16,793	100.0	3.1	22.7	0.7	53.3	20.2
2000	16,853	100.0	2.9	22.9	0.7	51.9	21.7
2001	17,091	100.0	2.5	21.3	0.9	52.9	22.3
2002	20,481	100.0	2.3	21.6	0.8	53.6	21.7
2003	22,997	100.0	2.0	21.8	0.7	53.5	22.0
2004	25,240	100.0	2.0	21.7	0.5	52.6	23.1
2005	24,695	100.0	2.0	21.0	0.4	52.9	23.8

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2006. Data for the hearing level or above are current through August 2006.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or be subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Data include decisions for Social Security–only applications and applications for both Social Security and Supplemental Security Income (SSI); they do not include SSI-only claims.

Data from 1992 to 1998 are available for disabled workers only.

a. Applicant has an impairment resulting from drug addiction or alcoholism, provided insufficient medical evidence, failed to cooperate, failed to follow prescribed treatment, did not want to continue development of the claim, or returned to substantial work before disability could be established. Also includes cases denied at or above the hearing level for which the basis of determination is not available.

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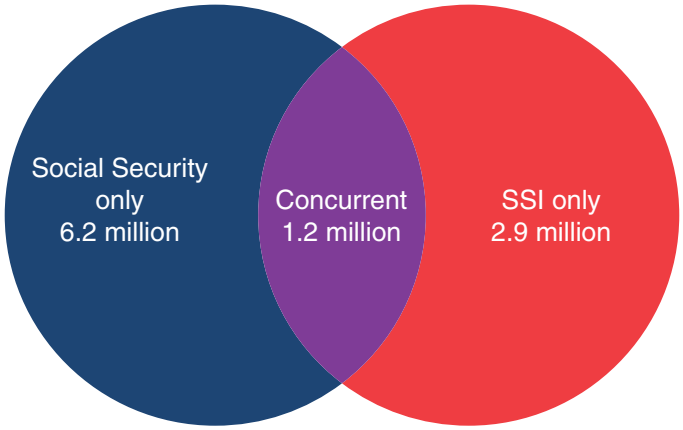
Disabled Beneficiaries Receiving Social Security, SSI, or Both

Chart 12.
Social Security and SSI beneficiaries aged 18–64 receiving benefits on the basis of disability, December 2006

In December 2006, nearly 10.4 million people aged 18–64 received benefits on the basis of disability. Nearly 60 percent (6.2 million) received benefits from the Social Security program only, 28 percent (2.9 million) received benefits from the Supplemental Security Income program (SSI) only, and about 12 percent (1.2 million) received benefits from both programs.



Total 10.4 million

SOURCE: Table 64.

Table 64.
Number aged 18–64, by program, December 1996–2006

Year	Total	Social Security only				SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI			
		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
					Number					
1996	7,689,664	4,122,152	--	--	--	2,559,750	1,007,762	--	--	--
1997	7,811,748	4,250,155	--	--	--	2,550,105	1,011,488	--	--	--
1998	8,086,259	4,440,264	--	--	--	2,618,615	1,027,380	--	--	--
1999	8,399,309	4,703,774	--	--	--	2,650,586	1,044,949	--	--	--
2000	8,599,465	4,850,835	--	--	--	2,690,446	1,058,184	--	--	--
2001	8,791,338	4,979,844	4,495,477	87,833	396,534	2,732,020	1,079,474	772,562	35,222	271,690
2002	9,106,014	5,228,262	4,738,246	87,900	402,116	2,768,782	1,108,970	801,351	34,671	272,948
2003	9,445,573	5,492,325	4,997,137	87,203	407,985	2,811,647	1,141,601	833,269	34,101	274,231
2004	9,773,201	5,756,093	5,257,314	89,874	408,905	2,850,815	1,166,293	858,850	33,072	274,371
2005	10,081,625	5,998,755	5,491,980	86,422	420,353	2,880,931	1,201,939	893,437	32,302	276,200
2006	10,362,419	6,210,289	5,698,494	85,259	426,536	2,928,034	1,224,096	915,832	31,443	276,821
					Total monthly benefits [a] (millions of dollars)					
1996	4,878	3,072	--	--	--	1,222	584	--	--	--
1997	5,106	3,245	--	--	--	1,257	604	--	--	--
1998	5,379	3,444	--	--	--	1,313	622	--	--	--
1999	5,680	3,691	--	--	--	1,346	643	--	--	--
2000	6,058	3,975	--	--	--	1,408	675	--	--	--
2001	6,509	4,299	3,976	65	258	1,491	719	530	22	167
2002	6,920	4,629	4,294	67	268	1,544	747	554	22	171
2003	7,416	5,024	4,674	69	281	1,603	790	592	22	176
2004	7,980	5,464	5,096	72	296	1,686	829	626	22	180
2005	8,604	5,974	5,584	75	315	1,724	906	696	22	187
2006	9,172	6,439	6,029	77	334	1,778	955	739	23	193
					Average monthly benefit [b] (dollars)					
1996	624.80	744.60	--	--	--	456.00	546.90	--	--	--
1997	637.80	762.80	--	--	--	458.10	557.10	--	--	--
1998	649.90	775.00	--	--	--	467.90	564.30	--	--	--
1999	662.50	784.10	--	--	--	477.60	576.70	--	--	--
2000	689.30	818.80	--	--	--	489.00	594.90	--	--	--
2001	722.84	862.60	883.70	744.80	650.00	506.80	615.20	618.40	595.10	608.70
2002	744.40	884.60	905.40	764.40	666.00	522.50	625.20	626.90	608.30	622.20
2003	768.50	914.10	934.80	790.80	687.30	533.50	638.20	639.90	620.90	635.10
2004	796.80	947.80	967.80	804.80	722.50	545.90	655.20	657.10	639.10	651.40
2005	832.80	993.70	1,014.50	863.10	748.10	558.20	675.90	677.70	659.90	672.30
2006	867.90	1,036.50	1,057.60	900.00	781.70	578.30	697.40	699.20	680.70	693.20

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

-- = not available.

a. Includes retroactive SSI payments.

b. Excludes retroactive payments for both programs.

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Table 65.
Number aged 18–64 receiving Social Security benefits, and the number also receiving SSI and their average SSI benefit, by state or other area, December 2006

State or area	Total			Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)
All areas	7,434,385	1,224,096	212.10	6,614,326	915,832	199.10	116,702	31,443	204.60	703,357	276,821	255.30
Alabama	193,462	33,264	180.70	173,741	23,911	163.60	3,591	1,117	178.60	16,130	8,236	230.50
Alaska	10,928	1,892	183.20	10,001	1,538	171.80	163	39	208.00	764	315	235.30
Arizona	132,561	15,620	186.40	122,069	12,097	174.90	1,628	330	190.50	8,864	3,193	229.20
Arkansas	116,800	19,186	181.20	105,991	14,207	164.10	1,980	604	165.40	8,829	4,375	238.30
California	623,456	192,834	308.20	553,893	151,326	292.00	9,050	3,801	312.00	60,513	37,707	372.00
Colorado	80,404	11,572	179.10	73,958	9,249	168.80	864	181	189.00	5,582	2,142	222.40
Connecticut	74,652	9,198	185.60	65,481	6,838	170.20	782	250	209.40	8,389	2,110	232.30
Delaware	23,084	2,607	187.60	21,120	1,994	180.00	223	47	173.60	1,741	566	215.20
District of Columbia	11,448	2,379	214.40	10,028	1,867	202.60	183	68	213.20	1,237	444	264.10
Florida	432,939	58,342	182.90	394,574	44,303	169.90	5,672	1,371	184.50	32,693	12,668	227.60
Georgia	221,024	35,382	174.80	198,072	25,083	159.80	3,792	1,257	173.70	19,160	9,042	216.20
Hawaii	21,064	3,058	260.80	18,655	2,048	214.70	324	72	223.90	2,085	938	363.20
Idaho	33,399	5,268	188.40	30,444	4,213	180.50	419	80	197.90	2,536	975	221.30
Illinois	258,488	34,551	199.00	225,087	25,939	188.80	3,968	905	184.70	29,433	7,707	234.60
Indiana	162,634	21,304	190.10	144,719	16,852	182.50	2,265	422	175.00	15,650	4,030	223.00
Iowa	68,269	11,134	189.20	60,020	8,647	184.60	726	175	172.90	7,523	2,312	207.90
Kansas	60,267	9,132	184.00	54,005	7,123	174.70	700	143	188.50	5,562	1,866	218.40
Kentucky	182,165	33,700	189.30	162,751	24,945	172.70	4,339	1,296	192.60	15,075	7,459	243.70
Louisiana	131,954	24,635	197.00	111,600	16,012	175.30	3,818	1,086	178.30	16,536	7,537	245.40
Maine	51,559	8,805	183.40	46,821	6,674	170.00	589	162	166.50	4,149	1,969	230.10
Maryland	103,309	13,766	182.60	92,075	10,375	174.50	1,355	317	179.50	9,879	3,074	210.20
Massachusetts	173,376	34,617	210.70	155,062	27,267	197.70	1,890	694	248.80	16,424	6,656	259.30
Michigan	278,490	43,943	197.50	243,544	31,738	188.50	4,341	909	192.50	30,605	11,296	223.00
Minnesota	103,533	14,762	188.20	92,489	11,488	180.00	784	174	195.50	10,260	3,100	218.00
Mississippi	120,275	22,318	186.50	106,514	15,401	162.80	2,568	920	177.40	11,193	5,997	248.60
Missouri	181,175	26,742	189.20	163,401	20,384	177.20	2,644	689	193.00	15,130	5,669	231.40
Montana	23,196	3,627	186.50	20,888	2,721	177.50	315	85	201.60	1,993	821	214.30
Nebraska	37,122	5,829	183.00	32,973	4,418	171.50	373	71	231.20	3,776	1,340	217.80
Nevada	48,573	5,139	177.10	45,408	4,264	169.70	602	88	189.40	2,563	787	215.10
New Hampshire	37,634	4,034	180.80	34,732	3,152	169.90	271	45	144.60	2,631	837	222.80
New Jersey	173,941	22,826	194.90	153,735	16,947	182.70	1,998	484	204.90	18,208	5,395	231.90
New Mexico	51,778	9,436	189.30	46,818	7,158	174.40	805	240	182.00	4,155	2,038	242.20
New York	463,016	89,926	242.10	404,979	63,650	223.40	6,848	2,346	228.90	51,189	23,930	292.90
North Carolina	278,689	39,707	179.80	253,215	28,997	165.80	3,634	1,103	177.70	21,840	9,607	221.70
North Dakota	13,121	2,107	184.70	11,309	1,479	174.10	145	38	189.50	1,667	590	209.90
Ohio	281,689	45,299	197.50	244,777	35,058	189.50	5,354	1,182	193.20	31,558	9,059	228.90
Oklahoma	104,618	15,643	192.90	94,096	11,810	183.00	1,842	458	179.80	8,680	3,375	229.00
Oregon	84,472	12,788	179.60	76,469	10,199	171.10	1,127	208	183.50	6,876	2,381	215.00
Pennsylvania	341,902	51,416	204.70	301,101	37,633	191.90	5,604	1,384	194.40	35,197	12,399	244.20
Rhode Island	32,085	6,523	200.50	28,955	5,117	186.70	317	100	208.30	2,813	1,306	253.70

(Continued)

Table 65.
Number aged 18–64 receiving Social Security benefits, and the number also receiving SSI and their average SSI benefit, by state or other area, December 2006—*Continued*

State or area	Total			Workers			Widow(er)s			Adult children		
	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)	Total	Number with SSI	Average SSI benefit [a] (dollars)
South Carolina	146,592	19,699	180.90	131,758	13,467	167.50	2,351	748	177.60	12,483	5,484	213.50
South Dakota	16,546	2,843	189.60	14,596	2,007	179.60	178	63	212.00	1,772	773	213.00
Tennessee	206,334	32,194	185.70	185,165	23,186	171.40	3,879	1,214	188.50	17,290	7,794	226.90
Texas	448,431	73,626	186.90	399,428	54,758	172.50	8,778	2,395	182.60	40,225	16,473	234.70
Utah	35,085	4,610	192.00	31,440	3,602	182.40	338	61	195.30	3,307	947	227.40
Vermont	18,217	3,819	200.70	16,275	2,825	191.50	214	68	165.90	1,728	926	231.20
Virginia	187,868	25,331	184.90	168,878	18,254	171.50	2,980	732	166.70	16,010	6,345	224.80
Washington	139,719	20,513	182.10	126,509	16,504	173.60	1,731	338	177.20	11,479	3,671	220.50
West Virginia	92,282	14,451	192.90	80,742	9,970	175.50	2,499	542	183.40	9,041	3,939	237.70
Wisconsin	128,501	20,992	185.30	113,019	15,799	177.70	1,199	300	187.30	14,283	4,893	209.60
Wyoming	10,597	1,430	181.30	9,667	1,157	172.90	112	24	206.60	818	249	217.50
Outlying areas [b]	181,640	277	222.40	151,272	181	180.60	4,550	17	193.20	25,818	79	312.60

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

a. Excludes retroactive payments.

b. Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

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Table 66.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2006

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
United States	188,402,570	10,180,455	5.4
Alabama	2,869,132	262,425	9.1
Alaska	442,989	16,178	3.7
Arizona	3,747,834	174,850	4.7
Arkansas	1,729,265	152,550	8.8
California	22,993,421	1,025,293	4.5
Colorado	3,106,890	104,460	3.4
Connecticut	2,216,080	99,238	4.5
Delaware	535,536	28,755	5.4
District of Columbia	395,318	22,108	5.6
Florida	11,030,629	577,939	5.2
Georgia	5,996,047	305,390	5.1
Hawaii	808,047	30,842	3.8
Idaho	903,012	43,651	4.8
Illinois	8,082,250	381,789	4.7
Indiana	3,951,672	208,599	5.3
Iowa	1,836,234	86,865	4.7
Kansas	1,710,529	76,925	4.5
Kentucky	2,669,249	268,981	10.1
Louisiana	2,674,421	201,418	7.5
Maine	847,941	66,470	7.8
Maryland	3,604,628	145,818	4.0
Massachusetts	4,132,347	245,856	5.9
Michigan	6,356,423	384,511	6.0
Minnesota	3,282,443	136,319	4.2
Mississippi	1,788,963	169,233	9.5
Missouri	3,647,230	234,299	6.4
Montana	596,192	30,240	5.1
Nebraska	1,088,643	46,440	4.3
Nevada	1,584,066	62,481	3.9
New Hampshire	854,641	44,607	5.2
New Jersey	5,507,480	231,521	4.2
New Mexico	1,203,069	74,018	6.2
New York	12,269,155	710,214	5.8
North Carolina	5,624,167	355,851	6.3
North Dakota	398,059	16,268	4.1
Ohio	7,175,977	409,913	5.7
Oklahoma	2,211,633	141,367	6.4
Oregon	2,366,319	112,370	4.7
Pennsylvania	7,750,425	494,483	6.4
Rhode Island	682,193	44,784	6.6

(Continued)

Table 66.
Number aged 18–64 as a percentage of the resident population aged 18–64, by state, December 2006—*Continued*

State	Resident population [a]	Beneficiaries	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
South Carolina	2,728,200	189,321	6.9
South Dakota	476,055	21,383	4.5
Tennessee	3,826,988	278,668	7.3
Texas	14,679,359	640,398	4.4
Utah	1,533,326	45,765	3.0
Vermont	407,553	23,586	5.8
Virginia	4,948,269	244,079	4.9
Washington	4,131,162	195,714	4.7
West Virginia	1,150,707	134,768	11.7
Wisconsin	3,519,942	168,202	4.8
Wyoming	330,460	13,252	4.0

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data; U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 estimates of resident population.

NOTES: Data exclude United States territories and other areas.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

a. Population estimates for the United States as of July 1, 2006, as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

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Table 67.
Distribution of beneficiaries aged 18–64, by diagnostic group, December 2006

Diagnostic group	Total	Social Security only			SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI		
		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
				Number				
Total	10,362,419	5,698,494	85,259	426,536	2,928,034	915,832	31,443	276,821
Congenital anomalies	41,787	8,994	111	5,689	21,076	2,363	47	3,507
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	363,504	213,416	6,919	1,567	100,245	36,860	3,192	1,305
Infectious and parasitic diseases	162,677	94,848	701	1,504	46,254	17,691	340	1,339
Injuries	370,289	255,229	2,059	6,453	72,668	29,899	547	3,434
Mental disorders								
Retardation	1,303,024	204,639	3,683	204,236	625,082	121,968	3,792	139,624
Other	3,144,973	1,543,863	21,077	67,709	1,077,732	375,523	7,759	51,310
Neoplasms	226,817	175,573	1,773	1,136	34,101	13,161	356	717
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	30,875	13,750	131	995	11,915	3,023	55	1,006
Circulatory system	746,298	554,647	8,489	2,186	130,667	46,550	2,566	1,193
Digestive system	134,070	93,763	954	366	27,685	10,787	273	242
Genitourinary system	144,621	99,977	782	1,011	29,735	12,005	222	889
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	2,015,476	1,559,527	24,086	2,983	282,636	137,628	6,225	2,391
Nervous system and sense organs	939,230	566,425	5,906	44,305	226,357	67,742	1,685	26,810
Respiratory system	266,338	177,188	4,504	519	61,274	21,025	1,372	456
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	20,859	14,024	173	168	4,382	1,957	48	107
Other	23,950	12,876	115	790	8,196	1,334	19	620
Unknown	427,631	109,755	3,796	84,919	168,029	16,316	2,945	41,871

(Continued)

Table 67.
Distribution of beneficiaries aged 18–64, by diagnostic group, December 2006—*Continued*

Diagnostic group	Total	Social Security only			SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI		
		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
				Percent				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Congenital anomalies	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.7	0.3	0.1	1.3
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	3.5	3.7	8.1	0.4	3.4	4.0	10.2	0.5
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.6	1.7	0.8	0.4	1.6	1.9	1.1	0.5
Injuries	3.6	4.5	2.4	1.5	2.5	3.3	1.7	1.2
Mental disorders								
Retardation	12.6	3.6	4.3	47.9	21.3	13.3	12.1	50.4
Other	30.3	27.1	24.7	15.9	36.8	41.0	24.7	18.5
Neoplasms	2.2	3.1	2.1	0.3	1.2	1.4	1.1	0.3
Diseases of the—								
Blood and blood-forming organs	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4
Circulatory system	7.2	9.7	10.0	0.5	4.5	5.1	8.2	0.4
Digestive system	1.3	1.6	1.1	0.1	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.1
Genitourinary system	1.4	1.8	0.9	0.2	1.0	1.3	0.7	0.3
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	19.4	27.4	28.3	0.7	9.7	15.0	19.8	0.9
Nervous system and sense organs	9.1	9.9	6.9	10.4	7.7	7.4	5.4	9.7
Respiratory system	2.6	3.1	5.3	0.1	2.1	2.3	4.4	0.2
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	0.2	0.2	0.2	a	0.1	0.2	0.2	a
Other	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
Unknown	4.1	1.9	4.5	19.9	5.7	1.8	9.4	15.1

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file, 100 percent data, and Supplemental Security Record file, 100 percent data.

NOTE: Supplemental Security Income (SSI) counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to a primary and a secondary benefit (dual entitlement) are counted only once in this table.

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

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Appendix and Glossary

Appendix: Sampling Variability

Estimates based on sample data may differ from the figures that would have been obtained had all, rather than specified samples, of the records been used. These differences are termed sampling variability. The standard error is a measure of the sampling variability. About 68 percent of all possible probability samples selected with the same specifications will give estimates within one standard error of the figure obtained from a compilation of all records. Similarly, approximately 90 percent will give estimates within 1.645 standard errors, about 95 percent will give estimates within two standard errors, and about 99 percent will give estimates within two and one-half standard errors. The standard error of an estimate depends on the design elements such as the method of sampling, sample size, and the estimation process.

Because of the large number of data cells tabulated from the sample files, it is not practical to calculate the standard error for every possible cell. However, standard errors for a large number of cells were estimated. These estimates were used to fit regression curves to provide estimates of approximate standard errors associated with tabulated counts and proportions.

The tables showing the sampling variability provide a general order of magnitude for similar estimates from the various sample files. Table A-1 presents approximate standard errors for the estimated number of persons from the 1 percent and the 10 percent files. The reliability of an estimated percentage depends on both the size of the percentage and on the size of the total on which the percentage is based. Data in Table A-2 provide approximations of the standard errors of the estimated percentage of persons in the 1 percent and 10 percent files. The standard errors are expressed in percentage points and the bases shown are in terms of inflated data.

Table A-1.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated number of persons

Size of estimate (inflated)	Standard error
1 percent file	
500	250
1,000	300
2,500	500
5,000	800
7,500	900
10,000	1,100
25,000	1,700
50,000	2,400
75,000	3,000
100,000	3,400
250,000	5,400
500,000	7,800
750,000	9,600
1,000,000	11,100
5,000,000	25,800
10,000,000	36,900
25,000,000	57,700
50,000,000	76,100
75,000,000	82,900
10 percent file	
100	30
500	70
1,000	100
5,000	225
10,000	300
50,000	700
100,000	1,000
500,000	2,200
1,000,000	3,200
2,000,000	4,300
3,000,000	5,300
5,000,000	6,500
10,000,000	8,500
20,000,000	9,300

Table A-2.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated percentage of persons

Size of base (inflated)	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
			1 percent file		
1,000	4.7	7.3	10.1	14.5	16.8
10,000	1.5	2.3	3.2	4.6	5.3
50,000	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.4
100,000	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.7
500,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.8
1,000,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
5,000,000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
10,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
50,000,000	a	a	a	0.1	0.1
100,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
			10 percent file		
500	1.9	3.0	4.1	5.9	6.8
1,000	1.3	2.1	2.9	4.1	4.8
2,500	0.8	1.3	1.8	2.6	3.0
10,000	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.5
50,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7
100,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
500,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
1,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
5,000,000	a	a	a	a	0.1
10,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
50,000,000	a	a	a	a	a

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

Glossary

administrative law judge (ALJ). An official of the Social Security Administration's (SSA's) Office of Hearings and Appeals who is specially qualified by education and experience to hold hearings and make independent decisions regarding eligibility for SSA programs on the basis of all evidence and testimony. ALJs conduct impartial hearings and issue decisions to claimants who have appealed previous determinations by SSA. See also **administrative review process**.

administrative review process. The procedures followed by the Social Security Administration (SSA) in determining one's rights under title II and title XVI of the Social Security Act. The administrative review process consists of several steps, which must usually be requested in the following order within certain time periods: initial determination, reconsideration, decision of the administrative law judge, and a review by SSA's Appeals Council.

age. In tables showing beneficiaries in current-payment status, the age classification is based on the beneficiary's current age. In tables showing awards, age is the beneficiary's age in the month of award.

allowance. A determination by the Disability Determination Services, an administrative law judge, or the Appeals Council that an applicant meets the medical definition of disability under the law. See also **disability**.

allowance rate. The percentage of allowed disability applications in a given time period calculated as the number of medically allowed applications divided by the total number of applications with a medical decision. At the hearing level, allowance rates are computed either as a percentage of dispositions (including dismissals) or as a percentage of decisions (excluding dismissals). In this publication, hearing level allowance rates are computed as a percentage of dispositions. An allowance rate provides a narrower view of the disability program than does an award rate because it excludes nonmedical determinations from its base.

Appeals Council. The organization within the Social Security Administration's Office of Hearings and Appeals that makes the final decision in the administrative review process. See also **administrative review process**.

auxiliary benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker (dependents benefit) or to a survivor of a deceased worker (survivors benefit).

average. See **mean**.

average current earnings. Earnings used to determine whether the workers' compensation or public disability benefit offset applies. Average current earnings are defined as the highest of the following:

- The average monthly earnings used to figure a person's Social Security disability benefit.
- The average monthly earnings from any work covered by Social Security that a person did (including self-employment) during the 5 highest consecutive years after 1950.
- The average monthly earnings from work or self-employment during the year a person became disabled or in the highest year of earnings that a person had during the 5-year period just before that person became disabled. (Divide the total year's earnings by 12 to get the average current earnings.)

All earnings covered by Social Security, including amounts above the maximum taxable by Social Security, may be used when figuring average current earnings. See also **workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset**.

average indexed monthly earnings (AIME). The amount of earnings used in determining the primary insurance amount (PIA) for most workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1978. A worker's actual past earnings are adjusted by changes in the average wage index to bring them up to their approximately equivalent value at the time of eligibility for benefits. If the person attained age 62, became disabled, or died before 1979, the **average monthly wage** is used to calculate the PIA. See also **primary insurance amount**.

average monthly wage (AMW). The dollar amount used in calculating a person's monthly primary insurance amount (PIA) if that person attained age 62, became disabled, or died before 1979. The AMW is determined by dividing the total earnings in the "computation years" by the number of months in those same years. If the person attained age 62, became disabled or died after 1978, **average indexed monthly earnings** are used to calculate the PIA. See also **primary insurance amount**.

average wage index. The average amount of total wages for each year after 1950, including wages in noncovered employment and wages in covered employment in excess of the Social Security contribution and benefit base. Those average yearly amounts are used to index the earnings of most workers who first become eligible for benefits in 1979 or later and to make automatic adjustments in the contribution and benefit base, bend points, earnings test exempt amounts, and other wage-indexed amounts.

award. An administrative determination that an individual is entitled to receive monthly benefits or a lump-sum death payment. Awards can represent not only new entrants to the benefit rolls but also persons already on the rolls who become entitled to a different type of benefit. See **conversion of benefits**.

award rate. The percentage of awarded applications in a given time period calculated as the number of awarded applications divided by the total number of applications decided, including technical denials and dismissals. An award rate provides a broader view of the program than does an allowance rate because an award rate includes as its base all applications decided.

bend points. The dollar amounts defining the average indexed monthly earnings or primary insurance amount brackets in the benefit formulas. See also **average indexed monthly earnings** and **primary insurance amount**.

beneficiary. A person who is entitled to either Social Security or Supplemental Security Income benefits. The Social Security benefit may be either in current-payment status or withheld.

benefits in force. The sum of the number of persons with benefits in current-payment status and the number of persons with benefits withheld.

benefit termination. See **termination**.

benefits withheld. See **withholding**.

blind. Blindness, for Social Security purposes, means either central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens, or a limitation in the fields of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle of 20 degrees or less (tunnel vision).

child's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to the children of a retired or disabled worker or of a deceased worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries.

closed period award. An administrative determination that an individual is entitled to receive benefits for a limited period of time. The determination is usually made after the period of entitlement has ended.

cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). The annual increases in benefits, effective for December, reflecting the increase in the cost of living. The benefit increase equals the percentage increase in the consumer price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers (CPI-W) measured from the average over July, August, and September of the preceding year to the average for the same 3 months in the current year. If the increase is less than one-tenth of 1 percent, when rounded, there is no automatic increase for the current year; the increase for the next year would reflect the increase in the cost of living over a 2-year period. Also see **consumer price index**.

concurrent claim. A claim for both Title II (Social Security) and Title XVI (Supplemental Security Income) benefits.

consumer price index (CPI). A measure of the average change in prices over time for a fixed group of goods and services; also considered a relative measure of inflation. The CPI-U is the price index for all urban consumers. The CPI-W is the price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers. In this report, all references to the CPI refer to the CPI-W.

continuing disability review (CDR). A periodic review to determine if a disabled individual is still medically eligible to receive benefits.

conversion of benefits. An award of benefits to persons already on the rolls whose benefits in one category are terminated but who become entitled to another type of benefit. Two frequent events causing conversions are the attainment of full retirement age by a disabled worker or a disabled widow(er) and the death of a retired or disabled worker. See also **award**.

covered earnings and employment. All wages and self-employment income creditable for Social Security purposes. Most employment and self-employment is covered under the program. In a few situations, the employer elects coverage, for example, religious orders under a vow of poverty, foreign affiliates of U.S. employers, or state and local governments. Since July 1991, coverage is mandatory for state and local employees who are not participating in a public employee retirement system.

current payment. Benefits paid for a given month, with or without deductions (provided the deductions are less than a full month's benefit). The amounts shown are before the deduction of Medicare Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) premiums. Benefits in current-payment status at the end of a month are usually payable the following month.

dependents benefit. See **auxiliary benefit**.

diagnostic group. Classification of impairments, by body system, that identifies the medical condition(s) on which disability-related benefits are based. Before 1985, the coding of the primary and secondary diagnoses for Social Security and Supplemental Security Income claimants was in accordance with the *International Classification of Diseases: 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, 4th ed.*, using 4-digit ICD-9 codes. In 1985, the Social Security Administration (SSA) implemented a revised method to determine and enter impairment codes in administrative records. This revised approach provides for a modified impairment coding system, generally using 3 digits (followed by zero), loosely based on the ICD-9 codes. For research purposes, the ICD-9 codes and SSA impairment codes are, typically, not identical. However, the diagnostic groupings shown in the statistical tables closely parallel the major ICD-9 disease classifications. See also **Listing of Impairments**.

disability. The inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. (Special rules apply for workers aged 55 or older whose disability is based on blindness. The 12-month requirement does not apply to SSI beneficiaries who are blind.)

Individuals are considered to be disabled only if their physical or mental impairment(s) are of such severity that they are not only unable to do their previous work but cannot—because of their age, education, or work experience—engage in any other kind of substantial gainful activity that exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which they live, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for them, or whether they would be hired if they applied for work.

The SGA criterion does not apply to children under age 18 in the Supplemental Security Income program. The standard for them is a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that results in marked and severe functional limitations.

Disability Determination Services (DDS). The state agency responsible for developing medical evidence and rendering the initial determination and reconsideration on whether a claimant is disabled or a beneficiary continues to be disabled within the meaning of the law.

Disability Insurance (DI) Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

disabled adult child. A disabled person aged 18 or older—a son, daughter, or eligible grandchild of a retired, deceased, or disabled worker—whose disability began before age 22.

disabled adult child's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a disabled adult child.

disabled widow(er)s benefit. See **widow(er)s benefit**.

disabled-worker benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a disabled worker who has not reached full retirement age and who is insured for disability. Before November 1960, disability benefits were limited to disabled workers aged 50 to 64.

drug addiction and alcoholism (DA&A). Conditions that, if determined a contributing factor material to the determination of disability, will prevent entitlement to disability benefits or mandate removal of persons from the program rolls.

dual entitlement. The entitlement of a beneficiary to both a worker (primary) benefit and a higher secondary benefit. The primary benefit is paid in full, but the secondary benefit is paid only in the amount by which it exceeds the primary benefit. If the two benefits are financed from the same trust fund, the beneficiary is usually represented only once in the statistics—as a retired-worker or a disabled-worker beneficiary—and the benefit amount recorded is the larger amount associated with the secondary benefit. If the benefits are paid from different trust funds, then the beneficiary is represented twice, with the respective benefit amounts recorded for each type of benefit.

duration. A factor in the determination of disability. To be eligible for benefits, a claimant must have a disability that has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months or is expected to end in death. See also **sequential evaluation process**.

earnings test. The provision requiring the withholding of benefits if nondisabled beneficiaries under full retirement age have earnings in excess of certain exempt amounts.

entitlement. The state of meeting the applicable requirements for receipt of benefits, including the filing of an application. An entitlement can be retroactive to before the month of application for benefits and, thus, precede the date of award. The retroactive period can be 12 months for disabled workers, their spouses and children, and disabled widow(er)s. The maximum retroactive period for other types of beneficiaries is 6 months.

equals listing. A determination that a medical condition is equal in severity to the criteria in the Listing of Impairments.

expedited appeals process. This process permits an individual to go directly to a federal district court after review of the initial determination without first completing the administrative review process, if the only dispute is whether an applicable provision of the Social Security Act is constitutional. See also **administrative review process**.

expedited reinstatement of benefits. A provision of the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act. Effective January 1, 2001, if a person's Social Security or SSI disability benefits have ended because of earnings from work and he or she becomes unable to work again within 60 months because of his or her impairment, he or she would be able to request reinstatement of benefits, including Medicare and Medicaid, without filing a new application.

extended period of eligibility (EPE). The 36-month period after the completion of a trial work period for beneficiaries who continue to have a disabling condition and work. Monthly benefits are continued for 3 months after the trial work period and are then suspended if earnings are above the substantial gainful activity level. If earnings drop below the substantial gainful activity level during the EPE, monthly benefits may be resumed without a new application and disability determination. Medicare coverage continues throughout the EPE. See also **trial work period** and **substantial gainful activity**.

father's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a widower or surviving divorced father if (1) the deceased worker on whose earnings record the benefit is paid was either fully or currently insured at the time of her death and (2) an entitled child of the worker is in his care and is under the age of 16 or disabled.

federal court review. When an individual disagrees with the Social Security Administration's final decision, he or she may request judicial review by filing a civil action in a federal district court. See also **administrative review process**.

federally administered Supplemental Security Income (SSI). Federal SSI payments and state supplementation payments issued by the Social Security Administration on behalf of states. (This report does not cover state supplementation payments that are state administered.)

full retirement age (FRA). The age at which a person may first become entitled to unreduced retirement benefits. Beginning in 2000, the FRA for a worker or spouse born in 1938 or later, or a widow(er) born in 1940 or later, will gradually increase from age 65 until it reaches age 67 in 2022. The higher FRA affects the benefit amount of persons who choose to receive reduced benefits. Also known as the normal retirement age (NRA).

government pension offset (GPO). A law that affects spouse's or widow(er)s benefits. Benefits are subject to reduction by any government pensions payable to the spouse on the basis of his or her own earnings in noncovered employment. The offset reduces the Social Security benefit amount by two-thirds of the amount of the government pension.

hearing. The level following reconsideration in the administrative review process. The hearing is a *de novo* procedure at which the claimant, the claimant's representative, or both may appear in person, submit new evidence, examine the evidence used in making the determination under review, give testimony, and present and question witnesses. The hearing is on the record but is informal and nonadversarial.

Hospital Insurance (HI) Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

husband's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a husband or a divorced husband (aged 62 or older) of a retired or disabled worker. Also see **spouse's benefit**.

impairment-related work expense (IRWE). The costs of items or services that a disabled person needs to work. The expenses, when paid by the beneficiary, are deducted from his or her gross earnings when determining if the work is considered substantial gainful activity.

initial determination. The first decision made in determining eligibility for, and entitlement to, benefits. A Social Security field office employee makes the decision on nonmedical factors such as insured status, substantial gainful activity, income, and resources. If the nonmedical factors are met, a state Disability Determination Services employee makes the decision on the medical factors. See also **administrative review process**.

insured status. The state or condition of having sufficient quarters of coverage to meet the eligibility requirements for retired-worker or disabled-worker benefits or to permit the worker's spouse and children or survivors to establish eligibility for benefits in the event of the beneficiary's disability, retirement, or death. See also **quarters of coverage**.

Listing of Impairments. Issued by the Social Security Administration and used to identify medical conditions for purposes of determining disability. See also **diagnostic group**.

Master Beneficiary Record (MBR). The MBR contains the data needed to administer the Social Security benefit program. The MBR contains a record for each person who (1) is currently entitled to benefits, (2) is no longer receiving benefits but received them in the past, or (3) filed a claim for benefits but was denied (though the person may be appealing that decision).

maximum family benefit. The maximum monthly amount that can be paid on a worker's earnings record. Whenever the total of the individual monthly benefits payable to all the beneficiaries entitled on one earnings record exceeds the maximum, each dependents or survivors benefit is proportionately reduced to bring the total to within the maximum. Benefits payable to divorced spouses or surviving divorced spouses are not reduced under the family maximum provision.

mean. An arithmetic mean is the sum of the observed data divided by the number of observations. Compare with **median**.

median. A median is a figure that falls in the exact middle of a ranking of numbers in ascending or descending order. Compare with **mean**.

medical listings. The common term for the **Listing of Impairments**. See also **diagnostic group**.

Medicare. A nationwide, federally administered health insurance program that covers the cost of hospitalization, medical care, and some related services for most people over the age of 65, for people receiving Social Security Disability Insurance benefits for 2 years, and for people with end-stage renal disease. Medicare consists of two separate but coordinated programs—Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance).

Medicare eligibility based on disability. Medicare benefits are available 2 years after the disabled worker, disabled widow(er), or disabled adult child becomes eligible for benefits.

meets listing. A physical or mental impairment that meets the criteria in the Listing of Impairments and is sufficient to establish disability. This determination is made at the third step in the sequential evaluation process. See also **sequential evaluation process**.

monthly benefit. In this report, "monthly benefit" refers to the monthly benefit credited (MBC), which is derived as follows:

1. Subtract the Medicare premium from the monthly benefit amount (MBA).
2. Round the result down to the nearest whole dollar.
3. Add back the Medicare premium to the rounded result from 2 above.

For example, if a monthly benefit amount is $968.20 and the corresponding Medicare premium is $88.50, then the MBC is $967.50 ($968.20 - $88.50 = $879.70 rounded down to $879.00 + $88.50 = $967.50).

monthly benefit amount (MBA). The amount payable after reduction, if necessary, for age, family maximum, and other reasons but before any deduction for Medicare (Part B) premiums.

mother's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a widow or surviving divorced mother if (1) the deceased worker on whose earnings record the benefit is paid was either fully or currently insured at the time of his death and (2) an entitled child of the worker is in her care and is under age 16 or disabled.

nonsevere impairment. An impairment that does not significantly limit a person's physical or mental ability to perform basic work activities.

Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI). The programs under the Social Security Act that pay for (1) monthly benefits to retired workers and their spouses and children and to survivors of deceased insured workers (OASI) and (2) monthly benefits to disabled workers and their spouses and children and for rehabilitation services provided to the disabled (DI).

other work. Work that exists in the national economy, other than the work a person has done previously.

parent's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a dependent parent (aged 62 or older) of a deceased, fully insured worker.

period of disability. A continuous period of at least 5 months, during which a person is entitled to disability benefits.

poverty thresholds. The poverty thresholds are a series of income levels, with different values for family units of different sizes, below which the family units are considered poor. The thresholds are used mainly for statistical purposes in calculating official poverty population figures. They are issued annually by the U.S. Census Bureau in the Current Population Reports series. The thresholds are adjusted annually for price changes using the annual average consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U).

prevalence. The percentage of a population receiving benefits at a specified time. For Social Security disability benefits, prevalence is expressed as a percentage of the population insured for Disability Insurance.

primary insurance amount (PIA). The monthly amount payable to a retired worker who begins to receive benefits at full retirement age or to a disabled worker who has never received a retirement benefit reduced for age. This amount, which is derived from the worker's average monthly wage or average indexed monthly earnings, is also used as a base for computing all types of benefits payable on the basis of one individual's earnings record.

prototype process. A disability redesign model being tested in 10 states that represent about 20 percent to 25 percent of the national disability claims workload. Implementation of the Prototype Process began on October 1, 1999, in Alabama, Alaska, Colorado, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, and in parts of California and New York (expanded to all of New York in April 2001). This model includes

- use of a single decisionmaker—a new position that gives the disability examiner authority to determine eligibility without requiring physician input in most cases,
- use of a predecision claimant conference,
- use of an enhanced decision explanation, and
- elimination of the reconsideration step of the appeals process.

provisional benefits. An individual whose prior disability entitlement terminated because of SGA and who requests expedited reinstatement (EXR) may receive up to 6 months of cash payments and Medicare benefits while a decision is being made.

public disability benefit (PDB). A benefit paid under a federal, state, or local government law or plan that pays for conditions that are not job related. Examples are civil service disability benefits, military disability benefits, state temporary disability benefits, and state or local government retirement benefits that are based on disability. See also **workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset**.

quarters of coverage (QC). Basic unit of measurement for determining insured status. In 2006, a worker receives one quarter of coverage (up to a total of four) for each $970 of annual covered earnings. The amount of earnings required for a quarter of coverage is subject to annual automatic increases in proportion to increases in average earnings. See also **insured status**.

reconsideration. An independent reexamination of all evidence on record related to a case. It is based on the evidence submitted for the initial determination plus any further evidence and information that the claimant or the claimant's representative may submit in connection with the reconsideration. Different employees than the ones who made the initial determination make a reconsideration determination. See also **administrative review process**.

relevant past work. Work that a person did before filing for disability benefits.

representative payee. A person designated by the Social Security Administration to receive monthly benefit checks on behalf of an adult beneficiary who is unable to manage his or her own funds. A beneficiary under age 18 is generally considered incapable of managing benefit payments, and a representative payee will be selected to receive benefits on the beneficiary's behalf.

retired-worker (old-age) benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a fully insured retired worker aged 62 or older. Retired-worker benefit data do not include special age-72 benefits, unless indicated. See also **special age-72 benefit**.

secondary benefit. An additional monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker, or to a survivor of a deceased worker who also receives a primary benefit as a disabled or retired worker. See **dual entitlement**.

self-employment. Operation of a trade or business by an individual or by a partnership in which an individual is a member.

sequential evaluation process. The five-step process used in determining whether an individual meets the definition of disability as defined in the law.

special age-72 benefit. A monthly payment to certain persons who reached age 72 before 1968 and never worked in employment covered by Social Security. Those who reached age 72 between 1968 and 1971 must have Social Security coverage to qualify. This benefit is not available to people who reach age 72 after 1971.

spouse's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a spouse or a divorced spouse of a retired or disabled worker under one of the following conditions:

1. The spouse is aged 62 or older or has an entitled child of the worker in his or her care who is under age 16 or is disabled, or
2. The divorced spouse is aged 62 or older and was married to the worker for 10 years before the divorce became final, or
3. The spouse is a deemed spouse (including a divorced deemed spouse) who entered into an invalid ceremonial marriage in good faith.

state agency. A common term for Disability Determination Services, the state agency that makes the initial and reconsideration determinations of whether a claimant is disabled or a beneficiary continues to be disabled within the meaning of the law.

statutory blindness. See **blind**.

student benefit. Child's benefit payable to a full-time unmarried elementary or secondary school student aged 18-19. Student benefits end at age 19 or at the end of the current semester or quarter, whichever is later. Also see **child's benefit**.

substantial gainful activity (SGA). Describes a level of work activity that is productive and yields or usually yields remuneration or profit. The Social Security Administration's regulations establish a dollar amount to indicate whether a person's work is substantial.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI). A federal program for low-income aged, blind, and disabled individuals who meet income and resource requirements. It replaced the former federal/state programs of Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled. SSI is funded by general tax revenues, not Social Security taxes.

survivors benefit. See **auxiliary benefit**.

suspended benefit. See **withholding**.

technical entitlement. Occurs when a beneficiary is entitled to benefits on more than one earnings record but is eligible to receive payments on only one earnings record. There are two types of technical entitlement:

- *Simultaneous technical entitlement*. Beneficiary is entitled to the same type of benefit on more than one earnings record.
- *Potential dual entitlement*. Beneficiary is entitled to different types of benefits and the secondary benefit amount exceeds the primary benefit, but reduction for age or family maximum causes the primary benefit to exceed the secondary benefit amount.

termination. Cessation of payment of a specific type of benefit because the beneficiary is no longer entitled to receive it. For example, benefits might terminate as a result of the death of the beneficiary, the recovery of a disabled beneficiary, or the attainment of age 18 by a child beneficiary. In some cases, the individual may become immediately entitled to another type of benefit (such as the conversion of a disabled-worker benefit at full retirement age to a retired-worker benefit).

Title II benefits. Refers to benefits administered by the Social Security Administration under the federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund. See **trust funds**.

Title XVI benefits. Refers to benefits administered by the Social Security Administration under the Supplemental Security Income program. See **Supplemental Security Income**.

trial work period (TWP). A 9-month trial work period during which monthly benefits continue for beneficiaries who are still disabled but return to work. If the disability ends after completion of the trial work period, monthly benefits are continued for an additional 3 months, and then entitlement is terminated. A disabled beneficiary would exhaust the trial work period only if services were performed in any 9 months within a period of 60 consecutive months. For a discussion of procedures when the disabling condition continues, see **extended period of eligibility**.

trust funds. Separate accounts in the U.S. Treasury in which are deposited the taxes received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and the Self-Employment Contributions Act, contributions resulting from coverage of state and local government employees, any sums received under the financial interchange with the railroad retirement account, voluntary hospital and medical insurance premiums, and transfers of federal general revenues. Funds not withdrawn for current monthly or service benefits, the financial interchange, and administrative expenses are invested in interest-bearing federal securities, as required by law; the interest earned is also deposited in the trust funds.

- *Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI)*. The trust fund used for paying monthly benefits to retired-worker (old-age) beneficiaries and their spouses and children and to survivors of deceased insured workers, including most disabled adult children and disabled widow(er)s.
- *Disability Insurance (DI)*. The trust fund used for paying monthly benefits to disabled-worker beneficiaries and their spouses and children and for providing rehabilitation services to the disabled.
- *Hospital Insurance (HI)*. The trust fund used for paying part of the costs of inpatient hospital services and related care for aged and disabled individuals who meet the eligibility requirements.
- *Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI)*. The trust fund used for paying part of the costs of physician's services, outpatient hospital services, and other related medical and health services for voluntarily enrolled aged and disabled individuals.

usual work. See **relevant past work**.

vocational considerations. Age, education, and work experience, which are considered at the final step of the sequential evaluation process.

wages. All payment for services performed for an employer. Wages do not have to be cash. The cash value of all compensation paid to an employee in any form other than cash is also considered wages (unless the form of payment is specifically not covered under the Social Security Act).

widow(er)s benefit. Monthly benefit payable to a widow(er) or surviving divorced widow(er) of a worker fully insured at the time of death, if he or she is (1) aged 60 or older or (2) aged 50–59 and has been disabled throughout a waiting period of 5 consecutive calendar months that began no later than 7 years after the month in which the worker died or after the end of his or her entitlement to benefits as a widowed mother or father.

A surviving divorced widow(er)'s marriage to a worker must have lasted 10 years before the divorce became final. Effective for benefits payable after December 1983, benefits are continued for disabled widow(er)s and surviving divorced widow(er)s who remarry after the age of first eligibility for benefits.

Effective January 1991, benefits may be payable to a deemed widow(er), including a divorced deemed widow(er). A deemed widow(er) is a person who entered into an invalid ceremonial marriage in good faith.

wife's benefit. A monthly benefit payable to a wife or divorced wife of a retired or disabled worker. Also see **spouse's benefit**.

withholding. Temporarily stopping benefit payments until the condition or conditions causing the suspension are known to have ended. The suspension does not affect eligibility for Medicare benefits.

work credits. See **quarters of coverage**.

worker. A person who has earnings creditable for Social Security purposes on the basis of services for wages in covered employment or on the basis of income from covered self-employment.

workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset. A requirement that reduces the benefits to a disabled worker and dependents if the worker also receives workers' compensation (WC) or other public disability benefits (PDB). The reduction continues until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the WC/PDB payments stop, whichever comes first.