African Americans Receiving Social Security Disability Insurance Benefits

- About 2.0 million African Americans received disability insurance benefits in 2016.
- The median annual personal income level for African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits in 2016 was $14,075, while the mean income level was $19,796.
- Disability insurance benefits constituted at least 75 percent of personal income for 63 percent of African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits in 2016.
- Among African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits in 2016, 27 percent were in poverty. If disability insurance benefits were not included, 62 percent would have been poor.
- Among African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits in 2016, 44 percent had family income below 150 percent of the poverty level. If disability insurance benefits were not included, 70 percent would have had family income below 150 percent of the poverty level.
- The aggregate annual poverty gap for African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits in 2016 was approximately $14.1 billion when family income did not include disability insurance benefits compared to $2.4 billion with disability insurance benefits included in family income. The poverty gap measures the dollar amount of additional income necessary to lift members of a group to just above the poverty level.
- Approximately 4 percent of African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits in 2016 did not have public or private health insurance. Disability insurance beneficiaries are eligible for Medicare, but only after a two-year waiting period.
- In 2016, about 24 percent of African Americans receiving disability insurance benefits also received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments. SSI is a program that provides additional income to families with low income and limited resources.
Estimates are based on the Current Population Survey (CPS) merged with Social Security Administration data for individuals who received a payment in any month of 2016 and who did not live in an institutional setting at the time of the survey (March 2017). Social Security disability insurance benefits include disabled worker, disabled widow(er), and disabled adult child benefits paid from the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds. For additional information on data and methods, please contact research@ssa.gov.