Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker’s retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker’s level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker’s benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $922; widows and widowers, $866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $888); disabled workers, $862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $446, $603, and $254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $39.6 billion. Of this amount, $28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.4 billion to survivors, and $5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In New Jersey, benefits were paid to 1,366,270 persons. This number included 937,110 retired workers, 127,530 widows and widowers, 141,810 disabled workers, 59,070 wives and husbands, and 100,750 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population of the state and 91.7 percent of the state’s population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in New Jersey received an average of $1,018 per month; widows and widowers, $960; disabled workers, $938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $496. Average benefits for children were $498 for children of retired workers, $675 for children of deceased workers, and $294 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $1.3 billion. Of this amount, $989 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $156 million to survivors, and $145 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient’s countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is $564, and for a couple, $846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled $3.1 billion in December 2003: $2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and $357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was $417. Aged persons averaged $342, and disabled and blind persons, $433.
In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled $68.6 million.

In New Jersey, 149,580 persons—33,670 aged and 115,910 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 50,313 recipients were aged 65 or older, 78,366 were aged 18 to 64, and 20,901 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled $64.9 million, of which $57.8 million was federal SSI and $7.2 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was $404 overall: $347 for aged recipients and $421 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in New Jersey receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 1,468,306.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In New Jersey in 2002, an estimated 4.73 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had $163.27 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $20.25 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In New Jersey in 2002, an estimated 4.76 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had $211.85 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $6.14 billion in Medicare taxes.

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SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration’s administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

CONTACTS:
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Social Security Administration
Office of Policy
Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics
500 E Street, SW, 8th Floor
Washington, DC 20254

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Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker’s retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker’s level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker’s benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $922; widows and widowers, $866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $888); disabled workers, $862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $446, $603, and $254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $39.6 billion. Of this amount, $28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.4 billion to survivors, and $5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In New York, benefits were paid to 3,032,710 persons. This number included 1,980,420 retired workers, 283,660 widows and widowers, 367,160 disabled workers, 151,600 wives and husbands, and 249,870 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population of the state and 88.0 percent of the state’s population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in New York received an average of $977 per month; widows and widowers, $914; disabled workers, $911; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $468. Average benefits for children were $470 for children of retired workers, $642 for children of deceased workers, and $263 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $2.7 billion. Of this amount, $2 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $331 million to survivors, and $364 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient’s countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2004, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is $564, and for a couple, $846.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2003, 6,902,364 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,232,778 were aged and 5,669,586 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,989,737 recipients were aged 65 or older, 3,953,248 were aged 18 to 64, and 959,379 were under 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 51,534,142. Federally administered payments totaled $3.1 billion in December 2003: $2.7 billion in federal SSI payments and $357 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was $417. Aged persons averaged $342, and disabled and blind persons, $433.
In addition, 551,469 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2003 that totaled $68.6 million.

In New York, 624,565 persons—134,095 aged and 490,470 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2003. A total of 222,766 recipients were aged 65 or older, 333,737 were aged 18 to 64, and 68,062 were under 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled $296.6 million, of which $248.9 million was federal SSI and $47.7 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was $450 overall: $379 for aged recipients and $469 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2003, the total number of persons in New York receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 3,460,820.

### Earnings and Employment Data

#### Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In New York in 2002, an estimated 9.87 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had $304.43 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $37.75 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In New York in 2002, an estimated 9.92 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had $402.2 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $11.66 billion in Medicare taxes.

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**Social Security Administration**

Office of Policy
Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics
500 E Street, SW, 8th Floor
Washington, DC 20254

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Puerto Rico

Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker’s retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker’s level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker’s benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,053,140 persons received benefits for December 2003. This number included 29,547,530 retired workers, 4,898,040 widows and widowers, 5,867,460 disabled workers, 2,773,630 wives and husbands, and 3,966,480 children. Social Security benefits represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.8 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $922; widows and widowers, $866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $888); disabled workers, $862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $446, $603, and $254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $39.6 billion. Of this amount, $28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.4 billion to survivors, and $5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In Puerto Rico, benefits were paid to 698,010 persons. This number included 317,870 retired workers, 81,220 widows and widowers, 134,990 disabled workers, 63,420 wives and husbands, and 100,510 children.

Retired workers in Puerto Rico received an average of $611 per month; widows and widowers, $535; disabled workers, $738; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $273. Average benefits for children were $279 for children of retired workers, $403 for children of deceased workers, and $193 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $384 million. Of this amount, $214 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $59 million to survivors, and $110 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Earnings and Employment Data

Social Security

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employers, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Puerto Rico in 2002, an estimated 1.16 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had $19.27 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $2.39 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Puerto Rico in 2002, an estimated 1.2 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had $21.25 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $616 million in Medicare taxes.
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500 E Street, SW, 8th Floor  
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Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $922; widows and widowers, $866 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $888); disabled workers, $862; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $450. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $446, $603, and $254, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $39.6 billion. Of this amount, $28.7 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.4 billion to survivors, and $5.5 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2003.

In the Virgin Islands, benefits were paid to 15,070 persons. This number included 9,760 retired workers, 1,200 widows and widowers, 1,210 disabled workers, 1,040 wives and husbands, and 1,860 children.

Retired workers in the Virgin Islands received an average of $804 per month; widows and widowers, $683; disabled workers, $860; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $372. Average benefits for children were $352 for children of retired workers, $510 for children of deceased workers, and $242 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2003 totaled $11 million. Of this amount, $8 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $1 million to survivors, and $1 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

**Earnings and Employment Data**

**Social Security**

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 153.8 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.2 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employers, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $526 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

For 2002, earnings and employment data for the Virgin Islands is not available.

**Medicare**

Nationally, in 2002, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.1 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employers, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $149 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

For 2002, earnings and employment data for the Virgin Islands is not available.
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