Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker’s retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker’s level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker’s benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,707,330 persons received benefits for December 2004. This number included 29,971,970 retired workers, 4,825,650 widows and widowers, 6,192,210 disabled workers, 2,723,630 wives and husbands, and 3,993,870 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.7 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $955; widows and widowers, $897 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $920); disabled workers, $894; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $464. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $466, $625, and $265, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $41.6 billion. Of this amount, $30.1 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.5 billion to survivors, and $6.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.7 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2004.

In New Jersey, benefits were paid to 1,370,440 persons. This number included 939,010 retired workers, 123,960 widows and widowers, 148,650 disabled workers, 57,990 wives and husbands, and 100,810 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.7 percent of the total population of the state and 91.3 percent of the state’s population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in New Jersey received an average of $1,054 per month; widows and widowers, $993; disabled workers, $976; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $509. Average benefits for children were $516 for children of retired workers, $705 for children of deceased workers, and $310 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $1.3 billion. Of this amount, $1.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $158 million to survivors, and $158 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient’s countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2005, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is $579, and for a couple, $869.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2004, 6,987,845 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,211,167 were aged and 5,776,678 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,977,610 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,017,108 were 18 to 64, and 993,127 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 52,253,851. Federally administered payments totaled $3.2 billion in December 2004: $2.9 billion in federal SSI payments and $362 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was $428. Aged persons averaged $351, and disabled and blind persons, $445.
In addition, 552,346 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2004 that totaled $68.8 million.

In New Jersey, 150,151 persons—33,447 aged and 116,704 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2004. A total of 50,322 recipients were aged 65 or older, 78,665 were aged 18 to 64, and 21,164 were under the age of 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled $68.2 million, of which $60.8 million was federal SSI and $7.4 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was $415 overall: $355 for aged recipients and $432 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2004, the total number of persons in New Jersey receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 1,472,964.

### Earnings and Employment Data

#### Social Security

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.4 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $541 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In New Jersey in 2003, an estimated 4.79 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had $168.24 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $20.86 billion in Social Security taxes.

#### Medicare

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 158.1 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.3 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $153 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In New Jersey in 2003, an estimated 4.82 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had $214.60 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $6.22 billion in Medicare taxes.

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**State Statistics** is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration’s Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

**SOURCE:** The data are from the Social Security Administration’s administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

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**Social Security Administration**

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Washington, DC 20254

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Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker’s retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker’s level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker’s benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,707,330 persons received benefits for December 2004. This number included 29,971,970 retired workers, 4,825,650 widows and widowers, 6,192,210 disabled workers, 2,723,630 wives and husbands, and 3,993,870 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.7 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $955; widows and widowers, $897 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $920); disabled workers, $894; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $464. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $466, $625, and $265, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $41.6 billion. Of this amount, $30.1 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.5 billion to survivors, and $6.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.7 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2004.

In New York, benefits were paid to 3,045,290 persons. This number included 1,985,530 retired workers, 277,600 widows and widowers, 383,800 disabled workers, 149,780 wives and husbands, and 248,580 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population of the state and 87.7 percent of the state’s population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in New York received an average of $1,011 per month; widows and widowers, $947; disabled workers, $943; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $480. Average benefits for children were $490 for children of retired workers, $666 for children of deceased workers, and $273 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $2.8 billion. Of this amount, $2.1 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $336 million to survivors, and $392 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient’s countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2005, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is $579, and for a couple, $869.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2004, 6,987,845 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,211,167 were aged and 5,776,678 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,977,610 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,017,108 were 18 to 64, and 993,127 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 52,253,851. Federally administered payments totaled $3.2 billion in December 2004: $2.9 billion in federal SSI payments and $362 million in state supplements. The average federally administered payment was $428. Aged persons averaged $351, and disabled and blind persons, $445.
In addition, 552,346 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2004 that totaled $68.8 million.

In New York, 626,593 persons—131,604 aged and 494,989 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2004. A total of 222,438 recipients were aged 65 or older, 334,873 were aged 18 to 64, and 69,282 were under the age of 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled $309.1 million, of which $260.7 million was federal SSI and $48.3 million was state supplementation. The average federally administered payment was $461 overall: $386 for aged recipients and $481 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2004, the total number of persons in New York receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 3,473,868.

**Social Security**

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.4 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $541 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In New York in 2003, an estimated 9.98 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had $313.56 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $38.88 billion in Social Security taxes.

**Medicare**

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 158.1 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.3 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $153 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In New York in 2003, an estimated 10.02 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had $406.51 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $11.79 billion in Medicare taxes.
The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker’s retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker’s level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker’s benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 47,707,330 persons received benefits for December 2004. This number included 29,971,970 retired workers, 4,825,650 widows and widowers, 6,192,210 disabled workers, 2,723,630 wives and husbands, and 3,993,870 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.7 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $955; widows and widowers, $897 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $920); disabled workers, $894; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $464. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were $466, $625, and $265, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $41.6 billion. Of this amount, $30.1 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.5 billion to survivors, and $6.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.7 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2004.

In Puerto Rico, benefits were paid to 704,880 persons. This number included 327,620 retired workers, 81,610 widows and widowers, 134,540 disabled workers, 63,480 wives and husbands, and 97,630 children.

Retired workers in Puerto Rico received an average of $635 per month; widows and widowers, $555; disabled workers, $767; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $283. Average benefits for children were $287 for children of retired workers, $422 for children of deceased workers, and $205 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $404 million. Of this amount, $229 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $61 million to survivors, and $114 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.4 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $541 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Puerto Rico in 2003, an estimated 1.19 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had $20.19 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $2.50 billion in Social Security taxes.

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 158.1 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.3 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $153 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Puerto Rico in 2003, an estimated 1.23 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had $22.13 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $642 million in Medicare taxes.
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A total of 47,707,330 persons received benefits for December 2004. This number included 29,971,970 retired workers, 4,825,650 widows and widowers, 6,192,210 disabled workers, 2,723,630 wives and husbands, and 3,993,870 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.8 percent of the total population and 90.7 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of $955; widows and widowers, $897 (nondisabled widows and widowers, $920); disabled workers, $894; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $464. Average benefits for children were $466 for children of retired workers, $540 for children of deceased workers, and $265 for children of disabled workers.

Social Security benefits for December 2004 totaled $41.6 billion. Of this amount, $30.1 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $5.5 billion to survivors, and $6.0 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 2.7 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2004.

In the Virgin Islands, benefits were paid to 15,730 persons. This number included 10,070 retired workers, 1,240 widows and widowers, 1,300 disabled workers, 1,110 wives and husbands, and 2,010 children.

Retired workers in the Virgin Islands received an average of $824 per month; widows and widowers, $706; disabled workers, $908; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, $374. Average benefits for children were $381 for children of retired workers, $540 for children of deceased workers, and $291 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2004 totaled $12 million. Of this amount, $9 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, $1 million to survivors, and $1 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Social Security

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 154.5 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned $4.4 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $541 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

For 2003, earnings and employment data for the Virgin Islands are not available.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2003, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 158.1 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned $5.3 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of $153 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

For 2003, earnings and employment data for the Virgin Islands are not available.
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