



Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Arkansas, benefits were paid to 558,200 persons. This number included 316,150 retired workers, 56,810 widows and widowers, 102,860 disabled workers, 27,640 wives and husbands, and 54,740 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented

20.4 percent of the total population of the state and 93.6 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Arkansas received an average of \$935 per month; widows and widowers, \$835; disabled workers, \$887; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$449. Average benefits for children were \$472 for children of retired workers, \$584 for children of deceased workers, and \$263 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$470 million. Of this amount, \$310 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$61 million to survivors, and \$99 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 53,059,074. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.4 billion in December 2005: \$3 billion in federal SSI payments and \$366 million in

state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$439. Aged persons averaged \$360, and disabled and blind persons, \$455.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Arkansas, 91,043 persons—9,782 aged and 81,261 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 19,241 recipients were aged 65 or older, 53,760 were aged 18 to 64, and 18,042 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$38.4 million. The average federal payment was \$377 overall: \$166 for aged recipients and \$403 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Arkansas receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 611,570.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Arkansas in 2004, an estimated 1.46 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$33.81 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$4.19 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Arkansas in 2004, an estimated 1.47 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$36.94 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.07 billion in Medicare taxes.

State Statistics is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration's Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

CONTACTS:

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Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics
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Washington, DC 20254

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Social Security

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A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Louisiana, benefits were paid to 716,000 persons. This number included 369,390 retired workers, 99,860 widows and widowers, 108,710 disabled workers, 55,560 wives and husbands, and 82,480 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented

15.8 percent of the total population of the state and 87.0 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Louisiana received an average of \$937 per month; widows and widowers, \$869; disabled workers, \$937; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$464. Average benefits for children were \$452 for children of retired workers, \$597 for children of deceased workers, and \$272 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$598 million. Of this amount, \$375 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$111 million to survivors, and \$112 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 53,059,074. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.4 billion in December 2005: \$3 billion in federal SSI payments and \$366 million in

state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$439. Aged persons averaged \$360, and disabled and blind persons, \$455.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Louisiana, 155,803 persons—17,588 aged and 138,215 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 34,702 recipients were aged 65 or older, 92,619 were aged 18 to 64, and 28,482 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$66.2 million. The average federal payment was \$399 overall: \$199 for aged recipients and \$425 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 4,797 persons in Louisiana received state-administered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$38,000.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Louisiana receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 817,274.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Louisiana in 2004, an estimated 2.14 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$52.31 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$6.49 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Louisiana in 2004, an estimated 2.31 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$64.24 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.86 billion in Medicare taxes.

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A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In New Mexico, benefits were paid to 311,120 persons. This number included 186,160 retired workers, 29,330 widows and widowers, 45,390 disabled workers, 21,040 wives and husbands, and 29,200 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented

16.2 percent of the total population of the state and 89.7 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in New Mexico received an average of \$935 per month; widows and widowers, \$869; disabled workers, \$902; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$442. Average benefits for children were \$432 for children of retired workers, \$552 for children of deceased workers, and \$262 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$262 million. Of this amount, \$185 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$33 million to survivors, and \$44 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 53,059,074. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.4 billion in December 2005: \$3 billion in federal SSI payments and \$366 million in

state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$439. Aged persons averaged \$360, and disabled and blind persons, \$455.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In New Mexico, 53,773 persons—8,589 aged and 45,184 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 15,787 recipients were aged 65 or older, 30,820 were aged 18 to 64, and 7,166 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$22.6 million. The average federal payment was \$389 overall: \$248 for aged recipients and \$415 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 177 persons in New Mexico received state-administered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$18,000.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in New Mexico receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 343,726.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In New Mexico in 2004, an estimated 935,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$23.26 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.88 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In New Mexico in 2004, an estimated 945,000 residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$25.51 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$740 million in Medicare taxes.

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A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Oklahoma, benefits were paid to 635,170 persons. This number included 388,440 retired workers, 66,510 widows and widowers, 90,330 disabled workers, 35,210 wives and husbands, and 54,680 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 17.9 percent

of the total population of the state and 93.1 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Oklahoma received an average of \$962 per month; widows and widowers, \$911; disabled workers, \$924; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$472. Average benefits for children were \$506 for children of retired workers, \$623 for children of deceased workers, and \$265 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$560 million. Of this amount, \$392 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$78 million to survivors, and \$90 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 53,059,074. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.4 billion in December 2005: \$3 billion in federal SSI payments and \$366 million in

state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$439. Aged persons averaged \$360, and disabled and blind persons, \$455.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Oklahoma, 79,564 persons—8,066 aged and 71,498 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 15,692 recipients were aged 65 or older, 50,366 were aged 18 to 64, and 13,506 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$34.9 million. The average federal payment was \$395 overall: \$211 for aged recipients and \$416 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 78,588 persons in Oklahoma received state-administered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$3.2 million.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Oklahoma receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 686,096.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Oklahoma in 2004, an estimated 1.85 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$44.74 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$5.55 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Oklahoma in 2004, an estimated 1.87 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$49.06 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.42 billion in Medicare taxes.

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A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (non-disabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Texas, benefits were paid to 2,955,290 persons. This number included 1,765,120 retired workers, 333,260 widows and widowers, 378,720 disabled workers, 204,080 wives and husbands, and 274,110 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented

12.9 percent of the total population of the state and 89.5 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Texas received an average of \$975 per month; widows and widowers, \$913; disabled workers, \$924; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$471. Average benefits for children were \$442 for children of retired workers, \$632 for children of deceased workers, and \$268 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$2.6 billion. Of this amount, \$1.8 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$394 million to survivors, and \$379 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

The total number of persons receiving a Social Security payment, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 53,059,074. Federally administered payments totaled \$3.4 billion in December 2005: \$3 billion in federal SSI payments and \$366 million in

state supplements. The average federally administered payment was \$439. Aged persons averaged \$360, and disabled and blind persons, \$455.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Texas, 501,762 persons—109,823 aged and 391,939 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 162,522 recipients were aged 65 or older, 253,354 were aged 18 to 64, and 85,886 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$205.2 million. The average federal payment was \$377 overall: \$253 for aged recipients and \$412 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 10,056 persons in Texas received state-administered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$47,000.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Texas receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 3,264,610.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Texas in 2004, an estimated 10.72 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$296.86 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$36.81 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Texas in 2004, an estimated 11.27 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$368.48 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$10.69 billion in Medicare taxes.

State Statistics is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration's Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

CONTACTS:

- Social Security data, angela.y.harper@ssa.gov or 410-966-9541.
- SSI data, arthur.l.kahn@ssa.gov or 410-965-0186.
- Earnings and employment data, greg.k.diez@ssa.gov or 410-965-0153.

Social Security Administration

Office of Policy
Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics
500 E Street, SW, 8th Floor
Washington, DC 20254

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