Saudi Arabia

Exchange rate: US$1.00 = 3.75 riyals.

Old Age, Disability, and Survivors

Regulatory Framework


Type of program: Social insurance system.

Coverage

Private-sector and some categories of public-sector Saudi workers.

Voluntary coverage for persons who are self-employed, are working abroad, or no longer satisfy the conditions for compulsory coverage.

Exclusions: Agricultural workers, fishermen, household workers, family labor, and foreign workers.

Special system for civil servants and military personnel.

Under certain conditions, former contributors under the civil and military scheme may request to have contribution periods credited toward the public social insurance scheme.

Source of Funds

Insured person: 9% of gross earnings.

The minimum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 1,500 riyals.

The maximum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 45,000 riyals.

Self-employed person: 18% of declared income.

The minimum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 1,200 riyals.

The maximum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 45,000 riyals.

Employer: 9% of payroll.

The minimum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 1,500 riyals.

The maximum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 45,000 riyals.

Government: An annual subsidy and any operating deficit.

Qualifying Conditions

Old-age pension: Age 60 (men) or age 55 (women) with at least 120 months of contributions if in arduous or unhealthy work.

At any age with at least 300 months of contributions and if no longer covered by the program.

Retirement from covered employment is necessary.

Old-age settlement: Paid if the insured does not satisfy the qualifying conditions for an old-age pension.

Disability pension: Assessed with an incapacity for work before age 60. Must have at least 12 consecutive months of contributions or 18 nonconsecutive months of contributions (twice this amount for voluntarily insured persons who joined the scheme at age 50 or older). The disability must begin while the insured is in covered employment.

If no longer in covered employment when the disability began, the pension is paid with at least 120 months of paid or credited contributions (credited contributions must not exceed 60 months).

Constant-attendance supplement: Paid if the insured requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions. The General Organization for Social Insurance’s medical board assesses the need for constant attendance.

Disability settlement: Paid if the insured does not qualify for a disability pension.

Survivor pension: The deceased was in covered employment at the time of death and had at least 3 consecutive months of contributions or 6 nonconsecutive months of contributions (12 consecutive months or 18 nonconsecutive months for voluntarily insured persons who first joined the scheme when aged 50 or older); or was a pensioner.

If the deceased was no longer in covered employment at the time of death and was not a pensioner, the pension is paid with at least 120 months of paid or credited contributions (credited contributions must not exceed 60 months).

Eligible survivors include the widow(er); a dependent son younger than age 21 (age 26 if a full-time student); a dependent, unmarried daughter; and brothers, sisters, parents, grandparents, and grandchildren in certain circumstances.

The pension for a female survivor ceases upon marriage but may be reinstated if she is subsequently divorced or widowed.

Survivor settlement: Paid to eligible survivors if the deceased did not satisfy the qualifying conditions for a pension.

Marriage grant: Paid upon marriage to a widow or an eligible daughter, sister, or granddaughter.

Death grant: Paid to eligible survivors.

Old-Age Benefits

Old-age pension: The pension is 2.5% of the insured’s average monthly earnings during the last 2 years for each year of contributions, up to 100%.
The average monthly earnings used to calculate benefits must not exceed 150% of the insured’s monthly earnings at the beginning of the last 5-year contribution period.

If the insured’s monthly earnings decrease during the last 2 years before retirement, special provisions apply to adjust the average monthly earnings used to calculate benefits.

The minimum pension is 1,725 riyals a month.

**Old-age settlement:** A lump sum is paid of 10% of the insured’s average monthly earnings during the last 2 years before retirement for each month of the first 5 years of contributions plus 12% for each additional month.

**Cost of living allowance:** 5% of the first 25,000 riyals of the pension benefit is paid for a period of 3 years.

**Permanent Disability Benefits**

**Disability pension:** If the insured was in covered employment when the disability began, the pension is 2.5% of the insured’s average monthly earnings during the last 2 years for each year of contributions, up to 100%.

The average monthly earnings used to calculate benefits must not exceed 150% of the insured’s monthly earnings at the beginning of the last 5-year contribution period.

If the insured’s monthly earnings decrease during the last 2 years before the disability began, special provisions apply to adjust the average monthly earnings used to calculate benefits.

The minimum pension is the insured’s average monthly earnings or 1,725 riyals a month, whichever is greater.

Constant-attendance supplement: 50% of the disability pension is paid.

**Disability settlement:** A lump sum is paid of 10% of the insured’s average monthly earnings during the last 2 years before the disability began for each month of the first 5 years of contribution plus 12% for each additional month.

**Survivor Benefits**

**Survivor pension:** If there are three or more survivors, the pension is 100% of the pension the deceased received or would have been entitled to receive; 75% for two dependents; 50% for one dependent. The pension is split equally among eligible survivors.

The minimum individual survivor pension is 345 riyals a month.

The minimum combined survivor pension is 1,725 riyals a month or the deceased’s average monthly earnings used to calculate the pension, whichever is greater.

**Survivor settlement:** A lump sum is paid of 10% of the insured’s average monthly earnings during the last 2 years before death for each month of the first 5 years of contributions plus 12% for each additional month.

**Marriage grant:** A grant is paid of 18 times the survivor’s monthly pension.

**Death grant:** A lump sum of 3 months of pension is split equally among eligible survivors.

The maximum death grant is 10,000 riyals.

**Administrative Organization**

Ministry of Labor (http://www.mol.gov.sa) provides general supervision.


**Work Injury**

**Regulatory Framework**

**First law:** 1969 (social insurance), implemented in 1973.

**Current law:** 2000 (social insurance), implemented in 2001.

**Type of program:** Social insurance system.

**Coverage**

Private-sector Saudi and non-Saudi employees.

Exclusions: Self-employed persons.

**Source of Funds**

**Insured person:** None.

**Self-employed person:** Not applicable.

**Employer:** 2% of payroll.

The minimum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 400 riyals.

The maximum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 45,000 riyals.

**Government:** An annual subsidy and any operating deficit.

**Qualifying Conditions**

**Work injury benefits:** There is no minimum qualifying period for a work injury or an occupational disease. Accidents that occur while commuting to and from work are covered.

**Temporary Disability Benefits**

The benefit is 100% of the insured’s daily wage; 75% if receiving inpatient treatment in a medical center at the expense of the General Organization for Social Insurance. The benefit is paid for each day that the insured is not able to work.
Permanent Disability Benefits

Permanent disability pension: If assessed with a total disability, Saudi insured persons receive 100% of average monthly earnings. Average monthly earnings are based on the 3-month period immediately before the disability began. The minimum pension is 1,725 riyals a month. If assessed with a total disability, non-Saudi insured persons receive a lump sum of 84 months of permanent disability pension, up to 330,000 riyals. Constant-attendance supplement: 50% of the disability pension is paid (up to 3,500 riyals) if the insured requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions. The General Organization for Social Insurance's medical board assesses the need for constant attendance. Partial disability: If assessed with a disability of less than 50%, Saudi insured persons receive a lump sum equal to a percentage of the full pension based on the assessed degree of disability and age. For an assessed degree of disability of less than 50% that began when the insured was aged 40 or younger, a lump sum is paid of 60 months of pension multiplied by the assessed degree of disability; if the disability began when the insured was older than age 40, the lump sum is reduced by 1 month of pension for each year older than age 40. The minimum partial disability lump sum is based on 36 months of pension. The maximum partial disability lump sum is 165,000 riyals. If assessed with a disability of 50% to 99%, Saudi insured persons receive a pension equal to the permanent disability pension amount (see above) multiplied by the assessed degree of disability. The General Organization for Social Insurance's medical board assesses the degree of disability.

Workers’ Medical Benefits

All necessary medical, dental, and diagnostic treatment; hospitalization; medicine; appliances; transportation; and rehabilitation.

Survivor Benefits

Survivor pension: If there are three or more survivors, the pension is 100% of the pension the deceased received or would have been entitled to receive; 75% for two dependents; 50% for one dependent. The pension is split equally among eligible survivors. The minimum individual survivor pension is 345 riyals a month. The minimum combined survivor pension is 1,725 riyals a month. Eligible survivors include dependent sons, brothers, and grandsons of the deceased younger than age 21 (age 26 if a full-time student); a widow, unmarried daughters, sisters, and granddaughters; parents; and grandparents. The pension for a female survivor ceases on marriage but may be reinstated if she is subsequently divorced or widowed. Marriage grant: A grant of 18 times the survivor’s monthly pension is paid upon marriage to a widow or an eligible daughter, sister, or granddaughter. Death grant: A lump sum of 3 months of pension is split equally among eligible survivors. The maximum death grant is 10,000 riyals.

Administrative Organization