Vietnam

Exchange rate: US$1.00 = 19,000 dong.

Old Age, Disability, and Survivors

Regulatory Framework

First law: 1961 (public-sector employees).


Type of program: Social insurance system.

Coverage

Private- and public-sector employees with contracts of at least 3 months, including household workers; employees in agriculture, fishing, and salt production; civil servants; employees of cooperatives and unions; police officers; and officers of the armed forces.

Voluntary coverage for self-employed persons and other persons without compulsory coverage.

Source of Funds

Insured person: 6% of gross monthly earnings (rising to 7% in 2012 and 8% in 2014).

Voluntary contributors pay 18% of assessed earnings (rising to 20% in 2012 and 22% in 2014).

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Self-employed person: 18% of declared earnings (rising to 20% in 2012 and 22% in 2014).

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Employer: 12% of monthly payroll (rising to 13% in 2012 and 14% in 2014).

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.


Qualifying Conditions

Old-age pension: Age 60 (men) or age 55 (women) with at least 20 years of contributions.

Age 55 to 60 (men) or 50 to 55 (women) with at least 20 years of employment in hazardous or arduous working conditions or in certain geographic regions. Age 50 (men) or age 45 (women) with at least 20 years of contributions and an assessed degree of disability of at least 61%. At any age with at least 20 years of contributions, including at least 15 years in extremely hazardous or arduous working conditions, and an assessed degree of disability of at least 61%. Retirement from employment is necessary.

Old-age grant: Age 60 (men) or age 55 (women) with less than 20 years of contributions and not eligible for the old-age pension. At any age with less than 15 years of contributions and an assessed degree of disability of at least 61%. Additionally, the old-age grant may be requested with less than 20 years of contributions after 12 months of leave with no paid contributions or if emigrating permanently.

Survivor pension: The deceased had at least 15 years of contributions; was an old-age pensioner; or was a pensioner with an assessed degree of disability of at least 61%. The benefit is paid to up to four dependent survivors.

Eligible survivors include a husband (aged 60 or older) or a wife (aged 55 or older) with an income less than the minimum wage (no age limit if disabled with a reduced working capacity of at least 81%), children younger than age 15 (age 18 if a student; no limit if disabled with a reduced working capacity of at least 81%), and a father (aged 60 or older) or a mother (aged 55 or older) with an income less than the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Survivor grant: Paid if the deceased had less than 15 years of contributions or if there are no eligible dependent survivors.

Funeral grant: Paid to the person who pays for the funeral.

Old-Age Benefits

Old-age pension: 45% of the insured’s average earnings for the first 15 years of contributions plus 2% (men) or 3% (women) of the insured’s covered average monthly earnings for each year of contributions exceeding 15 years is paid. Average earnings are based on 5 or 10 years of contributions or the whole contribution period, depending on length of contribution and wage.
Vietnam

The maximum pension is 75% of the insured’s average earnings.

Insured persons with more than 30 years of contributions also receive a lump sum of 50% of their average monthly earnings in the last 5 years before the pension is first paid for each year of contributions exceeding 30 years.

Early pension: The pension is reduced by 1% of the insured’s average earnings for each year the pension is taken before the insured’s normal pensionable age.

The minimum benefit is the monthly minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted according to changes in the cost-of-living index and economic growth.

Old-age grant: A lump sum based on the number of years of covered employment and average monthly earnings is paid.

Survivor Benefits

Survivor pension: 50% of the monthly minimum wage is paid for each eligible dependent survivor; 70% of the monthly minimum wage if the survivor has no other means of support.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Survivor grant: A lump sum based on the number of years of contributions multiplied by 1.5 times the deceased’s average monthly earnings is paid. The minimum benefit is 3 months of the deceased’s average monthly earnings.

For the death of a pensioner, a lump sum is paid according to the amount of time the pension had been paid before death. The minimum lump sum is 3 times the deceased’s monthly pension. The maximum lump sum is 48 times the deceased’s monthly pension.

Funeral grant: A lump sum of 10 months of minimum wage is paid.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Administrative Organization


Vietnam Social Security implements policy and administers the old-age and survivors programs.

Sickness and Maternity

Regulatory Framework

First law: 1961 (public-sector employees).

Current laws: 2005 (medical benefits); 2006 (social insurance), implemented in 2007; and 2008 (health insurance), implemented in 2009.

Type of program: Social insurance system.

Coverage

Cash sickness and maternity benefits: Private- and public-sector employees with contracts of at least 3 months, including household workers; employees in agriculture, fishing, and salt production; civil servants; employees of cooperatives and unions; police officers; and officers of the armed forces.

Health insurance: Salaried employees, civil servants, pensioners, persons with disabilities, unemployed persons, war veterans, social welfare recipients, poor households, children under age 6, students, and other groups of persons as determined by government regulation.

Voluntary coverage for self-employed persons, agricultural workers, and members of cooperatives.

Source of Funds

Insured person

Cash sickness and maternity benefits: None.

Medical benefits (health insurance): 1.5% of gross monthly earnings.

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Self-employed person

Cash sickness and maternity benefits: Voluntary contributions only.

Medical benefit (health insurance): 4.5% of the minimum wage.

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Employer

Cash sickness and maternity benefits: 3% of monthly payroll.

The employer contributions also finance work injury benefits.

Medical benefits (health insurance): 3% of monthly payroll.

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.
Government

Cash sickness and maternity benefits: None.

Medical benefits (health insurance): Provides subsidies; pays contributions for certain groups of insured persons.

The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Qualifying Conditions

Cash sickness benefits: There is no minimum qualifying period. The incapacity must not be work-related, self-inflicted, or related to drug or alcohol abuse.

The sickness benefit is also paid to an insured parent caring for a sick child under age 7.

Cash maternity benefits: The insured must have at least 6 months of contributions in the last 12 months before childbirth. Also paid for the adoption of a child less than 4 months old.

Medical benefits: Provided for a nonoccupational injury or illness. The voluntarily insured must have at least 30 days of contributions for normal medical services; 180 days for specialized medical services.

Sickness and Maternity Benefits

Sickness benefit: 75% of the insured’s earnings in the month preceding sick leave is paid for up to 30 days in a calendar year with less than 15 years of contributions; 40 days with 15 to 30 years of contributions; 60 days with more than 30 years of contributions. If the insured is engaged in hazardous or arduous work or working in certain regions, the benefit is paid for up to 40 days in a calendar year with less than 15 years of contributions; 50 days with 15 to 30 years of contributions; 70 days with more than 30 years of contributions. A lower level of benefit may be extended up to 180 days in a calendar year for prolonged hospitalization due to a specified illness.

For convalescence and rehabilitation after sickness, 25% (at home) or 40% (in a nursing home) of the monthly minimum wage is paid for up to 5 to 10 days a year.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted according to changes in the cost-of-living index and economic growth.

Birth grant: A lump sum of 2 months of minimum wage is paid for each child born or for each child younger than 4 months who is adopted.

Workers’ Medical Benefits

Medical benefits include medical exams and care, preventive care, rehabilitation, maternity benefits, and transfers between certain hospitals for certain insured persons.

100%, 95%, or 80% of the cost of primary services are paid, depending on the type of insured person and service. 100%, 95%, or 80% of the cost of specialized services are paid, up to 40 times the monthly minimum salary per use. 70%, 50%, or 30% of the cost of other services is paid, depending on the grade of medical services, up to 40 times the monthly minimum salary per use.

Dependent’s Medical Benefits

Medical benefits include medical exams and care, preventive care, rehabilitation, maternity benefits, and transfers between certain hospitals for certain insured persons.

100%, 95%, or 80% of the cost of primary services are paid, depending on the type of insured person and service. 100%, 95%, or 80% of the cost of specialized services are paid, up to 40 times the monthly minimum salary per use. 70%, 50%, or 30% of the cost of other services is paid, depending on the grade of medical services, up to 40 times the monthly minimum salary per use.

Free medical benefits are provided for dependents of insured persons in the army or security services, and partially provided for poor households and students. Dependents of other mandatorily insured persons pay a premium depending on the number of insured persons in the household.

Administrative Organization

Vietnam

Ministry of Health provides general supervision for health insurance.

Vietnam Social Security collects contributions, pays cash benefits, implements health insurance policy, and manages the health insurance fund.

Work Injury

Regulatory Framework


Type of program: Social insurance system.

Coverage

Private- and public-sector employees with contracts of at least 3 months, including household workers; employees in agriculture, fishing, and salt production; civil servants; employees of cooperatives and unions; police officers; and officers of the armed forces.

Exclusions: Self-employed persons.

Source of Funds

Insured person: None.

Self-employed person: Not applicable.

Employer: 1% of monthly payroll.

Government: None.

Qualifying Conditions

Work injury benefits: There is no minimum qualifying period for a work injury or an occupational disease. Must have a loss of earning capacity of at least 5% due to a work injury that took place at work, while on assignment for work, on the way to and from work, or as a result of an occupational disease according to a schedule in law.

Temporary Disability Benefits

100% of the insured’s earnings is paid for treatment until certification of permanent disability. The employer pays the benefit from the first day.

A Ministry of Health medical board assesses the degree of disability.

Permanent Disability Benefits

Permanent disability benefit: 100% of the monthly minimum wage is paid for an assessed loss of working capacity of at least 31%, in addition to the disability grant, below.

For convalescence and rehabilitation after disability leave, 25% (at home) or 40% (in a nursing home) of the monthly minimum wage is paid for up to 5 to 10 days a year.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Additionally, the Social Insurance Fund pays for health insurance coverage for employees receiving monthly work injury benefits.

Disability grant: A lump sum is paid for an assessed disability of at least 5% (a person with an assessed disability of at least 31% receives the grant in addition to the permanent disability benefit). The lump sum is 5 months of the minimum wage for an assessed loss of working capacity of 5%, plus 0.5% of the monthly minimum wage for each additional 1% loss in working capacity. An additional sum is paid based on years of contributions; 0.5 month of the insured’s last monthly earnings is paid for the first year of contributions plus 0.3 month of the last monthly earnings for each subsequent year of contributions.

For convalescence and rehabilitation after leave, 25% (at home) or 40% (in a nursing home) of the monthly minimum wage is paid for up to 5 to 10 days a year.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

A Ministry of Health medical board assesses the degree of disability.

Workers’ Medical Benefits

Medical benefits include inpatient and outpatient treatment, surgery, medicine, and rehabilitation, until recovery.

Survivor Benefits

Survivor pension: 50% of the monthly minimum wage is paid for each eligible dependent survivor; 70% of the monthly minimum wage if the survivor has no other means of support.

The deceased must have had at least 15 years of contributions and was an employee whose death was caused by a work injury or occupational disease. The benefit is paid to up to four dependent survivors.

Eligible survivors include a husband (aged 60 or older) or a wife (aged 55 or older) with no income or with an income less than the minimum wage (no age limit if disabled with a reduced working capacity of at least 81%), children younger than age 15 (age 18 if a student; no limit if disabled with a reduced working capacity of at least 81%), and a father (aged 60 or older) or a mother (aged 55 or older) with an income less than the minimum wage.

The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

Survivor grant: If the deceased had less than 15 years of contributions or if there are no eligible dependent survivors, a lump sum is paid based on the number of years of contributions multiplied by 1.5 times the deceased’s average monthly earnings. The minimum benefit is 3 months of the deceased’s average monthly earnings.

For the death of a pensioner, a lump sum is paid according to the amount of time the pension had been paid before death. The minimum lump sum is 3 times the deceased’s...
monthly pension. The maximum lump sum is 48 times the deceased’s monthly pension.

**Funeral grant:** A lump sum of 10 months of minimum wage is paid to the person who pays for the funeral. The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

**Administrative Organization**

**Unemployment**

**Regulatory Framework**
*First and current law:* 2006 (social insurance), implemented in 2009.
*Type of program:* Social insurance system.

**Coverage**
Vietnamese citizens with employment contracts of 1 to 3 years or permanent contracts who are employed by private- and public-sector organizations with 10 or more workers.
Exclusions: Self-employed persons.

**Source of Funds**
*Insured person:* 1% of gross monthly earnings.
The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.
The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.
The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

*Employer:* 1% of monthly payroll.
The minimum earnings used to calculate contributions are the minimum wage.
The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 20 times the minimum wage.
The monthly minimum wage is 730,000 dong.

*Government:* 1% of insured’s gross monthly earnings and administrative costs.

**Qualifying Conditions**
The insured must have at least 12 months of contributions during the last 24 months, must be registered as unemployed, and must not have found a job within 15 days of registration.
The benefit is suspended if two suitable job placements are refused for no plausible reason.

**Unemployment Benefits**
60% of the average monthly earnings in the 6 months before unemployment is paid for 3 months with 12 to 35 months of contributions, for 6 months with 36 to 71 months of contributions, for 9 months with 72 to 143 months of contributions, or for 12 months with 144 months of contributions or more.
The benefit is paid after a 15-day waiting period.
Benefits also include health insurance coverage, vocational training, and job placement support.

**Administrative Organization**
Vietnam Social Security collects contributions and pays benefits.