# Mauritius

Exchange rate: US\$1.00 = 30.45 rupees.

# Old Age, Disability, and Survivors

# **Regulatory Framework**

First law: 1950.

Current law: 1976 (national pensions).

Type of program: Universal and social insurance system.

# Coverage

Basic pension (universal): All residents of Mauritius.

**Earnings-related pension (social insurance):** Residents of Mauritius working in the private sector; noncitizens with valid work permits who have resided in Mauritius for at least two years.

Voluntary coverage for those not compulsorily covered, including self-employed and nonemployed persons.

Special systems for public-sector employees and employees of parastatals.

# Source of Funds

#### **Insured person**

Basic pension (universal): None.

*Earnings-related pension (social insurance):* 3% of earnings; nonemployed persons, 115 rupees to 695 rupees a month.

The minimum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 2,060 rupees; 1,295 rupees for household workers.

The maximum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 13,470 rupees.

#### Self-employed person

Basic pension (universal): None.

*Earnings-related pension (social insurance):* 115 rupees to 695 rupees a month.

### Employer

Basic pension (universal): None.

*Earnings-related pension (social insurance):* 6% of covered payroll; millers and large employers in the sugar industry, 10.5%.

The employer's contributions also finance work injury benefits.

The minimum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 2,060 rupees; 1,295 rupees for household workers. The maximum monthly earnings used to calculate contributions are 13,470 rupees.

#### Government

Basic pension (universal): The total cost.

Earnings-related pension (social insurance): Any deficit.

# **Qualifying Conditions**

#### **Old-age pension**

*Basic old-age pension (universal):* Age 60. Mauritian nationals must have resided in Mauritius for at least 12 years after age 18. There is no residence requirement if aged 70 or older. Noncitizens must have resided in the country for at least 15 years since age 40, including the three years immediately before the claim is made.

Retirement is not necessary.

The basic old-age pension is payable abroad only under reciprocal agreement.

Caregiver's allowance (universal): Paid to beneficiaries of the basic old-age pension who are assessed with at least a 60% disability and require the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions.

*Inmate allowance (universal):* Paid to individuals confined to government-subsidized institutions who were entitled to a basic old-age pension before their admission to the institution.

*Earnings-related pension (social insurance):* Age 62 and 3 months (gradually rising to age 65 by 2018) and insured. There is no minimum qualifying period, but contributions must have been made in the last year. A reduced pension may be paid at age 60.

Retirement is not necessary.

Deferred pension: The pension may be deferred until five years after the normal retirement age.

The earnings-related pension is payable abroad.

#### **Disability pension**

Basic disability pension (universal): Aged 15 to 59 and assessed with at least a 60% disability that is expected to last for at least 12 months. There is no residence requirement for Mauritian nationals; noncitizens must have resided in Mauritius for at least five of the last 10 years, including one year immediately before the claim is made.

A medical board assesses the disability.

Caregiver's allowance (universal): Paid to beneficiaries of the basic disability pension who require the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions. The allowance is paid for children with disabilities and younger than age 15 whose parents' annual income does not exceed 150,000 rupees; 250,000 rupees for children with severe disabilities. Child allowance (universal): Paid for the first three children of a basic disability pensioner. Children must be younger than age 15 (age 20 if a full-time student at secondary level and age 23 at tertiary level).

*Earnings-related disability pension (social insurance):* Must be assessed with at least a 60% disability that is expected to last for at least 12 months.

A medical board assesses the disability.

The earnings-related pension is payable abroad.

#### **Survivor pension**

*Basic widow pension (universal):* Paid to widows younger than age 60. If the widow and the deceased were noncitizens, either must have resided in Mauritius for at least five of the last 10 years, including one year immediately before the claim is made.

The pension ceases on remarriage.

Child allowance (universal): Paid to beneficiaries of the basic widow pension for the first three children younger than age 15 (age 20 if a full-time student).

Payment of the allowance continues if the widow remarries.

*Orphan's pension (universal):* Paid to a full orphan younger than age 15 (age 20 if a full-time secondary school student and age 23 if a full-time university student). If the orphan is a noncitizen, the orphan or either of the deceased parents must have resided in Mauritius for at least five of the last 10 years, including one year immediately before the claim is made.

*Guardian allowance (universal):* Paid to the orphan's guardian.

*Earnings-related widow pension (social insurance):* The deceased was insured or was a pensioner at the time of death.

The pension ceases on remarriage. A lump sum of 12 months of the deceased's pension is paid to widows younger than retirement age.

*Earnings-related orphan's pension (social insurance):* Paid to a full orphan younger than age 15 (age 20 if a full-time student) if either of the deceased parents had paid contributions.

The earnings-related pension is payable abroad.

### **Old-Age Benefits**

#### **Old-age pension**

*Basic old-age pension (universal):* The monthly value of the pension increases with age: 3,494 rupees a month is paid if aged 60 to 89; 10,404 rupees if aged 90 to 99; and 10,621 rupees if aged 100 or older.

Caregiver's allowance: 2,204 rupees a month is paid.

Inmate allowance: 540 rupees a month is paid.

*Earnings-related old-age pension (social insurance):* The pension is calculated based on contributions that are converted to pension points. At retirement, the pension points are converted to a pension. The Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity, and Reform Institutions sets the value of pension points according to actuarial projections.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted annually in January according to changes in the cost of living.

### Permanent Disability Benefits

#### **Disability pension**

*Basic disability pension (universal):* 3,150 rupees a month is paid.

Caregiver's allowance: 1,907 rupees a month is paid.

Child allowance: 1,021 rupees a month is paid for a child younger than age 10; 1,093 rupees if aged 10 or older.

*Earnings-related disability pension (social insurance):* The pension is calculated based on the number of years of contributions and the insured's average basic wages.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted annually in January according to changes in the cost of living.

### **Survivor Benefits**

#### **Survivor pension**

*Basic widow pension (universal):* 3,150 rupees a month is paid.

Child allowance: 1,021 rupees a month is paid for a child younger than age 10; 1,093 rupees a month for a child aged 10 or older, and 1,681 rupees a month for a child aged 20 to 23 if a full-time university student.

*Orphan's pension (universal):* 1,745 rupees (if not a full-time student) or 3,211 (if a full-time student) a month is paid for a full orphan younger than age 15 (age 20 if a full-time student).

*Guardian allowance (universal):* 769 rupees a month is paid to the person raising an orphan.

*Earnings-related widow pension (social insurance):* The pension is calculated based on the number of years of contributions and the insured's average basic wages. The pension is reduced by 33.3% after 12 months if the widow does not have a dependent child.

There is no minimum pension.

Remarriage settlement (social insurance): A lump sum of 12 months of the widow pension is paid.

*Earnings-related orphan's pension:* 15% of the deceased's pension is paid for each full orphan.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted annually in January according to changes in the cost of living.

# Administrative Organization

Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity, and Reform Institutions (http://socialsecurity.gov.mu), advised by a tripartite board, provides general supervision.

Ministry of Finance (http://mof.gov.mu) oversees the investment of surplus assets of the National Pensions Fund.

# Sickness and Maternity

### **Regulatory Framework**

No statutory benefits are provided.

The 2008 Employment Rights Act requires employers to provide up to 15 days of paid sick leave each year to employees who have been in their continuous employment for at least 12 months.

The 2008 Employment Rights Act requires employers to provide 12 weeks of paid maternity leave (at least six weeks after the expected date of childbirth) and five days of paid paternity leave to employees who have been in their continuous employment for at least 12 months.

Government clinics and hospitals provide free medical services. (Some mother and child health services and financial assistance to needy persons are provided.)

# Work Injury

### **Regulatory Framework**

First law: 1931 (workmen's compensation).

**Current laws:** 1931 (workmen's compensation) and 1976 (national pensions).

Type of program: Social insurance system.

### Coverage

All employees in insured employment.

Exclusions: Self-employed persons and persons working exclusively on weekends or public holidays.

Special systems for public-sector employees and certain other occupations.

### Source of Funds

Insured person: None.

Self-employed person: Not applicable.

**Employer:** See source of funds under Old Age, Disability, and Survivors.

### Government: None.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

**Work injury benefits:** There is no minimum qualifying period.

### **Temporary Disability Benefits**

100% of the insured's monthly earnings is paid for the first two weeks of incapacity if the insured has a total temporary disability; thereafter, 80% for up to 36 months from the date of the accident; may be extended if surgery is required.

Constant-attendance supplement: If the insured requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions, 529 rupees a month is paid.

A medical board assesses the degree of disability.

### Permanent Disability Benefits

**Permanent disability benefit:** 80% of monthly insurable earnings is paid for a total permanent disability.

Workers aged 52 to 60 with a total disability may receive a lump-sum payment. The lump sum is the assessed degree of disability multiplied by the insured's average annual earnings multiplied by the number of years of contributions, up to eight years.

Partial disability: 65% of the insured's monthly insurable earnings multiplied by the assessed degree of disability is paid for at least a 1% assessed degree of disability.

If the assessed degree of disability is less than 20%, a lump sum may be paid. The lump sum is the assessed degree of disability multiplied by the insured's average annual earnings multiplied by the number of years of contributions, up to eight years.

Constant-attendance supplement: 587 rupees a month is paid if the insured requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted annually in January according to changes in the cost of living.

### Workers' Medical Benefits

Benefits include medical and surgical care, hospitalization, medicine, appliances, transportation, and private clinical expenses up to 4,000 rupees.

### **Survivor Benefits**

**Survivor pension:** 50% of the deceased's earnings is paid to a widow(er) who is assessed with at least a 60% permanent disability.

The widow(er) pension ceases on remarriage.

**Orphan's pension:** 7.5% of either deceased parent's average monthly insured earnings (whichever is greater) is paid for each full orphan younger than age 15 (age 20 if a full-time student).

**Dependent's pension:** If there is no surviving spouse, 529 rupees a month is paid to a dependent person living in the insured's household.

**Funeral grant:** If there are no eligible survivors, the cost of the burial is paid.

Benefit adjustment: All benefits except the total temporary disability are adjusted annually according to changes in the cost of living.

### Administrative Organization

Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity, and Reform Institutions (http://socialsecurity.gov.mu) administers the program.

# **Unemployment**

#### **Regulatory Framework**

**First and current laws:** 1983 (unemployment); 1995 (national savings fund), implemented in 2001; and 2008 (employment).

**Type of program:** Social assistance and social insurance system.

### Coverage

**Social assistance:** Heads of households and their dependents.

Social insurance: Employed persons.

Exclusions: Public-sector employees and employees of parastatals; part-time workers; and migrant workers.

Voluntary coverage for self-employed persons.

### Source of Funds

#### Insured person

Social assistance: None.

Social insurance: 1% of basic wages.

#### Self-employed person

Social assistance: None.

Social insurance: 1% of earnings.

Employer

Social assistance: None.

Social insurance: None.

#### Government

Social assistance: The total cost.

Social insurance: Any deficit.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

**Unemployment benefits (social assistance):** The claimant must be willing and able to work, actively seeking employment, and registered as unemployed at the employment exchange for at least 30 days. The benefit is income tested. Transitional unemployment benefit (social insurance):

The claimant must be laid off due to economic, technological, or structural reasons affecting the enterprise; or illegal termination of the employment agreement. The claimant must have at least six months of continuous employment with the employer at the time of dismissal and register with the Workfare Programme of the Ministry of Labour, Industrial Relations, and Employment within seven days of the dismissal.

#### **Unemployment Benefits**

**Unemployment benefit (social assistance):** Up to 385 rupees a month is paid.

Spouse allowance (social assistance): Up to 385 rupees a month is paid for a spouse.

Child allowance (social assistance): 148 rupees a month is paid for each child younger than age 10; 177 rupees for each child aged 10 to 14; and 248 rupees for each child aged 15 to 20 who is a full-time student or disabled and dependent.

Rent allowance (social assistance): 50% of the claimant's rent is paid, up to 302 rupees.

The minimum unemployment benefit is 222 rupees.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted annually in January according to changes in the cost of living.

#### Transitional unemployment benefit (social insurance):

90% of the insured's basic wage is paid for the first three months; 60% for the next three months; 30% thereafter, up to 12 months.

The minimum transitional unemployment benefit is 3,000 rupees a month.

#### Administrative Organization

Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity, and Reform Institutions (http://socialsecurity.gov.mu) administers the social assistance program.

Ministry of Labour, Industrial Relations, and Employment (http://labour.gov.mu) and Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity, and Reform Institutions (http:// socialsecurity.gov.mu) administer the social insurance program.

### Family Allowances

#### **Regulatory Framework**

**First and current laws:** 1961 (family allowances) and 2003 (social aid).

Type of program: Social assistance system.

#### Coverage

Social aid benefits: Needy individuals and families.

# Source of Funds

Insured person: None.

Self-employed person: None.

Employer: None.

Government: The total cost.

# **Qualifying Conditions**

**Social aid benefits (income tested):** Individuals and families who satisfy an income test.

# Family Allowance Benefits

### Social aid benefits (income tested)

Claimant allowance: Up to 1,196 rupees a month is paid.

Spouse allowance: Up to 1,196 rupees a month is paid.

*Child allowance:* Up to 447 rupees a month is paid for each child younger than age 10; 546 rupees for each child aged 10 to 15; 681 rupees for each child aged 15 to 19 who is a full-time student; 1,076 rupees for each child aged 15 to 19 who is disabled and not receiving a disability benefit; 681 rupees for each child aged 20 to 23 who is a full time university student.

*Compassionate allowance:* Up to 710 rupees a month is paid to persons with a serious illness certified by a medical doctor.

Rent allowance: 50% of the rent is paid, up to 903 rupees.

*Funeral grant:* A lump sum of 4,504 rupees is paid for the cost of the funeral for the claimant or his or her dependents.

Allowance for Purchase of rice and flour: 257 rupees a month is paid for each member of the household.

The minimum social aid benefit is 850 rupees a month.

Benefit adjustment: Benefits are adjusted annually in January according to changes in the cost of living.

### Administrative Organization

Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity, and Reform Institutions (http://socialsecurity.gov.mu) administers the program.