# **South Africa**

Exchange rate: US\$1.00 = 8.49 rand.

# Old Age, Disability, and Survivors

#### **Regulatory Framework**

**First laws:** 1928 (old age), 1936 (blindness), and 1946 (disability).

Current law: 2004 (social assistance).

Type of program: Social assistance system.

### Coverage

Persons with limited means who are citizens of South Africa, permanent residents, or refugees residing in South Africa.

Exclusions: Persons confined to or cared for in state facilities.

Special system for public-sector employees.

#### Source of Funds

Insured person: None.

Self-employed person: None.

Employer: None.

Government: The total cost.

The government's contributions also finance medical benefits under Sickness and Maternity.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

#### Old-age grant (means-tested): Age 60.

Means test: Annual income must be less than 47,400 rand for a single person or 94,800 rand for a couple, and assets must be no more than 792,000 rand for a single person or 1,584,000 rand for a couple.

Constant-attendance allowance: Paid if the person receiving the old-age grant requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions.

Beneficiaries may only receive one benefit at a time.

**War veteran grant (means-tested):** Age 60 or disabled. Must be a war veteran of the First World War, the Second World War, or the Korean War.

Means test: Annual income must be less than 47,400 rand for a single person or 94,800 rand for a couple, and assets must be no more than 792,000 rand for a single person or 1,584,000 rand for a couple.

Constant-attendance allowance: Paid if the person receiving the war veteran grant requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions.

Beneficiaries may only receive one benefit at a time.

**Disability grant (means-tested):** Aged 18 to 59 and assessed as temporarily disabled for more than six months. The disability must be confirmed by a medical assessment.

A disability grant is considered permanent if a citizen is assessed as medically disabled for more than 12 months.

Means test: Annual income must be less than 47,400 rand for a single person or 94,800 rand for a couple, and assets must be no more than 792,000 rand for a single person or 1,584,000 rand for a couple.

Constant-attendance allowance: Paid if the person receiving the disability grant requires the constant attendance of others to perform daily functions.

Beneficiaries may only receive one benefit at a time.

**Survivor benefits:** Benefits are provided under Unemployment.

### **Old-Age Benefits**

**Old-age pension (means-tested):** Up to 1,200 rand a month is paid for a pensioner aged 60 to 74; 1,220 rand if aged 75 or older. The pension is reduced to 25% of the maximum amount if the pensioner resides in a care facility under contract to the state for more than three months.

Constant-attendance allowance: 280 rand a month is paid.

War veteran grant (means-tested): Up to 1,220 rand a month is paid.

Constant-attendance allowance: 280 rand a month is paid.

### Permanent Disability Benefits

**Disability grant (means-tested):** Up to 1,200 rand a month is paid.

Constant-attendance allowance: 280 rand a month is paid.

#### Survivor Benefits

**Survivor benefits:** Benefits are provided under Unemployment.

#### Administrative Organization

South African Social Security Agency (http://www.sassa .gov.za) administers the program.

### Sickness and Maternity

#### **Regulatory Framework**

Current laws: 2001 (unemployment insurance), implemented in 2002, and 2003 (health), implemented in 2004.

**Type of program:** Social assistance system. Medical benefits only.

Note: Cash sickness and maternity benefits are paid under unemployment insurance.

### Coverage

**Sickness and maternity benefits:** Eligible insured workers working more than 24 hours a month, unemployed persons, and workers with earnings reduced to no more than 33.3% of the regular wage.

Exclusions: Persons receiving a monthly state pension, any benefit from the work injury and occupational disease compensation fund, or any unemployment benefit.

**Medical benefits:** Old-age pensioners and disability pensioners.

### Source of Funds

Cash sickness and maternity benefits

Insured person: See source of funds under Unemployment.

*Self-employed person:* See source of funds under Unemployment.

Employer: See source of funds under Unemployment.

Government: See source of funds under Unemployment.

#### **Medical benefits**

*Insured person:* See source of funds under Old Age, Disability, and Survivors.

*Self-employed person:* See source of funds under Old Age, Disability, and Survivors.

*Employer:* See source of funds under Old Age, Disability, and Survivors.

*Government:* See source of funds under Old Age, Disability, and Survivors.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

**Cash sickness benefits:** Must be contributing to the Unemployment Insurance Fund and have accumulated sufficient credits before the illness occurs.

One credit equals one day of paid leave.

Absence from work must be a result of the illness for which the worker is receiving medical treatment.

**Cash maternity benefits:** Must be contributing to the Unemployment Insurance Fund and have accumulated sufficient credits before the expected date of childbirth or adoption.

One credit equals one day of paid leave.

Must apply within six months of the child's birth or adoption.

#### Sickness and Maternity Benefits

**Sickness benefit:** 38% to 68% of average earnings in the last six months, depending on the insured's period of service, is paid. For every six completed days of employment, the insured is eligible for one additional day of benefits, up to 238 days in the four-year period before the date of application for the benefit.

**Maternity benefit:** 38% to 68% of average earnings in the last six months, depending on the insured's period of service, is paid for a total of 17 weeks (six weeks in the event of a miscarriage or a stillborn child). For every six completed days of employment, the insured is eligible for one additional day of benefits, up to 238 days in the four-year period before the date of application for the benefit.

The benefit is paid from 18 weeks before and up to eight weeks after the expected date of childbirth.

#### Workers' Medical Benefits

All old-age pensioners and disability pensioners may receive subsidized medical care at provincial hospitals. Benefits include hospitalization and medicine.

#### Dependents' Medical Benefits

Medical benefits for dependents are the same as those for the insured.

#### Administrative Organization

Department of Labour (http://www.labour.gov.za) provides general supervision.

Unemployment Insurance Fund, managed by a bipartite board, local unemployment benefit committees, and claims officers, administers cash benefits.

Department of Health (http://www.doh.gov.za) administers provincial hospitals.

# Work Injury

#### **Regulatory Framework**

First law: 1914.

Current law: 1993 (occupational injuries and diseases).

**Type of program:** Employer-liability system, involving compulsory insurance with a public carrier.

#### Coverage

Employed persons, including contract workers, casual employees, and certain military personnel.

Exclusions: Household workers, self-employed persons, volunteers, and certain military personnel.

### Source of Funds

**Insured person:** None.

Self-employed person: Not applicable.

**Employer:** The cost of the insurance premium which varies, depending on the industry and reported accident rate.

**Government:** None; contributes as an employer for government employees.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

**Work injury benefits:** There is no minimum qualifying period. The employee must report the accident within 12 months.

**Occupational disease benefits:** Paid if the insured is diagnosed with an occupational disease as defined by law.

### **Temporary Disability Benefits**

If the insured is assessed with a total (100%) disability, 75% of the insured's earnings is paid for up to 12 months; may be extended for up to 24 months (longer in special cases) after further assessment of the disability. The benefit is paid after a three-day waiting period.

The minimum benefit is 2,430.75 rand a month.

The maximum benefit is 4,134.76 rand a week or 17,366.25 rand a month.

Partial disability: A percentage of the insured's earnings as determined by the Compensation Commissioner's Office is paid for up to 12 months; may be extended for up to 24 months after further assessment of the disability.

The partial disability benefit may be paid periodically or as a lump sum of up to 101,007 rand.

### Permanent Disability Benefits

**Permanent disability pension:** If the insured is assessed with a total (100%) disability, up to 75% of the insured's earnings is paid.

If the insured's monthly earnings are less than 3,241 rand, the benefit is calculated using monthly earnings of 3,241 rand.

The maximum earnings used to calculate benefits are 4,134.76 rand a week or 17,366.25 rand a month.

The minimum monthly benefit (based on a total disability) is 3,241 rand.

Partial disability: If the assessed degree of disability is 31% to 99%, a percentage of the full pension is paid according to the assessed degree of disability.

For an assessed degree of disability of up to 30%, a lump sum of 15 times the insured's monthly earnings is paid.

If the insured's monthly earnings are less than 3,241 rand, the benefit is calculated using monthly earnings of 3,241 rand.

The maximum earnings used to calculate benefits are 17,366.25 rand a month.

The minimum lump-sum partial disability benefit (based on a 30% disability) is 48,615 rand.

The maximum lump-sum partial disability benefit (based on a 30% disability) is 194,535 rand.

### Workers' Medical Benefits

Benefits include medical, surgical, and hospital care, rehabilitation, and appliances. Benefits are provided for up to two years; may be extended in special cases.

The compensation fund reimburses the cost of transporting an injured employee to a hospital, a doctor's office, or to his or her place of residence.

### **Survivor Benefits**

**Survivor pension:** 40% of the permanent total disability pension the deceased received or was entitled to receive is paid to a widow or to a widower with a permanent disability. A lump sum of two months of the permanent total disability pension the deceased received or was entitled to receive is also paid.

The pension does not cease on remarriage.

The maximum survivor pension is 6,946.50 rand a month.

**Orphan's pension:** 20% of the permanent total disability pension the deceased was entitled to receive is paid for each unmarried orphan younger than age 18 (extended for students; no age limit if disabled).

The maximum orphan's pension is 3,473 rand a month.

All survivor benefits combined must not exceed the permanent total disability pension the deceased received or was entitled to receive.

Funeral grant: Up to 13,050 rand is paid.

### Administrative Organization

Department of Labour (http://www.labour.gov.za) provides general supervision.

Compensation Commissioner administers the program, including claims decisions and the management of funds from which benefits are paid.

Employers must normally insure against liability with a public compensation fund but in certain instances may insure with an employers' mutual association licensed by the Minister of Labour.

# Unemployment

#### **Regulatory Framework**

First law: 1937.

**Current laws:** 1966 (unemployment), implemented in 1967; 2001 (unemployment insurance); and 2002 (contributions).

Type of program: Social insurance system.

#### Coverage

All employees working for more than 24 hours a month, including household and seasonal workers and employees in national and provincial governments.

Exclusions: Persons receiving any benefit from the work injury and occupational disease compensation fund.

Special system for civil servants.

#### Source of Funds

Insured person: 1% of covered earnings.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 14,872 rand a month or 178,464 rand a year.

The insured person's contributions also finance cash sickness and maternity benefits.

Self-employed person: Not applicable.

Employer: 1% of the insured's covered earnings.

The maximum earnings used to calculate contributions are 14,872 rand a month or 178,464 rand a year.

The employer's contributions also finance cash sickness and maternity benefits.

Government: None.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

**Unemployment benefit:** Must be contributing to the Unemployment Insurance Fund and have accumulated sufficient credits before becoming unemployed.

One credit equals one day of paid leave.

Must be capable of and available for work and must register with and report to the public employment exchange, unless unemployment is the result of illness or pregnancy. Unemployment must not be the result of refusing suitable work or training. The unemployment benefit is paid after 14 days of unemployment.

**Survivor benefit:** Paid to an eligible surviving spouse or partner who applies for the benefit within six months of the insured's death. If there is no eligible surviving spouse or partner, the benefit is paid to a dependent child younger than age 21 (age 25 if a student).

### **Unemployment Benefits**

**Unemployment benefit:** 38% to 68% of average earnings in the last six months, depending on the insured's period of service, is paid for up to eight months. For every six completed days of employment, the insured is eligible for one additional day of benefits, up to 238 days in the four-year period before the date of application for the benefit.

**Survivor benefit:** A lump sum is paid of up to eight months of the unemployment benefit the deceased received or was entitled to receive based on his or her period of service and previous earnings.

#### Administrative Organization

Department of Labour (http://www.labour.gov.za) provides general supervision.

Unemployment Insurance Fund, managed by a bipartite board, local unemployment benefit committees, and claims officers, administers the program.

# Family Allowances

#### **Regulatory Framework**

Current law: 2004 (social assistance).

Type of program: Social assistance system.

#### Coverage

Low-income persons caring for children younger than age 18.

Exclusions: Persons confined to or cared for in state facilities.

### Source of Funds

Insured person: None.

Self-employed person: None.

Employer: None.

Government: The total cost.

### **Qualifying Conditions**

*Foster child grant:* Paid to a foster parent who is a citizen, permanent resident, or refugee residing in South Africa at the time of the application. There must be a court order indicating the foster care status of the child. The child must be aged 18 or younger (age 21 if a student) and remain in the care of the foster parent.

Beneficiaries may only receive one benefit at a time.

*Child support grant (means tested):* Paid to the primary caregiver of a child or children aged 18 or younger. The primary caregiver must be aged 16 or older and a citizen, permanent resident, or refugee residing in South Africa at the time of the application. The grant is paid for up to six children if they are not biologically related; otherwise, there is no limit.

Means test: Annual income must be less than 33,600 rand for a single person; 67,200 rand for a couple.

Beneficiaries are eligible to receive only one benefit at a time.

*Care dependency grant (means tested):* Paid to a parent, foster parent, or primary caregiver of a child aged 18 or younger who requires permanent care or support services as the result of a severe mental or physical disability. The child must be cared for at home and the disability

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confirmed by a medical assessment. The applicant and the child must reside in South Africa at the time of the application.

Means test: Annual income must be less than 144,000 rand for a single person; 288,000 rand for a couple.

Beneficiaries may only receive one benefit at a time; a foster parent may receive more than one benefit at a time.

Social relief of distress (means tested): Temporary assistance is paid to certain vulnerable individuals or households.

Victims of a disaster may receive more than one benefit at a time.

### Family Allowance Benefits

Foster child grant: 770 rand a month is paid.

*Child support grant (means tested):* 280 rand a month is paid for each eligible child.

Care dependency grant (means tested): 1,200 rand a month is paid.

Social relief of distress: Paid monthly for up to three months; may be extended an additional three months.

### Administrative Organization

South African Social Security Agency (http://www.sassa .gov.za) administers the program.