ical care costs and in the cost of ophthalmic services (mostly provision of eyeglasses), also widely stressed, accounted for 3 and 6 percent respectively of the total increase in costs. When these percentages are added, they total more than 100 because of the decline in some items, notably payments to liquidate hospital liabilities, which were transferred to the Health Service upon its inauguration.

In both years, according to the Minister of Health, administrative expenditures amounted to $2\frac{1}{2}-3$ percent of the total outlays.

Per capita costs were about £71/2 in 1948-49 and about £9 in 1949-50, or. at the present exchange rate of \$2.80 to the pound, about \$21 and \$26. Estimated total expenditures for medical care in the United States, public and private, are currently about \$62-63 per capita. Since our per capita national income is roughly 2½ times that of Britain's, the comparison suggests that expenditures for medical care relative to expenditures for other consumption items may be at the same level in the two countries. As a matter of fact, medical care costs absorb aproximately 4 percent of the national income in both Britain and the United States.

The £276 million spent on the National Health Service in 1948-49 and the £449 million in 1949-50 were not charged entirely to the Exchequer. Offsets against these gross totals, amounting to £68 million in the first year and £91 million in the second, reduced the net cost to £208 million and £359 million, respectively. The offsets represented contributions from the National Insurance Fund (£27 million in 1948-49 and £41 million in 1949-50); contributions by or on behalf of hospital employees, medical practitioners, and others towards retirement costs; recoveries by hospitals for certain services rendered patients; recoveries for medical supplies furnished, and so on.

The Government's estimate of anticipated gross costs in 1950-51, presented in column 3 of the table, indicates that only a moderate rise is expected in the coming year. Provision is made for increases in outlays for hospital and specialist care, for research, and for the acquisition of land, hospitals, and equipment. Gen-

eral practitioner service and ophthalmic services are budgeted at a slightly higher level than in 1949-50, but expenditures for dental care and for prescriptions are expected to decline.

Economic Status of the Aged and of Dependent Survivors

The accompanying tables summarize available information on the economic status of aged persons, widows, and paternal orphans in the population for the months of December 1940, December 1945, and December 1949. They are of interest in measuring the extent to which social security programs have been able to protect some of the major population groups experiencing an income loss. Similar tables for the years 1943–47 appeared in the Social Security Yearbooks for those years.

The data are of three kinds: the estimated number of persons in the population groups affected, the estimated number with income from employment, and the estimated number receiving payments under social insurance and related programs and under public assistance.

The number of persons aged 65 years and over comes from the Bureau of the Census. The number of widows under age 65 and the number

of such widows with one or more children under age 18 are derived from the Census Bureau's monthly population sample survey, while the number of paternal orphans has been estimated by the Division of the Actuary of the Social Security Administration.

The number of persons with income from employment represents the number with paid employment in the month in question, as estimated directly or indirectly from the monthly population sample survey.

The data on insurance beneficiaries and on recipients of assistance come from the agencies administering the specified programs and are partly estimated.

Information is generally lacking on the extent to which persons received income from two or more of the sources listed in the tables. A study by the Bureau of Public Assistance ("Public Assistance Supplementation of the Income of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Beneficiaries," Social Security Bulletin, October 1949) indicates that, in June 1948, 10 percent of the aged beneficiaries of oldage and survivors insurance were also receiving old-age assistance, and that 7 percent of the families containing child beneficiaries of old-age and survivors insurance were in receipt of aid to dependent children. The number of aged persons, widows, and

Table 1.—Estimated number of children under age 18 with father dead, and of widows under age 65, receiving income from specified source in December 1940, 1945, and 1949

[In millions]

		(TII IIIIII	UIISJ					
Survivor children under age 18 ¹			Widows under age 65 ²			Widows under age 65 with 1 or more chil- dren under age 18		
2. 4	2. 1	2.0	3. 1	3. 5	3. 4	0.9	1.0	0. 6
. 2	. 2	.1	1.3	1.9	1.8	.4	. 4	.3
.1	.4 .2 .3	.6 .3 (4)	(4) .1 (4) .1	.1 .3 (4)	. 2 . 4 (4) . 1	(4) (4) (4) (4) . 1	.1 .1 (4) .1	.2 .1 (1)
	December 1940 2.4 .2 .1	Survivor childre age 18	Survivor children under age 18 1	December 1940 December 194	Survivor children under age 18 Widows under state	Survivor children under age 18 Widows under age 65	Survivor children under age 18 Widows under age 65 Widows with dren	Survivor children under age 18 Widows under age 65 Widows under age 18 Widows under age 65 Widows under age 18 Widows under age 18 December 1940 December 1940

¹ Includes children not living with widowed mother.

² Excludes widows who have remarried.

Sources: Number of widows in population and employed persons among widows and survivor children under age 18, estimated from Census Bureau data. Number of survivor children under age 18 estimated by Division of the Actuary, Social Security Administration; estimates for 1940 and 1945 are preliminary. Number of persons in receipt of payments under social insurance and related programs and from aid to dependent children, reported by administrative agencies, partly estimated.

³ Includes some persons with no income or with income from sources other than those specified. Some persons received income from more than one of the sources listed.

⁴ Less than 50,000

Railroad and Federal civil-service retirement.

Table 2.—Estimated number of persons, aged 65 and over, receiving income from specified source, in December 1940, 1945, and 1949

[In millions]

	De-	De-	December 1949				
Source of income	cem- ber 1940	ber 1945	Total	Men	Wo- men		
Total population aged 65 and over 1	9.1	10, 2	11.5	5. 4	6.0		
Employment Earners Wives of earners Social insurance and related programs:	2. 8 2. 1 . 7	3.7 2.8 .9	3. 8 2. 9 . 9	2.4 2.4	1. 4 . 5 . 9		
Old-age and sur- vivors insurance Railroad retire-	.1	.8	1.9	1.1	.8		
mentFederal civil-serv-	.1	.2	.3	.2	.1		
ice retirement Veterans' program. Other 3 Old-age assistance	$\begin{array}{c} (^2) \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ 2.1 \end{array}$.1 .3 .3 2.1	.1 .3 .4 2.7	.1 .1 .1 1.3	(2) .1 .3 1.4		

¹ Includes some persons with no income or with income from sources other than those specified. Some persons received income from more than one of the sources listed

² Less than 50,000.

Sources: Total population and earners from Bureau of the Census. Number of persons in receipt of payments under social insurance and related programs and from old-age assistance, reported by administrative agencies, partly estimated. Number of wives of earners and number of wives of male beneficiaries of programs other than old-age and survivors insurance estimated from Census data on marital status.

paternal orphans with no income, with income from sources not listedfor example, investments, rents, interest, private annuities, industrial pensions, and contributions from friends or relatives-or living on savings, is not known. Because of the duplication referred to, the aggregate number of such persons is larger than the residual to be obtained by subtracting from the total the number with income from employment, from social insurance and related programs, and from public assistance.

Employers, Workers, and Wages, Fourth Quarter 1949

Workers with taxable wages during the last quarter of 1949 numbered an estimated 36 million-2 percent less than in the fourth quarter of 1948 and 8 percent below the number in the third quarter of 1949. Average taxable wages, estimated at \$450. were about 4 and 13 percent lower

than in the fourth quarter of 1948 and the third quarter of 1949, respectively. The total amount of taxable wages during the fourth quarter, estimated at \$16.2 billion, declined about 6 percent and 20 percent from the totals for the fourth quarter of 1948 and the third quarter of 1949, respec-

The declines from the third to the fourth quarter follow the seasonal pattern observed each year since 1941 in employment and since 1943 in taxable wages; they result from the operation of the \$3,000 limitation on taxable wages. The declines from the fourth quarter of 1948 to the fourth quarter of 1949, however, re-

Old-age and survivors insurance: Estimated number of employers 1 and workers and estimated amount of wages in covered industries, by specified period, 1940-49

[Corrected to May 1, 1950]

Year and quarter	Employers reporting wages ² (in thousands)	Workers with tax- able wages during pe- riod 2 (in thousands)	Taxable	wages 2	All workers employed in covered industries during period 3 (in thousands)	Total pay rolls in covered industries 3	
			Total (in millions)	Average per worker		Total (in millions)	Average per worker
1940	2, 646 2, 655 2, 394 2, 469 2, 614 3, 017	35, 393 40, 976 46, 363 47, 656 46, 296 46, 392 48, 845 48, 900 49, 300 48, 000	\$32, 974 41, 848 52, 939 62, 423 64, 426 62, 945 69, 088 78, 372 84, 138 82, 500	\$932 1, 021 1, 142 1, 310 1, 392 1, 357 1, 414 1, 603 1, 707 1, 719	35, 393 40, 976 46, 363 47, 656 46, 296 46, 392 48, 845 48, 900 49, 300 48, 000	\$35, 668 45, 463 58, 219 69, 653 73, 349 71, 560 79, 260 92, 449 102, 289 101, 500	\$1, 008 1, 110 1, 256 1, 462 1, 584 1, 543 1, 623 1, 891 2, 075 2, 115
1943							
January-MarchApril-JuneJuly-SeptemberOctober-December	1, 971 2, 008 1, 998 2, 001	36, 537 37, 483 37, 682 36, 016	15, 462 16, 561 15, 838 14, 562	423 442 420 404	36, 537 37, 557 38, 057 37, 593	15, 760 17, 400 17, 498 18, 995	431 463 460 505
1944							
January-March April-June July-September October-December	2, 010 2, 048 2, 038 2, 039	36, 326 36, 893 37, 301 35, 629	17, 362 17, 284 16, 243 13, 537	478 468 435 380	36, 326 36, 992 37, 752 37, 789	17, 696 18, 185 18, 359 19, 109	487 492 486 506
1945							
January-March April-June July-September October-December	2, 076 2, 149 2, 176 2, 199	35, 855 35, 854 35, 684 33, 598	17, 874 17, 541 14, 982 12, 548	499 489 420 373	35, 855 35, 949 36, 285 35, 973	18, 262 18, 558 17, 261 17, 478	509 516 476 486
1946							
January-March April-June July-September October-December		36. 038 38, 055 39. 670 37, 945	16, 840 17, 845 17, 709 16, 694	467 469 446 440	36, 038 38, 153 40, 228 39, 930	17, 397 19, 079 20, 222 22, 562	483 500 503 565
1947							
January-MarchApril-JuneJuly-SeptemberOctober-December	2, 509 2, 587 2, 617 2, 609	38, 705 39, 801 40, 255 37, 448	20, 805 20, 655 19, 555 17, 357	537 519 486 463	38, 765 40, 175 41, 155 40, 748	21, 497 22, 245 23, 035 25, 672	555 554 560 630
1948							
January-March 4 April-June 4 July-September 4 October-December 4	2, 588 2, 690 2, 681 2, 650	39, 560 40, 245 40, 585 36, 800	23, 080 22, 708 21, 150 17, 200	583 564 521 467	39, 560 40, 524 41, 675 40, 900	23, 923 24, 667 25, 699 28, 000	605 609 617 685
1949							
January-March 4April-June 4July-September 4October-December 4	2, 680 2, 690	38, 600 39, 300 39, 200 36, 000	23, 400 22, 600 20, 300 16, 200	606 575 518 450	38, 600 39, 600 40, 500 40, 000	24, 300 24, 600 25, 100 27, 500	630 621 620 688

¹ Number corresponds to number of employer returns. A return may relate to more than I establishment if employer operates several separate establishments but reports for concern as a whole.

Preliminary.

³ Beneficiaries of Federal retirement programs other than civil service and of State and local government retirement programs, and the wives of male beneficiaries of programs other than old-age and survivors insurance.

² Quarterly and annual data for 1937-39 were presented in the *Bulletin* for February 1947, p. 31; quarterly data for 1940 were presented in the *Bulletin* for August 1947, p. 30; quarterly data for 1941

nd 1942 were presented in the Bulletin for February

^{1948,} p. 31.

3 A description of these series and quarterly data for 1940 were presented in the Bulletin for August 1947, p. 30; quarterly data for 1941 and 1942 were presented in the Bulletin for February 1948, p. 31.