Notes and Brief Reports

Federal Credit Unions, 1950

The Bureau of Federal Credit Unions carries out one of its major functions—the promotion of habits of thrift—by helping to establish convenient credit union facilities. Such facilities are set up where the members live, work, or attend church or meetings of their labor unions, lodges, or farm organizations. Thus a Federal credit union may be organized on a

neighborhood basis, with membership limited to residents of a rural or small urban community; it may be associational, consisting of members of a church, a labor union, or a cooperative; or it may be occupational and draw its members from workers in a manufacturing plant, a government unit (Federal, State, or local), or a

Federal credit unions: Number of operating credit unions and number of members, by type of membership, December 31, 1949 and 1950

	Number of Federal credit unions		Members					Average shares per member	
Type of membership	Dec.	Dec.	Potential number,	Actual number		Average per credit union		Dec. 31,	Dec. 31,
		31, 1949	Dec. 31, 1950	Dec. 31,	Dec. 31, 1949	Dec. 31, 1950	Dec. 31,	1950	1949
All credit unions, total	4, 984	4, 495	5, 411, 152	2, 126, 823	1, 819, 606	427	405	\$170	\$157
Associational groups, total	713	642	965, 215	179, 602	152, 921	252	238	147	138
Cooperatives Fraternal and professional Religious Labor unions	161	156	296, 507	33, 510	28, 860	208	185	163	159
	175	153	130, 365	38, 785	33, 534	222	219	202	187
	239	207	293, 616	63, 436	54, 226	265	262	126	122
	138	126	244, 727	43, 871	36, 301	318	288	115	98
Occupational groups, total	4, 162	3, 764	4, 316, 632	1, 925, 366	1,647,525	463	438	173	159
Amusements Automotive products Banking and insurance Beverages Chemicals and explosives Construction and materials:	10	8	7, 072	4, 795	4, 504	480	563	360	335
	149	119	479, 362	105, 137	78, 495	706	660	129	117
	56	49	28, 944	16, 746	14, 874	299	304	188	158
	31	26	21, 422	10, 735	8, 791	346	338	154	143
	107	97	94, 723	52, 240	41, 825	488	431	176	166
Lumber Other Educational:	28	25 50	16,387 41,664	9,343 $21,052$	8,013 17,855	334 390	321 357	155 170	147 158
Colleges Schools Electric products Food products:	46	35	32, 697	11, 577	9, 092	252	260	128	118
	238	230	151, 220	63, 585	56, 002	267	243	179	162
	145	134	219, 536	96, 109	83, 421	663	623	170	163
Båkery, grocery, and produce Dairy Meat packing Other Furniture Glass	71	62	34, 396	21, 364	18, 548	301	299	181	167
	64	58	26, 670	18, 163	15, 591	284	269	192	175
	38	33	13, 768	9, 132	7, 944	240	241	200	188
	95	87	63, 944	36, 342	34, 463	383	396	286	263
	30	27	10, 167	6, 439	5, 576	215	207	152	147
	52	48	65, 665	37, 333	31, 864	718	664	181	178
Government: Federal Local State Hardware Hotels and restaurants Laundries and cleaners Leather Machine manufacturers Metals:	57	482 176 58 49 24 20 13	671, 706 198, 387 49, 125 37, 606 14, 185 5, 415 6, 957 181, 331	254, 638 101, 953 21, 380 22, 249 6, 580 2, 994 3, 402 82, 787	203, 161 86, 797 18, 731 19, 334 6, 303 2, 840 2, 336 63, 584	493 495 339 390 263 143 179 511	421 493 323 395 263 142 180 468	131 218 138 191 123 103 132 189	110 199 124 185 116 92 147 190
Aluminum Iron and steel Other Paper Petroleum Printing and publishing:	24	20	22, 105	9, 465	8,000	394	400	116	119
	170	148	293, 043	106, 508	90,972	627	615	171	150
	97	84	78, 457	41, 904	35,398	432	421	183	179
	84	75	63, 325	38, 764	33,422	461	446	177	167
	262	253	206, 883	130, 504	119,119	498	471	233	204
Newspapers Other Public utilities:	62	58	31, 561	19, 285	17, 587	311	303	216	207
	42	39	20, 117	11, 508	10, 815	274	277	169	149
Heat, light, and power Telegraph Telephone Rubber Stores Textiles Tobacco products	130	128	72, 014	50, 170	46, 462	386	363	171	143
	10	10	3, 850	2, 690	2, 698	269	270	185	167
	95	84	142, 093	70, 012	62, 421	737	743	162	149
	24	22	54, 538	12, 015	9, 847	501	448	130	114
	188	182	165, 125	84, 076	80, 879	447	444	171	157
	97	89	91, 582	43, 283	37, 127	446	417	157	162
	3	2	2, 800	1, 598	1, 378	533	689	82	81
Transportation: A viation Bus and truck Railroads Other Miscellaneous	29	24	156, 174	60, 178	48, 730	2,075	2,030	205	194
	66	59	35, 843	18, 265	16, 957	277	287	162	143
	221	212	220, 687	110, 302	99, 983	499	472	152	138
	77	68	61, 501	37, 836	35, 630	491	524	171	154
	197	161	122, 585	60, 928	50, 156	309	312	159	146
Residential groups, total	109	89	129, 305	21,855	19, 160	201	215	132	122
Rural community Urban community	75	58	74, 797	14, 900	12, 674	199	219	142	132
	34	31	54, 508	6, 955	6, 486	205	209	112	102

public utility, such as a telephone or power company.

At the end of December 1950, almost 5,000 credit unions with assets of \$405.8 million were operating under Federal charters, and the 2.1 million members had shares of \$361.9 million. These totals are the highest ever achieved in the program and are substantially above the 1949 figures.

The year's increase in number, from 4,495 to 4,984, was the largest since 1941 and was mainly the result of the rise from 3,764 to 4,162 in the number of occupational credit unions. Smaller increases occurred in the associational and residential credit unions.

Credit unions serving Federal employees, employees of the petroleum industry, and members of religious groups had the largest number of operating units and accounted for one-fifth of all operating Federal credit unions at the end of 1950. Groups of Federal workers and employees of the petroleum industry have been leading other groups since December 1944, and increased activities in organizing credit unions among religious groups in the past 2 years have brought this type into third place.

Residential, occupational, and associational credit unions all showed membership gains during 1950. The largest individual increases were in the units serving employees of the Federal Government, the automotiveproducts industry, and machine manufacturers. The average number of members per credit union also increased, with the most substantial advances in the groups for employees of the Federal Government, the chemicals and explosives industries, and the glass industry. Average shares per member were highest (\$360) for workers in the motion picture industry; employees in "other" food products were second, with \$286; and petroleum workers, who on the average held shares worth \$233, were third

Applicants for Account Numbers, January– March 1951

The 1950 amendments to the Social Security Act brought under the old-

Table 1.—Applicants for account numbers, by sex and race, January-March,

Year	Total				Male		Female		
	Total	White 1	Negro	Total	White 1	Negro	Total	White 1	Negro
1947-50 average 1947- 1948- 1949- 1950	457, 066 508, 980 472, 534 429, 043 417, 708	399, 500 442, 509 414, 259 375, 367 365, 865	57, 566 66, 471 58, 275 53, 676 51, 843	235, 069 264, 314 244, 149 215, 661 216, 151	205, 881 230, 530 214, 786 189, 119 189, 087	29, 188 33, 784 29, 363 26, 542 27, 064	221, 998 244, 666 228, 385 213, 382 201, 557	193, 620 211, 979 199, 473 186, 248 176, 778	28, 378 32, 687 28, 912 27, 134 24, 779
1951	1,301,702	1,061,427	240, 275	597, 635	524, 140	73, 495	704, 067	537, 287	166, 780

¹ Represents all races other than Negro.

Table 2.—Applicants for account numbers, by sex, race, and age group, January-March 1951

		Total		Male		Female			
Age group	Total	White 1	Negro	Total	White 1	Negro	Total	White 1	Negro
Total	1,301,702	1,061,427	240, 275	597, 635	524, 140	73, 495	704, 067	537, 287	166, 780
Under 15	19, 706 393, 067 340, 881 377, 111 76, 532 54, 984	16, 827 343, 059 262, 637 290, 697 65, 430 47, 485	2,879 50,008 78,244 86,414 11,102 7,499 3,817	14, 955 222, 439 145, 625 139, 090 31, 731 24, 054	12, 735 193, 191 125, 650 123, 904 29, 067 21, 742 17, 428	2, 220 29, 248 19, 975 15, 186 2, 664 2, 312	4,751 170,628 195,256 238,021 44,801 30,930	4, 092 149, 868 136, 987 166, 793 36, 363 25, 743	659 20, 760 58, 269 71, 228 8, 438 5, 187
70 and over Unknown	38, 515 906	34, 698 594	312	19, 189 552	423	1,761 129	19,326 354	17, 270 171	2, 056 183

¹ Represents all races other than Negro.

age and survivors insurance system on January 1, 1951, approximately 10 million persons in employments preexcluded from coverage. viously These persons for the most part are the nonfarm self-employed, workers regularly employed in domestic service and agriculture, certain Federal employees, and employees of nonprofit organizations and State and local governments.1 Before the adoption of the 1950 amendments, however, a large majority of these individuals probably had received social security account numbers as a result of having worked in covered employment at one time or another since the beginning of 1937, when the program began operating; they therefore did not need to apply for new account numbers in 1951.

Some indication of the volume of applications received through March 1951 from persons in newly covered employments is provided by the quarterly tabulations of accounts established for October-December 1950 and January-March 1951. Although these

tabulations do not classify separately the new accounts established for the newly covered individuals, a fairly accurate estimate of their number can be derived from a comparison of the data for these 2 quarters and the corresponding quarters of the four preceding years. This comparison indicates that, by the end of March 1951, from 1.0 to 1.1 million new accounts were established for persons with jobs in employments newly covered by oldage and survivors insurance.

These applicants do not, of course, represent all persons who were in newly covered employments by the end of March and who had never before obtained an account number. A substantial number probably have postponed their applications until the need for an account number arises. The self-employed, for example, are not required to report their net income for social security purposes until they file their income tax returns in March 1952; others, affected by the voluntary coverage provisions of the 1950 amendments, probably will wait until some decision is made as to their coverage before they apply for account numbers. The bulk of the new accounts established through March for

¹ For a detailed description of the new coverage provisions, see George J. Leibowitz, "Old-Age and Survivors Insurance: Coverage Under the 1950 Amendments," Social Security Bulletin. December 1950.