Railroad Workers with Employment Covered by the Social Security Act, 1959

by ALDEN F. BIXBY*

Because of the coordination between the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program and the railroad retirement program, the extent to which railroad workers hold jobs covered by the Social Security Act is of continuing interest. Information on railroad employees who in 1959 had employment covered by the Social Security Act is reported in the following pages.

UNDER THE Railroad Retirement Act, workers may shift between railroad employment and work covered by the Social Security Act without losing their protection under the latter act. This continuity of protection is possible as a result of the coordination between the programs, which operates in three ways:

- 1. The railroad wage credits of workers who retire with less than 10 years of railroad employment are transferred to the program under the Social Security Act, and benefits are paid by that program.
- 2. Survivor benefits are paid by one agency only, on the basis of combined wage credits. If the employee had at least 10 years of railroad service and a recent attachment to the railroad industry at the time of his death, they are paid under the railroad retirement program; otherwise they are paid under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance.
- 3. Through provision for financial interchange the old-age and survivors insurance and the disability insurance trust funds are maintained in the same position in which they would have been if railroad employment had been covered by the Social Security Act since 1936.

An employee with 10 or more years of railroad service has vested rights to a retirement annuity under the Railroad Retirement Act. In addition, he may receive old-age or disability benefits under the Social Security Act if he is qualified on the basis of employment covered only by that act.

The data in this report are a result of the work

*Chief of the Division of Labor Studies, Office of the Director of Research, Railroad Retirement Board.

done in connection with the financial interchange study covering the fiscal year 1959-60. They have been developed to show the extent to which employees with railroad service in 1959 also performed work covered by old-age, survivors, and disability insurance in that year or earlier. Because of the broad coverage of old-age, survivors, and disability insurance, it may be assumed that virtually all nonrailroad work currently performed by railroad employees is covered by that program. A similar report of employment in the calendar year 1956 was made in the Bulletin of November 1958.

Table 1.—Railroad employees with both railroad and OASDI covered employment in 1959, ¹ and percentage distribution by amount of taxable earnings under each program 2

	Num-	70.	Percentage distribution by amount of taxable OASDI earnings 3							
Taxable railroad earnings 3	ber (in thou- sands)	Per- cent	Total	Less than \$1,000	\$1,000- \$1,999	\$2,000- \$2,999	\$3,000 or more			
Total	241	100	100	54	22	11	13			
Less than \$1,000	27 22	38 14 11 9 7 20	100 100 100 100 100 100	41 58 47 65 71 69	22 17 41 23 9	12 14 9 9 14 10	25 11 4 3 6 4			

¹ At least 1 month of railroad service and at least 1 quarter of coverage

under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance.

² Based on special sample of 3,428 employees. Smaller numbers and percentages may not be statistically reliable. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

3 Annual maximum of \$4,800 used, although actual maximum for year was \$4,550.

Data on insured status in the two reports are not fully comparable because the effects of the 1958 and 1960 amendments to the Social Security Act were taken into consideration in the later study. The 1958 amendments increased from \$4,200 to \$4,800 a year (effective for 1959) the maximum amount of taxable earnings; the 1960 law reduced the number of quarters of coverage required for fully insured status but made no change in the minimum and maximum requirements. The limit on compensation taxable under

12 SOCIAL SECURITY

¹ The 1961 amendments further liberalized the insuredstatus requirements.

the Railroad Retirement Tax Act has also been increased—from \$350 a month to \$400 a month, beginning June 1959. For this study, however, railroad earnings are included up to the annual limit in the Social Security Act.

The current study was based on a sample of 3,428 workers out of a total of 1,229,000 who had some railroad service during 1959. The figures based on the sample are subject to the usual sampling errors. For some of the smaller groups, the estimates may not be statistically reliable.

As in the 1956 study, employment covered by the Social Security Act was disregarded if the earnings were insufficient to produce at least 1 quarter of coverage. In addition, the number of quarters of coverage and permanently insured status under that program were determined solely on the basis of employment covered under the Social Security Act.² In actual practice, however, railroad earnings are creditable under the Social Security Act if the employee has had less than

10 years of railroad service or dies while he is not currently attached to the railroad industry. In a large proportion of cases, where there is less than 10 years of railroad service and permanently insured status is not acquired by earnings under the Social Security Act alone, such status is achieved if credits under the two acts are combined.

DUAL EMPLOYMENT

About 1,229,000 employees—94 percent of them men—worked in the railroad industry at some time in 1959. This total includes temporary workers and others who for various reasons did not work in the industry in every month, as well as regularly employed persons. It includes, for example, employees who were new entrants to the industry or reentered it after an absence of at least 1 calendar year, employees who were sick or unemployed for 1 or more months, and employees who died or retired after some service in the year.

Of those employed in the railroad industry in 1959, an estimated one-fifth (241,000) also acquired old-age, survivors, and disability insurance credits in that year (table 1). In 1956, the

Table 2.—Railroad employees in 1959 and average number of quarters of OASDI coverage, by year of entry into railroad service and by pattern of railroad service and OASDI coverage

		Perc	entage d of OA	istributio SDI cove	n by par erage ²	ttern	A	verage nu	ımber of cover		of OASI	IC
Year of entry into railroad service	Num- ber (in thou- sands) 1	Total	None	All before rail-	All after rail-	Before and after	Total	All before rail-	All after rail-		ore and a lroad ent	
	sanus) -	Total	None	road entry	road entry	rail- road entry	10141	road entry	road entry	Total	Before	After
All railroad employees in 1959, total	1,229	100	29	22	21	27	17	15	10	24	14	10
Before 1938 1938-42 1943-47 1943-52 1953-57 1958-59	223	100 100 100 100 100 100	67 13 7 3 5 8	26 29 28 37 75	33 22 18 12 7 3	39 45 57 50 14	11 16 19 21 19	11 13 16 17 16	11 10 10 9 5	22 25 27 22 22	11 13 17 17 20	11 12 10 5 2
With continuous railroad service 3	885	100	35	28	15	22	16	15	9	23	16	7
Before 1938. 1938-42 1943-47 1948-52 1953-57 1958-59	342 109 152 98 106 77	100 100 100 100 100 100	76 16 8 3 6 8	34 43 35 44 75	24 14 10 9 6 3	36 38 53 44 14	10 15 16 22 18 16	12 14 18 17 16	10 6 5 7 4 2	21 23 27 22 22	13 15 20 17 20	8 8 7 5 2
With noncontinuous railroad service	345	100	13	9	38	40	18	10	12	25	11	14
Before 1938. 1938-42 1943-47 1948-52 1953-57	88 114 75 44 23	100 100 100 100 100	33 10 5 3 1	18 5 14 5	67 30 32 18 10	42 58 65 83	12 17 22 20 23	9 10 10 13	12 12 13 11 8	23 28 25 25 25	9 11 12 18	14 17 13 7

¹ Based on 4-percent sample.

² To acquire permanently insured status under the Social Security Act, the worker must have a sufficient number of quarters of coverage to remain fully insured up to age 65 (age 62 for women), even if he acquires no additional quarters of coverage. For this study, insured status was determined on the basis of provisions in effect before the 1961 amendments.

² Based on special sample of 3,428 employees. Smaller numbers and percentages and associated averages may not be statistically reliable. Detail

may not add to totals because of rounding.

³ Railroad service in every year after 1936 or year of entry, whichever is later.

group with dual coverage was larger; 405,000, or one-fourth of all railroad workers in that year, earned quarters of coverage. The considerable drop resulted from the decline in railroad employment and the generally higher level of unemployment.

The total number of railroad employees was 25 percent less in 1959 than in 1956, and—as usually occurs during a decline in employment—the number of new entrants and of reentrants to the industry went down sharply. About 100,000 employees entered or reentered the railroad industry in 1959, compared with 200,000 in 1956. This drop is significant because such employees are more likely than others to have acquired quarters of coverage under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance in the same year. In 1959, more than 70 percent of the new entrants and reentrants combined had 1 or more quarters of coverage.

The total number of unemployed workers in the United States averaged 3.8 million in 1959 and 2.8 million in 1956. It was obviously more difficult in the later year for unemployed railroad workers to find jobs in other industries or for employed workers to supplement their income with temporary or part-time work.

The number of workers who had earnings under both programs in 1959 and the percentage with specified taxable earnings under each program are shown in table 1. Dual-coverage employees were heavily concentrated, as would be expected, in the lower income brackets. Fiftytwo percent of the employees with credits under both systems in 1959 earned less than \$2,000 for their railroad work during the year, and an even

Table 4.—Railroad employees in 1959, by completed years of railroad service and by quarters of OASDI coverage

			Perc	centage o	listributi	on 3		
Completed years of rail- road service 1	Num- ber ² (in thou- sands)	Total	Perma- nently insured	Not p	d numb	ntly insured, by per of quarters coverage		
san	sands)		under OASDI	None	Less than 10	10-19	20-39	
Total	1,229	100	11	29	27	19	14	
30 and over 20-29 10-19 under 10	267 129 443 390	100 100 100 100	5 4 13 14	81 48 11 5	10 39 34 29	3 7 24 28	(b) 2 18 24	

¹ A completed year of service represents railroad employment, including employment before 1937, in 12-23 calendar months; 2 completed years, 24-35 months; and so on.

² Based on 4-percent sample.

Based on special sample of 3,428 employees. Smaller numbers and per-centages and associated averages may not be statistically reliable. Detail

may not add to totals because of rounding.

4 Based on credits acquired in 1937-59, disregarding disability freeze provisions and adjusted for Social Security Amendments of 1960.

5 Less than 0.5 percent.

larger proportion, 76 percent, earned less than \$2,000 from employment covered by the Social Security Act. Of those dual-coverage workers who received at least \$3,000 in railroad compensation, 68 percent had incomes of less than \$1,000 from other employment. In general, this distribution was similar to that found for employees in 1956.

About one-fourth (61,000) of the 241,000 workers with dual employment worked for a railroad in all 12 months of 1959. The amount of secondary jobholding is indicated by the size of this group, which represents nearly 7 percent of all 12-month railroad employees in 1959. The outside work was generally of a casual nature;

(Continued on page 23)

Table 3.—Railroad employees in 1956 and 1959, by age, and percentage distribution by insured status under OASDI based only on OASDI covered employment through December 1956 and December 1959

		1	959 employe	8		1956 employees					
			Percentage of	listribution 1			Percentage distribution 2				
Age on birthday in year	Number ¹ (in thousands)	Total	With no OASDI credits	Permanently insured under OASDI *	With some OASDI credits but not perma- nently insured	Number ¹ (in thousands)	Total	With no OASDI credits	Perma- nently insured under OASDI 4	With some OASDI credits but not perma- nently insured	
Total	1,229	100	29	11	60	1,628	100	28	7	64	
Under 35	304 282 277 364	100 100 100 100	7 10 29 62	2 10 16 14	91 80 55 23	520 348 346 412	100 100 100 100	6 12 36 67	3 10 9 9	91 78 55 24	

Amendments of 1960.

¹ Based on 4-percent sample. ² For 1959, based on special sample of 3,428 employees; for 1956, on special sample of 2,972 employees. Smaller numbers and percentages may not be statistically reliable. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Based on credits acquired in 1937-59, disregarding disability freeze provisions and adjusted for Social Security Amendments of 1960.
 Based on credits acquired in 1937-56 and not adjusted for Social Security

Table 7.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Number of monthly benefits withheld, by reason for withholding payment and type of benefit, June 30, 1961 1

[Based partly on 10-percent sample]

			Old-age		Disa-		Wife's or	husband's	3	Widow's	35.41	
Reason for withholding payment ²	Total	Total	Male	Female	bility	Total	Aged wife's 3	Young wife's 4	Hus- band's	or wid- ower's	Moth- er's	Par- ent's
Total	418,097	242,419	173,044	69,375	2,147	63,128	46,103	16,539	486	19,461	90,792	150
Covered or noncovered employment s of beneficiary in United States or covered employment of beneficiary outside United States	337,960 612 45,065	226,205 425	160,537 344	65,668 81		13,020 58 45,065	2,805 48 40,600	10,186 10 4,028	29 0 437	16,635	82,082 79	18
whose earnings benefit is based	77 7,131					$\frac{77}{1,456}$	67	10 1,456	0		5,675	
Recoupment of overpayment not attrib- utable to beneficiary's earnings	1,949	1,104	820	284	0	228	190	38	0	328	266	2
bilitation services	0				0	0	0	0	0		0	
pending Payee not determined Administrative reasons	729 5,213 19,361	3,048 11,637	2,218 9,125	830 2,512	617 760 770	112 536 2,576	20 438 1,935	92 88 631	0 10 10	607 1.841	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 227 \\ 2,463 \end{array}$	3 7

¹ Benefits withheld from (1) old-age (retired-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents, (2) survivor beneficiaries, and (3) disabled-worker beneficiaries and their dependents, for whom data are shown separately in table 8. Data for child's benefits withheld are not available for children of retired or deceased workers; for children of disabled workers they are shown in table 8.

2 As provided under sections 203, 222, and 225 of the Social Security Act

except for the reason "payee not determined," in which case benefit payments are accrued pending determination of guardian or appropriate payee.

3 Wife aged 65 or over, or wife aged 62-64 with no entitled child in her care.

4 Wife under age 65 with 1 or more entitled children in her care.

5 Includes self-employment.

Table 8.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Number of monthly benefits withheld from disabled-worker beneficiaries and their dependents, by reason for withholding payment and type of benefit, June 30, 1961

[Based partly on 10-percent sample]

			Disability			Wife's or	husband's		
Reason for withholding payment ²	Total	Total	Male	Female	Total	Aged wife's ³	Young wife's 4	Hus- band's	Child's
Total	9,801	2,147	1,849	298	6,643	123	6,520	0	1,011
Covered or noncovered employment 5 of beneficiary in United States or covered employment 5 of beneficiary outside United States. Noncovered employment 5 of beneficiary outside United	6,358				6,079	82	5,997	0	279
States. Failure to have care of an entitled child. Recoupment of overpayment not attributable to beneficiary's	0 246				0 246	0	0 24 6	0	(
earnings Disabled person refused to accept rehabilitation services Determination of continuing disability pending Payee not determined Administrative reasons	$0 \\ 997 \\ 1,008 \\ 1,192$	0 0 617 760 770	0 0 586 616 647	0 0 31 144 123	$0 \\ 0 \\ 112 \\ 21 \\ 185$	0 0 20 0 21	0 92 21 164	0 0 0 0	268 227 237

¹ These data, except for child's benefits, are included in table 7. ² As provided under sections 203,222, and 225 of the Social Security Act except for the reason "payee not determined," in which case benefit payments are accrued pending determination of guardian or appropriate payee.

RALROAD WORKERS

(Continued from page 14)

43 percent of these employees had earnings covered by old-age, survivors, and disability insurance that amounted to less than \$500, and 67 percent had less than \$1,000. In 1956, 6 percent of the 12-month employees had dual employment, and three-fourths of them earned less than \$1,000 in employment covered by old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. In comparing the percentages, some allowance should be made for the effect of wage increases; the average hourly wage for production workers, for example, was 7 percent higher in 1959 than in 1956.

No comparable data are available on the rate of multiple jobholding in the entire labor force;

Wife aged 65 or over, or wife age 62-64 with no entitled child in her care.
 Wife under age 65 with 1 or more entitled children in her care.
 Includes self-employment.

Table 9.—Employment security: Selected data on nonfarm placements and unemployment insurance claims and benefits, by State, July 1961 1

		Initial	claims	Weeks of u ment cov continue	ered by		Compensa	ted unemplo	yment	5	•
State	Nonfarm place-					All typ	es of unemploy	ment ³	Total unem	ployment	Average weekly insured unem-
	ments	Total ²	Women	Total	Women	Weeks com- pensated	Benefits paid 4	A verage weekly number of bene- ficiaries	Weeks com- pensated	Average weekly payment	ploy- ment 3
Total	5 500,897	1,500,585	572,498	8,214,200	3,095,600	6,991,813	\$223,977,562	1,664,717	6,467,314	\$32.91	1,958,195
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia	821 9,266 7,588 52,668 8,779 7,260 453 3,899 15,097 10,265	18,726 2,677 8,438 11,321 135,463 4,912 33,617 3,637 2,778 34,437 22,096	5,103 366 2,016 3,617 40,106 1,356 16,151 655 1,044 14,645 7,753	120,785 11,228 38,583 68,093 899,320 30,751 148,982 15,447 21,642 196,387 140,629	31, 230 2, 244 12, 000 21, 322 323, 689 11, 895 73, 453 4, 045 8, 814 74, 200 58, 895	94, 991 8, 573 29, 954 45, 746 884, 382 25, 191 123, 281 14, 884 18, 250 144, 389 116, 642	2,116,890 324,013 889,516 998,394 34,923,414 921,220 4,738,424 497,160 475,800 3,956,452 2,907,721	22,617 2,041 7,132 10,892 210,567 5,998 29,353 3,544 4,345 34,378 27,772	91,102 8,168 28,616 42,248 839,343 23,454 118,181 14,124 17,882 137,897 101,508	22. 58 38. 03 30. 03 22. 39 39. 95 37. 41 34. 37 34. 14 26. 20 27. 85 26. 97	28,448 2,326 9,247 16,255 212,913 7,134 35,766 3,711 5,085 48,000 35,074
Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts	1,326 4,721 15,918 6,503 6,072 8,037 4,840 5,920 3,527 6,591 12,059	3,133 4,961 53,424 38,763 7,263 7,657 13,319 20,239 6,770 24,154 71,633	968 3,276 18,699 10,683 2,678 1,732 3,526 3,615 3,175 9,704 37,767	20,948 17,468 397,795 175,443 46,941 40,634 128,176 141,347 54,985 128,471 319,409	7,124 9,268 148,896 55,133 16,747 14,051 36,672 27,711 32,030 42,141 155,187	17,081 10,448 324,256 153,295 36,386 35,283 90,362 114,703 45,157 123,358 276,379	585,635 333,687 10,983,617 4,543,493 1,014,305 1,171,088 2,492,004 3,301,349 943,630 3,631,915 9,307,646	4,067 2,488 77,204 36,499 8,663 8,401 21,515 27,310 10,752 29,371 65,805	15,907 9,223 305,335 137,060 31,655 32,563 83,926 104,922 42,952 115,509 242,432	35. 43 33. 28 34. 45 31. 07 29. 34 33. 83 28. 24 29. 79 21. 06 30. 09 35. 85	5,22 4,49 92,75 40,49 11,39 9,87 30,06 33,00 12,84 30,73 76,08
Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New Mexico New Mexico New York	11,322 8,898 7,653 7,884 3,695 4,142 2,784 1,971 12,237 3,863	123,679 13,054 9,634 30,161 3,400 2,679 3,217 4,150 67,901 4,980 229,318	20,939 3,780 2,576 12,842 962 1,074 698 2,072 35,513 771 112,825	431,354 94,937 69,870 151,487 21,437 15,175 14,561 27,734 324,081 28,470 1,143,904	102,702 31,518 20,700 52,395 7,642 7,429 4,365 14,905 171,628 5,589 534,203	366,818 78,211 55,044 112,668 13,450 14,320 13,123 21,154 297,891 26,693 1,010,770	12,888,758 2,190,126 1,264,789 3,018,754 387,297 415,237 481,146 526,831 9,475,299 755,264 35,171,744	87,338 18,622 13,106 26,826 3,202 3,410 3,125 5,037 70,926 6,355 240,660	351,156 73,534 51,415 101,529 13,450 13,713 12,456 19,539 267,311 25,010 918,161	35.90 28.64 23.47 28.14 28.62 29.62 37.30 25.87 32.63 28.92 36.47	115,59; 22,80; 16,26; 35,94; 3,47; 3,56; 6,36; 78,82; 7,10; 269,02
North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Puerto Rico ⁶ Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee	2,104 15,956 11,555 7,540 17,648 3,615 2,132 7,607 2,116	38,446 1,159 75,703 10,499 15,621 153,514 11,454 17,695 13,354 550 22,764	19,255 239 20,656 3,380 3,878 69,699 2,651 11,007 6,001 187 8,932	197,043 6,944 441,913 80,031 67,846 869,868 66,496 55,179 73,132 3,438 170,265	96,644 1,606 133,567 30,172 23,863 305,021 22,051 29,395 31,059 1,659 64,394	173,564 4,580 393,376 64,655 55,480 764,253 37,361 48,635 55,252 2,701 130,966	3,597,878 119,420 15,442,644 1,650,979 1,834,869 23,479,665 489,020 1,351,824 1,197,151 70,375 3,039,285	41,325 1,090 93,661 15,394 13,210 181,965 8,895 11,580 13,155 643 31,182	44,978 52,296 2,413	21. 19 26. 36 40. 07 26. 15 33. 74 32. 10 13. 17 28. 70 22. 09 27. 10 23. 65	42,69 1,54 104,61 18,67 16,13 208,78 15,99 13,91 17,33 80 40,94
Texas Utah Vermont Virgini Islands Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsis	42,940 3,699 1,116	37,608 3,491 1,991	10,502 959 881 0	244,929 18,753 13,100 0	80,439 8,425 6,264 0	194,167 14,281 11,448	4,537,225 439,127 308,998	46,230 3,400 2,726	13,310		54,53 4,67 3,07
Virgin Islands Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	_ 11,000	11,302 32,604 11,518 18,500 1,221	4,401 20,201 1,517 5,254 220	80,425 124,440 95,991 109,722 8,211	35, 431 51,879 16,915 34,672 2,321	63,264 69,367 69,547 89,957 6,826	1,467,539 2,155,070 1,483,773 3,412,874 267,228	14,825 16,516 16,559 21,418 1,625	66,164 63,593 79,861	31.42 21.71 38.68	18,73 31,98 22,53 26,06 1,76

Excludes data for the Federal employees' unemployment compensation program, administered by the States as agents of the Federal Government.
 Excludes transitional claims.

Source: Department affiliated State agencies.

the Bureau of the Census, however, reports that the proportion of all employed persons holding two or more jobs declined from five percent to 4 percent between the survey weeks in July 1957 and December 1959. For men, the surveys showed a similar decline—from 7 percent to 6 percent.

CREDITS UNDER OASDI, 1937-59

During the 23 years 1937-59, 71 percent of all railroad employees in 1959 had acquired credits under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. This percentage is approximately the same as in

Total, part-total, and partial.
 Not adjusted for voided beneat checks and transfers under interstate. combined-wage plan.

Includes 74 placements made in Guam, not shown separately.
 Beginning January 1961, under the Social Security Amendments of 1960, the Commonwealth unemployment insurance program became part of the Federal-State system.
Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, and

Table 10.—Number of recipients of public assistance in the United States, by month, July 1960–July 1961 ¹ [Except for general assistance, includes cases receiving only vendor payments for medical care]

	014	Medical	Aid to	dependent ch	ildren ³	1134	Aid to the perma-	General a	ssistance 5
Year and month	Old-age assistance	assistance for the aged ²	Families	Total 4	Children	Aid to the blind	nently and totally disabled	Cases	Recipients
				Nun	nber of recipi	ents			
1960									
July	2,352,956 2,350,980 2,350,123 2,334,854	12,791 14,922	789, 281 783, 804 786, 022 789, 782 795, 047 806, 312	3,006,209 2,981,683 2,995,900 3,012,526 3,034,379 3,080,257	2,317,683 2,298,493 2,310,889 2,324,475 2,341,789 2,377,353	107,876 107,864 107,740 107,672 107,565 107,556	364,525 366,292 367,947 370,797 372,417 373,915	353,000 359,000 361,000 365,000 385,000 431,000	932,000 944,000 958,000 973,000 1,055,000 1,244,000
1961 January February March April May June July	2,320,105 2,318,077 2,302,265 2,300,018	16,734 18,678 21,492 27,998 41,388 46,428 51,571	815, 329 825, 023 840, 220 848, 045 868, 320 878, 332 880, 234	3, 118, 231 3, 156, 289 3, 212, 228 3, 242, 796 3, 335, 112 3, 382, 865 3, 392, 775	2,406,382 2,435,213 2,478,101 2,502,243 2,575,516 2,613,273 2,621,252	107, 182 106, 752 106, 513 106, 201 105, 992 105, 608 105, 152	374, 360 374, 728 377, 481 379, 343 381, 203 383, 952 385, 935	477,000 506,000 525,000 497,000 439,000 406,000 385,000	1,434,000 1,552,000 1,607,000 1,478,000 1,205,000 1,049,000 980,000
			F	ercentage ch	ange from p	revious mon	th		
1960									
July	1 1	+16.7	-0.6 7 +.3 +.5 +.7 +1.4	$ \begin{array}{r} -0.6 \\8 \\ +.5 \\ +.6 \\ +.7 \\ +1.5 \end{array} $	-0.5 8 +.5 +.6 +.7 +1.5	-0.1 (a) 1 1 1 (b)	+0.5 +.5 +.5 +.8 +.4 +.4	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.6 \\ +1.5 \\ +.6 \\ +1.1 \\ +5.5 \\ +12.0 \end{array} $	-3.9 +1.3 +1.4 +1.5 +8.7 +17.5
1961 January	3	+12.1	+1.1	+1.2	+1.2	3		+10.7	+15.3
January February March April May June July	3 1 7 1 2	+12.1 +11.6 +15.1 +30.3 +47.8 +12.2 +11.1	+1.1 +1.2 +1.8 +.9 +2.4 +1.2 +.2	+1.2 +1.2 +1.8 +1.0 +2.8 +1.4 +.3	+1.2 +1.2 +1.8 +1.0 +2.9 +1.5 +.3	3 4 2 3 2 4 4	+.1 +.1 +.7 +.5 +.5 +.7 +.5	+10.7 $+6.1$ $+3.7$ -5.3 -11.6 -7.6 -5.0	+13.3 +8.2 +3.6 -8.1 -18.5 -12.9 -6.6

¹ For definition of terms see the Bulletin, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.

Program initiated in October 1960 under the Social Security Amendments

1956. Since the railroad labor force had 3 more years in which to acquire coverage, the proportion with such credits might have been expected to increase. That it did not grow is the result primarily of the 25-percent drop in railroad employment from 1956 to 1959 and the even greater drop in the proportions of new railroad employees and of persons reentering the railroad industry.

The drop in employment caused separation from the railroad industry of many young workers who were likely to have had employment in other industries. The reduction in the proportions of new entrants and reentrants is significant because nearly all of them have already earned old-age, survivors, and disability insurance credits; 92 percent of the new entrants and 98 percent of the reentrants in 1959 had earned some credits in or before that year, in contrast to only

69 percent of all other railroad employees.

Year of Entry and Pattern of Service

The railroad retirement and old-age, survivors, and disability insurance programs started at about the same time—more than 20 years ago. Thus, the proportion of dual-coverage workers and the average number of quarters of coverage that they have acquired naturally vary with the year of entry into railroad service. Only about one-third of those who entered railroad service before 1938 had earned any old-age, survivors, and disability insurance credits by the end of 1959 (table 2). Of those with railroad service in each of the years 1937-59, fewer than one-fourth had even 1 quarter of coverage. In contrast, 87

25 **BULLETIN, NOVEMBER 1961**

of 1960.

⁸ Beginning May 1961 includes data on aid to dependent children of unemployed parents and, beginning June 1961, data on aid to dependent

children receiving foster-family care, authorized by P.L. 87-31. Includes as recipients the children and 1 parent or other adult relative in families in which the requirements of at least 1 such adult were considered

of determining the amount of assistance.

Partly estimated. Excludes Idaho; data not available.

Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.

Table 11.—Amount of public assistance payments in the United States, by month, July 1960–July 1961 ¹ [Except for general assistance, includes vendor payments for medical care]

Year and month	Total ²	Old-age assistance	Medical assistance for the aged ⁸	Aid to dependent children 4	Aid to the blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance ⁵
			Am	ount of assista	nce	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
July	314,345,000 316,571,000 318,543,000	\$161,259,557 161,762,171 161,621,858 163,112,944		\$87,728,164 87,593,605 88,805,831 89,426,978	\$7,852,139 7,879,502 7,914,113 7,858,274	\$24,138,385 24,268,000 24,543,299 24,735,817	\$23,565,000 24,487,000 24,786,000 25,059,000
November	321,820,000 329,820,000	160,729,459 161,263,557	\$2,441,175 2,922,261	90,404,228 92,609,368	7,831,213 7,870,304	24,894,799 25,291,867	26,921,000 30,881,000
January February March April May June July	337,174,000 345,776,000 340,934,000 341,085,000 337,032,000	159,532,704 159,460,373 160,925,261 157,616,386 157,951,881 155,800,211 155,782,944	3,437,412 3,852,628 4,033,741 5,890,726 8,295,631 9,312,876 10,943,079	93,970,358 95,157,323 98,306,279 98,642,239 100,749,032 102,487,778 102,669,262	7,890,091 7,843,293 7,878,028 7,750,134 7,814,707 7,747,143 7,701,987	25, 226, 990 25, 268, 391 25, 699, 485 25, 909, 157 26, 310, 179 26, 182, 294 26, 400, 636	33,810,000 36,098,000 39,107,000 35,794,000 30,082,000 26,438,000 24,512,000
			Percentage c	hange from pre	evious month		
July	+.6 +.7 +.6 +1.0	1		2	-0.2 +.3 +.4 7 3 +.5	+0.9 +1.5 +1.1 +8 +.6 +1.6	-4.6 +3.9 +1.2 +1.1 +7.4 +14.7
January 1961 February March April May June July	+1.3 +2.6 -1.4 (7) -1.2	-1.1 (f) +.9 -2.1 +.2 -1.4 (f)	+17.6 +12.1 +4.7 +46.0 +40.8 +12.3 +17.5	+1.5 +1.3 +3.3 +2.1 +1.7 +.2	$\begin{array}{c} +.3 \\6 \\ +.4 \\ -1.6 \\ +.8 \\9 \\6 \end{array}$	3 +.2 +1.7 +.8 +1.5 5 +.8	+9.5 +6.8 +8.3 -8.5 -16.0 -12.1 -7.3

¹ For definition of terms see the Bulletin, October 1957, p. 18. All data

percent of those who entered railroad service during 1938-42 and 94 percent of those whose service began after 1942 had acquired 1 or more quarters of coverage.

Among the 1959 employees, the proportion that had earned old-age, survivors, and disability insurance credits was much smaller (65 percent) for those with continuous railroad service than for those whose service was noncontinuous (87 percent). The continuous-service employees who had credits under the Social Security Act had acquired, on the average, 16 quarters of coverage, compared with 18 for those with breaks in their railroad service. The group with continuous service had earned most of their quarters of coverage before they entered railroad service. The noncontinuous-service employees, in contrast, had earned most of their quarters after the year of their entry into railroad service.

Insured Status Under OASDI

Eleven percent of all railroad employees in 1959 had sufficient quarters of coverage under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance to be permanently insured. For employees with 10 or more years of railroad service the proportion was 9 percent, and for those with less than 10 years it was 14 percent. (Permanently insured status was determined on the basis of credits acquired during 1937-59, with the disability freeze provisions of the Social Security Act disregarded.)

In 1956 only 7 percent of all railroad employees were permanently insured. The increase since then is almost entirely the result of the 1960 amendment to the Social Security Act that reduced the number of quarters of coverage required for many persons in the older age groups.

Data on dual coverage are more meaningful

subject to revision.

Total exceeds sum of columns because of inclusion of vendor payments.

Total exceeds sum of columns because of inclusion of vendor payments. for medical care from general assistance funds and from special medical funds; data for such expenditures partly estimated for some States.

3 Program initiated in October 1960 under the Social Security Amendments

of 1960. Excludes money payments in Massachusetts not subject to Federal

participation; see table 15 for amount for current mouth.

4 Beginning May 1961 includes payments for children of unemployed parents and beginning June 1961 for children in foster-family care, authorized

by P.L. 87-31.

⁵ Partly estimated. Excludes Idaho; data not available.

<sup>Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.
Increase of less than 0.05 percent.</sup>

Table 12.—Amount of vendor payments for medical care for recipients of public assistance, by program and State, July 1961 1

State	Old-age assistance	Medical assistance for the aged	Aid to dependent children	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Aid } to \\ \text{the blind} \end{array}$	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance
Total	\$25,391,927	\$10,943,079	\$6,436,617	\$660,156	\$5,031,142	² \$8,541,000
Alabama	360,739		584	1	449	
Alaska					(3)	4 13,628
ArkansasCalifornia	411,226 $2,470,840$		24,945 1,079,170	11,320 114,863	71,926 231,231	34,239 74,936
Colorado	825,967		26,351	2,405	12,649	74,930 83,238
Connecticut	985,082		182,177	10,223	140,198	(5)
Delaware District of Columbia	29,378		101	788 259	8,954	65
Florida	586,537		47,122	12,628	106,693	00
Hawaii	7,249	9,445	16,526	339	7,782	
Idaho	56,076			235	9.578	
Illinois	2,387,514		723,938	70,704	543,834	4 967, 112
Indiana.	547,859		170,563	29,089	(3)	4 321, 215
Iowa Kansas	869,399 356,984		$117,799 \ 89.212$	11,985 7,893	10,745 56,562	4 261,346 73,684
Kentucky	53,741	1,599	36,902	2,312	7,713	10,001
Louisiana	404,077		12,500	5,099	57,385	5,770
Maine Maryland	238,435 60,187	46,581	29,035 62,130	4,980 705	36,312 3,739	81,459
Massachusetts	1,030,614	3,102,890	241,837	3,247	601,508	140,196
Michigan.	750.851	1,657,706	131.250	14,678	150,695	304,590
Minnesota	2,025,385	1,007,700	212,858	39,841	13,059	238,991
Mississippi	77,631					
Missouri Montana	160,309 855		26,061		17,929	11,159 4 260,792
Nebraska.	391,414		14,506	27,694	55,647	4 21,474
Nevada	16,242			1,133	(3)	4 139, 435
New Hampshire New Jersey	106,431 689,239		22,639	4,823 370	15,166 147,579	254,025
New Mexico.	118,090		93,081	1,185	36,036	8,043
New York	992,148	5,650,463	1,325,326	73,843	1.233,420	251,168
North Carolina	108,453	0,000,400	56,503	9,088	62,545	4 164, 592
North Dakota	277,248		31,859	892	45,979	4 16, 567
OhioOklahoma	1,351,458 1,333,770	52.514	253 170, 705	29,370 182	150,056 181,548	4 1, 229, 057
Oregon	508,665	52,514	65,658	3.278	181,548	88,822
Pennsylvania	324, 268		558,076	84,898	154,086	269,458
Rhode Island	99,060 18,269		103,961 6,123	1,265 658	44,670 6,880	4 58,442 11,627
South Dakota	10,209		0,140	000	0,000	4 133,529
Потторого	188,464		29 500	9 101	14.071	,
Tennessee Utah	188,464 132,292		33,793 51.621	$3,161 \\ 2,617$	$14,871 \\ 39,301$	1.191
Vermont	119,879			619	8,080	
Virgin Islands Virginia	331 161,905	283	20,447	9,715	196 53,551	274 4 11.014
Washington	6 1,869,427	174,218	6 252, 917	6 19.551	53,551 6 270,579	\$ 242,020
West Virginia	128,234	247,380	166,847	5,795	42,549	4 16,950
Wisconsin Wyoming	1,729,584 30,121		225,804	36,080 340	258, 541	179,965 40,098
wy youring	30,121		5,437	340	5,346	40,098

¹ For the special types of public assistance figures in italics represent payments made without Federal participation. For State programs not shown, no vendor payments were made during the month or such payments were not reported.

² Includes an estimated amount for States making vendor payments for medical care from general assistance funds and from special medical funds and reporting these data semiannually but not on a monthly basis.

³ No program for aid to the permanently and totally disabled, 1 includes payments made in behalf of recipients of the special types of 1 public assistance.

5 Data not available.

6 Estimated.

when they are related to both the employee's age and length of railroad service.³ As shown in tables 3 and 4, the proportion of railroad employees in 1959 with no credits under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance increased with age and the length of their railroad service. This finding is consistent with the data on railroad employees according to the year of entry into railroad service and also with the results of the

dual-employment study for 1956.

Among railroad employees who had completed at least 10 years of railroad service by the end of 1959, 48 percent of those aged 45 and over had some old-age, survivors, and disability insurance credits but only 12 percent had sufficient quarters of coverage to be permanently insured. Of the employees with less than 10 years of railroad service, nearly all—98 percent—of those aged 45 and over had some employment under the Social Security Act and 3 out of 5 already had sufficient quarters of coverage to be permanently insured.

Almost one-fifth of the employees with 30 or more years of railroad service had old-age, sur-

³ A "year of railroad service" is defined as an accumulation of 12 months of service. "Ten years or more" means at least 120 months of service. A "month of railroad service" is any month for which compensation is paid.

Table 13.—Average payment per recipient for all assistance, for money payments, and for vendor payments for medical care, by program and State, July 1961 1

	Old	-age assista	ince	Medical		ependent e er recipien		Aid	I to the bli	nd	Aid to and t	the perma totally disa	nently bled
State	All assist- ance	Money pay-ments to recipients	Vendor pay- ments for medi- cal care	assist- ance for the aged	All assist- ance	Money pay- ments to recip- ients	Vendor pay- ments for medi- cal care	All assist- ance	Money pay- ments to recip- ients	Vendor pay- ments for medi- cal care	All assist- ance	Money pay- ments to recip- ients	Vendor pay- ments for medi- cal care
All States	\$67.99	\$56.91	\$11.08	\$212.19	\$30.26	\$28.36	\$1.90	\$73.25	\$66.97	\$6.28	\$68.41	\$55.37	\$13.04
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Dist. of Col. Florida Georgia	56.80 67.58 60.72 52.12 87.86 99.82 114.26 49.97 66.81 56.29 47.04	53.20 67.58 60.72 44.83 78.12 83.39 45.23 49.97 57.14 47.92 47.04	7.29 9.74 16.43 69.03		10.16 33.82 30.03 16.14 45.67 33.48 49.43 22.79 34.18 16.87 23.43	10.15 33.82 30.03 15.12 42.18 32.64 43.26 22.79 34.17 16.33 23.43	1.02 3.49 .84 6.17	42.02 73.61 72.56 56.50 104.42 80.48 94.30 69.35 68.85 62.57 52.61	42.02 73.61 72.56 50.79 95.89 71.51 60.22 66.41 67.59 57.47 52.61	5.71 8.52 8.97 34.08 2.94 1.26 5.11	37.61 (3) (3) 41.37 97.78 70.27 124.03 65.80 75.54 65.78 51.50	37. 57 (3) (3) 31. 78 80. 97 68. 04 64. 09 65. 80 72. 28 55. 53 51. 50	.04 (3) 9.59 16.81 2.23 59.94
Guam	25. 55 65. 45 69. 30 78. 02 65. 50 88. 63 82. 31 51. 71 71. 23 68. 14 63. 84	25.55 60.30 60.79 43.86 44.53 62.54 69.27 50.75 68.02 46.64 57.59	5.15 8.51 34.16 20.97 26.09 13.04 .96 3.20 21.50 6.25	(4) (4) 16.64	12.14 33.49 40.65 40.24 28.44 33.92 36.61 24.51 23.36 27.16 29.62	12.14 31.87 40.65 36.48 24.67 30.76 33.02 24.03 23.23 25.76 28.18	3.76 3.77 3.16 3.59 .48 .14 1.40	(4) 81.10 71.56 86.43 74.93 97.86 86.92 58.60 81.14 67.31 65.00	(4) 76. 91 69. 95 62. 34 59. 34 89. 40 73. 36 57. 64 79. 30 55. 31 63. 38	4.19 1.61 24.09 15.59 8.46 13.56 1.83 12.00 1.62	22.89 81.77 56.10 87.77 (3) 79.23 86.41 60.12 55.80 71.03 65.00	22.89 73.74 50.46 60.61 (3) 64.35 72.96 59.16 52.36 54.03 64.42	8.03 5.64 27.17 (3) 14.88 13.45 96 3.44 17.00
Massachusetts	81.10 80.24 97.23 35.32 61.25 63.72 76.90 77.83 90.21 91.70 67.33	64.56 66.88 52.70 34.37 59.83 63.59 49.51 71.40 68.13 55.29 56.68	16.54 13.36 44.53 .95 1.42 .13 27.39 6.43 22.09 36.41 10.65	193.11	45.95 36.56 45.56 9.31 24.26 34.21 30.62 30.31 43.16 47.04 32.30	41.59 35.35 39.88 9.31 24.00 34.21 29.43 30.31 37.77 47.04 29.20	4.36 1.21 5.67 .26 1.18 5.39 3.10	113.72 81.48 105.91 38.54 65.00 72.09 95.78 101.04 92.27 88.19 60.22	112.23 72.98 68.36 38.54 65.00 72.09 59.91 94.72 72.82 87.79 56.92	1.49 8.50 37.55 	128.05 107.89 61.32 34.83 63.20 71.80 75.74 (3) 102.27 95.05 70.69	66.02 79.57 56.28 34.83 62.04 71.80 50.02 (3) 68.42 75.21 57.38	62.00 28.33 5.00 1.10 25.77 (8) 33.8 19.8 13.3
New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Puerto Rico Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina	80.50 45.19 95.63 79.77 84.33 84.06 70.64 8.30 81.18 39.07 64.40	64. 13 42. 91 56. 11 64. 78 69. 15 52. 60 64. 14 8. 30 66. 18 38. 48 64. 40	16.37 2.28 39.52 14.99 15.17 31.46 6.50	258.59 	42.05 20.05 39.90 30.80 33.96 42.68 31.50 3.79 38.88 14.12 28.63	38.08 19.54 35.35 30.79 31.45 39.83 29.45 3.79 33.63 13.96 28.63	3.97 .51 4.55 (2) 2.51 2.85 2.05 .16	97.85 55.72 71.03 75.02 88.92 87.99 75.81 8.19 80.22 44.95 61.57	76.31 53.97 61.23 66.67 88.82 74.98 71.07 8.19 69.22 44.56 61.57	21.53 1.75 9.80 8.36 .10 13.01 4.74	107.89 51.19 99.63 73.08 98.49 91.51 63.74 8.65 86.38 43.22 65.27	73.64 48.10 59.33 62.36 80.66 67.83 55.07 8.65 71.38 42.35 65.27	10.73 17.8 23.6 8.6
Tennessee	44.04 52.79 68.28 71.06 31.19 52.87	30.57 41.65 56.99 34.11 37.64	17. 62 21. 40 .62 11. 22 5 39. 95 6. 88	256.20 51.60	18.71 18.58 37.63 30.69 17.69 23.97 5 41.83 25.32 45.03 37.28	18. 31 18. 58 34. 30 30. 69 17. 69 23. 49 5 36. 40 23. 17 38. 98 35. 40	.40 3.33 	47.50 58.38 73.48 62.62 (4) 59.39 \$ 99.72 44.91 89.68 72.41	46.30 58.38 60.13 57.05 (*) 51.52 5 72.38 38.96 50.76 66.34	1.20 13.35 5.58 (1) 7.87 5.27.34 5.95 38.92 6.07	46.08 54.30 74.03 64.13 35.19 59.22 5 94.80 43.66 105.04 76.30	54.50 33.19 51.19 57.68 37.82 41.89	14.6 9.6 2.0 8.0 537.1 5.8 63.1

¹ Averages based on cases receiving money payments, vendor payments for medical care, or both. Money payments may also include small amounts for assistance in kind and vendor payments for other than medical care. Figures in italics represent payments made without Federal participation. Averages for general assistance not computed because of difference among States in policy or practice regarding use of general assistance funds to pay

vivors, and disability insurance credits. Only 5 percent however, had sufficient quarters of coverage to be permanently insured, despite the fact that most of them were in the older age groups and so needed fewer quarters of coverage.

Sixty percent of all 1959 railroad employees had some coverage under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance but lacked sufficient quarters to be permanently insured. Approximately 12 percent needed 12 or fewer additional quarters to be permanently insured, 18 percent needed 13-24 quarters, and 30 percent needed 25 or more quarters.

Of all employees aged 65 and over, 76 percent had no old-age, survivors, and disability insurance credits and 16 percent were already per-

medical bills for recipients of the special types of public assistance.

Less than 1 cent.
 No program for aid to the permanently and totally disabled.
 Average payment not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients.
 Estimated.

Table 14.—Old-age assistance: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, July 1961 1

[Includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such

			Per	centage c	hange fr	om—
Number of recip- ients	Total	Aver-				uly 0 in—
	amount	age	Num- ber	Amount	Num- ber	Amount
2,291,310	\$155,782,944	\$67.99	-0.2	(3)	-2.7	-3.4
56,376 253,622 50,277 14,270 1,196 3,040 70,138	2,938,332 22,284,324 5,018,506 1,630,472 59,767 203,097 3,947,787	114.26 49.97 66.81 56.29	$ \begin{array}{c c} 0 \\1 \\1 \\ -1.9 \\ +2.9 \\7 \\2 \end{array} $	+1.0 2 7 -4.1 +1.4 +81.0 2 +.9	$ \begin{array}{r} +1.2 \\4 \\ -1.0 \\9 \\ -6.7 \\ -2.8 \\ +1.1 \end{array} $	+8.3 +4.1 4 +1.4 -3.1 -3.1 -8 -6.7 +.3 +.8 -1.7
104 1,407 6,593 69,897 26,128 33,324 27,384 55,980 126,187	2,657 92,088 456,879 5,453,351 1,711,362 2,953,547 2,253,981 2,894,743 8,987,756 755,670	25.55 65.45 69.30	(5) -2.2 -9.1 5 1 5 5 +.5 +.1 +.2	(5) -9.3 -23.8 7 -1.0 3 -1.4 +3.5 2 +.9	(5) -1.2 -8.5 -4.3 -4.6 -2.2 -3.1 5 +.8 -5.3	(*) +.5 -8.5 -4.1 -1.2 +6.6 (*) +2.3 +.5
56,204 45,487 81,440 112,943 6,447 14,288 2,527 4,819 18,928	4,509,793 4,422,667 2,876,566 6,917,813 410,791 1,098,804 196,675 434,733 1,735,783	80.24 97.23 35.32 61.25 63.72 76.90 77.83 90.21	5 3 +.4 4 6 6	$ \begin{array}{c} (3) \\ +2.6 \\ +.1 \\ -1.1 \\ -1.4 \\ (3) \\ -1.0 \\ +5.4 \\9 \end{array} $	-7.8 -2.1 +1.8 -2.1 -4.8 -4.0 -2.8 +.1	+3.9 2 -4.5 +1.9 +1.1 +16.1 +1.8
90,144 87,898 16,167 49,858 37,809 6,604 30,790	2,149,555 670,911 7,190,724 3,7412,131 1,359,042 3,522,111 313,664 536,118 1,203,092	45.19 95.63 79.77 84.33 84.06 70.64 8.30 81.18	1 8 +.4 3 -1.8 2 3 3	+.2 +.6 +3.3 +3.4 -1.9 +5.3 4 +.2 +.2	$ \begin{array}{c} -1.5 \\ -3.1 \\ +1.2 \\ -1.6 \\ -4.7 \\ -3.4 \\ -2.5 \\ -4.0 \end{array} $	+3.5 6 +6.2 +4.5 -7.9 +3.1 -2.6 -1.4 -3.6
220,455 7,509 5,602 53 14,43 46,800 18,639 33,432	3 11,637,028 512,695 2 398,055 1 16,564 1 762,906 0 4,536,427 763,974 2 2,987,921	52.79 68.28 71.06 31.19 52.87 96.93 40.99 89.3	1 31 4.8 71 81	(3) -3.6 5 -2 -4.5 -4.5 -2 -3 (3)	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} &5 \\ & -4.0 \\ & +.8 \\ & -3.8 \\ &5 \\ &4.8 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	2,291,310 100,103 1,420 14,134 56,376 253,6222 50,277 14,270 1,196 3,040 70,138 95,294 104 1,407 6,593 69,897 26,128 33,324 27,384 55,980 9,630 62,316 56,204 45,487 11,990 9,630 62,316 56,204 45,487 11,990 60,610 47,567 7,016 49,858 37,809 16,644 90,144 97,567 7,016 49,858 37,809 16,604 30,790 8,455 37,809 16,604 30,790 8,455 37,809 16,604 30,790 8,455	Number of recipients 2,291,310 \$155,782,944 100,103 5,685,894 1,420 495,964 14,134 858,234 56,376 2,938,332 253,622 22,284,324 50,277 5,018,630,472 1,196 59,767 3,040 203,097 70,138 3,947,787 95,294 4,482,180 104 2,657 1,407 92,088 6,593 44,482,180 104 2,657 1,407 92,088 6,593 456,879 1,711,362 33,324 2,953,547 27,384 2,253,981 55,980 8,97 5,453,351 26,128 1,711,362 33,324 2,953,547 27,384 2,253,981 55,980 614,775 62,316 5,053,682 33,324 4,509,793 45,487 4,22,667 11,090 755,670 9,630 614,775 62,316 5,053,682 56,204 4,509,793 45,487 4,22,667 11,993 434,422,667 11,943 6,477 14,288 1,098,804 2,527 196,675 7,616 6,10 4,879,297 4,819 434,733 18,928 1,735,783 11,090 746,682 6,604 5,505,11 37,809 313,664 6,604 5,505,11 37,809 131,664 5,604 5,505,11 37,809 131,664 5,506 11,233,092 8,458 544,666 53,847 2,371,633 30,790 1,203,092 8,458 544,666 55,847 2,371,633 30,790 1,203,092 8,458 544,666 55,847 2,371,633 30,790 1,203,092 8,458 544,666 55,847 2,371,633 30,790 1,203,092 8,458 544,666 55,847 2,371,633 30,790 1,203,092 8,458 544,666 55,847 2,371,633 31,65,64 44,431 762,000 33,432 2,987,97 33,432 2,987,97	Total amount Average	Number of recipients Total amount age 2,291,310 \$155,782,944 \$67.99 -0.2 100,103 5,685,894 56,80 +2 1,420 495,964 67,58 0 1,420 495,964 67,58 0 14,134 858,254 60,72 (3) 263,622 22,284,324 87,86 -1 263,622 22,284,324 87,86 -1 263,627 5,018,506 99,82 -19 14,270 1,630,472 114,26 +2,9 1,196 59,767 49,97 -7 3,040 203,097 66,81 -2 70,138 3,947,787 56,29 +1 95,294 4,482,180 47,04 (3) 104 2,657 25,55 (6) 1,407 92,088 65,45 -2,2 6,598 456,879 69,30 -9,1 69,897 5,453,351 78,02 -5,5 6,598 456,879 69,30 -9,1 26,128 1,711,362 65,50 -1 33,324 2,983,547 88,63 -5,5 26,128 1,711,362 65,50 -1 33,324 2,983,547 88,63 -5 27,384 2,253,981 82,31 -5 26,128 1,711,362 65,50 -1 33,324 2,983,547 88,63 -5 27,384 2,253,981 82,31 -5 26,128 1,711,362 65,50 -1 33,324 2,983,743 51,71 +5 110,900 755,670 68,14 +2 9,630 614,775 63,84 +2 62,316 5,083,682 81,10 -7 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 4,509,793 80,24 -5 56,204 7,410,791 63,72 -6 4,819 434,733 90,21 -3 81,400 2,876,566 35,32 +4 112,943 6,917,813 61,25 -4 6,447 410,791 63,72 -6 6,447 410,791 63,72 -6 6,447 410,791 63,72 -6 6,604 536,118 81,18 -2 5,527 196,675 77,83 -3 18,928 1,735,783 91,70 -1 11,090 746,682 67,33 +3 16,167 1,359,042 84,06 -1.8 8,458 544,666 64,40 -2 8,458 544,666 64,40 -2 8,458 544,666 64,40 -2 8,458 544,666 64,40 -2 8,458 544,666 64,40 -2 8,468 544,666 64,40 -2 8,468 546,660 43 31,19 +8 44,539,942 18,99 37 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,639 773,94 40,99 -2 8,468 60 4,536,427 96,93 18,33,432 2,987,921 89,3	Number of recipients	Number of recipients

¹ For definition of terms see the Bulletin, October 1957, p. 18. All data

Table 15.—Medical assistance for the aged: Recipients and payments for recipients, by State, July 1961 1

	27 2	Payments for recipients			
State	Number of recipients	Total amount	Average		
Total.	51,571	\$10,943,079	\$212.19		
Hawaii Kentucky. Maryland Massachuseits. Michigan New York Oklahoma Virgin Islands. Washington West Virginia	43 40 2,799 16,066 21,851 324 16 680 4,794	9,445 1,599 46,581 3,102,890 1,657,706 5,650,463 52,514 283 174,218 247,380	(2) (2) 16.64 193.11 334.48 258.59 162.08 (2) 256.20 51.60		

Figures in italics represent program under State plan not yet approved by the Social Security Administration. All data subject to revision.
 Average payment not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients.
 Excludes \$98,442 in money payments not subject to Federal participation.

Table 16.—Aid to dependent children of unemployed parents: Recipients and payments to recipients, July 1961 ¹

State	Num- ber of fam-		ber of ients	Payments to recipients			
			Chil-		Average per—		
	ilies	Total 2	dren	Total	Family	Recip- ient	
Total	28,029	132,316	104,490	\$4,160,070	\$148.42	\$31.44	
Connecticut	758	3,326	2,568	127,934	168.78	38.46	
	130	668	668	17,457	134.28	26.13	
Illinois	2,955	16,170	13,215	676,355	228.88	41.83	
	170	845	675	26,200	154.12	31.01	
Massachusetts	266	1,131	875	36,638	137.74	32.39	
New York	9,298	45,600	36,324	1,432,886	154.11	31.42	
Pennsylvania	12,876	57,689	44,854	1,593,569	123.76	27.62	
Rhode Island	490	2,147	1,657	78,506	160.22	36.57	
Utah	423	1,833	1,410	51,925	122.75	28.33	
Washington	663	2,907	2,244	118,600	178.88	40.80	

¹ Payments for children of unemployed parents under aid to dependent children were authorized by P.L. 87-31. Data for this segment of the program, shown separately here, are included in table 17. State plans not yet approved by the Social Security Administration. All data subject to revi-

manently insured. Eight percent had some credits but not enough to be permanently insured.

WORKERS ELIGIBLE UNDER BOTH PROGRAMS

Employees who have 10 or more years of creditable railroad service and who are also permanently insured under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance are eligible for benefits under both programs upon attainment of the minimum retirement age. By the end of 1959, a total of 839,000 railroad employees who worked in the year had at least 10 years (120 months) of rail-

subject to revision.

Includes 3,727 recipients aged 60-64 in Colorado and payments of \$338,105 to these recipients. Such payments were made without Federal participa-Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.

Decrease of less than 0.00 percent.
 In addition, supplemental payments of \$4,285 from general assistance funds were made to 24 recipients.
 Percentage change not computed on base of fewer than 100 recipients.
 Increase of less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 17.—Aid to dependent children: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, July 1961 1 [Includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments]

State of		Number of recipients		Payments to recipients		Percentage change from—				
	Number		Children	Total amount	Average per—		June 1961 in—		July 1960 in—	
	families				Family	Recipient	Number of recipients	Amount	Number of recipients	Amount
Total 8 4	880,234	3,392,775	2,621,252	\$102,669,262	\$116.64	\$30.26	+0.3	+0.2	+12.9	+17.0
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut 3 Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia	21, 385 1, 200 8, 830 6, 452 86, 930 8, 131 8, 515 1, 826 5, 529 23, 958 16, 096	86, 457 4, 166 35, 850 24, 523 309, 482 31, 375 29, 543 7, 060 24, 809 87, 718 59, 672	67,814 3,139 27,617 18,894 244,155 24,618 22,170 5,509 19,638 69,805 46,145	878,397 140,913 1,076,467 395,821 14,133,408 1,050,463 1,460,234 160,874 847,947 1,479,674 1,398,091	41.08 117.43 121.91 61.35 162.58 129.19 171.49 88.10 153.36 61.76 86.86	10, 16 33, 82 30, 03 16, 14 45, 67 33, 48 49, 43 22, 79 34, 18 16, 87 23, 43	4 +2.7 +.7 -9.5 5 5 +1.5 6 +.8 +.4	$\begin{array}{c}4 \\ +7.8 \\ +.6 \\ -9.5 \\ -3.6 \\9 \\ -2.8 \\4 \\ +2.8 \\ +1.0 \\8 \end{array}$	+1.5 -1 +20.8 -8 +15.3 +10.8 +17.3 +14.8 +19.6 -9 +7.3	+7.6 +4.4 +19.9 -7.7 +15.4 +10.9 +22.4 +14.6 +20.8 +.5 +6.0
Guam Hawaii 3 4 Idaho Illinois 3 4 Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana 4 Maine Maryland 3 4	161 2,548 2,396 44,970 12,151 10,103 6,491 21,487 22,323 5,807 10,184	927 10, 223 8, 973 192, 501 45, 260 37, 296 24, 843 76, 879 91, 858 20, 669 43, 131	771 8,147 6,632 150,089 34,312 28,198 19,713 57,733 71,400 15,329 33,964	11, 252 342, 338 364, 760 7, 745, 596 1, 287, 329 1, 265, 072 909, 566 1, 884, 142 2, 146, 064 561, 464 1, 277, 491	69. 89 134. 36 152. 24 172. 24 105. 94 125. 22 140. 13 87. 69 96. 14 96. 69 125. 44	12.14 33.49 40.65 40.24 28.44 33.92 36.61 24.51 23.36 27.16 29.62	$\begin{array}{c} +3.0 \\ +6.7 \\ -1.3 \\ +2.6 \\ +.4 \\9 \\ -1.5 \\ +.4 \\ +.8 \\3 \\ +1.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -12.6 \\ +2.5 \\ -1.6 \\ +2.8 \\ +.2 \\ -1.8 \\ -1.3 \\ +1.5 \\ +.5 \end{array}$	+54.2 +11.0 +15.1 +28.5 +7.3 +10.1 +6.0 +5.0 -10.2 +2.4 +21.5	+50.5 +9.4 +16.0 +31.7 +8.6 +1.1 +6.7 +7.1 -11.2 +21.8
Massachusetts 3 Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Nebraska Newada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico	16,521 30,258 10,765 20,786 26,434 1,965 3,139 1,273 1,096 18,933 7,646	55, 464 108, 641 37, 429 81, 201 101, 799 7, 321 12, 243 4, 411 4, 197 67, 576 30, 049	41,160 80,024 29,242 63,731 77,467 5,794 9,432 3,482 3,175 51,345 23,214	2,548,398 3,971,445 1,705,358 756,267 2,469,575 250,427 374,842 133,701 181,141 3,179,070 970,619	154. 25 131. 25 158. 42 36. 38 93. 42 127. 44 119. 41 105. 03 165. 27 167. 91 126. 94	45. 95 36. 56 45. 56 9. 31 24. 26 34. 21 30. 62 30. 31 43.16 47. 04 32. 30	$\begin{array}{c} +.1 \\ +1.2 \\2 \\ (5) \\3 \\1 \\5 \\ +.1 \\ -4.8 \\ +1.4 \\1 \end{array}$	+3.4 +.9 -1.7 1 5 +.7 1 +10.5 9 +1.2	+13.4 +13.8 +8.0 +5.5 +16.8 +15.4 +11.3 +5.1 +29.6 -2.1	+17.5 +13.8 +10.2 +4.4 +7.5 +11.0 +18.5 +26.8 +10.4 +31.7
New York ³ North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania ³ Puerto Rico Rhode Island ³ South Carolina South Dakota	81,272 27,888 1,873 31,896 18,845 6,605 66,898 58,424 5,315 9,410 3,194	333,835 110,791 7,007 127,094 68,025 23,001 271,756 227,198 19,802 37,520 11,241	255,321 85,686 5,473 96,887 51,804 17,068 208,082 182,107 14,996 29,779 8,467	14,036,263 2,221,485 279,579 3,913,948 2,310,315 981,716 8,561,162 861,944 769,953 529,794 321,868	172. 71 79. 66 149. 27 122. 71 122. 60 148. 63 127. 97 14. 75 144. 86 56. 30 100. 77	42.05 20.05 39.90 30.80 33.96 42.68 31.50 3.79 38.88 14.12 28.63	+2.5 -3.4 -3.4 +1.8 (5) -8.1 5 +.4 1 8	+2.0 -3.4 -1.5 +1.8 4 -4.7 +6.1 2 +.7 -8.8 -12.8	+26.6 +8.4 +.8 +20.6 +6.4 +15.9 +43.9 +4.7 +22.5 +.2.7 +2.4	$\begin{array}{c} +25.8 \\ +11.2 \\ +1.5 \\ +24.1 \\ +14.3 \\ +22.4 \\ +43.5 \\ +2.9 \\ +27.6 \\ -6.0 \end{array}$
Tennessee. Texas. Utah 3. Vermont. Virgin Islands. Virginia. Washington 3 6.	22,529 19,041 4,131 1,321 269 10,428 13,415	84,555 79,127 15,493 4,739 928 42,407 46,575	64,272 60,426 11,648 3,548 780 33,263 36,350	1,581,921 1,470,391 583,043 145,454 16,418 1,016,648 1,948,417	70.22 77.22 141.14 110.11 61.03 97.49 145.24	18.71 18.58 37.63 30.69 17.69 23.97 41.83	+.3 7 +3.6 -1.8 +8.0 +.9	+.2 5 +7.1 -1.7 +2.8	$\begin{array}{c} +4.1 \\ -3.0 \\ +24.7 \\ +4.8 \\ +1.0 \\ +12.5 \end{array}$	$+3.5 \\ +4.2 \\ +21.3 \\ +5.3 \\ +29.4 \\ +28.1$
Washington so West Virginia Wisconsin 4 Wyoming	20,210 10,201 780	37,306 2,887	36,350 60,755 28,454 2,228	1,948,417 1,973,113 1,679,998 107,626	97.63 164.69 137.98	41,83 25,32 45,03 37,28	-1.3 2 -1.9	-1.4 +1.1 -4.4	-2.0 +8.6 +14.6	+1.6 +12.5 +18.4

¹ For definition of terms see the Bulletin, October 1957, p. 18. All data

road service, including service before 1937. About 76,000 or 9 percent were also permanently insured under the Social Security Act.

Three years earlier, 928,000 employees had 10 or more years of railroad service; only 37,000 (4 percent) could also qualify for benefits under

Includes data on foster-family care as follows: Hawaii, \$45 for care of 1 child from 1 family; Illinois, \$4,322 for 34 children from 17 familles; Louisiana, \$1,159 for 16 children from 5 families; Maryland, \$678 for 13 children from 6 families; and Wisconsin, \$916 for 25 children from 16 families.

5 Increase of less than 0.05 percent.

6 Estimated.

old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. The doubling of the number of employees qualified to receive benefits under both programs resulted largely from the 1960 amendment to the Social Security Act that relaxed the insured-status requirements.

¹ For definition of terms see the Buttetin, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.
2 Includes as recipients the children and 1 parent or other adult relative in families in which the requirements of at least 1 such adult were considered in determining the amount of assistance.
3 Includes data on aid to dependent children of unemployed parents; see table 16.

see table 16.