Notes and Brief Reports

Enrollment in the Health Insurance Program for the Aged*

When the health insurance program for the aged went into effect on July 1, 1966, approximately 18.9 million aged persons were entitled to hospital insurance benefits and 17.6 million had voluntarily enrolled for medical insurance coverage. This note presents State data on enrollment in both parts of the program and national enrollment data by age, sex, race, and type of entitlement.

Table 1 shows the number of enrollees in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and jurisdictions outside the United States. These data are based on records summarized as of December 3, 1966. Future updating will undoubtedly produce changes in the data on persons eligible for benefits on July 1, because of accretions to the file and deletions to take account of deaths before that date.

Data are reported for three types of enrollment:

- 1. Social security enrollees—persons aged 65 or over who are currently receiving or are entitled to receive OASDI monthly cash benefits. Persons in this category account for 84.1 percent of the total number on the hospital insurance rolls and 84.5 percent of those enrolled in the medical insurance program.
- 2. Railroad retirement enrollees—persons aged 65 or over currently receiving or entitled to receive railroad retirement annuities. Of the total number participating in the hospital insurance program, 821,000 or 4.4 percent are on the railroad retirement rolls. Approximately 4.3 percent of those persons enrolled in the medical insurance program are also identified as being entitled to railroad retirement benefits.
- 3. All other enrollees—persons aged 65 or over who are not entitled to either social security or railroad retirement cash benefits. The law provides coverage for members of this group who apply for benefits. Under this provision, 2.4 million persons have been added to the hospital in-

surance rolls and 2.2 million have enrolled in the medical insurance program.

The numbers shown for the three types of enrollment are not additive. Some persons are entitled to both social security and railroad retirement cash benefits on the basis of earnings under both programs. These individuals are reported both under "social security enrollees" and under "railroad enrollees." They are, however, counted only once under "all persons enrolled."

Enrollment data are shown in the accompanying tables by program coverage: for those with hospital insurance, those with medical insurance, and those with both hospital and medical insurance. A separate column under the heading "hospital and medical insurance" is not, however, shown for social security or railroad retirement enrollees, since the numbers would be the same as those shown under "medical insurance." (Persons entitled to social security or railroad retirement cash benefits who enrolled under medical insurance were, of course, already automatically enrolled for hospital insurance benefits and are thus covered for both types of benefits.)

Hospital Insurance

Almost all of the Nation's population aged 65 and over are covered under the hospital insurance provisions of the Social Security Act. Excluded are retired Federal employees covered under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Act of 1959, aliens admitted for permanent residence but having less than 5 consecutive years of residence and persons convicted of crime against the security of the United States.

Of the 18.9 million aged persons on the rolls of the hospital insurance program at the beginning of July 1966, 5.9 million or 31 percent were aged 65-69 and nearly an equal number (5.6 million) were aged 70-74 (table 2). Thus, more than three-fifths of all those on the rolls were aged 65-74. The data show that those entitled to social security cash benefits are slightly younger than persons entitled to railroad retirement benefits and considerably younger than the other participants (chart 1). The relatively older composition of the latter group results from the extension of benefits to the aged whose employment experience (or that of a relative) had not been

^{*}Prepared in the Division of Health Insurance Studies.

Table 1.—Health insurance for the aged: Enrollment for hospital and medical insurance, by type of entitlement, geographic division, and State, as of July 1, 1966 ¹

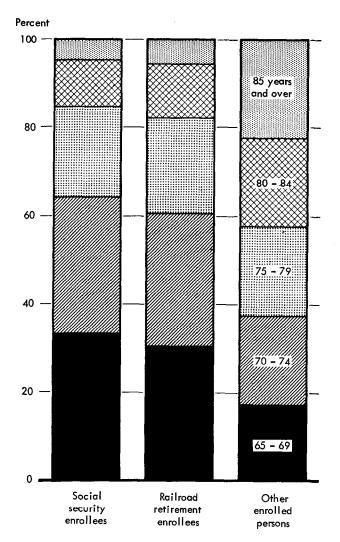
[In thousands]

	9.									
Geographic division and State	All enrolled persons			Persons entitled to social security benefits ²		Persons entitled to railroad retirement benefits ²		Other enrolled persons		
	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital and medical insurance	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital and medica insurance
Total, all areas	18,859	17,612	17,582	15,856	14,882	821	761	2,446	2,222	2,192
United States	18,584	17,507	17,477	15,619	14,790	820	761	2,409	2,208	2,17
lew England Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	1,224 116 76 47 615 99 271	1,176 111 70 45 593 94 262	1,173 111 70 45 591 94 262	1,066 100 68 40 528 89 242	1,029 96 63 39 512 85 235	30 5 2 2 2 14 1 5	28 4 2 2 2 13 1	139 13 7 6 78 10 26	129 12 6 5 73 9 24	12° 1° 7° 2°
liddle Atlantic New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	3,766 1,896 648 1,221	3,594 1,816 625 1,153	3,589 1,814 624 1,151	3,306 1,680 576 1,050	3,165 1,616 558 992	154 56 23 75	144 53 21 70	354 181 57 116	330 167 53 110	323 163 52 108
ast North Central Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	3,672 959 475 1,061 726 451	3,462 901 442 1,000 691 427	3,459 900 442 999 691 427	3,183 817 420 908 644 396	3,011 770 392 860 613 377	173 49 26 61 20 17	161 46 25 56 19 16	372 108 39 112 69 44	343 100 35 103 66 40	340 96 35 102 66 39
Vest North Central Minnesota Lowa Minssouri North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas	1,848 393 346 534 64 78 176 257	1,709 371 328 490 59 73 163 225	1,707 370 328 490 59 73 163 224	1,547 328 296 437 54 67 150 214	1,446 313 282 404 51 63 139 195	104 24 17 29 3 2 11	97 23 16 27 3 2 10	230 49 39 77 8 9 19 30	199 42 36 69 7 9 17	196 42 36 68 7 9 17
outh Atlantic Delaware Maryland District of Columbia Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia Florida	2,469 42 258 67 327 190 371 173 330 712	2,307 40 236 62 303 180 346 159 302 680	2, 299 40 234 60 301 180 345 159 301 679	2.019 36 215 52 268 155 306 135 244 608	1,893 34 198 47 247 147 286 125 225 582	114 3 14 2 22 22 14 10 5 14 31	106 3 13 2 20 13 10 4 13	371 4 33 14 43 25 58 34 77 84	341 4 28 14 41 23 53 31 68 79	333 4 27 12 40 23 53 31 67 78
ast South Central Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	1,178 321 352 296 208	1,098 303 331 280 184	1,096 302 330 279 184	906 256 275 221 154	846 241 258 208 139	56 20 18 11 7	52 18 17 10	233 51 64 68 49	216 49 61 65 41	215 49 60 64 41
/est South Central Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	1,642 217 276 273 877	1,549 201 256 255 837	1,547 201 256 254 836	1,242 165 190 209 679	1,166 153 175 195 644	63 10 10 8 36	58 9 9 7 33	357 45 80 59 173	343 43 75 55 171	341 43 74 55 166
fountain	611 67 64 29 175 62 121 69 24	576 64 59 27 167 57 113 65 23	574 64 59 27 166 57 113 65 23	506 57 56 24 140 48 102 59 21	477 54 52 23 134 44 96 56 19	41 6 4 3 11 4 7 6 2	39 5 3 3 10 4 6 5 2	78 7 6 3 28 12 14 7	73 6 5 2 27 11 13 6 2	72 6 5 2 26 11 13 6
acifie	2,159 302 206 1,608 6 37	2,030 284 192 1,514 5	2,026 283 192 1,511 4 36	1,841 261 184 1,359 5	1,755 248 173 1,300 4 31	79 13 10 56 (*)	75 12 9 53 (*)	270 33 17 214 1 5	229 28 14 181 1 5	225 28 14 178 (3)
nknown	14	7	7	3	2	6	1	6	4	4
ther areasAmerican Samoa	142 (3) 1 1 138 (3) (3) (3)	(*) 95 1 92 2 (*)	(*) 95 1 92 2 (3)	105 (*) (*) 103 1 (*)	(*) (*) (*) 80 1 (*)	(*) (*) (*) (*)	(3) (3) (3) (2)	(*) 1 35 1 (*)	(3) (3) (3) (4)	(*) 13 (*) 1 12 (3) (3)
oreign countries	133	10	10	133	10	1	(2)	(\$)	(3)	(4)

Based on data recorded as of Dec. 3, 1966. Totals may not add because of rounding.
 Includes 264,000 persons entitled to both social security and railroad

retirement benefits on the basis of earnings under both programs. 3 Fewer than 500.

CHART 1.—Enrollees in the hospital insurance program, by age and type of entitlement, July 1, 1966



covered by the social security or railroad retirement programs.

Forty-three percent of those on the rolls are men and 57 percent are women. Distribution by type of entitlement shows considerable variation in sex composition, especially for the 2.4 million not entitled to social security or railroad retirement cash benefits. There are three times as many women as men in that group. They are mainly widowed and single women who never worked in covered employment or whose spouses did not have enough quarters of coverage to entitle them to widow's benefits (table 2).

Of the total number entitled to hospital insurance benefits, 16.8 million (89 percent are identified as white persons, 1.4 million (7 percent) are

nonwhite, and more than 632,000 are persons with race unknown. Ninety-five percent of the latter group are persons not entitled to social security and railroad retirement cash benefits. The white and nonwhite composition varies among the three types of enrollees. Only 7 percent and 8 percent, respectively, of those entitled to social security and railroad retirement benefits are identified as nonwhite persons. By contrast, 16 percent of the other enrolled persons were nonwhite.

The following tabulation summarizes the percentage distribution of persons entitled to the hospital insurance benefits by types of entitlement, age, sex, and race.

Characteristic	All enrolled persons	Persons entitled to social security benefits	Persons entitled to railroad retirement benefits	Other enrolled persons	
Total number (in thousands)	18,859	15,856	821	2,446	
Age: Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
65-69	31.2 29.5 20.6 11.9 6.8	33.4 31.0 20.6 10.6 4.5	30.4 30.3 21.6 12.1 5.6	17.3 20.1 20.3 20.2 22.0	
Sex: Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Men Women	42.8 57.2	45.3 54.7	48.4 51.6	24.2 75.8	
Race: Number reporting (in thousands)	18,227	15,848	795	1,848	
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White Nonwhite	92.3 7.7	93.2 6.8	92.2 7.8	84.4 15.6	

Medical Insurance

The age, sex, and race distributions of the 17.6 million aged persons enrolled in the voluntary medical insurance program are the same as those on the hospital insurance rolls: about three-fifths are under age 75; two-fifths are men; and ninetenths are identified as white. Ninety-three percent of the total number of persons in the hospital insurance program enrolled voluntarily in the medical insurance program. The proportion who elected to enroll under the medical insurance program varies slightly according to geographic division and considerably from State to State. With foreign countries and other jurisdictions excluded, the range is from 92 percent in the West North Central area to 96 percent in New

Table 2.—Health insurance for the aged: Enrollment for hospital and medical insurance, by age, sex, race, and type of entitlement, July 1, 1966 ¹
[In thousands]

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Age ² and race	All enrolled persons			Persons entitled to social security benefits ³		Persons entitled to railroad retirement benefits ¹		Other enrolled persons		
	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital and medical insurance	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital insurance	Medical insurance	Hospital and medical insurance
	Total									
Total 4	18,859	17,612	17,578	15,856	14,882	821	761	2,446	2,222	2,192
65-69. 70-74. 75-79. 80-84. 85 and over.	5,882 5,569 3,877 2,246 1,284	5,524 5,230 3,618 2,077 1,162	5,503 5,221 3,616 2,077 1,162	5,294 4,918 3,260 1,677 708	4,978 4,632 3,058 1,563 650	249 249 178 99 46	231 233 165 91 41	423 492 496 495 538	395 451 450 446 478	377 442 448 446 478
	Men									
White, total	7,289 2,401 2,198 1,477 811 402	6,819 2,267 2,061 1,376 751 365	6,803 2,256 2,057 1,375 751 365	6,646 2,239 2,032 1,352 712 311	6,224 2,108 1,906 1,262 662 286	354 109 107 77 43 18	333 104 101 72 40 17	394 82 92 73 69 77	262 82 86 65 61 67	347 72 81 65 61 67
Nonwhite, total	643 232 195 114 64 38	569 209 171 100 57 33	568 208 170 100 57	541 205 168 96 49 23	480 185 147 84 44 20	36 13 12 7 4 1	32 12 10 6 3 1	77 18 19 13 13	67 16 17 12 11 12	66 15 16 12 11 12
	Women									
White, total	9,530 2,901 2,826 2,008 1,154 642	8,963 2,739 2,681 1,890 1,072 582	8,952 2,731 2,678 1,889 1,072 582	8,125 2,640 2,541 1,714 872 357	7,687 2,497 2,418 1,623 819 330	380 109 118 85 47 21	367 103 112 80 43 19	1,166 200 218 237 244 266	1,056 187 200 215 219 235	1,047 181 918 214 219 235
Nonwhite, total	764 253 231 145 83 53	685 226 210 130 74 46	684 226 209 130 74 46	536 207 175 96 42 15	486 186 160 87 38 14	25 9 8 5 3	22 8 7 4 2 1	212 41 51 45 39 36	186 35 45 40 34 31	185 35 45 40 34 31

¹ Based on data recorded as of Dec. 3, 1966.

England. For individual States, the range is from lows of 80 percent in Alaska and 87 percent in Kansas to a high of 97 percent in Con-

Percent of hospital insurance enrollees participating in medical insurance program Characteristic Social Railroad Other All enrolled security retirement persons enrollees 93 90 93 Total 89 90 94 94 93 92 90 93 94 93 92 89 94 94 93 92 90 90 90 89 85 and over 93 94 Men Women 93 93 92 Race: White 94 87 89 87 Nonwhite....

ment benefits on the basis of earnings under both programs.

4 Total includes persons with color unknown.

There are substantial differences in the proportion of aged persons enrolled in the voluntary medical insurance program, by type of entitlement, race, and age but not by sex. The relatively older persons, the other enrolled group not entitled to social security and railroad retirement cash benefits, and the nonwhite showed lower rates of voluntary enrollment.

The tabulation in the adjoining column gives the percent of hospital insurance enrollees with medical insurance, by selected demographic characteristics.

The data in this note are limited to State enrollment for health insurance benefits at the beginning of the program. Similar data for each county in the United States will be published separately and will be available shortly.

necticut.

Age on birthday in 1966.
 Includes 264,000 persons entitled to social security and railroad retire-