Whether a Medically Determinable Impairment is Severe.
- SSR 96–4p: Titles II and XVI: Symptoms, Medically Determinable Physical and Mental Impairments, and Exertional and Nonexertional Limitations.

These SSRs are unnecessarily duplicative of SSR 16–3p Titles II and XVI: Evaluation of Symptoms in Disability Claims, which was applicable on March 28, 2016, published in the Federal Register on March 16, 2016, 81 FR 14166. SSR 16–3p, a more comprehensive statement of our policy on symptoms, explains how we evaluate the extent to which alleged symptoms limit an adult’s ability to perform work-related activities and a child’s ability to function effectively in an age-appropriate manner.

SSR 96–3p clarified how adjudicators should consider allegations of pain and other symptoms in determining whether a medically determinable impairment (MDI) is severe. SSR 16–3p explains our two-step process for evaluating an individual’s symptoms where, at the first step, we determine whether the individual has an MDI that could reasonably be expected to produce the individual’s alleged symptoms. At the second step, we evaluate the intensity and persistence of an individual’s symptoms such as pain and determine the extent to which an individual’s symptoms limit his or her ability to perform work-related activities for an adult or to function independently, appropriately, and effectively in an age-appropriate manner for a child with a title XVI disability claim. SSR 16–3p explains that we will consider symptoms and functional limitations to determine whether an impairment is severe unless objective medical evidence alone establishes a severe MDI or combination of impairments that meets our duration requirement. Therefore, the information contained in SSR 96–3p duplicates policy in SSR 16–3p.

SSR 96–4p explained that no symptom, by itself, could establish the existence of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment. In SSR 16–3p, we clarified that an individual’s symptoms alone are not enough to establish the existence of a physical or mental impairment or disability, and that we will not find an individual disabled based on alleged symptoms alone. Therefore, the information contained in SSR 96–4p duplicates policy in SSR 16–3p. Consequently, we are rescinding SSRs 96–3p and 96–4p.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance, Programs Nos. 96.001, Social Security—Disability Insurance; 96.002, Social Security—Retirement Insurance; 96.004, Social Security—Survivors Insurance; 96.006—Supplemental Security Income.)

Nancy A. Berryhill,
Acting Commissioner of Social Security.

[FR Doc. 2018–12820 Filed 6–13–18; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4191–02–P

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Social Security Rulings (SSRs) 96–3p and 96–4p; Rescission of SSRs 96–3p and 96–4p

AGENCY: Social Security Administration.

ACTION: Notice of rescission of SSRs.

SUMMARY: We give notice of the rescission of SSRs 96–3p and 96–4p.

DATES: We will apply this rescission notice on June 14, 2018.


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: We use SSRs to make available to the public precedential decisions relating to the Federal old-age, survivors, disability, supplemental security income, and special veterans benefits programs. We may base SSRs on determinations or decisions made in our administrative review process, Federal court decisions, decisions of our Commissioner, opinions from our Office of the General Counsel, or other interpretations of law and regulations.

In accordance with 20 CFR 402.35(b)(1), we give notice that we are rescinding the following SSRs:
- SSR 96–3p: Titles II and XVI: Considering Allegations of Pain and Other Symptoms in Determining
- SSR 96–4p: Titles II and XVI: Symptoms, Medically Determinable Physical and Mental Impairments, and Exertional and Nonexertional Limitations.

In approving the proposed rule change, the Commission considered the proposals’ impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. 15 U.S.C. 78c(f). 78 In approving the proposed rule change, the Commission considered the proposals’ impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).

79 In approving the proposed rule change, the Commission considered the proposals’ impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).


On March 24, 2016, we published a correction notice in the Federal Register that amended and corrected the effective date of SSR 16–3p (81 FR 15776). On October 25, 2017, we published a notice of Social Security Ruling in the Federal Register that changes the “effective date” to “applicable date” and revises the Social Security Ruling to explain how we apply the Ruling as it relates to the applicable date (82 FR 49462).

7 On March 24, 2016, we published a correction notice in the Federal Register that amended and corrected the effective date of SSR 16–3p (81 FR 15776). On October 25, 2017, we published a notice of Social Security Ruling in the Federal Register that changes the “effective date” to “applicable date” and revises the Social Security Ruling to explain how we apply the Ruling as it relates to the applicable date (82 FR 49462).

available for public inspection at the above address and we will post them to http://www.regulations.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 18, 2012, the President issued the memorandum, Establishing Policies for Addressing Domestic Violence in the Federal Workforce, which directed the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) to issue guidance to all departments and agencies to create policy to address domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Accordingly, we created the Workplace and Domestic Violence policy and program to ensure the safety of our employees. In implementing the policy and program, we collect information to record, review, investigate, and respond to allegations of workplace and domestic violence, which may include sexual assault, stalking, or other forms of violence affecting our employees and contractors.

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(r), we have provided a report to OMB and Congress on this new system of records.


Mary Ann Zimmerman,
Acting Executive Director, Office of Privacy and Disclosure, Office of the General Counsel.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER
Social Security Administration Violence Evaluation and Reporting System (SSAvers), 60–0379.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:
Unclassified.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

SYSTEM MANAGER(S):

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:


PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM:

We will use the information in this system to record, review, investigate, and respond to allegations of workplace and domestic violence affecting our employees and contractors.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Individuals who are involved in alleged incidents of workplace and domestic violence, who could be witnesses, alleged offenders, alleged victims, or others involved in the alleged incident or incident response. These individuals may include, but are not limited to, SSA employees, contractors, and members of the public.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

This system maintains information collected or generated in response to alleged incidents of workplace and domestic violence. The information may include name and contact information of individuals involved; facts and documentation related to alleged behaviors of concern, such as protective orders and alleged offender photographs; and additional documents and information related to assessing the risk of violence and the agency’s response and recommendations to mitigate risks of violence.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

We obtain information in this system from current and former employees and contractors; members of the public; other Federal, state, and local agencies; private entities; and other agency sources, such as the Identity Protection Program System, Identity Management System, and the Safety Management Information System, to help respond to allegations of workplace and domestic violence affecting our employees and contractors.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

We will disclose records pursuant to the following routine uses, however, we will not disclose any information defined as “return or return information” under 26 U.S.C. 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code, unless authorized by statute, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), or IRS regulations.

1. To a congressional office in response to an inquiry from that office made on behalf of, and at the request of, the subject of the record or third party acting on the subject’s behalf.

2. To the Office of the President in response to an inquiry from that office made on behalf of, and at the request of, the subject of the record or a third party acting on the subject’s behalf.

3. To the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) under 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.

4. To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when:
   (a) SSA suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records;
   (b) SSA has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach, there is a risk of harm to individuals, SSA (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and
   (c) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connections with SSA’s efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed breach or to prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.

5. To another Federal agency or Federal entity, when SSA determines that information from this system of records is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in:
   (a) Responding to a suspected or confirmed breach; or
   (b) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.

6. To officials of labor organizations recognized under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 71 when relevant and necessary to their duties of exclusive representation concerning personnel policies, practices, and matters affecting conditions of employment or when representing an employee regarding a domestic or workplace violence incident.
7. To the Department of Justice (DOJ), a court or other tribunal, or another party before such court or tribunal, when: 
   (a) SSA, or any component thereof; or 
   (b) any SSA employee in his/her official capacity; or 
   (c) any SSA employee in his/her individual capacity where DOJ (or SSA, where it is authorized to do so) has agreed to represent the employee; or 
   (d) the United States or any agency thereof where SSA determines the litigation is likely to affect SSA or any of its components, 

   is a party to the litigation or has an interest in such litigation, and SSA determines that the use of such records by DOJ, a court or other tribunal, or another party before the tribunal is relevant and necessary to the litigation, provided, however, that in each case, the agency determines that disclosures of the records to DOJ, court or other tribunal, or another party is a use of the information contained in the records that is compatible with the purpose for which the records were collected. 

8. To Federal, State and local law enforcement agencies and private security contractors, as appropriate, information necessary: 
   (a) To enable them to protect the safety of SSA employees and customers, the security of the SSA workplace, the operation of SSA facilities, or 
   (b) to assist investigations or prosecutions with respect to activities that affect such safety and security or activities that disrupt the operations of SSA facilities. 

9. To the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC or Commission) when requested in connection with investigations into alleged or possible discriminatory practices in the Federal sector, examination of Federal affirmative employment programs, compliance by Federal agencies with the Uniform Guidelines on Employee Selection Procedures, or other functions vested in the Commission. 

10. To OPM, the Merit Systems Protection Board, or the Office of Special Counsel in connection with appeals, special studies, of the civil service and other merit systems, review of rules and regulations, investigations of alleged or possible prohibited practices, and other such functions promulgated in 5 U.S.C. Chapter 12, or as may be required by law. 

11. To contractors and other Federal agencies, as necessary, for the purpose of assisting SSA in the efficient administration of its programs. We disclose information under this routine use only in situations in which SSA may enter into a contractual or similar agreement with a third party to assist in accomplishing an agency function relating to this system of records. 

12. To student volunteers, individuals working under a personal services contract, and other workers who technically do not have the status of Federal employees when they are performing work for SSA, as authorized by law, and they need access to personally identifiable information (PII) in SSA records in order to perform their assigned agency functions. 

13. To any agency, person, or entity in the course of an investigation to the extent necessary to obtain information pertinent to the investigation. 

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM: 

We will maintain records in this system in paper and electronic form. 

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS: 

We will retrieve records by the names of reporters, witnesses, alleged offenders, alleged victims, Crisis Advisory Team personnel, and management officials involved in and responding to alleged incidents of workplace and domestic violence. 

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS: 

These records are currently unscheduled. We retain records in accordance with NARA-approved records schedules. In accordance with NARA rules codified at 36 CFR 1225.16, we maintain unscheduled records until NARA approves an agency-specific records schedule or publishes a corresponding General Records Schedule. 

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS: 

We retain electronic and paper files with personal identifiers in secure storage areas accessible only by our authorized employees and contractors who have a need for the information when performing their official duties. Security measures include the use of codes and profiles, personal identification number and password, and personal identification verification cards. We keep paper records in locked cabinets within secure areas, with access limited to only those employees who have an official need for access in order to perform their duties. 

We annually provide our employees and contractors with appropriate security awareness training that includes reminders about the need to protect PII and the criminal penalties that apply to unauthorized access to, or disclosure of, PII (e.g., 5 U.S.C. 552a(i)(1)). Furthermore, employees and contractors with access to databases maintaining PII must sign a sanctions document annually, acknowledging their accountability for inappropriately accessing or disclosing such information. 

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES: 

This system of records has been exempted from the Privacy Act’s access, contesting, and notification provisions as stated below. However, individuals may submit requests for information about whether this system contains a record about them by submitting a written request to the system manager at the above address, which includes their name, Social Security number (SSN), or other information that may be in this system of records that will identify them. Individuals requesting notification of, or access to, records in person must provide their name, SSN, or other information that may be in this system of records that will identify them, as well as provide an identity document, preferably with a photograph, such as a driver’s license. Individuals lacking identification documents sufficient to establish their identity must certify in writing that they are the individual they claim to be and that they understand that the knowing and willful request for, or acquisition of, a record pertaining to another individual under false pretenses is a criminal offense. 

Individuals requesting notification of, or access to, records in person must provide their name, SSN, or other information that may be in this system of records that will identify them, as well as provide an identity document, preferably with a photograph, such as a driver’s license. Individuals lacking identification documents sufficient to establish their identity must certify in writing that they are the individual they claim to be and that they understand that the knowing and willful request for, or acquisition of, a record pertaining to another individual under false pretenses is a criminal offense. 

These procedures are in accordance with our regulations at 20 CFR 401.40 and 401.45. 

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES: 

Same as record access procedures. 

Individuals should also reasonably identify the record, specify the information they are contesting, and state the corrective action sought and the reasons for the correction with supporting justification showing how the record is incomplete, untimely, inaccurate, or irrelevant. These procedures are in accordance with our regulations at 20 CFR 401.65(a). 

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES: 

Same as record access procedures. 

These procedures are in accordance
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 10430]

60-Day Notice of Proposed Information Collection: Iraqi Citizens and Nationals Employed by U.S. Federal Contractors and Grantees

ACTION: Notice of request for public comment.

SUMMARY: The Department of State is seeking Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval for the information collection described below. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we are requesting comments on this collection from all interested individuals and organizations. The purpose of this notice is to allow 60 days for public comment preceding submission of the collection to OMB.

DATES: The Department will accept comments from the public up to August 13, 2018.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments by any of the following methods:

- **Web:** Persons with access to the internet may comment on this notice by going to www.Regulations.gov. You can search for the document by entering “Docket Number: DOS–2018–0019” in the Search field. Then click the “Comment Now” button and complete the comment form.
- **Email:** rivervalp@state.gov.
- **Regular Mail:** Send written comments to: Lea Rivera, PRM/Admissions, 2025 E Street NW, SA–9, 8th Floor, Washington, DC 20522–0908.
- **Fax:** 202–453–9393.

You must include the DS form number (if applicable), information collection title, and the OMB control number in any correspondence.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Direct requests for additional information regarding the collection listed in this notice, including requests for copies of the proposed collection instrument and supporting documents, to Lea Rivera, PRM/Admissions, 2025 E Street NW, SA–9, 8th Floor, Washington, DC 20522–0908, who may be reached on 202–453–9255 or at rivervalp@state.gov.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

- **Title of Information Collection:** Iraqi Citizens and Nationals Employed by Federal Contractors and Grantees.
- **OMB Control Number:** 1405–0184.
- **Type of Request:** Revision of a Currently Approved Collection.
- **Originaling Office:** PRM/A.
- **Form Number:** DS–7655.
- **Respondents:** Refugee applicants for the U.S. Refugee Admissions Program.

**Estimated Number of Respondents:** 50 Department of State contractors, grantees and cooperative agreement partners.

**Estimated Number of Responses:** 200.

**Average Time per Response:** 30 minutes.

**Total Estimated Burden Time:** 100 hours.

**Frequency:** On occasion.

**Obligation to Respond:** Required to obtain or retain a benefit.

We are soliciting public comments to permit the Department to:

- Evaluate whether the proposed information collection is necessary for the proper functions of the Department.
- Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the time and cost burden for this proposed collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.
- Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.
- Minimize the reporting burden on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Please note that comments submitted in response to this Notice are public record. Before including any detailed personal information, you should be aware that your comments as submitted, including your personal information, will be available for public review.

**Indexing of the Annual Operating Revenues of Railroads**

The Surface Transportation Board (STB) is publishing the annual inflation-adjusted index factors for 2017. These factors are used by the railroads to adjust their gross annual operating revenues for classification purposes. This indexing methodology ensures that railroads are classified based on real business expansion and not on the effects of inflation. Classification is important because it determines the extent to which individual railroads must comply with STB reporting requirements.

The STB’s annual inflation-adjusted factors are based on the annual average Railroad Freight Price Index developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The STB’s deflator factor is used to deflate revenues for comparison with established revenue thresholds.

The base year for railroads is 1991. The inflation index factors are presented as follows:

**STB RAILROAD INFLATION-ADJUSTED INDEX AND DEFLATOR FACTOR TABLE**

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